"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy Saturday, preceded by rain; Sunday, cloudy; moderate south winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,167. ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MORGAN'S BODY HERE WRAPPED IN FLAG

Taken from Mortuary Chapel on the Ship France to His Library.

NO MORE FUNERAL TICKETS

Dr. Carl Reiland Forced to Ask Press to Warn Against Further Applications—Stock Exchange to Close.

The body of John Pierpont Morgan, financier, philanthropist, and art collector, who died in Rome on March 31, arrived in New York on the French liner France yesterday afternoon. To-day the body rests in the beautiful Morgan library building on East Thirty-sixth Street, just off Madison Avenue, where it will stay until Monday morning, when it will be taken to St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, where the simple funeral exercises Mr. Morgan himself requested will be held, after which it will be taken by special train to Hartford, Conn., for burial.

The arrival of the France yesterday afternoon did not attract a large crowd to the French Line piers, and the few hundred who did brave the rain to see the departure from the pier of the automobile hearse in which the body was taken to the Morgan library did not cause any work for the special police detail under command of Inspector George F. Titus.

Son Met Ship at Quarantine.

The France arrived at Quarantine at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., went on board the vessel from the little steamer used by Dr. McConnell, the Port Health Officer. Herbert H. Satterlee, his brother-in-law, met him as he climbed over the side, and after a brief greeting to his sister, Mrs. Satterlee, and his little niece, Miss Helen Hamilton, Mr. Morgan, accompanied by Mr. Satterlee, entered the mortuary chapel where the coffin containing his father's body reposed. Mrs. Satterlee did not accompany her brother into the chapel, but stayed in her stateroom.

Mr. Morgan was the only member of the family who met the France at Quarantine. Mrs. J. P. Morgan, Jr., and Mrs. William P. Hamilton waited the arrival of the ship at the French Line pier, staying in the pier superintendent's office until the France was docked. As soon as the first cabin gangway was in place they went on board. They were accompanied by William H. Porter, a member of the Morgan banking firm, and Robert Bacon, ex-Ambassador to France, formerly a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The liner had entered the river in a heavy rain and proceeded slowly to her pier, the American flag fluttering at half-mast from the foremast, and that of the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique from the aftermast, while astern and also at half-mast, in honor of the dead, the vessel carried the French tricolor.

At 3:55 P. M. the vessel was alongside her pier and fifty minutes later the gangplanks were in position. Immediately the liner was fast those in charge of the removal of the body went on board. The chapel was aft on the E deck, having been constructed in the alcove where the companionway leads to the upper deck. The mortuary room was draped and carpeted with black velvet, relieved by silver stars and crosses.

Wrapped in American Flag.

The coffin was covered with a great American flag, while at either end were tall slender electroliers, the lights on which had been kept burning day and night during the entire voyage. The electroliers were solid silver and were four in number, two at each end of the coffin. The electric bulbs were wrapped in thin crepe and through this the dim lights glowed.

During the voyage none but those of the Morgan party and the commander of the vessel entered the chapel. The key to it was carried by Mrs. Satterlee. Those of the Morgan party, in addition to Mr. and Mrs. Satterlee and little Miss Hamilton, were Dr. George F. Dixon, the Morgan family physician who was with Mr. Morgan when he died, and H. H. Harges of Morgan, Harges & Co., of Paris, the Morgan banking house in the French capital. Mr. and Mrs. Satterlee and Miss Hamilton visited the mortuary chapel each day during the voyage. Around the coffin, placed there, it was said, by Mrs. Satterlee, were four black velvet prayer cushions.

In the chapel was also a great cross of orchids, six feet high, the tribute of Emperor William of Germany. There was also a great wreath of roses and other beautiful flowers, the gift of the London Chamber of Commerce, and a silver crown from the municipality of Aix-les-Bains, France, to which city Mr. Morgan had given a hospital. Another tribute was that of France, which was a bronze cross and silk tricolor, the latter bearing the inscription, "Republique de France, 1870."

The coffin passed between a double file of the ship's company, standing at attention with bared heads in the passageway, to a stairway, and thence to a lower deck and over a gangplank rarely used to the waiting hearse. As it emerged from the chapel the ship's orchestra, grouped around the stairway leading from the deck above, and hidden from the funeral party, played softly "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Much difficulty was experienced, as had been expected, in carrying the coffin down the companionway leading to the gangway, and, the place not being well lighted, the sailors had all they could do to reach the bottom of the stairway without accident. Further difficulty was met with when it came to the gangplank, and the transferring of the casket from the sailors to the civilian pall bearers was not easy.

All the arrangements for the removal of the body from the ship had been completed by the time that the France docked. Less than half an hour was required for the transfer from ship to hearse, and at 6 o'clock the body of Mr. Morgan was in the white marble library building.

Many Floral Tributes at House.

Near the coffin were a few of the many floral tributes that had been sent to the Morgan home. The coffin was covered with jacquemot roses, the favorite flower of the dead banker. There was a cross and a wreath of red roses, given by the members of the Morgan family. In the Morgan mansion were the other numerous floral pieces. Among the senders of these pieces were Lord Rothschild, Lady Grey, Lady Lister-Kaye, and the employes of Mr. Morgan's yachts. Only the floral tributes from members of the Morgan family and his most intimate friends will be

Continued on Page 2.

WILSON PUTS ABILITY FIRST.

Washington Doubts If He Would Reject Capable Tammany Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The hope expressed to President Wilson yesterday by a delegation of New York up-State Democrats, that he would not encourage Charles F. Murphy and the other organization leaders by recognizing them in the distribution of Federal patronage, outside of Greater New York, was emphasized to-day by Steven B. Ayres of Spuyten Duyvil, in a call at the White House. Mr. Ayres served in the last Congress as a Democrat. He has joined the anti-Tammany movement, and he urged the President to give recognition in the distribution of patronage to the up-State party leaders who are not affiliated with Mr. Murphy.

Just what course the President will pursue when it comes to making selections of New York men for Federal offices has not come to light. It was stated to-day that he had been too busy with the tariff situation to pay much attention to it. His apparent purpose, judged from what is known of the consideration he has given to New York patronage matters, is to put ability to fill the office above all other things.

It is supposed, in view of the President's attitude toward machine politics, that other things being equal he would be inclined to show preference for a candidate not strongly affiliated with Tammany Hall, even in making Federal appointments in New York City, but there is nothing to show that he would reject a Tammany man of ability and good reputation, merely because he was a Tammany man. This disposition on his part has been indicated by his willingness to appoint George Gordon Battle or H. Snowden Marshall to the office of District Attorney.

HELD FOR CORNING WRECK.

William H. Schroeder, Lackawanna Engineer, Again Indicted.

Special to The New York Times.

CORNING, April 11.—An indictment charging manslaughter was returned to-night against William H. Schroeder of Elmira, the engineer who is accused of being responsible for the Lackawanna wreck which cost forty lives here last July. This is the second indictment returned against Schroeder, the first having been dismissed last November at the request of District Attorney Smith, who told the court that the engineer could not be convicted.

A letter written to Gov. Sulzer by W. H. Truesdale, President of the Lackawanna Railroad, charging that the first indictment had been dismissed as the result of a "political deal" was directly responsible for the reopening of the case. This charge will be investigated in John Doe proceedings which Claude V. Stowell, District Attorney, will begin at once.

Schroeder is accused of having run past caution signals and danger signals and neglected to stop before his engine crashed into the rear of another train.

DECREE TO RICH MAN'S BRIDE

Young Mrs. Scutt Gets Separation Order Against Aged Vinegar Man.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 11.—Mrs. Alice H. Scutt, the 20-year-old wife of Stephen Scutt, aged 75, a wealthy dealer in vinegar, obtained to-day a decree of separation from him in the Supreme Court Mrs. Scutt was married less than a year ago. Within a few months her husband brought suit against her, and she replied with the counter suit settled in her favor to-day.

The marriage of Scutt last May to Miss Alice See, who is his grandniece, came after a courtship the shortness of which probably broke all Poughkeepsie precedents. Scutt is the proprietor of the Verbank Hotel.

Miss See's home was in the West. She came East to visit friends in Rock City, and Scutt, learning of her visit, called to see her. On his second visit he proposed and was accepted. They drove to Millbrook on May 23 last and were married.

Scutt gave his bride $25,000 as a wedding gift. Her first purchase was a large racing car. She had driven it only a week when she ran into a grist mill near Oak Summit, stove a hole in the old mill and smashed the racer.

Thereafter, neighbors say, Scutt, formerly apparently happy, greeted his bride with a frown. When his bride ran her repaired racing car out of the garage at high speed and tore away a side of the building a few weeks later he was thoroughly vexed. Shortly after Mrs. Scutt packed her grip and left home. The husband searched for her for some time, and then brought suit.

GIVES JEWELS TO AID FIGHT.

Woman Donates Ring After Hearing Talk on White Slavery.

Seven hundred and fifty women met in Sherry's ballroom yesterday morning under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution and listened to a talk on "The White Slave Traffic," by Clifford G. Roe, general counsel of the American Vigilance Association.

"Fighting white slavery," said Mr. Roe, "has become a popular occupation. The agitation against it has taken rapid strides. The solution of the problem does not depend upon the solving of the wage question alone, nor upon any other of the economic causes. I said six years ago, and I say it again, that the solution is law enforcement, publicity, and education. Prosecutions alone cannot blot it out. We must go to the very source of the trouble. Above all, we must insist on a single standard of morality for men and women.

"We send the fellow who steals a gold watch or a dollar bill to jail, but the fellow who barters and steals the honor of our daughters is allowed to go on in his nefarious business."

M. S. McMullen, financial Secretary of the American Vigilance Association, made a plea for money with which to carry on the association's work. In response to this plea one young woman came forward with a diamond ring set with five rubies. It was an heirloom, she said, and she wished to give it as a memorial to her father. The young woman would not give her name.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Campania, (Cunard Line,) Liverpool to New York, was 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:40 P. M.; due 12th, 10:30 A. M.

ARRIVED—SS Texas, Port Arthur, April 4.

SAILED—SS President Lincoln, from Southampton, April 11.

"Law Enforcement."—Speakers: Joseph H. Choate, Dist. Atty. Whitman, Compt. Prendergast, and others. Civic Forum, Carnegie Hall, eve. April 15. Tickets box office.—Adv.

SUFFRAGISTS STONE A LONDON EDITOR

Attack Standard Writer and Smash Windows in Revenge for Criticism.

MRS. PANKHURST WON'T EAT

Untempted by Dainties—Cricket Grandstand Burned—Miss Emerson's Appendicitis.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 11.—Objections on the part of the suffragettes to the tone of the editorials of The Evening Standard, condemning militant methods, led to an attack on the building of that newspaper to-night.

As the editor in chief was entering the office a large stone was thrown at him. The missile missed its mark and smashed a window in the night watchman's box, injuring the watchman. The woman who threw it was seized by members of the large crowd which quickly collected. The suffragettes also smashed with hammers two plate glass windows in the timekeeper's office.

One woman was arrested. She is Esther Gill, a portrait artist. When questioned as to her reason for attacking the newspaper office, she replied that she had done so because of the references to Mrs. Pankhurst in The Standard's leading editorial.

Every effort has been made by the prison authorities to tempt Mrs. Pankhurst's appetite with attractive food, but throughout her imprisonment, which has now lasted nine days, she has resolutely declined any nourishment. In view of her determination the usual prison diet has never been offered her; instead, she has had placed before her daily in her cell a regular series of meals, comprising such food as she might be expected to eat if free.

At first roast meat, chops and steaks, roast chicken and vegetables were offered her; then, as her strength declined, a diet more suited to an invalid was provided. Boiled chicken, eggs in various forms, custard puddings, nourishing jellies and various light varieties of food were offered, but all in vain. In spite of the most attractive cooking, which was specially undertaken; in spite of the appetizing odors of the food, Mrs. Pankhurst remained hungry but unyielding. Tea, coffee, cocoa, milk, beef tea and water are offered her to drink, but she will touch nothing but water, of which she partakes freely.

LONDON April 11.—Militant suffragettes started on their work of destruction at a very early hour this morning, when they set fire to the grandstand of the great cricket ground at Tunbridge Wells. They left behind them a photograph of Mrs. Pankhurst, as an indication that the women had taken this means of protesting against her imprisonment in Holloway Jail.

The fire started in the dressing rooms of the members' pavilion, in which large quantities of tarred netting, used in cricket practice, were stored. The building was extensively damaged, and the loss caused by the fire amounts to several thousand dollars.

The suffragettes started a fresh raid to-day by attacking the fire alarms in the London streets, three of which they destroyed. In each case a card bearing the words "Votes for Women" was attached to the damaged apparatus.

It is reported from Farnborough today that the suffragettes attempted to destroy by fire the dirigible balloon sheds and aeroplane parks of the Army Flying Corps. Two lighted candles were discovered in the furze bushes surrounding the sheds, but they were extinguished before any damage had been done.

Miss Zelie Emerson, the American suffragette, is in a serious condition, having developed appendicitis. Her physician said this morning:

"Inflammation undoubtedly has developed an attack of appendicitis. The pain suffered by Miss Emerson is responding somewhat to local treatment, but it will be impossible to correct her condition permanently without an operation, which is unthinkable at present because of her extremely weakened condition. The nervous symptoms have improved somewhat to-day, my patient having enjoyed a comparatively restful night. She is still, however, unable to see any one."

It is understood that a member of the House of Commons who is friendly to the cause of woman suffrage intends to ask the Home Secretary next week whether he is contemplating a plan whereby Miss Emerson and other foreign militant suffragettes guilty of breaking English laws will be deported as undesirable aliens.

Under the English law Mr. McKenna would be acting within his legal rights in doing this. Therefore the report that he intends to do so has caused consternation among the American women here who have jail records, as well as among those whose affiliation with the Women's Social and Political Union, the militant suffragette organization, might lead to their being sentenced to a term in prison.

WARNING BY LA FOLLETTE.

Thinks "the System" Fooled Wilson in Treasury Appointment.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 11.—Senator La Follette, in a signed editorial, charges that "the system" is at work in the Wilson Administration. He criticises the appointment of John Skelton Williams as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, declaring him to be a representative of the Interlocking Directorates and named by the interests who opposed the appointment of Robert Woolley. Senator La Follete asks this pointed question:

"One month after the 4th of March men are asking: Are the representatives of the Interlocking Directorates to secure a strangle hold upon the Treasury Department under the Wilson Administration?"

This question is asked after he has reviewed the personnel of the Taft and Roosevelt Cabinets. Senator La Follette adds:

"In one of his magazine articles Mr. Woolley reviewed the operations of the Washington real estate ring and the connection of C. C. Glover with its operations. Mr. Glover for business and personal reasons was opposed to Mr. Woolley's appointment. Mr. Woolley was not appointed. Mr. Williams has qualifications which would be recognized in Wall Street as admirably fitting him for this position. It is believed that President Wilson has been imposed upon."

WHO WILL BE THE NEXT POPE?
This always discussed question is of especial interest now, and the Papabile are strong personalities.
In TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

LADY SCOTT COMES HOME TO LITTLE SON

Affecting Meeting of Explorer's Widow and Her Three-Year-Old Boy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 11.—Lady Scott arrived in London this afternoon, having traveled overland via Brindisi on her long return trip from New Zealand, whither she went to meet her husband.

Nobody awaited her return more anxiously than her three-year-old son Peter. All the morning he played about the house in Buckingham Palace Road, running from room to room and peeping excitedly through the windows. He knew his father could not come with his mother, for a few days ago he was told that "Daddy" would not come back this time—perhaps some other time. He was quite satisfied and believes that his mother will go away again soon on a long journey to fetch "Daddy" home. Some day he will know the whole story of his father's great career and courageous end; to-day it would serve no purpose to tell him.

His meeting with his mother to-day was the greatest event in Peter's life up to now. Lady Scott reached home soon after 3 o'clock. Peter stood on the doorstep and gave her a single hug and kiss and uttered a few expressions of supreme delight. Mother and son soon withdrew to their own apartments.

BARS FRIEDMANN PATIENTS.

Manager of Narragansett Hotel Asks All of Them to Leave House.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, April 11.—Dr. F. F. Friedmann was notified by the management of the Narragansett Hotel that he must treat no more patients in the hotel. Mr. McDonald, the hotel manager, also asked all the patients to leave his place. He said his patrons had complained about the tuberculosis sufferers being around the hotel and that he could do nothing but ask the patients to leave. Dr. Friedmann's secretary said he would rent a house so that the doctor could continue his treatments.

Dr. Friedmann went to Washington to-night to attend the Gridiron Club's dinner.

The patients who were asked to leave the hotel to-day did so without any objection. Detectives were placed at all the entrances to the hotel early in the afternoon with orders to question all arrivals and turn all tubercular sufferers away.

Regarding the death of Benjamin Temple, a patient of Dr. Friedmann, in Mount Sinai Hospital, those interested in the cure said yesterday that the Berlin physician accepts the diagnosis of death by tubercular meningitis, not hastened by the injection of the vaccine. The death he regards as simply an accident caused by the breaking of a tubercular gland.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS QUIT.

Action of Grand Junction Citizens Forces Them from Town.

GRAND JUNCTION, Col., April 11.—Confronted by a hasty organization of men, sworn in to preserve the peace, a band of more than a hundred Industrial Workers of the World, waiting here for reinforcements from the West to march to Denver, silently stole out of town tonight.

The organization was formed late today when the City Commissioners and the Mayor yielded to the pressure of a citizens' mass meeting, which demanded the expulsion of the visitors. The Mayor appointed twenty special deputies and the Sheriff was asked by the Commissioners to co-operate.

Five hundred citizens attended the mass meeting which adopted resolutions demanding that the Sheriff drive out the Industrial Workers.

Seventy members of the order arrived early to-day and 200 more are said to be on their way. Five members of the pilgrimage entered a restaurant to-day, ate an expensive breakfast, then refused to pay for it.

TRIED FOR STOPPING TRAIN.

Stevens Found Guilty, but Insists He Had Right to a Seat.

Eben Stevens, the broker of Lawrence, L. I., who caused excitement a few days ago by pulling the emergency cord and twice halting a Long Island Railroad train as a protest against the crowded condition of the cars, was found guilty of disorderly conduct in the Jamaica Police Court yesterday and released under suspended sentence.

"The people had a right to seats, and I intended to make a test case of the matter," said Stevens in court yesterday.

"You have been in crowded cars in the New York Subway without pulling the cord, haven't you?" asked Attorney Keany, for the railroad company.

"Yes, I have been a perpendicular sardine for a good many years, but I have a test case against the Subway people, too," replied Stevens. "There will be test cases from now on."

"Did you ever stop a Long Island Railroad train by pulling a cord on a previous occasion?" demanded Keany.

"Yes, I saved a child's life by doing so," said Stevens. "And I wasn't arrested for disorderly conduct, either."

Mr. Flagler Improves.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., April 11.—The condition of Henry M. Flagler was improved to-night, according to the attending physicians. Mr. Flagler has [illegible] for several weeks, as the result of a fall at his Winter home near here.

THIEF BEHIND DOOR AS POLICE HUNT

Next Morning Dangling Rope and Missing Jewels Tell of the Oversight.

The Yonkers police had a rude shock yesterday morning when they awoke to a realization that they had let a burglar slip through their fingers. Miss Marion Monteser of 605 Van Cortlandt Park Avenue, had called them the afternoon before and told them a burglar was in her house, but the police missed him. When Miss Monteser went up to her room on the second floor to dress for tea she heard footsteps in the attic. She called out, thinking some member of the family was up stairs. When there was no response she called up the police of the Third Precinct on the telephone.

Miss Monteser remained in the house, unafraid, pending the arrival of the police. She is the daughter of Frederick Monteser, a teacher of languages in De Witt Clinton High School and is an athlete and a member of the De Witt Clinton basketball team.

"I think I could have held my own," she said later.

Sergt. Murray and Patrolman Beck went through the house, from cellar to attic, and, returning to the station, reported that "the girl was dreaming."

But at 6 o'clock yesterday morning Sergt. Smalley saw an improvised rope made up of bed sheets dangling from the attic window of the Monteser home. The rope was fastened by a piece of clothesline to a rafter in the attic and from its length it was apparent that the burglar had let himself down to the roof of the porch and slid down one of the poles. Smalley aroused the family and after a search they discovered that a lavallière and other jewels belonging to Miss Marion had been stolen.

After an investigation Capt. Cooley came to the conclusion that the thief was hiding behind a door when the attic was being searched. The door had been taken off its hinges and marks in the dust on the floor showed that a man had been sitting there. The police said they had not thought to look behind the door.

SNARL OVER SALONIKA.

Bulgaria Favored by Some Powers, Greece by Others.

VIENNA, April 11.—Germany, Austria, and Italy, according to The Neue Freie Presse, want Salonika to be given to Bulgaria as compensation for the cession of Silistria and a strip of Bulgarian territory to Rumania.

Russia and France, on the other hand, think Greece should have Salonika, while England appears to favor the view of the Triple Alliance.

It was announced a few days ago that Greece had transferred a division of her army from the Province of Epirus to Salonika.

LONDON, April 11.—Bulgaria is making formal claims to the possession of sSalonika, now occupied by the Greek troops, according to an exchange telegraph company's dispatch from Belgrade. The dispatch adds that Bulgaria is taking military measures to support her claims. On the other hand Greece is concentrating her army along the railway leading to Salonika.

CETTINJE, April 11.—The Servian troops, who have been assisting the Montenegrin Army in the siege of Scutari, are withdrawing and marching back toward Servia.

A peculiar story is published in The Official Gazette here stating that the heavy Montenegrin losses sustained during the recent assault on the Tarakosch forts were due to the Servian artillery continuing to fire while the allied troops were storming the works. It is said the Servian commander forgot to give the order to cease firing.

BELGRADE, April 11.—The Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Servia have declared a general boycott of Austro-Hungarian goods. The banks here have decided to cancel the credits of merchants dealing in Austrian merchandise unless Austria promptly abandons her hostile attitude toward Servia.

LIGHTSHIP ADRIFT IN GALE.

Frying Pan Shoals Craft in Peril When Revenue Cutter Arrives.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Blown off her station, with steering gear broken, the Frying Pan Shoals lightship plunged helplessly in high seas off the North Carolina coast for twelve hours to-day before she was picked up by the revenue cutter Seminole and towed into Southport.

Wireless distress calls from the lightship brought the Revenue cutter from Wilmington to her aid. In the meantime, the wireless apparatus had become useless and when the cutter hove in sight the crew of fourteen aboard the drifting vessel had given up hope of attracting help and were attempting to work the vessel into port with emergency tackle.

RAID ON FROGS' LEGS.

State Commission, Enforcing Law, Seize 192 Quarts of Delicacy.

One hundred and ninety-two quarts of frogs' legs were seized at cold storage houses yesterday by agents of the State Conservation Commission and smaller quantities at several restaurants.

The raid was the commission's way of serving notice that it intended to enforce strictly the new law prohibiting the taking, buying, selling or possessing of "bull frogs, green frogs or Spring frogs" during the spawning months, April and May.

If you want a cereal of strict purity and delicious flavor order MALT BREAKFAST FOOD; 30 large portions for 15 cents.—Adv.

SOCIETY WOMEN IN VICE INQUIRY TRAP

Illinois Commission Subpoenas Guests at All-Night Cafes in Chicago.

PANIC AMONG THE PATRONS

Try to Hide Identity as They Are Rushed to Witness Chair—Lieut. Gov. O'Hara in Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Saturday, April 12.—The Illinois Vice Investigation Commission caused a sensation at midnight when it sent agents to cafés where certain liberties are permitted, and served subpoenas on guests to appear immediately before the Senat body at th Hotel La Salle.

Many women of standing have been caught in the net and their testimony is now being taken in an all-night session held by the commission. The scenes around the commission's room as the women and their escorts are being brought in is one of confusion.

The names of several of those trapped in the red light district saloons and cafés appear in Chicago's Blue Book. They gave as their excuse that they were out slumming.

The manner of the raids was the most spectacular ever witnessed in Chicago. Shortly after midnight Lieut.-Gov. O'Hara loaded his investigators into autos and ordered them to serve subpoenas on entertainers and guests alike.

These witnesses were rushed to the Hotel La Salle in automobiles and immediately called before the commission and asked to tell of scenes in the cafés. Women were weeping and the men were indignant and protesting.

Lieut. Gov. O'Hara said this morning that he took this means to find out what effect the café and saloon business exerts upon the morals of the community.

Friends Rush to Aid.

Friends and relatives of the men and women caught in the drag net stormed the rooms of the commission striving to prevent the appearance of those served with subpoenas on the witness stand.

At Rector's, Chicago's fashionable café, the special officers arrested "Just Natalie," a Tango dancer, and her partner, M. Farrar. Guests were also subpoenaed.

The hotel ball room at the Hotel La Salle, where the Commission is in session, was packed with curiosity seekers, cabaret girls, resort proprietors, society leaders and newspaper reporters.

Lieut. Gov. O'Hara presided over the inquiry. Senator Beall cross-examined the witnesses.

Principal interest centered around a dance at a South Side resort. The manager of the resort denied that there was anything improper in the dance and was promptly accused of perjury by the Lieutenant Governor.

Evidence to that effect will be submitted to-morrow to the authorities.

Young Mother a Witness.

A young married woman from Peoria, Ill., was the next witness. She admitted that her husband was at home, and that she had a little daughter 10 years old.

"Would you have taken her to the resort?" she was asked by the Lieutenant Governor.

"God forbid," was her reply. "I only went myself to see the sights. As a matter of fact I saw nothing worse than you can see in the best theatres and cabarets any night, but it is no place for a baby."

The majority of the women witnesses admitted that they were married, but were out for a lark. Several of them are more or less prominent figures in Chicago society life.

A woman artist of distinction, whose home is in Philadelphia, was one of those caught in the commission's dragnet. She said that she was simply out to get impressions, and that she saw nothing inartistic in any of Chicago's gilded cafés which she had visited.

The Names Suppressed.

None of the Chicago newspapers is using the real names of the women witnesses. A tentative agreement was reached to this effect at a late hour to-night. In some cases the initials of men are being used.

Newspaper photographers were on hand and began taking flashlights of the women as they appeared before the commission. One young woman screamed and fainted under this ordeal, and her companion, who said he was her brother, protested to Lieut. Gov. O'Hara, who ordered the plate of the picture destroyed. Instead the photographer presented it to the young woman as a "souvenir." Finally the photographers were expelled from the room, but not until all the plates had been destroyed.

Lieut. Gov. O'Hara announced that he would hear the evidence of all the witnesses if it took until noon.

TELLS TRAGIC VICE STORY.

Witness Describes Sick Sweetheart's Fate, Due to Poverty.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Testimony involving certain downtown hotels in furthering the downfall of young girls was given at to-day's session of the Illinois Legislative White Slavery Commission which is attempting to ascertain the reasons why girls drift into immoral lives.

After Juvenile Court officers and social workers had testified concerning immoral dance halls and one girl witness had told the story of her ruin, George Tollen, an employee of a hotel a few doors from detective headquarters, told of how girls as young as fifteen years of age were brought to the place. Young women were often brought there in taxicabs in a state of intoxication, he said.

A pitiful story by Tollen of the suicide of his sweetheart under stress of poverty and disgrace led to the issue by the commission of a subpoena for Coroner Hoffman, with a view to ascertaining the number of suicides of girls in "shady" hotels and resorts.

Tollen related that he and his sweetheart each received $5 a week. They subsisted on this until she fell sick, when he gave up his room to buy her medicines, food, and a doctor's services, and slept in boxcars. He broke down under privations and was taken to a hospital, where he remained a month in ignorance of the girl's fate. When he was released he found that the worst had happened. She had walked the streets penniless and hungry, until, finally exhausted, she had fallen into the clutches of a "white slaver."

"She cried on my shoulder," said Tollen, "and told the story of how she could not stand it longer and had fallen. The next morning she was dead. She had killed herself."

$700 LOAN WINS $1,000,000.

Doctor Who Aided Student Years Ago Now Gets His Fortune.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Dr. Edward S. Higley of the suburb of Glen Ellyn had no particular idea that he was casting bread upon the waters when in the early eighties he lent $700 to Charles Froelich to help him through the University of Nebraska.

Eight years ago Froelich, who had grown wealthy in Australia, visited his benefactor and repaid the loan with intest compounded. Froelich died recently without heirs, and Dr Higley heard today that the entire Froelich fortune of $1,000,000 had been left to him.

FIGHTS MRS. GRACE'S LEASE

North Hempstead Proposes to Make Her Shore Front Case a Test.

Preparatory to the institution of ejectment proceedings against Mrs. William R. Grace, wife of the late Mayor of New York City, Thomas O'Connell, Town Clerk of North Hempstead, wrote a letter yesterday to the State Board of Land Commissioners at Albany. The Commissioners had approved an application for the lease to Mrs. Grace of eight acres of land under water on the shore of Manhasset Bay, opposite her property at Great Neck.

The members of the Town Board were elected at the Spring election on April 1, and pledged themselves against the acquisition of shore front by private persons. The board intends to contest the right of the State to give the lease to Mrs. Grace.

SAMUEL MUST RESIGN.

Banker Loses Parliament Seat Because of Firm's Silver Purchases.

LONDON, April 11.—Sir Stuart Montagu Samuel, Radical Member of Parliament from the Whitechapel Division of London, and one of the leading bankers, must vacate his seat in Parliament owing to his firm having last year become purchasers of silver for the Indian Government.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council to-day decided that he must give up his seat, basing its judgment on an old act of Parliament under whose terms a member of the House may not be even indirectly interested in such a transaction or in any Government contracts.

YALE SLUMMERS COMING.

Social Service Students Will Visit Ellis and Blackwell's Islands.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 11.—Yale undergraduates will invade New York to-morrow, when about fifty members of the social service classes of the Sheffield Scientific School will leave here for the metropolis.

Starting from the Grand Central Station, they will spend the morning on Ellis Island, where they will lunch with the immigrants, visit the Syrian colony, then proceed to Blackwell's Island, where they will investigate the methods of conducting the hospitals and other institutions there.

The slummers will return to the city for supper in the Chinese colony, afterward tour the pushcart district, and wind up with a visit to the Night Court.

Most of the investigators will return to New Haven at midnight, while others will stay at the Mills Hotel and attend church services on Sunday.

CARNEGIE GIFT UNDER FIRE.

New Haven Critical of Library Offer, and May Reject It.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 11.—There are indications that the gift offered by Andrew Carnegie to the City of New Haven of three branch libraries for the outskirts, costing $65,000, will be refused, although the offer was made at the request of the City Board of Library Directors. As soon as the offer was announced a storm of criticism broke out in the city newspapers, which contended that New Haven was able to buy its own libraries.

The Library Board reported Mr. Carnegie's offer to-day to the City Board of Finance, which was against acting on the suggestion of Mr. Carnegie that the city appropriate a small sum for the maintenance of the libraries before they were erected.

Several workingmen's organizations have protested against the acceptance of the libraries, and a mass meeting will probably be called to demand that the offer be refused.

PROPERTY PISTOL KILLS.

Customer Trying It in Photograph Gallery Shoots Owner's Son.

Samuel Lanzetti, 18 years old, of 609 Monroe Street, Hoboken, went to the Dato photograph gallery at 501 Madison Street, that city, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to have his picture taken and put on a button. It was too dark then to make the picture, but the boy remained to talk with William Dato, son of the owner of the gallery. Young Dato showed him a number of old swords and pictures and advised him some time to have his photograph taken in military attire. Lanzetti took one of the old revolvers and pointing it at Dato said that he was ready. Then he snapped the trigger of the pistol and it exploded. The bullet struck Dato in the head. He was taken to the St. Mark's Hospital, where he died at 10 o'clock last night.

Lanzetti disappeared after the shooting, and had not been arrested late last night. Detective Barone made an investigation and got the names of four or five boys who had been in or near the gallery when the shooting occurred. According to the story obtained by the police neither Lanzetti or his victim knew that the pistol was loaded, and they are satisfied the shooting was accidental. They believe that Lanzetti went to the home of relatives on Long Island, and a detective was sent there to bring him back.

GOMPERS IN HOSPITAL.

Labor Leader Is Threatened with Mastoiditis.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, is confined in a hospital here, threatened with mastoiditis of the left ear.

For several weeks he has suffered considerable pain, and to-day he was taken to the hospital for constant attention and complete rest from his work.

USHER'S GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH is thoroughly matured in wood before shipment.—Adv.

BITES OFF BOMB FUSE TO SAVE AUDIENCE

Fireman Comes Upon Bomb Timed to Explode in Five Minutes Under Crowded Theatre.

PUT UNDER THE ORCHESTRA

Hissing of Fuse Attracted Scofield's Attention While on a Trip of Inspection of Fourteenth St. House.

Fifteen hundred men and women were enjoying a motion picture love story in the new Jefferson Theatre at 214 East Fourteenth Street at 10:30 o'clock last evening, and the man at the piano was playing a soft accompaniment, when Fireman William Scofield of Engine Company 7, in making his tour of inspection, heard in a hall beneath the orchestra floor a whispering, sputtering sound at his feet.

Notwithstanding the noise overhead, he heard it clearly and knew that it was something burning. Another second and he had bent down to find a bomb on the floor in the dark shadow cast by the wall. The fire was making its way along the fuse at a fairly rapid rate and had about six inches left to burn before it would reach the explosive within the bomb.

Without making any outcry Scofield dropped to one knee, picked the bomb up in his hands, and put the fuse to his mouth. His teeth closed over the short stretch of fuse left and he bit it off clean. By so doing he checked the advance of the fire upon the explosive within and thereby probably saved the theatre from destruction and those within it from death or injury, for the bomb was of skilled workmanship and of high power. It would have exploded in another five minutes.

Taking care not to spread alarm to the persons above, Scofield called the house manager to him, showed him what he had found, and stepped out to telephone for the police. In a few moments Lieut. Kelly, Lieut. McCarrick, and Detective Carrao, a specialist in bombs in the Police Department, were hurrying to the Jefferson Theatre to examine the missile which had been found there.

They found that the bomb tube was wrapped in plain brown paper, such as might be found in any grocery store, and the intent of the man or men who put it underneath the audience at the Jefferson Theatre was made clear by an inscription scrawled on the paper. This was "Morte," the Italian word for "death."

While the police were still examining the bomb, Inspector Owen Egan of the Bureau of Combustibles arrived. He was seriously injured in the examination of the bomb sent to Judge Otto Rosalsky in the Hendrick Hudson Apartments more than a year ago.

Inside the bomb tube was a bottle that had once contained a well-known patent medicine. Filling in the space between the bottle and the tube was a quantity of black powder and a substance that looked like salt. In the bottle was a liquid chemical preparation, and although this had not been analyzed at a late hour last night, it was believed to be a high explosive.

The fuse, which Scofield bit off when it had only a few more minutes to run, led through the cap at the end of the tube, through the cork of the bottle and into the liquid.

This bomb was no clumsy or amateurish affair, according to the detectives. It was not one of the simple dynamite or cannon cracker bombs which the Italians on the lower east side are accustomed to use in their blackmailing work. It came from a laboratory, the police said, and had been fashioned by a man who not only knew about explosives, but was a deft mechanic.

The hall where the missle was found begins at the bottom of a flight of steps leading down from the orchestra floor and runs to the men's wash room. It passes directly beneath the orchestra floor of the theatre where most of those in the audience sit.

He makes such rounds every half hour, being one of the firemen regularly detailed to theatres. He had been through the hall where the bomb was found shortly before 10 o'clock, so that the missile must have been put there sometime betwen 10 o'clock and 10:30 o'clock, and probably a few minutes after ten, for the fuses of such contrivances are usually made at least twenty-four inches long, and there were only six inches of it left when Scofield found it. He bit off the fuse as a surer and safer way than tearing at it, or attempting to put it out with his fingers, for it might have been dangerous for him to have tugged at the bomb in any way.

The Jefferson Theatre is owned and operated by Moss N. Brill and has not been open long. It stands midway between Second and Third Avenues and has three floors, orchestra, balcony and gallery. It seats 2,000 persons. Mr. Brill owns two other theatres in town, one in Eighty-sixth Street and one in the Bronx.

Mr. Brill said last night that he knew of no one who would want to destroy his theatres.

OHIO WILL PENSION WIDOWS

Bill Is Passed and the Governor's Approval Is Assured.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 11.—The Greenland bill providing pensions for indigent mothers, an administration measure, was passed in the House today and now goes to Gov. Cox, whose approval is assured. The vote in the House was 92 to 4. The bill makes provision for an annual tax levy of a tenth of a mill, which is expected to create a fund each year of not less than $700,000 for the carrying out of the mothers' pension plan.

Destitute widows and women whose husbands are completely disabled, have deserted them, or are serving prison sentences are to be pensioned. Juvenile courts are to be authorized to pay such women $15 a month for a child less than 14 years old and $7 a month for each additional child under that age.

The bill makes drastic changes in the juvenile code. Under the amendments boys younger than 14 are prohibited from selling newspapers or chewing gum in the streets.

MUSICA CONFESSES $600,000 THEFTS

Philip, Eldest Son, Reveals the Vast Extent of Hair Company Frauds.

HOW HE SWINDLED BANKERS

Wrecked Father and Brothers with His Scheme of Cornering the Hair Goods Market.

Indicted for thefts amounting to $134,754, Philip Musica, President of the United States Hair Company, 67 and 69 Front Street, was in conference with District Attorney Whitman and Assistant District Attorney Embree yesterday and began a confession of the theft of more than $600,000 by fraudulent transactions, of which several banks were the victims. It is also the story of a poor immigrant boy, who became a victim of the idea of becoming very rich and thereby wrecked his elderly father and destroyed the future of his younger brothers.

Philip Musica made known his intention of confessing through his counsel, George Gordon Battle, after he had been held in $25,000 bail for trial by Judge Crain of General Sessions. It was also brought about by the conversations he had with Detectives Liegh and Flood, who brought him, his father, Antonio, and brothers, George and Arthur, to this city from New Orleans. All four had previously been arraigned for pleading and had pleaded not guilty. Philip is under eight indictments, seven charging grand larceny and one attempted grand larceny. His father is under one indictment charging attempted grand larceny, and his brothers are under three indictments, each charging grand larceny. Philip's indictments charge the following thefts: Feb. 13, $24,099 from the United States Hair Company; Feb. 15, $31,900 from the same concern; Feb. 14, $10,066 from the same concern, and Feb. 11, $16,793 from the firm of J. & W. Seligman. The indictments where he is jointly indicted with his brothers are for thefts from the United States Hair Company, $12,000, $26,668 and $3,806, respectively, and he is jointly indicted with his father for attempting to defraud the Bank of Manhattan Company out of $25,000 on false invoices.

Lower Bail for A. Musica.

When the defendants were arraigned in court yesterday Mr. Embree asked that they be held in $25,000 bail each. Mr. Battle asked that in the case of Antonio Musica, who is 72 years old, the bail be reduced to $10,000, while in the case of George, the youngest son, it be placed at $15,000. Judge Crain granted his motion as to the father, but held George in $20,000 bail bonds. The $25,000 bail asked for in the cases of Philip and Arthur stood.

It was after all this had occurred that Philip sent word that he desired to confess. He was taken before Mr. Whitman at once and was an entirely different man from the one who several weeks ago attempted to kill himself when arrested in New Orleans. He was smiling as he entered Mr. Whitman's office, and when he left two hours later he was only half through his story.

The confession was not an attempt to shield his father or his brothers, although he assumed the whole responsibility for his present predicament. The story he related was a clear, concise statement of facts and figures, dating from the moment he set foot on Ellis Island with his father, a poor peasant from Italy.

He said that he came from Naples, and with his father organized the firm of A. Musica & Son. They dealt in importations of cheese, macaroni, and hair. He became impatient at his father's old-fashioned manner of conducting the business, and said too much money was being wasted. He then hit upon the scheme of placing an undervaluation on goods imported, and in 1909 both himself and his father were indicted. Antonio Musica was acquitted, but Philip was convicted and sentenced to Elmira. The Governor pardoned him.

Visions of Wealth Grew.

On his release from Elmira Philip's vision of wealth grew. He strove for a way to become a power in this country of opportunities, and suggested the organization of the United States Hair Company, but his father had had one experience and said he wanted to remain out of it, but would assist his son with money. The company was then organized, and Philip was the President. He began a systematic scheme of false invoices in October, 1909, shortly after his release from Elmira. He knew he would sooner or later run up against a wall, but he never let his father know this and imagined that he would make a great killing in Wall Street, corner the market for hair goods, and his dream would be realized. This vision was explained to Antonio Musica, who was tractable and gave his eldest and most-favored son unlimited credit with A. Musica & Sons.

Philip then figured how he could corner the hair market. He decided he could do it by continuing his thefts, which later would be covered up, and arranged with his broker that the stock was to be "washed" and none sold until a false price had been made for it.

Such was Philip's scheme, but through a misunderstanding his stock was sold at par and he mixed things up by forming two foreign companies, one the S. F. Willis Company of London, and the other, Ralph Sandsberger, the Paris office. This was done in order to be better able to dispose of his goods, which consisted of the cheapest of hair and the finest of tissue paper. These goods were shipped over the Atlantic and back again, increasing values being placed upon worthless goods. His invoices were presented to the banks and cashed.

Bank Sues on Eight Drafts.

He left his old home in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn and began to patronize the Fifth Avenue tailors and hired a suite in the Knickerbocker Hotel. This kind of business continued until March 17, when the Anglo-South American Bank brought suit against the firm of A. Musica & Sons to recover $134,687.88, which was due on eight drafts. These drafts were issued by the father for Philip, and becoming panic-stricken at the prospect of a general exposure of his transactions Philip fled, followed by his father and brother, and sisters, Grace and Louise. They went to New Orleans. Philip gave the name P. Martin, his father was A. Martin, and his sisters, Grace and Louise Martin of Chicago, Ill. George Musica became William Roger, and Arthur was M. Weeks. Then the Burns detectives traced him through a $12 trunk that had been loaned to him in the Knickerbocker Hotel, and their arrest followed.

Philip, when he saw the detectives, in New Orleans, drew an automatic revolver and tried to kill himself. His sisters were searched, and $75,000 in money was found on them. This was taken away, the father and sons were brought to the city by detectives, and both Grace and Louise are now slowly making their way back to this city. They have pawned their valuables, and Philip says they have just enough to cover the traveling expenses.

Philip Musica not only related all these things to Mr. Whitman but explained in detail all his transactions. He said that he stole from his own company by representing that money was needed to pay up bills which he fraudulently prepared. These bills were always with exporting houses with which the United States Hair Company never dealt. The Treasurer of the company, Maxwell Sayford, had no way of discovering the fraud. [illegible] proved by him. Thus thousands of dollars were stolen. Creditors and stockholders were robbed.

The extent of his frauds was enormous. The London and Paris enterprises, started to assist in his thefts, were constant drains on his resources. Cable expenses were high, and duties had to be paid on his worthless but falsely and highly valued goods. Then again the brokerage expenses for floating stock were high. Sometimes he attempted to save by having his worthless hair goods bonded and thereby escape the tariff. He would have the goods come in for the purpose of exporting them later, they would be placed in a storehouse, and no examination of the contents of his packing cases made.

Philip and his father then went to the Bank of Manhattan Company and with false invoices describing goods on the Fabre Line pier asked for a loan of $100,000. It was refused and a loan of $25,000 was agreed upon, Philip representing that unless this loan was forthcoming the company must fail and he would be ruined. This transaction was the beginning of the end, as an investigation was made and the false invoices were discovered.

The defendant also explained that when he formed the United States Hair Company he made it a $2,000,000 corporation, having $1,000,000 in preferred stock and $1,000,000 in common stock, the price being placed at $10 per share. He explained that much of his goods was shipped to fictitious consignees in Europe and left on the piers. This was done in order to keep back the discovery of his fraudulent transactions. He said that the firm of A. Musica & Sons was solvent, but that it had been all but ruined by his own transactions. He will be brought before Mr. Whitman again to-day and will continue his confession.

Mr. Whitman last night said that no promises of immunity had been made to Musica and that the confession was absolutely made of the defendant's own free will.

PLAN ADVERTISING BUILDING

Pennsylvania Railroad to Put Up a Structure Opposite Its Station.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, it was announced last night, will erect a seventeen-story building at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-second Street for the exclusive use of concerns connected with the advertising business. A holding company, capitalized at $100,000, is being organized by the Eastern Division of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America to take over the property when it is completed. This company will represent the railroad and the advertising concerns interested in the project.

The plan for the new building was announced at the dinner of the Eastern Division of the advertising clubs in the Waldorf last night. A committee, consisting of Carl E. Ackerman of the Frank Seaman Company, Edward M. Carney of Collier's, and Philip Richardson, with Benjamin W. Carskaddon and F. A. Von Moschziskei, representatives of the Pennsylvania Terminal Realty Company, submitted plans and details of the proposed building, drawn by McKim, Mead & White. The structure when completed will cost approximately, with the land, $2,800,000.

On Seventh Avenue, opposite the Pennsylvania Station, the new building will have a frontage of 143 feet and 9 inches; 110 feet on Thirty-second Street, and 65 feet on Thirty-first Street. It will be built 15 feet back to the building line in Seventh Avenue, leaving an open space 135 feet in width between it and the station. The building has been designed to harmonize with the Pennsylvania Station.

NEW ORLEANS RAISES DIKES.

Expects to Have Them Well Above Mississippi's Flood Crest.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—The river situation here is not alarming in any way. The levees are in splendid condition and can stand all the water predicted by the Government. They are being topped as a final precaution against the flood that is coming down the Mississippi River. Before the crest reaches this city the engineers expect to have the dikes at least two feet higher than the prophesied maximum stage. Auxiliary levees which cross the railroads north of New Orleans also are receiving attention. Gaps in those protection levees will be nearly closed, only enough space being left for trains to pass. The city authorities assert there is not the slightest danger of a break in this vicinity.

Elsewhere to-day, except for a stretch of poor levee just below the zone of the Beulah crevasse of last year, the fight to preserve the levees and control the flood was said to be progressing encouragingly.

MEMPHIS, April 11.—Flood fighters behind the Mississippi levees were encouraged to-day by reports of lower river stages as far south as Graves Bayou, twenty-five miles from here. At Memphis the gauge read 44.7, a fall of 1.8 in twenty-four hours. At Osceola the river receded between four and five inches. Little further trouble is expected here.

Officials agree the gravest danger now lies below Memphis, when the waters from breaks in the Arkansas levees and the swollen flood from the Western rains pour into the Mississippi through the St. Francis and Arkansas Rivers.

Traffic conditions had improved so far to-day that announcement was made that service would be restored immediately on all lines operating out of Memphis to the West.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 11.—Adjt. Gen. O'Meara telegraphed to Gov. Major to-day that the flood situation was critical at Caruthersville and that all citizens were working on the levees.

CAIRO, Ill., April 11.—The Ohio River registered 54.4 feet here to-day, a fall of a tenth of an inch since last night. Because of the continued high water, the levee patrol has been increased. The Illinois Central Railroad is getting trains through the flooded drainage district, opening direct service between New Orleans and Chicago.

FLOOD RELIEF FUND $700,811

The Red Cross Received $4,303 for Sufferers Yesterday.

The Red Cross Society received $4,303 yesterday for the relief of flood sufferers in Ohio and other States. This with the subscriptions sent to the other relief agencies in the city made the total sum obtained here $700,811. William Gibson, manager of the boxing exhibition held under the auspices of the State Athletic Commission in the armory of the Twenty-second Regiment a week ago, sent a check for $2,876 to Gov. Cox of Ohio yesterday. Here is a list of contributors to the funds here yesterday of $25 or more:

The Red Cross Fund.

Erster Ungarischer Kranken U. Unt. Verein, J. N. Kleinmann, Secretary..	50
Additional, W. J. Gaynor, Mayor.......	635
River Edge, N. J.....................	56
First Presbyterian Church, Oneonta, N. Y.........................	43
Church of the Holy Trinity...........	45
Princeton Bank	39
Richfield Springs, N. Y..............	313
Deborah Verein, No. 1................	50
New York Cotton Exchange..............	50
Undergraduates Barnard College........	50
B'nai Berith, Las Vegas, N. Mex.......	42
First Church of Christ, Scientist, Madison, N. J.........................	59
Gerard Beekman	50
Brooklyn Post Office employes.........	1,826
St. Paul's Church, Jersey City........	25
Ticonderoga, N. Y.....................	101
St. John's M. E. Church, New Rochelle.	122
First Reformed Church, Orange, N. J...	45
Mendelssohn Benevolent Society........	50
Aurora, N. Y..........................	90
Rochester Red Cross...................	1,019

The Mayor's Fund.

Lee Shubert and J. J. Shubert Hipodrome benefit performance..........	1,760
St. Paul's M. E. Church Sunday School.	25
Central Church, Disciples of Christ, Manhattan	100
Collected by New York Herald..........	56
Typographical Union 6, 2d contribution.	350

Merchants' Association Fund.

Pfister & Vogel Leather Company......	55
W. F. Shedden & Co...................	25
E. Jacobs & Co.......................	25

These contributions for the flood sufferers were received by THE NEW YORK TIMES and forwarded to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the American Red Cross Society: From a children's play given by the Misses Alice Levy, Therese Rosenstein, Gretchen Waterman, Eleanor Grunsfeld, and Elizabeth Goldsmith, $18; from Hotel Manhattan [illegible]

WILSON REASSURED ON ANTI-ALIEN BILL

Intimates in White House Talk That California Will Avert Trouble with Japan.

TOKIO ASKED HIM TO HELP

Wrong Impressions About Proposed Legislation Current in Japan—Business Men Alarmed.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—President Wilson expressed the hope to-day that the pending legislation in California by which aliens, ineligible to American citizenship, would be prohibited from owning land would not prove objectionable to Japan.

He was talking informally about the question in his semi-weekly conference with the newspapermen.

The President realizes that Japan is inclined to view such legislation as a contradiction of the spirit of her treaty with the United States. While he is unable to interfere officially in the situation, he expressed confidence that the California Legislature, cognizant of possible international difficulties, would enact a law that would cause no complication.

While the present treaty with Japan stipulates that citizens of each country while traveling in the other shall have a right to own houses and factories and shops and to lease land, it says nothing about the right to own land. On the other hand, though the old laws of Japan against foreign ownership of land have been abrogated, the imperial edict necessary to put in force newly enacted laws has not been issued, so that American citizens cannot yet own land in Japan.

While the Administration does not construe the treaty as giving Japanese specifically the right to own lands, it feels that the agreement does guarantee that Japanese shall be treated on the basis of most favored nation citizens under the same clause as is contained in many American treaties with other Governments.

The President stated that while these points had been discussed, the chief difficulties proceeded from the division of authority between State and Nation in the United States. He said that while nobody could challenge the right of California to pass such land laws as she pleased, in so far as the Federal Government had gone beyond its powers or domestic authority in making a treaty, just so far was it liable to damages, but that it was really helpless in the matter.

The President explained that the Japanese Ambassador had acted in a "most proper and delightful" manner, treating the United States as a friend of Japan, who wished to see the best relations prevail. The Japanese Ambassador understood the complications of State rights as applied in the United States, but asked the Federal Government to look into the legislation to see if anything could be done to make it acceptable to his country. Mr. Wilson said that in this spirit the Federal Government had sought informally to use its good offices to obtain an amicable adjustment of the question.

Reassuring word that the California Legislature would so frame its laws as to save the Federal Government from diplomatic embarrassments have come indirectly to the National capital and the Administration does not believe that it is likely to face any serious situation.

JAPAN MISINTERPRETS BILL.

Says It Confiscates Property, but California Legislator Denies.

TOKIO, April 11.—Buei Nakano, President of the Tokio Chamber of Commerce, to-day paid a visit to Arthur Bailly-Blanchard, Chargé d'Affaires of the United States Embassy, to whom he outlined the views of the Japanese business community in regard to the Californian Land Ownership bill. He requested Mr. Bailly-Blanchard to lay them before his Government at Washington.

A meeting of the joint Chambers of Commerce of Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama, and Tokio has been summoned by Mr. Nakano for to-morrow to discuss the question. Mr. Nakano is well known in the United States, having visited several of the principal Chambers of Commerce there in 1909.

A joint meeting of the Japanese political parties is being planned to discuss the situation.

Baron Saburo Shimada and other prominent Japanese Christians are convinced that the passage of the Land bill will prove almost a deathblow to the Christian propaganda in Japan. Count Okuma, former Foreign Minister, and now President of Waseda University, urges the missionaries to voice a strong protest against the bill.

Several newspapers sarcastically remark that the bill, which they say will ruin Japanese, was framed by Christians.

The clause of the Californian bill providing for the confiscation of the property of present holders who have been unable to become naturalized American citizens has aroused the strongest criticism here.

SACRAMENTO, April 11.—The agitation in political and business circles in Tokio concerning the proposed alien land law is not justified, according to members of the Senate who read the dispatch to-day from the Japanese capital.

"Nothing in the bill can be construed as affecting the present holdings of any aliens, regardless of their right to become citizens," said Senator Thompson, who was active in drafting the bill. "No confiscation is planned, and the Japanese have been misinformed as to our intentions. Land now held by aliens may be retained forever, so far as this bill is concerned."

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Mildest
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At your club and all dealers
25c in U. S. A.
Plain and Cork Tip
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McGOWAN GIFT TO WORKERS

Leaves His Business to Women Assistants—Son Residuary Legatee.

No estimate of the value of Patrick F. McGowan's estate accompanied the will, which was filed yesterday for probate in the Surrogates' Court on a Court order, directing the opening of a safe deposit box at the Fifth Avenue Safe Deposit Company. The will was drawn on April 2, just four days before his death. The name of Howard C. Wiggins of Rome, N. Y., appears as attorney of record.

Katie A. Maume and Ana Maume, assistants in Mr. McGowan's underwear manufacturing establishment, at 224 East Twelfth Street, get Mr. McGowan's entire interest in the business, including all the machinery, stock of goods, and money on deposit at the Second National Bank.

"For a number of years," Mr. McGowan says, "the legatees above mentioned have rendered capable and efficient services and contributed in some measure to the success of the business and I regard them entitled to recognition and consider them competent to carry on the business with profit to themselves."

Katie A. Maume receives a six-tenths interest, and Anna Maume a four-tenths interest. This difference, Mr. McGowan explains, is due to the difference in the lengths of service.

In leaving to the Rev. John D. Roach, as trustee, his valuable collection of paintings, china, and books, the testator directs that Father Roach keep them until his son, Francis P. A. McGowan has reached the age of 30 years, when, "if in the judgment of the trustee, my son has been conducting himself in such a manner as to be deserving of the paintings, &c., they shall be turned over to him. Otherwise the collection is to be sold at public auction and the proceeds to be given to the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Francis F. P. A. McGowan is made residuary legatee. He is to receive from the Lincoln Trust Company, the executor, the income in semi-annual payments until the age of 35, when he is to receive the principal absolutely. "This provision," the will directs, "shall not be operative until he be discharged from the United States Marine Service, in which he is now engaged."

Among the bequests to charitable organizations are, $500 to St. Vincent de Paul Society, and $500 to St. Anne's Church. There are two further $1,000 bequests for church purposes.

RUM THE HOME'S ARCH FOE.

Chicago Judge Finds 42 Per Cent. of Domestic Woe Due to Liquor.

CHICAGO, April 11.—The Court of Domestic Relations is about to close its second year, and Judge Gemmill has compiled a report of the 3,699 cases that have come before him in the last twelve months. He finds that nearly one-half of all the family strife and woe may be traced to whisky. Here is Judge Gemmill's tabulated statement of the causes of domestic trouble:

Liquor, 42 per cent.
Immorality, 14 per cent.
Disease, 13 per cent.
Ill-temper, 11 per cent.
Wife's parents, 6 per cent.
Husband's parents, 1 per cent.
Married too young, 4 per cent.
Laziness, 3 per cent.
Miscellaneous, 6 per cent.

"Perhaps the best feature of the court's record," said Judge Gemmill, "is that reconciliations have been brought about in 50 per cent. of the cases of separation that have come before it."

OHIO MEN START WAR ON FREE WOOL

Defying House Leaders, Seven Representatives Issue Call for Meeting of Sympathizers.

SHOE MACHINERY TO BE FREE

House Caucus Adopts Amendment to Hit the Trust—Fight on Sugar Schedule To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The first break of real consequence in the ranks of House Democrats over the Underwood Tariff bill came suddenly to-day when several Ohio Representatives, who are opposed to having raw wool put on the free list, virtually defied President Wilson and the party leaders, and issued a call for a meeting to-morrow morning of all the Democratic members of Congress who are opposed to free wool. The call, which was signed by Representatives Sherwood, Ashbrook, Bathrick, Claypool, Francis, Post and White, reads as follows:

> Those who believe that the original judgment of the Ways and Means Committee in placing a duty of 15 per cent. on raw wool was more just to the farmer than free wool, and more in accordance with our platform declarations, and who desire to aid in the fight for the return of at least this duty in the present bill, are urged to meet in the majority room of the House office building at 10 A. M. Saturday. This letter is hurriedly forwarded to you by request of numerous members who are vitally interested in this matter.

The issuance of this call produced the biggest sensation since the beginning of the tariff hearings, and brought to a focus the opposition to the Tariff bill among House Democrats. It is thought to put an end to the hope of President Wilson and the House leaders that the bill can be pushed through the House with a reasonable degree of harmony.

Say State Leaders Back Them.

The seven Ohio Democrats who signed the call for the meeting are a minority of the delegation, the twelve other Democratic Representatives from that State not joining with them. But some of the signers said that they were inspired to issue the call by "the most influential Ohio Democratic State leaders," who urged them, so it was stated, to stand uncompromisingly for a duty on wool and a material increase in the rates on sugar. The Congressmen refused to tell the names of the State leaders who were counseling war on the Administration Tariff bill.

The seven Ohioans took the step with the full knowledge that it probably meant a break with the White House and that they might be disciplined by the Ways and Means Committee when that body reached the matter of making up the standing committees of the House for this Congress. Some of them profess to believe that their step will mean that they can say good-bye to all patronage.

The President has let it be known that he is in dead earnest in his advocacy of free wool and the removal of the tariff rates on sugar. So far as can be learned, however, he has given no intimation of an intention to use patronage as a means of clubbing Congress into line for the tariff programme. The insurgent Ohio members could give no evidence that the President was going to use the patronage club, but it seems certain that the distribution of Federal patronage in Ohio generally will be held up until the tariff fight is further along.

Despite the threatened Ohio defection, Representative Underwood asserted to-night with confidence that the tariff bill would go through the House without material amendment.

Shoe Machinery on Free List.

The first alteration of the Tariff bill was made in the Democratic House caucus late this afternoon, when it decided to put on the free list all machinery used in the manufacture of boots and shoes. The Underwood bill put shoemaking machinery into the basket clause of the steel and iron schedule which provides that articles not specifically named in the bill, composed of iron, steel, and other metals of that class, should pay 25 per cent. duty. The shift of shoe machinery to the free list was made by a large vote, largely through desire to hit the so-called "Shoe Machinery Trust."

Representative William Schley Howard of Georgia led a fight to have machine tools put on the free list instead of receiving a 15 per cent. rate. The Ohio delegation, on the other hand, tried to have the 30 per cent. rate of the present law put in the bill. They got nowhere with their fight, and came within an ace of seeing machine tools shifted to the free list, the Howard amendment being defeated by only 12 votes.

The fourth schedule in the bill, D, dealing with wood, lumber, timber, and their manufactures, was passed quickly. When the caucus adjourned it had reached the sugar schedule.

Sugar Men Seek Amendment.

In the caucus to-morrow Representative Broussard will offer a substitute for provisions in the Underwood bill which would apply a sliding scale of rates on sugar. The rates which Mr. Broussard will suggest are:

Nine-tenths of a cent a pound on 75 degree sugar, with 25-1,000 of a cent a pound for each additional degree by the polariscope test until June 30, 1916, when the sugar rates would be reduced to 9-10ths of a cent a pound for 75 degree sugar, with 20-1,000 of a cent for each additional polariscope degree until June 30, 1919; when the rate would be made 9-10ths of a cent a pound on 75 degree sugar, with 15-1,000 of a cent a pound for each additional degree.

If Mr. Broussard fails to have this amendment adopted, he has three others to offer. One would cut out the provision under which sugar would become free at the end of three years. If this proposal is defeated, he will ask the caucus to make sugar free at the end of four years instead of three. If this proposition is voted down, he will ask that it be left with the President to decide when the duty shall be removed.

So strong is the sentiment in the House against changing the bill that it is doubtful if any amendment to the sugar schedule will be adopted.

SENATE CHANGES TO BE SMALL

Democrats of Finance Committee in General Accord with House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Democratic members of the Senate Finance Committee to-day continued their study of the Underwood Tariff bill. The glass and earthenware schedule was practically disposed of, a few items being passed over for later consideration after information is received. The policy of the majority members will be to take care of small changes by amending the bill when it reaches the Senate. More important changes, however, which they think should be incorporated in the bill will be called to the attention of Representative Underwood and his colleagues in the House, so that the bill may be modified before it reaches the Senate.

SON CARRIES OUT J. P. MORGAN'S WISH

Cables Money to Rome to Buy Cottage Interfering with American Academy Building.

AN IDEAL BEING REALIZED

New Academy on the Janiculum Hill to be a Centre of American Art and Scholarship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 12.—J. Pierpont Morgan's body has just reached the land which gave him birth, and the Eternal City, called here his city of adoption, still rings with his name and deeds.

The undertaking with which he was to the largest extent connected here was the American Academy, for which he planned a great future, wishing it to become a home for those artists and scholars who he hoped would bring about the supremacy of the United States in artistic and classic fields.

Some have feared that Mr. Morgan's death would injure the progress of the development of the academy, which, under his auspices, has been amalgamated with the American School of Classical Studies and has become one of the most important institutions of the United States abroad. It has become also a very expensive organization, while the funds already secured for it are relatively limited, bringing in an income of about $20,000 yearly.

When the new academy, now in course of construction, is finished, it will need four times as much, of which so far $12,000 has been secured, for only three years.

Mr. Morgan, with his usual principle of spurring on others by giving a good example, advanced $100,000 toward the building fund of the new academy with the understanding that this sum should be returned to him out of the sale of the Villa Mirafiori, the old seat of the academy, estimated to be worth $200,000. It was, however, firmly believed that Mr. Morgan did not mean to take the money back, and it is hoped that his heirs will have a like disinclination.

When Mr. Morgan was in Egypt the question came up of buying a cottage which interfered with the building operations of the academy. Mr. Morgan approved of the purchase which was agreed upon with the owner. Then he came to Rome, but in his condition nobody thought of speaking of the transaction; so he died without settling the question from the money point of view.

Some have feared that Mr. Morgan being no more and there being no written pledge on his part, his heirs might not feel the same interest in the institution and refuse to make good his promise, but this is a mistake.

His son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., has cabled asking that a draft be made on him for the amount necessary to purchase the cottage. Thus one of the last dreams of the great financier that American art should spring and spread from the Janiculum Hill, which is sacred to Romans and from which the whole Eternal City is dominated, will be realized.

GEORGIAN AS CENSUS CHIEF.

Wilson to Name W. J. Harris in E. D. Durand's Place.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—W. J. Harris, Democratic State Chairman of Georgia, will be nominated by President Wilson to-morrow to be Director of the Census, to succeed E. Dana Durand.

Many minor nominations, including several land office appointments, will be sent to the Senate to-morrow. As the State Department has not yet received formal answer from Great Britain as to the acceptability of Walter H. Page for Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, that nomination will probably not be made until next week.

President Wilson and Postmaster General Burleson had a brief conference on Postmasters to-night, but made little headway with the big list of recommendations before them.

Mr. Burleson said he had no announcements to make yet, but would have to consult the President frequently the next few days so as to prepare a large number of nominations for the Senate next week. The process will be one of the most cumbersome with which the new Administration has thus far been confronted, for in connection with the new appointments—about 10,000 first, second, and third class Postmasters—the President will follow the custom of submitting the names first to Senators whose States are affected.

MRS. BISHOP'S ALIMONY CUT

Allowance from Banker to be $10,000 Instead of $20,000 a Year.

The alimony of $20,000 a year granted Mrs. Abigail Hancock Bishop by Justice Hendrick in Special Term, pending the trial of her suit for divorce from James Cunningham Bishop, the banker, was reduced yesterday by the Appellate Division to $10,000 a year. No opinion was attached to the decision.

Mrs. Bishop had asked for alimony of $50,000 a year. She got, in addition to her $20,000, an allowance of $2,000 for the support of her youngest child, who was given into her custody, while the other four children were intrusted to Mr. Bishop's care. Justice Hendrick's order in regard to the custody of the youngest child and the allowance was affirmed by the Appellate Division.

Go For the Rats Right Now.

No time like this season to prevent spreading and increase.

They simply cannot exist in a building where the garbage and refuse is destroyed daily in a Kewanee Water Heating Garbage Burner.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY
N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

You Suffer Even Though You Diet

Therefore, *try eating anything your appetite suggests* and with each mouthful take a sip of

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water
It assists nature in promoting good digestion, prevents acidity, fermentation, gases and stops *that distress* after eating.

MANACEA WATER CO.
13 Stone St., N. Y.

CARPET CLEANSING

Our processes prolong the life of Rugs, Carpets, Draperies. We cleanse them thoroughly, restore their colors, render them moth-proof.

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.
B'way cor. 46th St., N. Y. Phone 3896 Bryant; Erie cor. 5th Sts., Jersey City. Phone 3460.
43 years' experience.

Motor Boats, Marine Engines, and Accessories find a Market through The New York Times.

W. F. Ruddock Boat & Yacht Works, 120 Liberty Street, write:

"We thank The New York Times for the very satisfactory results secured through advertising in your Yachts and Vessels column, and are glad to note that The Times reaches the class of people whom we wish to acquaint with our yacht brokerage business."

If you are buying a new boat this Spring and want to sell your old one, or if you want to buy a second-hand motor boat cheaply, try an advertisement under "Yachts, Vessels, etc." Call Bryant 1000.

The Want pages close at
9 O'CLOCK TO-NIGHT
for to-morrow's paper.

The New York Times
"Only Advertisements Fit to Print."

MORGAN'S BODY HERE WRAPPED IN FLAG

Continued from Page 1.

taken to Hartford on Monday, it was said last night.

The passage of the hearse containing the body of Mr. Morgan through the city to the Morgan library was through streets that were practically deserted, and few that saw the big funeral car knew that in it was the body of the man who had been New York's most famous man of finance. Neither was there any crowd gathered in front of the Morgan home or the library when the body arrived there.

From now until the removal of the coffin to St. George's on Monday a police guard will be kept in front of the Morgan home on Madison Avenue and the library on East Thirty-sixth Street. At the funeral on Monday Inspector Titus of the Traffic Squad will take command again, and will be in charge of the police arrangements until the body is placed on board the special train that will take it to Hartford.

So great in number have been the requests for admission to St. George's that the Rev. Dr. Carl Reiland, rector of the church, gave out this statement last night:

> We are forced to ask the press to assist us in informing the public that the supply of seats for Mr. Morgan's funeral is exhausted. So overwhelming is still the number of applications by letter and telephone that our force is not sufficient to answer all. It is a great regret to all concerned that the limited space renders a larger distribution impossible.

The orders forbidding persons with cameras on the pier, which were in effect yesterday, will be enforced by the police from now until the body of Mr. Morgan is placed in the special train on Monday. No persons with cameras will be permitted within the police lines either while the body is in the library or during the funeral exercises in St. George's.

At a meeting of the General Executive Committee on Arrangements for the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1913, held a few days ago, with Francis Lynde Stetson presiding, the Rev. Canon George William Douglas of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine was designated to draft a minute expressing the feelings of the General Executive Committee in view of the death of Mr. Morgan.

His Church Benefactions.

In making public the minute last night it was stated that the amount of Mr. Morgan's benefactions to the Episcopal Church probably never would be known because of the way in which he bestowed those benefactions. The officers of the General Executive Committee are the Right Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop of the Diocese of New York, who is President ex officio; Robert Fulton Cutting, Chairman; August Belmont, Treasurer, and the Rev. Dr. George F. Nelson, Secretary.

In the minute submitted to and approved by the General Committee, Canon Douglas says:

"The death of Mr. Morgan has come to us as blow upon blow, following, as it has, upon the death of William Bayard Cutting, who was associated with him on our committee in the gift of the new Synod Hall for the use of the General Convention. For twenty-six years these two earnest churchmen worked together as deputies from the diocese of New York, and now in death they are not divided.

"Mr. Morgan was a man of few words, and so should be his obituary. The public press already has spread broadcast his striking features; the outlines of his life; his gifts of courage, initiative and resourcefulness; his constructive genius; his vast responsibilities; hist most conspcuous achievements; his love of art and literature; the wide range of his tastes and sympathies, moving rapidly from one object to another, but always on a high plane.

"From all of which it stands out that this most energetic and practical of men was at heart an idealist, doing great things, but seeking greater, and altogether unwilling to keep for himself what was meant for mankind. He was born to lead; throughout his astonishing career he exercised faithfully his faculty of leadership; and few of the world's great leaders, when their work was done, have had less to conceal or to regret. Exposed ruthlessly to the camera of publicity; scrutinized by the sharp cross-questioning of clever censors, who were minded if possible to pick flaws in him, with what simplicity an ddignity and transparent sincerity he stood the ordeal, and how well he came out of it.

"And whe nth equestioning was finished, how gently and generously he bade adieu to his critics, and went his way, till God's finger touched him and he passed away to where beyond these [illegible] by Carlyle that England "wants public souls."

"America's Public Soul."

"In Mr. Morgan America had a public soul. Though he died in a foreign land he died at home, for the whole world was his home. Naturally shy and averse to publicity, his force of character and of mind was so elemental that no human power, not eevn his own, could keep him in the dark. So now his works do follow him, and his candle is not hid; for as far as in him lay he made his own the memorable words of Goethe: 'The fashion of this world passeth away, and I would fain occupy myself only with the abiding.'

"Yet if something of the aura of his unique personality has thus become manifest to the world at large, those of us who had the privilege of his more intimate acquaintance realize how much his willingness, when important tasks were to be performed, to consort with persons of eminence, he also condescended to men of low estate. Few knew how prompt he was to reach and to assist the humblest, whenever his keen eyes penetrated to their necessity, now how accessible he was to merit of any kind. He was a man to lean on, and on him men did lean—on his rock-ribbed integrity, his comprehensive grasp.

"Still fewer guessed that there stayed with him in his banking house the training of the University of Goettingen: that to the very end he had some of the tastes and tools of the scholar, and the scholar way of looking at things and of appreciating matters of the intellect. By his promptness, his thoroughness; by his faculty of continuous attention to debates in committees and conventions, by his quick appreciation of inaccuracies in the reports and minutes of meetings, by the flashlike rapidity with which he would seize the sense of the document and the course to be adopted in order to carry out a policy—in all this he was harking back to what he had learned at the university.

Stood for Character in Business.

"When attesting that in his experience good character is essential to great success in business, he gave the key whereby he unlocked man's confidence and rendered his personal influence commanding. But may we not add that of which some of us are sure—that in his personal religion he was just as real as in everything else; that as he grew in years he grew in grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour, and that the citadel of his soul was subdued by 'the deep, remorseful fear' on which Keble dwells in The Christian Year.

"It was because this 'deep, remorseful fear' solemnized his soul that Mr. Morgan looked forward with ever-increasing solicitude to the recurring sessions of our General Convention. With his whole heart he desired that the representatives of our Christian communion should occupy themselves with the real little things and the real great things of the 'spirit of man as the candle of the Lord,' and to this end he, for his part, was always willing to spend and to be spent.

"Not long ago Mr. Morgan characteristically undertook to have the archives of the General Convention carefully edited, printed on hand-made paper, and handsomely bound in six volumes. Whereupon copies were presented by him to authorities and libraries throughout our church. This is but one sample of his continual thought and work for the church, which little by little will come to light. The best he did was the fruitage of a religious spirit.

"Therefore our committee feels bound to register and to publish this minute of our sense of loss, and to offer to his bereaved family this testimony of our admiration and affection for him and of our sympathy with them."

Bishops Lawrence of Massachusetts and Brewster of Connecticut, who, with Bishop Greer and Dr. Reiland, will officiate at the Morgan funeral services, are expected to reach New York early Monday morning.

STOCK EXCHANGE WILL CLOSE.

Will Pay Same Respect to Morgan as to Presidents and Monarchs.

The Stock Exchange, which will be closed from 10 to 12 o'clock on Monday during the funeral of J. Pierpont Morgan, has taken similar action a number of times in recent years out of respect to persons of prominence who had died. Several of these were Presidents and ex-Presidents, and two were British monarchs.

On the occasion of President Garfield's funeral, on Sept. 8, 1881, the Exchange was closed all day. On Aug. 4, 1885, it was again closed all day during the funeral of Gen. Grant. In 1901 it was closed on two similar occasions. On Feb. 2 Queen Victoria's funeral [illegible] place. This was on Saturday, and the short session was omitted. President McKinley was shot on Sept. 13, and the next day, also a Saturday, the Exchange was closed. On Sept. 19, the day of McKinley's funeral, it was closed all day.

When ex-President Cleveland's funeral took place, on June 26, 1908, the Exchange closed at 1 o'clock, omitting the last two hours of trading. King Edward VII.'s funeral was on Friday, May 20, 1910, and the Exchange was closed from 10 to 12. On Saturday, Nov. 2, 1912, it closed out of respect for Gen. Sherman, whose funeral took place on that day.

The longest period for which the Exchange has been closed in many years was during the panic of 1873. Jay Cooke & Co. failed on Sept. 18 and on Sept. 20 it closed and was not reopened until Sept. 30.

For a very different reason the Exchange closed at noon on March 14, 1888. That was the second day of the big blizzard. Wires were down, many brokers were unable to reach their offices, and it was practically impossible to carry on business.

The Exchange also omitted a Saturday session when it moved into its present building in 1901.

MORGAN AS RESCUER.

Southern Railway Minute Adopted by Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of the Southern Railway met yesterday and adopted a minute in which the Directors paid their tribute to Mr. Morgan, who was the founder of the Southern Railway system. The minute reads:

> John Pierpont Morgan, founder of the Southern Railway, died at Rome, March 31, 1913, after a long life full of distinguished honors, and abounding in benefit to mankind. His noble character and his splendid career justly have received recognition in every country, and from rulers and people alike. No other citizen of this Republic without official position of any kind ever has attained such eminence, and none deserved it more. His fame, illustrious in his lifetime for great achievements greatly planned, will abide in the years to come, for it was founded upon integrity and maintained by devotion to high principle.
>
> To this general recognition of his personal character the Directors of the Southern Railway Company must add a special and particular tribute, for to Mr. Morgan more than to any other is due the creation and the development of the Southern Railway, one of the first of the many reorganizations justly identified with his name. From the beginning it engaged, and it never failed to receive, his wise guidance and his constant and liberal assistance. Through his fostering care it has grown to its present proportions, attesting the soundness of his forecast, and the public service rendered in his rescue and support of this important instrumentality of commerce, which has contributed not only to the beneficial development of the Southern country, but also more broadly to human welfare in making permanent provision for the honorable livelihood of a vast body of employes and their families.
>
> The members of this board share with the worldwide public in a sense of personal loss, and in extending to the family of Mr. Morgan the assurance of respectful sympathy.

The Board of Directors of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children at a meeting yesterday adopted resolutions in memory of Mr. Morgan, in the course of which it is stated:

> For over twenty years he was a Director of this society, and, during the last seven years of his life, was one of its Vice Presidents. This organization therefore had that intimate personal acquaintance with him which was the means of revealing to his fellow-Directors the strength of his will, the wisdom of his foresight, the aptness of his suggestion, the unselfishness and sympathy of his character, and the sincerity and directness of his methods and of his manner.
>
> Our board was fortunate in commanding his confidence; its members were enlightened by his intuitional capacity to discern and declare what should be done and what should be held in reserve. This body can never exaggerate the obligation under which it stands toward his membership, and to the effects of that membership, not only on his associates, but upon public opinion, because of his identification with our labors and our problems.

In the resolutions adopted yesterday by the members of the New York Genealogical and Biographic Society is the following:

> Mr. Morgan was a leader among men because men trusted him. His pre-eminence as a financier is recognized the world over. His munificence to the city of his birth and to the city of his residence; his patriotic purpose in bringing to this country from the Old World unparalleled collections of art; his unostentatious benevolence, and his admirable qualities of mind and heart made him master in the business life of the Nation, leader in its higher civilization, and the most distinguished figure in its civil life.

The following were appointed a committee to represent the society at the [illegible] James Grant Wilson, Clarence Winthrop Bowen, William B. Osgood Field, George Austin Morrison, Jr., Abraham Hatfield, Jr., and John R. Totten.

The Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company yesterday appointed a special committee, consisting of President Mellen, Charles F. Brooker, and William Skinner, to attend the funeral of J. Pierpont Morgan.

The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange appointed the following committee to represent the Exchange at the funeral: President James B. Mabon, Charles M. Newcombe, Henry C. Swords, Rudolph Keppler, Henry K. Pomroy, and W. W. Heaton.

MUSEUM MOURNS MORGAN.

Monthly Bulletin Devoted Largely to Chronicling His Work.

There is a special cover to the Bulletin of the Metropolitan Museum of Art this month, and on it is a tribute to its late President. This reads:

"J. Pierpont Morgan, Great Citizen, of Great Heart, Great Mind, Great Will. Knowing that Art Is Necessary to Upholding the Ideals of a Nation, He Gave to the Museum Generously of His Possessions and More Generously of Himself."

On the first inside page of the Bulletin is a statement of Mr. Morgan's connection with the museum as Trustee from 1888 to 1913 and its President from 1904 to 1913, and the resolution passed at a special board meeting on April 1, in which was expressed an appreciation of Mr. Morgan and the sympathy of the board extended to his family.

"Mr. Morgan's accession to the Presidency marked a new era of growth and prosperity," says the resolution, and concludes:

"We might say that his loss was irreparable to the museum, but for the fact that his constant and generous efforts in its behalf have placed it in a position where its future among the great art institutions of the world is assured."

On the opposite page of the Bulletin is reproduced the portrait of Mr. Morgan by the Spanish artist Carlos Baca-flor, lifesized, which was placed with the collection in the special exhibition gallery when his London paintings were first shown, and which since his death has stood at the head of the main stairway of the museum with a palm knotted with black at its foot.

The address of Robert W. de Forest, second Vice President of the museum, at the memorial meeting for Mr. Morgan at the New York Chamber of Commerce, April 3, is also given in the Bulletin. In this Mr. de Forest said, no matter on what pressing business Mr. Morgan was engaged, he had always time for the museum. The afternoon before the famous all-night session in the panic of 1907 Mr. Morgan presided at a long meeting in the museum, Mr. de Forest said, and it was not until every detail of its business had been completed that he announced that he "must hurry home to look after a serious financial situation."

HARTFORD TO STOP BUSINESS.

Mayor Issues a Proclamation Regarding Funeral Day.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 11.—In recognition of the interest that the late J. Pierpont Morgan took in the welfare of the city, Mayor Louis R. Cheney tonight issued the following proclamation:

> In the death of J. Pierpont Morgan Hartford has lost one of its best friends. His interest in the city was great all along both financial and philanthropic lines. It is right, therefore, that Hartford and her people should do honor to the memory of this great man, who was born in this city. I would, therefore, suggest to the people of Hartford that, out of deference to the memory of Mr. Morgan, they place their flags at half-staff during the day of his funeral, Monday, April 14, and that, so far as they reasonably can, they refrain from active business between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock that afternoon, the hour planned for the arrival and interment in this city of the remains of Hartford's most distinguished son.

Special details of police have been selected for escort and protection to the funeral party, and no camera or moving picture men will be allowed in the neighborhood of the party.

The committal services at Cedar Hill Cemetery will be held in a tent erected over the grave, and will be read by Chauncey B. Brewster of the Hartford Diocese, assisted by Joseph Lawrence of Massachusetts and the Rev. Carl [illegible]

New Scribner Books

Maurice Hewlett

tells about himself in

Lore of Proserpine

Stories and Sketches

Mr. Hewlett was always most reticent of writers; said that personal matters had no interest for the public, and that he "could write novels with one eye as well as with two."

But in "Lore of Proserpine"—though he does not much discuss himself—he does in a subtle manner reveal his own personality.

These stories are magic glasses through which you see into the heart of a great novelist.

Some are almost directly biographical; others, fairy stories for grown-ups perhaps, present the world as the author sees it.

$1.35 *net; by mail,* $1.44.

Max Eastman's The Enjoyment of Poetry

Aims to Increase Pleasure

Are You Poetic or Practical?

A delightful inquiry into the nature of poetry, which will intensify the pleasure of those who love it, and may well open the eyes and ears of those insensible to it.

But its prime value lies in the entertainment it gives; for though its intent is serious indeed, the wit, humor, and lightness of the writing make it the reverse of abstruse. It should be read for its own sake.

$1.25 *net; by mail,* $1.35.

Plays by Björnstjerne Björnson

Translated by Edwin Bjorkman

The New System—The Gauntlet—Beyond Human Power.

These plays by the famous Norwegian suit the temper of the time; "The Gauntlet" particularly. It is a sharp challenge of the double moral standard of the sexes; will startle a reader into vivid realization, like the blow of a glove upon his cheek. But all three, though restrained and in form almost classic, radiate the spirit of the day.

$1.50 *net; by mail,* $1.65.

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SILK HOSE

BLOOMINGDALES' showing of silk hosiery for women, men and the younger set is at all times complete and comprehensive. It includes all the staples and fancies from Europe and at home that will be in favor for Spring and Summer.

An idea of the extent of our stock can be gained when you know that we have everything from a pair of plain silk stockings at 49c to embroidered and lace silk hose at $4.00 pair.

On Sale To-Day:

Women's Pure Thread Silk Stockings. full fashioned, high spliced heels, double soles, 4-inch garter tops, in fashionable Spring colors and black and white; at, pair.................. **69c**

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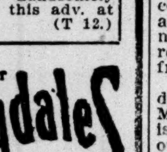

trial size, free. Enough for a score of soothing, refreshing shaves. Resinol Dept. 11-F., Baltimore.

NOTICE.

Send 10 cents for Farmer Smith's Magazine, April issue, contains, (1) "The Way to Make Money," by Farmer Smith, tells where you can make money and how; (2) "Brickbats in Married Life, and How I Met Them, or the Man Who Married a Dictionary"; this is a letter to the editor, which will make house-husbands think, (3) "Talks on Salesmanship," by Farmer Smith, who sold advertising for twenty years.

FARMER SMITH'S MAGAZINE,
123 Summit Av., Cedar Grove, N. J.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

IMMEDIATE PERIL TO POPE IS PAST

He Received Three Bishops Yesterday and Optimistic Reports Are Plentiful.

FEAR FELT FOR THE SUMMER

His Weakened Constitution May Suffer from the Heat—Even Doctors Under Restraint.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, April 11.—The reports concerning the health of the Pontiff have now gone to the opposite extreme. According to them he is eating beefsteaks and is ready to receive any number of pilgrims. The pessimists are now quite outnumbered.

From patient inquiries among Vatican habitués one is apparently justified in saying that he seems to be really better, and that there is no immediate fear of a serious relapse. The probabilities are that he will be up and down during the whole of the Spring. The serious danger is that he may not be able to withstand the heat of the Summer.

Extraordinary precautions are taken to prevent any one from approaching his apartment. The doctors themselves are under a kind of surveillance for fear that they may say something indiscreet while inside the Vatican, which points to the suspicion that all is not so rosy as the news given out indicates.

However, the Pope's brother, whom his sisters summoned to Rome by telegraph, was later told to postpone his journey, partly because Pius X. was better, and partly because he himself is an old man who could not well stand the fatigue and anxiety of the long trip. His sisters maintain that they are quite reassured as to the Pope's condition.

ROME, April 11.—Despite the injunctions of his physicians and the remonstrances of his attendants, Pope Pius this afternoon received in audience three Bishops who had headed a pilgrimage to Rome to visit him, and bestowed upon them the papal blessing.

To-night his Holiness, wearied by his efforts, fell into a deep sleep immediately after his physicians had made their customary call.

The meeting between the Pontiff and the three aged Bishops was pathetic. As they entered the sickroom they threw themselves at the feet of the Pope, who was sitting in his armchair. The Pope smiled and, lifting his hands above their heads, bestowed his blessing. This, he said, was intended not alone for the prelates, but for the pilgrims who had journeyed to Rome to pay him tribute.

The Bishops, who had been warned to make the audience as short as possible, left the bedroom with their eyes brimming with tears. Neither Prof. Marchiafava nor Dr. Amici was present during the reception.

The recovery of the Pope from his relapse from the influenza is apparently making rapid progress. His sisters, speaking to-day with the parish priest of Riese, their birthplace, who was with the Venetian pilgrims visiting the Vatican, said the condition of the Pontiff was now so satisfactory that it was possible that he would be able within a few days to receive some of the pilgrims from his native region. They said that it was the desire of their brother to do so, but that, nevertheless, his physicians were gently resisting such a plan, desiring their patient to have immunity from excitement in his period of convalescence, owing to the weakened state of his constitution.

The pilgrims were received in the Royal Hall this afternoon by Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary of State, at the special request of the Pope. It was a solemn function. The Cardinal addressed the visitors in the name of the Pope and imparted to them the Papal blessing.

The pilgrims arrived at the Vatican led by the Archbishops of their respective dioceses. They carried banners and wore the costumes peculiar to their localities. In the Royal Hall they were met by Cardinal Merry del Val, who was accompanied by Mgr. Canali, Under-Papal Secretary of State; Mgr. Pescini, private secretary to the Pope, and Prince Arsoli and other members of the Papal court.

The Archbishop of Chieti presented the pilgrims. He said they had come to visit the Pope on the occasion of the jubilee in commemoration of the religious toleration edict issued by the Emperor Constantine in the fourth century, and to express their sentiments of devotion and of filial loyalty to the Pontiff.

The Cardinal told the pilgrims that they would not lose the spiritual advantages of their visit to Rome, as the Holy Father had implored for them all the blessings and mercy they might desire. He concluded by saying that the Pontiff desired that a copy of his last allocution regarding the liberty of the Church be given each of the pilgrims as a souvenir of their visit.

The first documents bearing the Papal signature since the relapse of Pope Pius appeared to-day. They are decrees by which Cardinals Pompili and Van Rossum are made members of the Congregation of the Holy Office.

This evening's edition of the Osservatore Romano, the official Vatican newspaper, says:

"In confirmation of the happy news of yesterday in regard to the health of the Holy Father we are able to give the assurance that conditions continue entirely satisfactory."

The Pope at times complains of pains in the small of the back, which increase when he sits up and also when he coughs. These and other symptoms are attributed by the physicians to renal neuralgia, arising from influenza, and remedies have been applied to insure freer action of the internal organs.

Although the amelioration in the condition of the Pontiff continues, Prof. Marchiafava is apparently not quite satisfied with the progress of the recovery of strength. He is inflexible in his decision not to allow his patient to undergo any exertion.

Vain Panama Search for Castro.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, April 11.—Since the publication of the story that Gen. Castro has been here, the secret service men of the United States, Panama, and Venezuela have been scouring the country for him. All the ships have been watched, but he has not been found.

Urges a Monument to Balboa.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, April 11.—Gen. Rafael Reyes, former President of Colombia, wants the United States to set aside a suitable spot in the Canal Zone for a monument to Balboa, the discoverer of the Pacific, to be erected by the Latin-American countries.

SURPRISE AT CHRISTIE SALE.

A Newly Discovered Pieter De Hooghe Brings $21,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 11.—At Christie's to-day the sales were mostly of English and Dutch pictures from the collection of the late John R. Holland and anonymous sources.

A dramatic incident occurred when, to the amazement of those present, the price of a little picture catalogued as the "Interior of an Apartment," with a lady and her maid near a fire and a child seen through a doorway in the background, attributed to S. Van Hoogstraaten, was run up between Huggins and Lippmann from an insignificant start to 4,200 guineas, ($21,000.) Huggins, acting for an unknown principal, had the last word.

This unknown buyer and Lippmann were presumably the only two persons present who recognized the real nature of the wrongly catalogued picture. It is a perfect little masterpiece, though much darkened, by Pieter De Hooghe. It is No. 60 in Smith's catalogue raisonné, where it is fully described and traced back to the Jan Pekstok sale in Amsterdam in 1792, (price 231 florins;) the Eckhardt sale in Amsterdam in 1842, (price 810 florins,) and the P. Voute sale in Amsterdam in 1845, (price 800 florins.) The picture was then bought by one Burton, whose name suggests that he was an Englishman, who probably brought it to England, where it remained unknown until it was discovered at Christie's. The wrong attribution is the more inexplicable, as the picture was fully signed.

The Holland collection testifies to its late owner's predilection for sober portraits of plain Dutch housewives, round-faced, and with big, white linen ruffs or collars. One by Bol, very like an early Rembrandt, was sold for $4,100 to the Agnews; another by the same artist, signed and dated 1644, very much rubbed, so that the shadows in the face had almost vanished, went to the same purchasers for $4,500; another by A. Cuyp to Asher Wertheimer for $2,600; another by Palameder, signed and dated 1654, with a companion portrait of a gentleman, for $2,600 to Wallis.

From the same collection are the Romney portrait of a girl in a white dress and blue sash, seated on a sofa and caressing a spaniel, ($5,250, Paterson,) and a loosely handled "Fountain of Love," ascribed to Fragonard, ($5,000, Agnew,) also a few good small pieces by Guardi: "The Dogana," ($2,400, Paterson;) "Venice," ($2,400, Paterson;) "An Archway," ($3,440, Agnew,) and a "View in Venice," ($2,550, Colnaghi & Obach.)

Among pictures from another source was a very fine well preserved river scene by J. Van Goyen, signed with his initials, and dated 1652, ($5,500, Colnaghi & Obach.)

THE MACKLAINE IS COMING.

He Seeks to Retrieve His Ancestral Fortunes in Our Music Halls.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 11.—The Macklaine of Lochbuie, who will sail on the Mauretania to-morrow to fill a vaudeville engagement in New York, tells a touching story of the intention of his godfather, the Duke of Argyll, to go to Euston Station to see him off and wish him success in his efforts to retrieve the ancestral fortunes on the music hall stage. He says that a $2,000-a-week offer came to him from New York on condition that he appear using his real name.

At the provincial and suburban halls in England, at which he has so far appeared, he has used a stage name, though he says that one London manager offered him $400 a week if he would allow his real name to be featured. He hopes that America, which paid Harry Lauder enough money to enable him to buy a Scottish estate and become a laird, will show him equal favor.

AWARDS TO MME. NAVRATIL.

$750 from Relief Funds for Woman Widowed by Titanic.

The Red Cross in New York denied yesterday the report that no awards had been made by the London Titanic Relief Committee for the benefit of Mme. Marcelle Navratil and her two little children, who were rescued from the Titanic by Miss Margaret Hays of 304 East Eighty-third Street. Mme. Navratil has filed a claim against the White Star Line for $30,000 for the loss of her husband, who was one of those who perished when the Titanic went down.

"I have just learned," said W. Frank Persons, Director of the Red Cross Relief Committee in New York, "that awards were made from two different English relief funds for the benefit of Mme. Navratil and her two children. One from the relief fund of the London Daily Telegraph was for $100, and one from the Lord Mayor's fund was for $650.

"I do not know, of course, whether the widow has received the money or not. The larger award from the Lord Mayor's fund was, as I am informed, entrusted to the French Consul-General in London."

It was printed a few days ago in a New York newspaper that Mme. Navratil had received no assistance from the British Red Cross and that she was in very poor circumstances.

BRUCKER'S FLIGHT DELAYED

Spanish Military Authorities Object to the Aviator's Starting Point.

LAS PALMAS, Canary Islands, April 11.—The departure of Joseph Brucker, formerly of Milwaukee, on his transatlantic flight in a balloon, which was scheduled for to-morrow, may be delayed by difficulties raised by the military authorities. Brucker selected a site for his start within the military zone, but the military authorities refuse to grant him permission to use it.

Efforts are being made to obtain authorization from the Spanish Government at Madrid.

Denmark Prepares for the Canal.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., April 11.—Extensive harbor improvements are to be begun here immediately in anticipation of the opening of the Panama Canal. A contractor with a staff of skilled workmen and quantities of material arrived here to-day from Copenhagen to commence the work.

TO RECOGNIZE CHINA WHEN PEKING ELECTS

Choice of President by Constitutional Assembly Will Be Signal for Wilson to Act.

ELOQUENT APPEAL TO WORLD

Address of New Republic's Leaders Wins Cabinet Praise—Reminiscent of the Inaugural.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Recognition of the Chinese Republic by the United States is now waiting only for the election of a President by the Constitutional Assembly which began its sessions at Peking this week.

In response to a request from Secretary Bryan, Mr. Williams, the Chargé d'Affaires at Peking, has cabled the text of the "world address" issued by the Constitutional Assembly, and this was read at the Cabinet meeting to-day, winning the praise of the President and his advisers. State Department officials thought it reflected the influence of the young Chinese members who have been educated in American colleges. In its finale it reads a little like Wilson's inaugural address. The address was as follows:

> On this eighth day of the fourth month in the second year of the Republic of China, the date fixed for the first opening of our Permanent National Assembly, the members of the Senate and the House of Representatives, having met in these halls to celebrate the event, now make this declaration of their sentiments.
>
> The will of Heaven is manifested through the will of the people. That the hundreds of millions of people possess the authority of the State is not proclaimed now for the first time. The monarchy, so long corrupt, proved unworthy of the grave responsibilities entrusted to it by the will of the people, but with the introduction of popular government the representatives of the people must share the likes and dislikes of the people. They are to give expression to the desires and voice the will of the people; they hold the reins in behalf of the nation to govern with severity or leniency, with parsimony or extravagance; they become the pivot upon which the prosperity of the State is made to turn. For the success or failure, safety or danger, adversity or good fortune theirs is the merit or the blame.
>
> Can we be otherwise than anxious? Yet through great tribulation the Spring come to prosperity, and our very bad management and anxieties are a means to happiness. Now, therefore, we unite to form this assembly and presume to publish our aspirations.
>
> May ours be a just government! May our five races lay aside their prejudices! May rain and sunshine bring bounteous harvest and cause the husbandman to rejoice! May the scholar be happy in his home and the merchant conduct his trade in peace! May no duty of Government be unfulfilled and no hidden wound go unredressed!
>
> Thus may the glory be spread abroad and these our words be echoed far and wide, that those in distant lands, who hear, may rejoice, our neighbors on every side give us praise, and may the new life of the old nation be lasting and unending! Who of us can dare to be neglectful of his duties!

The Administration policy in regard to recognizing China has not worked out quite in the way expected. The Government's position, it was thought, would influence other members of the six-power group and would encourage in the Chinese themselves swift action that would justify the proposed step. Thus far the delay of the constitutional assembly in organizing has impeded this plan.

Moreover, it is understood here that Japan and Great Britain are positive in declining to recognize the republic at this time, and Germany, France, and Russia, with Great Britain and Japan, insist on the maintenance of the concert. This means none will take the responsibility of recognizing China until all are prepared to do it.

DUCHESS WILL RECOVER.

Her Grace of Connaught Makes Progress After Operation.

LONDON, April 11.—The Duchess of Connaught, after her operation yesterday for intestinal obstructions, passed a good night. She continues to make satisfactory progress toward recovery.

The operation was for the removal of the vermiform appendix, the displacement of which had caused chronic obstruction. The progress toward recovery made by the Duchess is so good that the doctors are now confident of her complete recovery.

Hungarian Loan Is Successful.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, April 11.—The Hungarian issue of 4½ per cent. consols, which was offered for subscription yesterday in Austria-Hungary and Germany, is said to have been "completely successful." No exact figures are given, but it is announced that most of the subscriptions for the stock are not negotiable for six or twelve months. Dealings in the new stock have taken place at 91¼.

PHILIP MORRIS

The World's Oldest High-grade Turkish

CIGARETTES

Plain or Cork Tip

A SIXTY years' unequalled reputation is distinct evidence—and a trial will give you conclusive proof—of the superlative quality of **Philip Morris.**

"The Little Brown Box"

Our Retail Store
22 New Bond St.
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ENG.
"Over 40 Years in the same location"

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Philip Morris & Co. Ltd.

TURNER ART FOR BOSTON.

Bullard Estate to Give Rawlinson Collection to the Museum.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times

LONDON, Saturday, April 12.—The Morning Post announces that W. G. Rawlinson's fine collection of Turner's "Liber Studiorum" will henceforward enrich the art treasures of America. The purchaser was Mr. Bullard of Boston, a well-known collector of Turner engravings, particularly those of the Liber Studiorum.

For a considerable period Mr. Bullard pressed Mr. Rawlinson to sell the collection to him with the intention of presenting it with his own collection to the Boston Museum. Mr. Rawlinson finally agreed to sell at a figure little more than what he paid himself, plus about 2 per cent. to cover the cost of insurance. But shortly after the purchase was ratified Mr. Bullard died.

The Morning Post now learns that his relatives have decided to carry out his wishes, and the entire Liber Studiorum is to go to the Boston Museum. There are few finer collections than this, though the British Museum possesses one that outranks it. This fact made it easier for Mr. Rawlinson to sell the engravings which he had been collecting for about forty years. He says that Turner is better represented in public and private galleries than any other British artist.

"I am glad my Liber Studiorum is going to Boston, where it will be fully appreciated and kept together for all time."

The value of Rawlinson's collection lies chiefly in the fact that it contain's a number of plates showing Turner's corrections in the trial proofs. In most cases these proofs are richer in tone and convey the spirit and character of the landscapes with greater impressiveness than is found in later proofs. Those engraved by Turner himself are the best.

Turner began the work on the Liber Studiorum in 1807 when he was 32. It was to be published in parts, each containing five engravings. The work at first was a success, but Turner did not treat his subscribers fairly, his innate penuriousness, says Rawlinson, made him invariably mix a certain number of "prints" with "proofs." The parts appeared irregularly at long intervals until 1819, when the publication was finally stopped. Only seventy-one of the 100 plates originally planned reached the public. Turner's engravings on copper and steel plates were sold at Christies in 1873 and 1874. The stock of the Liber Studiorum alone realized nearly $90,000, one set of the seventy-one proofs bringing $4,462.

PEARLS FOR CHIN-STRAPS.

Striking New French Fashion Imitates Old Military Style.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, April 11.—Porcelain heels for silk and satin evening shoes are among the latest eccentricities of fashion, which are expected before long. They will be made of Sèvres ware.

Another novel and none too lovely fashion is the wearing of strings of pearls somewhat after the manner of the guardsman's chin-strap. The necklace passes under the chin of the wearer from ear to ear. It is sometimes fastened around the ear, but more frequently secured to the hair by a jeweled pin on either side.

Steel ornaments and brooches have been revived.

Summer gowns will be made chiefly of moire damask and brochés de laine. These new dress materials are charming in appearance, and cheap.

STRIKE MAY COST $800,000 DAILY

Belgian Miners, Textile and Metal Workers and Quarrymen to Go Out.

DOCK WORKERS DOUBTFUL

Steamship Lines Cancel Antwerp Sailings—Workers Withdraw Bank Deposits.

BRUSSELS, April 11.—Belgium stands to lose $800,000 every day the general strike lasts, if, as the Socialists declare and hope, 50 per cent. of the workers leave their jobs next Monday.

The full realization of the tremendous economic blow that is impending is beginning to permeate all sections of the population, and a feeling if great uneasiness reigns throughout the country. The Government and the local authorities are fast completing final preparations to meet all emergencies.

According to the latest reports from the strike centres the walkout will be complete among the miners, metal workers, quarrymen, and textile workers.

The decision of the glass workers to join the strike has produced something like consternation. Every furnace that is permitted to die down must be destroyed with dynamite and rebuilt. This will involve a total cost of $180,000. There are twenty-seven furnaces in Belgium, whose export of window glass amounts to $1,000,000 a month. As to the blast furnaces, a majority of which will be allowed to cool off, their extinction will mean a clean loss of $20,000 daily.

The Antwerp dock workers are causing the strike organizers some uneasiness. They appear to be doubtful as to whether they will stop work, and desperate efforts are being made to secure their adhesion to the strike movement. A strike by these men would be most important, as it would bottle up the entire export and import trade.

A large number of workmen are withdrawing their money from the savings banks.

According to the information here, neither the railways nor the newspapers will be affected. It is said that the railways have sufficient coal on hand to last them six weeks. The printers, it is reported, have decided to make a large contribution to the strike fund, but to remain at work.

Many employers are subscribing to the strike fund, considering this a means to insure their property from damage, the men agreeing to pump the mines, keep the furnaces going, and generally protect the masters' property.

ANTWERP, April 11.—The situation here is becoming more and more complex. Last Wednesday the Red Star Line sent off an additional steamer in order to clear away the merchandise waiting on the dock. Now another line announces that, in view of the possible inability to load its vessels, it will cancel the sailing dates of six steamers.

It is reported that the Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, and other steamship lines have ordered their vessels bound for Antwerp to proceed instead to Rotterdam and Hamburg.

The insurance companies are making special risks for freights standing on docks or in transit from warehouse to steamer or vice versa. They are asking a premium of one-quarter of 1 per cent. for this insurance.

ESSEN, Germany, April 11.—The local Socialist Democratic committee has presented a petition to the Rhenish miners not to work over time for the purpose of exporting coal to Belgium.

German Coal Strike Threatened.

BRESLAU, April 11.—A general strike of the coal miners in the Silesian district is imminent. Meetings are being held daily throughout the district, and it is expected that 100,000 men will go out.

STILL NO TRACE OF MARTIN.

Lost Cotton Broker Did Not Engage Passage on the France.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 11.—No trace whatever has been found of Joseph Wilberforce Martin, the wealthy Memphis cotton broker, whose mysterious disappearance was reported yesterday. Private detectives as well as the police are now engaged in the search for him. Inquiries at steamship offices indicate that he never engaged a berth on the France.

According to his friends, Mr. Martin was a shrewd, level-headed business man with no enemies and no financial troubles, and was unlikely to figure in romantic escapades. J. Lockhart Anderson, one of his best friends, with whom Mr. Martin shared a flat, says that when he left the Automobile Club on the night of his disappearance he said he had an appointment, but did not say with whom, and Mr. Anderson did not inquire.

CUBA NEEDS CHINESE LABOR

Will Probably Change Immigration Laws Unless We Object.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, April 11.—With the exception of one member, the commission recently appointed to study Chinese immigration's effect on Cuba is in favor of letting down the bars and allowing Chinamen to enter Cuba on the same terms as other nationalities, declaring that such immigration will solve Cuba's present labor difficulties.

If the United States does not object, owing to Cuba's proximity and the danger of smuggling Chinamen by way of Florida, it is probable that the Cuban Government will change the present exclusion laws, which are now similar to those of the United States.

Argentine Aviator Killed.

BUENOS AIRES, April 11.—Perez Arzeno, an aviator, was killed to-day when the aeroplane which he was driving fell from an altitude of 1,200 feet.

No Change in This Administration

This spring's styles are merely an evolution—not a change in administration.

Weber and Heilbroner are administering to the same clientele in the same way. They are doing it better—that's all.

Another season's experience has enabled them to come even a little closer to the exclusive custom product—to present suits at $20 to $40, and Spring slip-ons at $25 to $40, which are thorough departures from anything before known in ready-to-wear clothes.

Six clothing stores in three years, attest the genuine appreciation of New York men who accept a good new idea and stick to it.

Spring hats from the other side and this, $3 to $6—and haberdashery which has become a metropolitan institution.

Largest Distributers of Manhattan Shirts

Eleven Stores

Weber and Heilbroner

241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortland 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave
Clothes at 27 New. 150 Nassau, 241 B'way, 1185 B'way, 44th and B'way, 42nd and 5th Ave.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

Today is the last day of this once-a-year sale of

Men's $2.50 to $4.50 CUSTOM SHIRTS at $1.85

Custom made shirts at a price which is more an exception than a custom.

¶ If you have not yet taken advantage of this sale, we can only assume that you do not know what you are missing. And if we have not made the proposition sufficiently plain nor made it as attractive in print as it is in reality,

It is the fault of our advertising and not of the shirts!

¶ Let us recapitulate once more the particulars of this greatest of all shirt sales. The fabrics, furnished by several leading importers direct to us, include silk-and-linens, mercerized cloths, Russian cords and the famous Anderson Scotch Madras. The best shirtings of foreign and native production. The most exclusive designs and colorings in shirtings of the custom kind. And tailoring that is without a superior in the art of shirt making. Plain and pleated models, soft and starched cuffs, sizes 14 to 20, sleeve lengths 33 to 36, values $2.50 to $4.50, price $1.85, and one day left in which to avail yourself of this opportunity.

In this sale a man can buy Athletic UNDERWEAR at far less than wholesale

7,500 athletic garments bought from the makers at a fraction of usual prices.

¶ The garments in this sale are no ordinary values. We bought them at a tremendous concession because the maker wished to work off his over-stock. And we offer them to you today at far less than we ourselves can buy these garments for in the ordinary run of business. They are remarkable values, and they come at a time when you have got to get Summer underwear, no matter what you pay for it.

50c & 75c Athletic Garments at 39c

Made of fine quality checked nainsooks, mercerized striped materials and satin plaids. Knee length drawers, and athletic shirts, either sleeveless or with quarter sleeves. The kind you want now.

$1.50 Athletic Garments at 65c

Half silk underwear, that is, one-half silk and one-half cotton, which is an ideal combination for both looks and service. Athletic sleeveless shirts and knee length drawers. In white, blue, and pongee.

1,200 Pairs Men's BLACK SILK HOSE *at 38c*

The chief thing about this hose is that the quality was there before the price was changed!

¶ That is the important consideration in any sale, and it is that consideration which makes this sale worth while. This is regular 50c hose, and was intended to sell at that figure. Made of pure dye black thread silk and full fashioned. Has six thread heels and toes of lisle thread, and lisle thread soles, to insure maximum wear. A big silk hose value and one you ought to get next to right away, before your particular size has been entirely absorbed. **Main Floor.**

$1 Chamois Suede GLOVES for Men *today* 55c

A fifty-fifty proposition in glovewear!

¶ Imported gloves, in which a German maker has cleverly duplicated soft chamois and suede effects. They have all the appearance of chamois, all the smooth, suave quality of suede. They are one-clasp or button gloves, with two-row corded back or spear-point back, whichever you desire. Obtainable in white, natural yellow, gray or tan, and will wash back into their original shade as often as may be necessary. The correct glove for mid-season wear.

HUERTA RULE WEAK; AMERICA IS BLAMED

Withholding of Formal Recognition Given as Cause of Mexico's Bankruptcy.

CHAOS PREDICTED RESULT

Rebels Hold Several Important States—Spain Acknowledges Existing Administration.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, April 11.—Spain followed England's example to-day in recognizing the Huetra Government of Mexico. Italy is expected to take the same action soon. It is the general opinion here that the fate of the existing administration hangs on American recognition, and some persons even express the opinion that forty-eight hours' failure on the part of the United States to give formal recognition would mean chaos in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, April 11.—That the withholding of official recognition by the United States has weakened the Huerta government materially is the opinion expressed generally by the public and admitted privately in certain Mexican official circles. The new rebel movement has made greater progress than has the Provisional Government in opposing the insurgency. It no longer is a secret that the condition of the Treasury is such as will not permit much further a continuation of military operations. That has been admitted publicly by the Mexican Minister of the Interior, Garcia Granados.

The Chamber of Deputies has not approved the proposed foreign loan, but its failure to take up that subject is said to be due to a desire to avoid further embarrassing the Finance Department, which has been unable to arrange for flotation of the loan, notwithstanding recent assurances to that effect from London. It is assumed by the Government that its inability to issue the loan is due directly to non-recognition by Washington.

Editorial writers comment on this phase of the situation, and there has been begun a propaganda in the local press tending to place responsibility for the fate of Mexico on the United States.

Further complicating the financial difficulties harassing the Government is the steady increase in the exchange rate, which in a week has mounted practically from parity to 220, and that latter rate is available only to favored patrons. In an effort to check the upward tendency of the exchange rate, the Minister of Finance is urging Congress to authorize an increase of 10 per cent. in the export tax on gold. This has brought Mexicans to the realization that even the National currency no longer is maintained on a gold basis.

Business conditions in Mexico are reflecting seriously the revolutionary disturbances. Smelters at Monterey, Veladena, and Torreon have been closed for lack of fuel. At San Luis Potosi the smelters are running on half time, and at Aguas Calientes to a third of their capacity. At Chihuahua and Matchuala the mills are running on full time.

Transportation facilities remain seriously crippled. The railroads to the seaboard and Matamoras are the only outlets.

Rebels practically control the States of Sonora, Coahuila, and Durango, in the north, while the situation in the south, where Emiliano Zapata and his rebel followers still are in control, has not changed materially. In the State of Nuevo Leon the Federals slowly are regaining possession of the railroad to Laredo, on the Texas border, but the rebels pushed back from that line of communication are extending the zone of their operations far to the eastward.

In southern Coahuila the rebels are in possession of the immediate neighborhood of Torreon. Between there and Chihuahua the insurgents are interrupting traffic on the Mexican Central Railroad almost at will.

So uncertain is the situation in the State of Durango that the Government itself is unable to say whether the State capital is in the hands of the Government forces. There is no communication between Durango and Mexico City.

REBELS BATTER NACO AGAIN.

Ojeda Gives Champagne Dinner as Shells Burst Over the Town.

NACO, Arizona, April 11.—Receiving needed artillery in the night, the State troops surrounding Naco, Sonora, took the aggressive in three distinct engagements before daylight to-day. They poured shrapnel into the Mexican border town and incidentally into Naco, Arizona. American residents here hurried from bed and found shelter in the theatre building. Guests of the Hotel Naco abandoned it.

In the first two battles the State troops were compelled to retreat, but by morning they had gained their former positions in rifle pits within 400 yards of the town. Encouraged by the receipt of artillery, the rebels were brisk in their movements. The Federal garrison was said to be suffering greater loss in killed and wounded than at any other time in the four-day siege.

Last night Gen. Pedro Ojeda celebrated his sixty-third birthday. Besieged by a seemingly overwhelming enemy, he gave a champagne banquet for his officers and men alike. Powder-stained soldiers, many wounded, drank champagne as shells burst over the town.

EL PASO, Texas, April 11.—Pancho Villa, who has taken the field in Chihuahua State against the Huerta Government, held up a passenger train east of Chihuahua City yesterday and took 150 bars of silver bullion, valued at $75,000. The hold-up occurred at Santa Ysabel on the Mexico Northwestern Railway.

MONTEREY, Mexico, April 11.—Passengers arriving here to-day from Matamoras reported that the towns of China and Certuche, in the State of Nuevo Leon, near the Matamoras Railroad, had been taken by rebels commanded by Jesus Carranza. Telegrams received from Cerralva, in the mountains north of the Matamoras line, said a force of rebels on the Nogales branch was threatening that town.

Arrivals from Bustamente, Lampazos, and Villa Aldama, in Northern Nuevo Leon, said several hundred rebels were operating in the Mamulique Mountains, to the eastward of those cities. Gen. Mier dispatched troops to guard the Matamoras line and to attempt to drive the rebels westward.

SEEKS TO DETAIN GOMEZ.

Minister de la Fuente Says Doctor Is Safe in Mexico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, April 11.—The steamship Morro Castle is still in port owing to the prevalence of a norther. The District Judge has orders to detain Dr. Vasquez Gomez, but he has taken no action, as detention by force is not convenient.

The Minister of Communcations arrived here by special train from Mexico City early to-day. Minister de la Fuente is a warm friend of the doctor. Through the day he talked continually with the fleeing politician. The Minister is trying to convince Dr. Gomez that he is perfectly safe in this country and should not leave it. The doctor refuses so far to be convinced.

Capt. Huff of the Ward liner will surrender Dr. Gomez only on an official warrant.

AMERICAN SAILORS SLAIN BY MEXICANS

Shot in Guaymas — United States Citizens in Mazatlan Demand Cruiser.

THREE SEAMEN WOUNDED

All Victims of Police Chief—Natives Angered by Our Warships—Inquiry On.

GUAYMAS, Sonora, Mexico, April 11.—The killing here of J. C. Klewstow and W. W. Corrie, American seamen, and the wounding of three other sailors fro mthe United States Cruiser California, resulted to-day in a request from Americans in Mazatlan that a cruiser be detailed to that Pacific port. Anti-American feeling is said to prevail at other points down the west coast, and to have occasioned the fight between American sailors and police here.

An official Consular report from an eye-witness of the fight of Wednesday morning says the Americans were drunk. The seamen are said to have been shot by the Chief of Police. Irritation on the part of Mexicans long had been evident, caused admittedly by the presence in Mexican waters of United States ships of war. All sailors permitted to go on shore leave had received strict orders to maintain friendly relations with the natives.

Investigation of the fight between the bluejackets and the Mexican Gendarmes resulted in the report that at an early hour the police attempted to quiet a carousing party. Their action was resented by the American seamen and a fight ensued. It was not certain, the report ran, which side fired the first shots.

The sailors were on shore leave. The bodies of the two Americans who were killed were removed to the cruiser. The local authorities promptly expressed regret to Admiral Cowles.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The news by wireless from Capt. Halstead of the armored cruiser California at Guaymas, Mexico, that in a street fight on Wednesday two men of the California's crew were killed caused a stir in the Navy Department to-day. Capt. Halstead informed the department that he had ordered a thorough investigation. Secretary of State Bryan immediately directed Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson in Mexico City to take up the incident with the Mexican authorities and get all the facts.

The men killed were William W. Corrie, seaman, and John Charles Klewstow, master at arms, first class. Corrie had been in the service since June, 1910. His next of kin lives at 336 North Benton Way, Los Angeles, Cal. Klewstow had been in the navy since October, 1902. His father, John F. Klewstow, lives at 2,087 Ellis Street, San Francisco. The next of kin of the two men have been told of the tragedy. Arrangements will be made to bring back the bodies if the families desire it.

The Consular Agent in Guaymas reported the occurrence to the State Department to-day. He said the affair was regretted sincerely by all, and that the proper authorities were making a strict investigation.

The attention of the State Department has been given lately to repeated wounding of American soldiers and other American citizens along the Mexican border.

The shooting of the California's men was done by the Chief of Police of Guaymas. As American sailors going ashore in a foreign country invariably go unarmed, officials here will insist that the circumstances of the slaying be sifted to the bottom. If the Mexican authorities are unable to show that there was provocation for the attack by the armed police there may be serious consequences. It was pointed out that the double killing might be taken as an indication of the inadequacy of the present Mexican Government, and might have an influence when the United States should give further consideration to the question of recognition of the Huerta administration.

There have been repeated displays of anti-American feeling in Pacific ports of Mexico of late. A few weeks ago, when talk of intervention was at its height, two officers of the cruiser Denver were assaulted when ashore at Guaymas. On another occasion, when the navy had ordered the Denver to another port, anti-American feeling was running so strong that her orders were countermanded and she remained to protect Americans and other foreigners.

A full report of the investigation by Admiral Cowles will reach the Navy Department shortly.

ELOPING WIFE TO ANSWER.

Mrs. Savage Gets Permission to Oppose Divorce Action.

Mrs. Marie Gertrude Savage, wife of William D. Savage, a wealthy cotton broker of 164 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, who went away in her husband's automobile with his chauffeur, Harry Immich, on Feb. 14, got permission yesterday from Justice Blackmar of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, to file an answer to a suit for divorce. The usual twenty days for filing an answer had expired, and the action had been placed on the undefended divorce calendar.

Before Mrs. Savage left her home she wrote a note to her husband telling him that she was going to leave him. When she left in the automobile Mr. Savage says some of the family silverware and rugs also disappeared. The next day Mr. Savage reported to the Flatbush police that his automobile had been stolen. He said nothing about the disappearance of his wife. On Feb. 18 a brother of Mrs. Savage saw her husband's machine in front of the Hotel Endicott, Manhattan. Several minutes later Mrs. Savage and Immich appeared. They were arrested. Mr. Savage came over from Brooklyn. All he wanted back, he said, was his machine.

Letters written by Mrs. Savage to her husband since she left him were filed with the divorce papers. In these she begs her husband to take her back. She says she wants to return home to her husband and children "because my life is wrapped up in them."

In another letter she says:

"I have gone away with Harry, for I love him dearly and he loves me. He could not bear to hear you quarrel with me all the time. It almost breaks my heart to leave little Alfred."

In her application for leave to file an answer to her husband's suit she said she had failed to do so because she did not understand the proceeding that was brought against her.

CANNERS BLAME EMPLOYES.

Tell New Jersey Board of Health They Can't Enforce Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 11.—That the rules promulgated last year by the State Board of Health to regulate the canning industry are not being observed was shown at a hearing given to-day to determine if the provisions of the code needed revision. Canners said the employes would not take advantage of wash rooms, schools, and other conveniences set aside for them, and that the rules could not be enforced.

William H. Chew of Camden, a member of the board, said that in many of the South Jersey factories women brought their children and had them near by in baby coaches throughout the working hours. A rule to prohibit this will be passed.

ON SCHEDULE!

The world wants its trains on schedule, its liners on schedule, its goods on schedule, its mail on schedule, its men on schedule, its meals on schedule, its money on schedule, and its sleep on schedule.

Under the superficial chaos of human activities, this is an age of magnificent discipline and tremendous order, but it has remained for this Company to swing the building industry into line and demonstrate that even great structural enterprises can be completed on schedule time.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Pickett's Own Story of the WAR

¶ As he told it to the girl he loved in letter after letter written half a century ago from the crimson battlefields of the 60's

¶ A vivid, stirring narrative of war times by the great general who led the heroic charge of the Confederates at Gettysburg—

The Heart of A Soldier

As revealed in the intimate letters of
Gen'l GEORGE E. PICKETT, C. S. A.
From your Bookseller
Price, $1.30 net
SETH MOYLE, Inc., Publishers
NEW YORK

The only way you can be sure your Want Advertisement will appear next Sunday is to bring or send it to the Times Building before 9 o'clock to-morrow night.—Adv.

James McCreery & Co.

34th Street 23rd Street

Will Close Out

TO-DAY, APRIL 12th

275 MEN'S SPRING OVERCOATS

Made of English Worsted in all the latest models.
Custom tailored. 19.50

Values, 25.00, 30.00 and 35.00

34th Street 23rd Street

Thank You, President Wilson, for Giving Smith Gray a Text for Today's Advertisement

In your 10-minute Message to Congress you told America this:---

"We must put our business men and producers under the stimulation of a constant necessity to be efficient, economical and enterprising masters of competitive supremacy, better workers and merchants than any in the world."

We take off our hat to you, Mr. President, and extend the right hand of fellowship.

"Efficiency"!
"Economy"!
"Enterprise"!

Big, eventful words, these. **Smith Gray** has already recognized and seized them, put them to work, and revolutionized the making of clothes, which is Smith Gray's business.

Today, as a result, **Smith Gray,** at **$18,** is delivering to the Greater City finer materials, better workmanship, and newer style, than the reader of these sentences has dreamed of.

We tailor suits as high as $45---but the meat in the nut is this: ***Whatever the price, the plus value goes with it.***

Look today, in our Four Stores, at the plus values in Spring suits, at $18, $20, or $25.

Smith Gray & Co.

BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — NEW YORK — 5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.
FULTON ST., AT FLATBUSH AV.—BROOKLYN — BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.
FOREMOST CLOTHIERS SINCE 1845

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

SPECIAL SALE TODAY (SATURDAY)

Young Men's Suits
Soft Roll Front, Natural Shoulders
Sizes 32 to 40 chest.
Three or four button English sack models with patch pockets, soft front without canvas and shoulders without padding, of pencil striped cassimere, shepherd checked velour, navy serge and the newest English mixtures.
18.50 Regular Price, $27.50

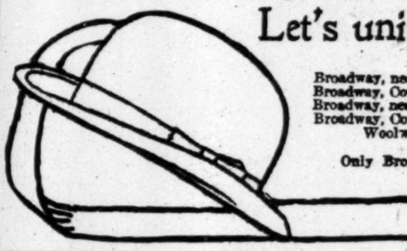
Silk Lined Overcoats
Semi-form Fitting Models
Sizes 33 to 42 chest
Single breasted, dressy model of black or Oxford Vicuna, silk lined and faced to edge,
18.50 Regular Price, $25.00

Young Men's Negligee Shirts
Of English Madras or Russian Cords
Of finest quality madras or mercerized Russian cord, in novelty stripes and the newest colorings, laundered neck band and French cuffs, sizes 12½ to 15½ neck.
1.25 Regular Price, $2.00

London Made Collars
Sizes 12½ to 15½
Made expressly for Franklin Simon & Co.
Of superior quality linen, lock front,
.75 per ½ Dozen
Regular Price $1.50

Separate Entrance Young Men's Clothing and Furnishings, 8 and 10 West 38th Street, Store Floor, Connecting with our Fifth Avenue Building.

FIFTH AVE., 37th and 38th Sts.



Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

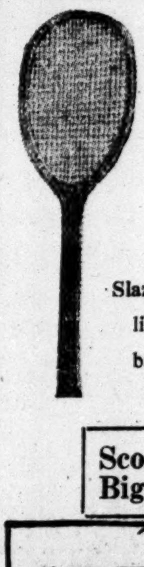
Spring Derbies and Soft Hats
$3 and $4

You want a smart Spring Hat, we want a chance to prove to you that a Young cannot be bettered. Let's unite for mutual good.

Broadway, near Dey St.
Broadway, Cor. Houston St.
Broadway, near 14th St.
Broadway, Cor. 20th St.
Broadway, near 28th St.
Broadway, near 36th St.
Broadway, near Beaver St.
Nassau St., near Liberty.
Woolworth Building, Broadway, near Park Place.

Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St. (Opp. City Hall).

QUALITY
STYLE
FIT



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These Values and Thousands of Others Are the Reasons Why

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BOOKS For the Home, for the Study, and for the School

Extraordinarily Attractive Bargains in Our Book Department, Today

Our Book Department is paramount in supplying the choicest gleanings from the book world at the lowest prices.

We lead off, today, with an offer of a

$6 Combination of $2.50 Dictionary and $3.50 Dictionary Holder *Complete, Today, for* $2.98

THE DICTIONARY is Webster's Unabridged. Corrected and revised up to date. It is bound in full cloth WITH A DOUBLE THUMB INDEX. It is regularly priced at $2.50.

THE BAL-KLOS DICTIONARY HOLDER is a strong and durable one, made of metal, and is admirably adapted for use in the home or office. It is regularly priced at $3.50.

DICTIONARY AND HOLDER, regularly $6, today.......... $2.98

RAND, McNALLY & CO.'S NEW FAMILY ATLAS OF THE WORLD—containing maps of the continents, the states and dependencies of the United States, the provinces of Canada and all other countries of the world; the Constitution of the United States, and a facsimile, with signatures, of the Declaration of Independence; sketches of eminent statesmen, patriots, army and naval commanders, writers and inventors; bound in cloth; today.......... 69c

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SEEING THE WORLD—by Ascott R. Hope; being the adventures of a young mountaineer; regularly $1.50, at.......... 39c

NEW YORK SOCIETY ON PARADE—by Ralph Pulitzer; illustrated by H. C. Christy; published at $1.20; today, at 25c

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A FANTASY OF MEDITERRANEAN TRAVEL—by S. G. Bayne; illustrated; published at $1.25; today... 25c

Popular Copyright Fiction 44c
Published to Sell at $1.50. Our Price,

Illustrious Prince, by E. Phillips Oppenheim.
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The Miller of Old Church, by Ellen Glasgow.
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At the Age of Eve, by Kate Trimble Sharber.
House of Mystery, by Will Irwin.
Bar-20 Days, by Clarence E. Mulford.
Keith of the Border, by Randall Parrish.
The Heart of a Child, by Frank Danby.
The Grain of Dust, by David Graham Phillips.
Initials Only, by Anna Katharine Green.
The Land of Long Ago, by Eliza Calvert Hall.
Such a Woman, by Owen and Leita Kildare.
The Profligate, by Arthur Hornblow.
The Spendthrift, by Marshall and Browne.
Bella Donna, by Robert Hichens.
The Squaw Man, by Faversham and Royle.
813, by Le Blanc.
Lady Merton, Colonist, by Mrs. Humphry Ward.
Happy Island, by Jennette Lee.
Dawn O'Hara, by Edna Ferber.
Torchy, by Sewell Ford.
Rules of the Game, by Stewart Edward White.

(MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)

Standard Sets
in Inexpensive Editions
(Handy Volumes)

Les Miserables—two vols.; published at $2, at 59c
Robert Louis Stevenson — six vols.; special $1.45
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MAIN BUILDING

$6 Tennis Racquets, at $2.95

This racquet is a new departure in many constructional features, the concave wedge being lined with a curved reinforcing strip which extends upward strengthening the shoulders of the frame. Frame perfect oval, with bevelled faces. Strung with best gut, close center. A finely balanced, beautifully finished match racquet.

Other Specials for Tennis Players, Today

Slazenger Tennis Balls—the liveliest and best tennis balls made; dozen... $4.15
Tennis Nets—size 42 x 3; double court; rope-bound; 15-thread; at.......... $1.25
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Full line of Wright & Ditson, Slazenger, A. G. Spalding, Harry C. Lee, Tennis Racquets in stock.
(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Scores of Other Important Sales Are Scheduled in Both of Our Big Buildings for Today. The Economies Are Very Exceptional.

The Big Store A City in Itself
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
Sixth Avenue J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18th to 19th Streets

Double "S&H" Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

STILWELL DENIAL IN, SENATE NOW TO ACT

Accused Senator, on Witness Stand, Swears All of Kendall's Charges Are Untrue.

GRAND JURY MAY GET CASE

Judiciary Committee to Make Report and Senate to Hear Arguments Next Tuesday.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 11.—The Senate Judiciary Committee ended to-night the hearing of bribery charges against Senator Stephen J. Stilwell, and the case must now go to the Senate. It is the general impression in Albany that no matter what the Senate's action may be, the testimony will be laid before District Attorney Whitman for presentation to the Grand Jury.

Before the hearing closed Senator Stilwell took the stand and denied all the essential parts of the testimony of George H. Kendall, President of the New York Banknote Company, who was the principal witness against him.

All that now remains for the Judiciary Committee to do is to formulate a statement of facts to be transmitted to the Senate, together wih a transcript of all the testimony taken at the hearing. The final stage of the proceedings is likely to be reached next Tuesday. On that day Attorney General Carmody, representing the committee, and Senator Stilwell's counsel will have an opportunity to sum up the case before the Senate. Immediately afterward that body must return its verdict by a majority vote on the question of the guilt or innocence of Senator Stilwell, and must decide by a second vote whether or not he shall be expelled from the Senate.

If the evidence is brought to the attention of the District Attorney in New York, it will be transmitted by the Attorney General with a request that he place it before the Grand Jury. Senator Stilwell was accused of demanding $3,500 of Mr. Kendall for favorable action on his bill in the Codes Committee, and sharing $250 which Mr. Kendall paid to Samuel Lewis, Jr., revision clerk of the Senate.

Question of Veracity.

When all the evidence was in, what had happened at a conference between Mr. Kendall and Mr. Stilwell, when they were closeted together in the private office of Mr. Stilwell in New York City on the afternoon of March 24, still remained a question of veracity between the two. The truth or falsity of the charge that Senator Stilwell sought a bribe hinges on the happenings on that occasion. Mr. Kendall testified that after the doors had closed upon them Senator Stilwell began to talk business, and told Mr. Kendall he would have to put up $2,000 to fix four members of the Codes Committee, of which Stilwell was Chairman. According to Mr. Kendall it was also in pursuance of an agreement made between them on that occasion that Senator Stilwell next day sent to him the "fifteen is the correct number" telegram, which the bank-note man interpreted to mean that $1,500 would be necessary to see his bill through the Assembly Committee on Codes.

Senator Stilwell in his testimony today put an entirely different construction on what occurred at the conference and on the meaning of the telegram. On cross-examination Attorney General Carmody failed to shake the Senator's testimony to any appreciable degree. Not a shred of circumstantial evidencee was brought out in substantiation of the Stilwell version nor anything which would show a motive on the part of Mr. Kendall or his business partner for "framing up" a case against the Senator.

On the other hand, there was apparent corroboration in the way of direct testimony given by George A. Field, Mr. Kendall's business partner, as well as in circumstantial evidence in support of the story told by Mr. Kendall.

Samuel Lewis, Jr., the former revision clerk, who was under cross-examination when the adjournment was taken last night, resumed his testimony this morning. In reply to a question by Senator Stilwell's counsel, Edgar M. Wilson, Mr. Lewis testified that he kept the entire fee received from Mr. Kendall for drafting his bill and had not given half of it to Senator Stilwell.

Lewis in a Tangle.

On cross examination Mr. Lewis admitted that he was summoned to the office of Senator Robert F. Wagner in New York City two weeks ago and that on this occasion he had said in the presence of Senator Wagner, Deputy City Clerk Prendergast, and Mr. Kendall that he had given $125 of the $250 fee to Senator Stilwell.

This admission went into the record after strong objection by counsel for Senator Stilwell. At first Lewis denied that he had made any such statement, and it was not until after considerable questioning that the admission was wrung from him. Later on Mr. Lewis testified that he had made the statement "jocularly and sarcastically" in presence of the three witnesses.

When Senator Stilwell went on the stand he was questioned by his own counsel regarding the conference at his private office on March 24. A letter has been introduced to show that it was Senator Stilwell and not Mr. Kendall, who asked for the interview. Any one hearing Senator Stilwell's testimony, however, without knowing anything about the letter, would have been impressed with the idea that Mr. Kendall had sought the meeting.

On direct examination Senator Stilwell made a categorical denial of all the charges.

"Senator, did you charge Mr. Kendall $250 for drawing Senate Bill 1,188?" he was asked.

"I did not, Sir."

"Did you divide the proceeds of a check sent by Mr. Kendall to Mr. Lewis, amounting to $250, with Mr. Lewis?"

"I did not."

"Did you on March 21 in your office demand $500 each for four of the Codes Committeemen to help the bill out of committee?"

"I did not."

"Did you demand of Kendall $1,500 for the purpose of securing the votes of any of the members of the Assembly Codes Committee to report this bill in the Assembly out of committee?"

"I did not."

Stilwell Tells of Telegram.

"Did you call Mr. Kendall up on the telephone and tell him there was nothing doing unless he paid $3,500 in advance?"

"I did not."

"Did Kendall tell you he would telegraph the whole matter to the Governor and every legislator unless you reported the bill out in twenty-four hours?"

"He did not."

Senator Stilwell testified that Mr. Kendall had tried to persuade him to make an amendment to the bill providing for civil as well as cirminal action against the Stock Exchange for discriminations against his company. He said Kendall had urged him to vote for the Stock Exchange Incorporation bill; had asked him for the names and addresses of the members of the Assembly Codes Committee so that he could order from an Albany stenographic bureau copies of a speech he had made before the Senate Codes Committee in the interest of his bill and send them to the members of the Assembly Committee.

Senator Stilwell testified that when he sent his "fifteen is the correct num- [illegible] " was in response to this request made by Mr. Kendall.

"[illegible] you telegraph in plain language?" asked Attorney General Carmody. "Why did you not say 'There are fifteen members on Codes Committee.'"

"I cannot answer that except to say that it is my style of telegraphing—to make it as short as possible," said the Senator.

Mr. Carmody wanted Senator Stilwell to explain why Mr. Kendall should have made this request in view of the fact that he could have sent an order direct to the firm of stenographers in Albany to look after the matter and send one copy of the speech to each member of the committee. The Senator said he could not be expected to know that. In the testimony yesterday it was shown that Senator Stilwell had furnished a list of the committee members to Mr. Kendall as early as Feb. 13, but this was denied by the Senator to-day. The list was put in evidence yesterday. Mr. Kendall testified to-day, after Senator Stilwell had been excused, that he had sent no stenographic copies of his speech to the members of the Assembly Committee.

Telephone Talk Corroborated.

Another vital point in Mr. Kendall's testimony regarding which Mr. Stilwell was closely questioned was the telephone conversation on March 26, wherein he had threatened the Senator with exposure unless he compelled a favorable report on the bill from both the Senate and Assembly Codes Committees. According to the telephone company's records, which were introduced in evidence, this conversation lasted thirteen minutes.

After Senator Stilwell had told in his testimony all that he could remember of this conversation and had denied the alleged threat of exposure and all the incriminating details narrated by Mr. Kendall and George H. Field, his partner, he was asked why the conversation had been so long. Senator Stilwell's answer was that the telephone connection was bad and that it was necessary for him to repeat again and again his answers as well as his questions.

This corroborates the story told by Mr. Kendall, who said he had required Senator Stilwell to repeat his answers, in order to give Mr. Field, who was listening, an opportunity to write down the conversation in longhand.

Mrs. Eleanor B. Maeder, Senator Silwell's stenographer and sister-in-law, who was in the room when the Senator talked to Mr. Kendall on the occasion, corroborated him in saying that he was compelled to repeat his answers and that he complained of the bad connection frequently. Mrs. Maeder's testimony regarding the Senator's part of the conversation corresponded closely with the transcript of the conversation made by Mr. Field.

After the hearing the Judiciary Committee met in secret session and decided to meet on Monday afternoon and frame the statement of fact for the Senate.

TO SENTENCE INVENTOR.

Airship Builder to be Taken Before the Appellate Division.

Harry Bretton, 60 years old, who has been waiting in the Queens County Jail since his arrest in the Fall of 1909 to receive his sentence on a plea of guilty to swindling a governess out of $50, is to have the novel experience of being taken before the Appellate Division in Brooklyn for sentence. Bretton was first sentenced to life imprisonment as an habitual criminal by Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court on April 17, 1910. An appeal was taken, and a year later this sentence was set aside, and it was while waiting for this decision that Bretton invented an airship in the Queens County Jail.

When Bretton was rearraigned for sentence before Judge Humphrey it was found that the decision of the Appellate Division had never been signed. An order that Bretton be brought before that body was issued, and it is expected that some time next week Bretton will receive his sentence.

It is understood that his age and his invention of an airship, which has been built by a company at a cost of about $20,000 and is soon to be tried out, will be urged in favor of letting him off with a light sentence.

Andrew Alexander
Children's Tan Shoes
Bucher Oxfords, ankle ties and spring weight button or lace boots, made on lasts designed for the serious business of properly moulding young feet. Materials specially selected for flexibility and service. Sizes 8½ to 10½, $2; 11 to 2, $2.50; 2½ to 6, $3.
Small boys' Lace Boots in tan and black Russia calf, sizes 11 to 2, $2.50.
Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth St.
548 Fifth Avenue Above Forty-fifth Street

STERN BROTHERS
New and distinctive Spring Styles in
Men's Furnishings
are now being shown, comprising High Class Neckwear, Negligee and Dress Shirts, ready-to-wear and to measure; Pajamas, Bath and Beach Robes, Imported and American Steamer Rugs in exclusive effects.
Also for To-day, a Very Important Sale of
Large Flowing End Scarfs, of extra quality Imported Silks, in stripes and other effects, at 65c Per Dozen, $7.50
Regular Values $1.50 and 2.00 Each
Pure Silk Negligee Shirts, at 3.50
Plaited Bosom Shirts, of Imported Madras, at 1.65
Reduced from $3.00 and 3.50
Silk and Cotton Pajamas, Regular Value $3.00, 1.90
Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, Doz. 2.25
Regular Value $3.00 Dozen
One Clasp Mocha Gloves, in grey and tan shades, Paris Point embroidered backs, Regular Price $1.50 Pair, at 1.15
First Floor New Building
West 23d and 22d Streets

TODAY
—The Second Day of a Record Breaking Clothes Event—
The Hackett - Carhart Made-To-Measure Sale
Yesterday was a big day at the Hackett-Carhart stores. Today promises to be bigger—*much bigger*. For we have secured an addition to yesterday's great made-to-measure offering.
This addition takes the form of about 200 single suit length fabrics. All are of values upward of $40—*and all offered at* $19.50.
At this absurdly low price—for the high character of fabrics and tailoring is *guaranteed*—it is small wonder that yesterday was such a success.
Clothes history records no similar offering. It is by all means the most wonderful that New York has ever known.
$35 & $40 Hackett-Carhart Silk-Lined Spring Suits and Spring Overcoats
Made-to-Measure at
$19.50
None less than $35 value. Many have an actual worth of $40, *and even better*.
There are more than 200 fabrics from which to choose. All are exclusive—and in every known shade, weave, and fashionable design.
Here also awaiting your selection is every style of correct model. Including the popular English Soft-roll, Patch-pocket styles, and Norfolks.
If you overlook this sale, you are neglecting a real opportunity—and a great one. *Also one that is short-lived.*
You must act quickly because the fabric supply is limited. Try and come in today—it will pay you.
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LEE'S BRIEF DENIES POWERS TO BOARD

Contends That Retroactive Award for Higher Pay for Firemen Cannot Be Made.

HE ATTACKS WAGE STRIFE

Maintains That Labor Organizations Formulate Extravagant and Unwarranted Demands.

The Arbitration Board which is to decide the dispute between the fifty-four Eastern railroads and their 31,000 firemen held its first meeting yesterday since the end of the public hearings last Saturday, and Elisha Lee, Chairman of the Conference Committee of Managers, submitted his brief on behalf of the roads. In this he raised for the first time the contention that the board had no power to make its award retroactive, as demanded by the men.

The railroads take strong exception to the demands of the firemen that "rates of wages that are higher and conditions of employment that are better than those asked for in he present movement shall remain in effect." Mr. Lee said:

"There can be no justice in retaining 'high spots' unless the board also allows the 'low spots' to remain. Your attention is called to the fact that the treatment given similar articles in past mediation and arbitration procedings has done, and is now doing, more toward fostering wage agitation and strife, as between the men and the railroads, than any other one subject submitted for arbitration.

"As long as these conditions exist the labor organizations will continue to formulate extravagant and unwarranted demands, knowing full well that to them there can be no loss, but, on the contrary, the chance of gaining something more without jeopardizing any advantages already enjoyed, is an incentive for renewed and continued efforts for adjustments in rates and working conditions."

In answer to the demands of the firemen that a second man be placed on all engines in through freight service weighing 200,000 pounds or over on the drivers, Mr. Lee says that "the weight on drivers is not a governing factor in itself of the work required of firemen." He asserts that the question of giving assistance to the firemen can only be properly disposed of by a study of all facts and conditions surrounding the work of the firemen. He says that great improvements to the engines are reducing the fuel handled by a fireman to a marked extent, and thus the necessity for either a second fireman or further assistance is diminishing rather than increasing.

More attention is devoted to the demand of the firemen that two men be placed on the larger locomotives than any of the other articles under arbitration. The railroads contend that where conditions warrant giving assistance to the fireman it is proper to use the extra brakeman required by the so-called Full Crew laws. Mr. Lee says the Pennsylvania Railroad is doing this now.

The firemen, in their original demands, asked for standardization of wages and working conditions in the Eastern District. The railroads argue that standardization is not only wrong, but in some instances absolutely unjust, for these reasons:

It fails to recognize dissimilar physical characteristics on different parts of the same road.

It fails to consider the varied traffic conditions represented by volume of business on different roads or parts of the same road.

It fails to recognize the differences in wages paid labor in other employments in different localities embraced within the limits of the district covered by the lines involved.

It fails to recognize that a wage scale should at least bear some relation to the ability of the road to pay, as may be reflected in the earnings, which factor more or less reflects the character of the service required of the employe.

Standardization is inconsistent with the demand that existing rates of compensation that are higher and better working conditions shall not be disturbed.

Chairman Lee says that "to grant the firemen their demand for annual increases in pay of 35.5 per cent. would have a strong and almost irresistible influence toward bringing about large collateral increases in wages of other classes of railroad employes."

W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, will submit his answering brief to-day.

MACK CHARGES PERJURY.

Says Damage Suit for Taxicab Injury Reeks with It.

As Judge Mack listened yesterday in the Federal District Court to the evidence produced in the suit for $75,000 damages brought by Miss Nellie Grant Guertin, a private detective of Boston, against the Mason-Seaman Transportation Company for injuries sustained when a taxicab in which she was riding a few months ago collided with a street car, he declared that the case "reeked with perjury." He had heard it asserted that an old scar had been opened in the plaintiff's head to give her cause for action, and had seen one witness stand beside another and say he had conversed with him while the other man strenuously denied it.

The Judge summoned to the courtroom Assistant United States District Attorney Spence and bade him pay close attention to the case, so that he might be prepared if it was decided to take further action in the matter.

Miss Guertin was not in court yesterday, as the proceedings on Thursday had, it was stated, left her too ill to leave the Murray Hill Hotel. Dr. Richard Wynn of Boston was on the stand to tell of the operation, which she had had to undergo as a result of the accident. He said it was necessary to open an old wound and that as a consequence she might become insane.

Dr. Julius Frankel, a specialist of this city, was called, and Judge Mack examined him.

"In your opinion is this wound faked or not?"

"In my opinion," he replied, "this is an old wound reopened to form a basis for this suit."

The case will continue on Monday.

To Discuss Enforcement of Law.

The twenty-sixth meeting of the Civic Forum will take place at Carnegie Hall next Tuesday evening in the form of a discussion on "The Enforcement of Law and the District Attorney," and brief addresses will be made by the Hon. Joseph H. Choate, District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, Controller W. A. Prendergast, the Rev. C. H. Parkhurst, Frederic R. Coudert, and Henry Morgenthau.

WOMAN WITH TAG LOST.

Usual Means of Aiding Her Return Fails This Time.

When Mrs. Genevieve Long of 244 East 136th Street asked last evening at the Alexander Avenue police station that a general alarm be sent out for her mother, Mrs. Sarah Reilly, she said, in describing her mother, that her name and address would be found written on a tag tied to her wrist. Her mother, said Mrs. Long, never left the house without such identification card in plain sight. This was because Mrs. Reilly often became confused and could not remember where her home was or how to get to it. She had been lost often, but the card had always served to help some policeman or passerby to direct her home.

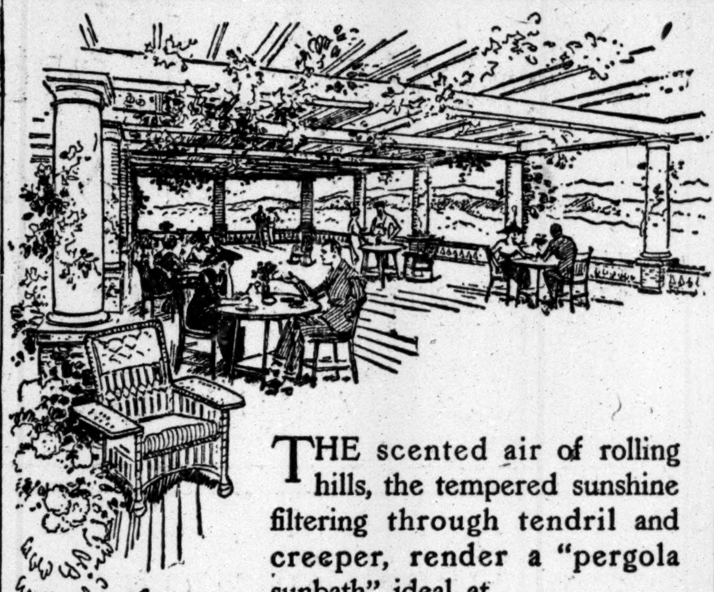
It was on Thursday at noon that Mrs. Reilly went out last, and when she overstayed her time, Mrs. Long kept waiting for some kindly person to pilot her in, as had happened so many times. But no word came from the missing mother, and last night the daughter reported the case to the police.

Memorial Fund for Yale.

By the will of Dr. Ellsworth Eliot, who for many years was consulting physician at the Northwestern Dispensary, and died on Dec. 9 at his home, 48 West Fifty-sixth Street, Yale University receives $1,000 for the establishment of the Joseph Ellsworth Memorial Fund; No indication of the purposes of the fund are given in the will, which was filed yesterday for probate in the Surrogates' Court. Dr. Eliot provides for a $400 annuity to his daughter, Laura Eliot of 48 West Thirty-sixth Street, and leaves the residue of the estate to his son, Ellsworth Eliot of 34 West Sixty-seventh Street.

Dr. Billings Estate to Children.

Dr. John Shaw Billings, former Director of the New York Public Library, who died on March 11, left his entire estate, except for a bequest of $500, to his five children: Mary Clare Ord of Salisbury, England; Kate Sherman Wilson of Georgetown, D. C.; Jessie Ingram Hartley of Empire City, Isthmus of Panama; Dr. John Sedgwick Billings, and Margaret J. Billings, both of New York. The petition for the probate of the will, which was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court, did not disclose the value of the estate.



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KIDNAPPING AT COLUMBIA.

Freshmen and Sophomores Engage in Annual Dinner Fracas.

Morningside Heights watched with interest yesterday afternoon a series of bold kidnapping feats which were pulled off with extraordinary success. Only those versed in undergraduate customs at Columbia University looked on with calm indifference as here and there a band of sophomores swept down on a frightened freshman, or, the tables turned, a band of the first-year men pounced upon an unprotected sophomore, the victims in either case being carried away to improvised prisons.

The occasion was the freshman dinner which was held last night at Brighton Beach. The time-honored task before the second-year men was for them to capture as many of the freshmen as possible and lock them up so that they could not attend the dinner, while the 1916 men aimed to capture as many sophomores as possible and take them to their dinner.

For the freshmen the greatest capture was that of Walter Dwyer, President of the sophomore class. Dwyer was enticed off the campus to a cross street, and here a band of freshmen charged him and threw him into a taxi. Dwyer in his attempts to escape broke every window in the machine, and half a dozen policemen vainly tried to catch the taxi and rescue him.

Gerard Oberender, the star pitcher of the freshmen class, after a valiant fight was finally thrown into a moving van which the second-year men had hired and carried off to Paul Ayrault's apartment in 119th Street, where, after numerous attempts to rescue him, his classmates had to leave him for the night tightly bound in bed.

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GATHER TO HONOR RABBI SILVERMAN

Leading Men Join Temple Emanu-El's Congregation in Celebrating Long Pastorate.

LED THE FLOCK 25 YEARS

And Well-Wishers Hope They'll Be There for His Golden Jubilee—Quarter Century of Progress.

Special services to celebrate the completion of the twenty-fifth year of the ministry of the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman in Temple Emanu-El, one of the most influential Jewish churches in this country, were held last night in the Temple, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. In the congregation assembled to do him honor were men prominent in the industrial, civic, and religious affairs of New York.

Rabbi Maurice Harris and Rabbi Louis Grossman escorted Dr. Silverman to the platform, which was banked with American Beauty roses, marguerites, hydrangeas, smilax, and palms. Dr. Silverman looked into the faces of many who have been in his flock throughout his pastorate. In spite of the inclemency of the weather, the auditorium was filled when the exercises began at 8:15 o'clock with Cherubini's Anthem, in which the choir, led by Kurt Schindler, musical director, chanted the 117th Psalm.

In an address welcoming Dr. Silverman, Rabbi H. G. Enelow called attention to the fact that Temple Emanu-El was organized as one of the first orthodox congregations in this country.

"Dr. Silverman has kept his church abreast of the times by framing its ideals according to the highest standards of present needs," Rabbi Enelow said. "This congregation has been fortunate, indeed, in enjoying the guidance of a man whose works among you have progressed steadily for a quarter of a century, and will continue to progress. How much tribulation, how many fears and disappointments, have been met by the head of Temple Emanu-El do not matter, in view of the success with which he has overcome them, so I say you are to be congratulated."

Rabbi Maurice H. Harris extended the official greeting of the occasion to Dr. Silverman. He said that two days hence the Eastern Council of Reformed Rabbis and the Central Conference of American Rabbis would honor Dr. Silverman, but the night's affair was an expression of the desire to pay public tribute to him in the presence of his flock.

"I remember well," said he, "when Dr. Silverman came to you from Galveston as the assistant of the man whom later he succeeded. Now he can look back with satisfaction at what he has accomplished. His services in the pulpit as a teacher and his manifold activities in other phases of duty have endeared him to you. He has gone forth often to be the representative of our race in civic movements. His story was your story. He often as minister gave his name in shaping the policy and deciding the spiritual destiny of his congregation. It is truer in the ministry in this country than in ministry abroad that a pastor must enter broader fields of activity because in this land is larger liberty and fuller opportunity to make one's influence felt.

"And yet the American rabbi has not the power he should possess in holding his congregation in check, in preserving his flock from evil. Sometimes the fault lies with the congregation which holds aloof from the teachings of its pastor. Sometimes it is the result of uncontrollable conditions. To live our lives we often have to oppose the vital currents around us. God grant that we may celebrate his golden jubilee."

Dr. Silverman showed the emotional strain under which he was laboring when he advanced to face his flock and slowly repeated the 118th Psalm: "Give thanks to the Lord, for His mercies endureth forever."

"These words express my mingled feelings of thanksgiving and rejoicing," he said. "I give thanks for this opportunity of speaking to the beloved congregation which took me as a youth and aided me along the path I traversed with kindness, consideration, and indulgence. My heart is full of thankfulness to those who have upheld me in the fight for higher ideals. I thank you for your expressions manifested in divers ways.

"We all realize that Temple Emanu-El has achieved much in the last quarter century. In fact, this period has been one of great achievement for Israel, especially in America. Our temple has played its part in this advance. There were less than 250,000 Jews in New York when we began our great forward movement. Now there are more than a million, and new problems new cares, political, philanthropical, social and religious, confront us. In days past, Temple Emanu-El had to cope with a spirit of materialism and skepticism. We had to fight a battle against contentions in our own ranks. These old dissensions were silenced, a truce was reached, and the spirit of Judaism was revived gloriously. Emanu-El aroused itself from seeming lethargy and very soon a transformation took place. A union prayer book and a union hymnal were adopted. Shorter hours were agreed upon for the Friday services. Old bones were covered with new flesh and a revivified spirit animated the spiritual body of our church.

"We all realized that Judaism was the source of our salvation. Better schools were established and became strongholds of Judaism. Our church during the past quarter century, working through its own channels, aided in the uplift of the immigrant classes and contributed to the solution of other problems. This temple has become a lighthouse in our community, a citadel for truth, justice, and brotherhood.

"Singleness of purpose and unity of action are necessary for every congregation of Israel. Co-operation is the secret spring of our modern life. We need a greater reform: a reform of individuals to recreate their minds and hearts, to implant in them new consciousness, to make them feel proud of their ancestry and faith. Reform the Jewish home. Give it new ideals. Make it aspire to God. Connect all congregations in precepts and practices. Aspire to the higher planes of feeling, thinking, and doing, and thus attain to the spiritual empire of our faith."

Portrait for Federal Court Gallery.

A portrait of Judge Lawrance, who was appointed by George Washington to the Federal District bench in this city, will be presented this morning to the court at 10:30 o'clock. The Society of the Cincinnati are giving the picture and Judge Holt will acknowledge the addition to the judicial portrait gallery on behalf of the bench. Everett P. Wheeler will make an address on behalf of the bar.

BUFFALO STRIKE OFF; MAYOR BRINGS PEACE

Company Takes Back Its Men and Differences Will Be Adjusted.

CARS TO RUN AGAIN TO-DAY

National Guard Ordered Home—State Mediators Withdrawn—Disorder Marks Struggle's Close.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, April 11.—After six days of disorder, the strike of the motormen and conductors employed by the International Railway Company was settled late to-day. Service on the city and surburban lines will be resumed at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning. The strike on the Buffalo & Lake Erie and the Buffalo Southern lines will be settled on the basis reached by the other roads. The three regiments of the Fourth Brigade, National Guard, which have been on strike duty for three days, have been ordered to their quarters. The guardsmen will return to their homes to-morrow morning.

The settlement was reached after forty-eight hours of intermittent conferences. Both sides made concessions. The strikers agreed to return to work in forty-eight hours. All the differences are to be settled between representatives of the company and the employes. The company agreed to recognize the union and to retain in its employ all the men who went on strike. The strike leaders also accepted the suggestion that questions which could not be settled between the committee of employes and the railway officials should be left to a board of three arbitrators, instead of exclusively to the Mayor. The differences are to be taken up in five days.

There was some disorder in the day, principally in Hertel Avenue, where seven cars were attacked by a mob of about 6,000 men. Policemen routed the crowd after a sharp fight.

As a result of the settlement, the mediators sent here by Gov. Sulzer will be withdrawn.

In the six days of the strike more than 300 cars have been wrecked or damaged and poles and wires have been torn down on many blocks. Scores of strikebreakers, policemen and civilians have been injured. The loss to business will reach thousands of dollars.

The threat by the Labor Council to call a general strike on Monday next caused business men to bring all the pressure possible to bear on the company. The announcement that the strike had been settled was greeted with great rejoicing throughout the city.

It will be several days before the full service can be resumed on several of the lines, owing to the extensive damage to tracks and wires, but the company hopes to maintain fairly regular schedules to-morrow.

No effort was made to move cars after dark to-night. It was understood the strikebreakers would be sent out of town in the night, to avoid clashes in the car barns to-morrow morning when the regular men should report for work.

"This settlement is in absolute accord with the laws and policies of the Amalgamated Association," said William D. Martin, its President. "Our constitution is founded on arbitration. We feel that we got a satisfactory solution of the matter."

Brazil Recognizes China.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 11.—The Chinese Republic was recognized by Brazil this morning.

PRAISE FROM THE MAYOR

And He Suggests More Pay for Court House Site Commissioners.

Mayor Gaynor took occasion yesterday to speak highly of Abram I. Elkus, James J. Coogan, and Henry Schneider, the Commissioners appointed to condemn the Court House site in signing a bill to grant them such compensation for their services as the Court might allow instead of the regular $10 a day fee provided for in the charter.

"I accept this bill for the city with particular satisfaction," said the Mayor. "These Commissioners have set an example which should be followed by all condemnation commissioners appointed in this city. They were appointed on May 29, 1912, to appraise the land to be taken for the new Court House for the county of New York, consisting of sixty different parcels of land. They have already finished their work, except to make the award, which is now expected in a few days.

"I have this day a complaint sent to me that the Ashland Place commission in Brooklyn, which was appointed in the year 1910, is still sitting. A similar state of things exists in many street opening and condemnation commissions throughout the city. I trust the example of promptness and diligence set by this commission will be followed hereafter."

Socialist Gains in Argentina.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, April 11.—The Radical Party here charges that the success of the Socialists is due to undesirable naturalized foreigners. The new Socialist Senator, Iberlucea, is a native of Spain. He is the first man of foreign birth to be a Senator.

Brazil's Finances in Bad Shape.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 11.—The financial situation here is serious. There is a big deficit in the national budget, and the Minister of Finance has recommended the suspension of work on public buildings.

POLICE ROUND UP WIRE-TAPPING GANG

Three Arrests in Charleston Clear Up Swindles Here Involving Thousands of Dollars.

CRIMES SET AMID LUXURY

Members of Gondorf Gang Used Costly Autos and Yachts to Impress Those They Robbed.

Second Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty received telegrams from Charleston, S. C., last evening announcing the arrest in that city of three men whom two of his detectives had been trailing for months under the suspicion that they had had something to do with the series of wire tapping swindles by which visitors to this city were robbed last Fall. Complaint after complaint came into headquarters at that time from men who had yielded to the temptation of the ancient device under which swindlers offered information on the races, to be obtained by tapping the wires leading into the poolrooms. These complaints told of sums lost to these swindlers amounting to thousands of dollars. Finally seven men were rounded up, and among them Charles Gondorf, long known as "king of the wire tappers." He was supposed to have retired.

At the hearings before the Magistrate, the police brought the complainants to pick out the men whom they accused of having swindled them. Mr. Dougherty became convinced finally that some of the Gondorf gang were missing. He wanted to get his hands on one "J. A. Thompson," for whom a bench warrant was issued on Nov. 19. Mr. Dougherty felt sure that Thompson was really Albert A. Carter, known to his friends as "Curley" Carter, who had a room at the Metropole on the night that Rosenthal was murdered at its doors, and who had witnessed part of that tragedy from his window. Dougherty was sure that he had played the part of "the son of Judge Morgan of Buffalo" in the swindle carried out last Fall in the café of the Hotel Ansonia, when S. M. Jones, a Pittsburgh coal operator, lost $20,000. Mr. Dougherty also suspected that he had taken part in a wire tapping conspiracy which cost Major William Pendleton of Atlantic City $50,000.

Carter's trail was picked up in Hartford, Conn., and followed to St. Augustine, Fla. There he was arrested in December, but he gathered much legal talent about him, fought extradition, sued out a writ of error, and was released in $5,000 bail. This left him at liberty, and Mr. Dougherty wanted to watch him, not only to keep him in sight, but to see who joined him there. So Detective Sergeant McKenna was sent to St. Augustine, disguised as a wealthy invalid, with blue eyeglasses and a walking stick on which he limped his way about the Winter resort. Carter or Thompson went to Daytona, and so did the wealthy invalid.

Finally in February the Florida Supreme Court decided against Carter. He had advance information of this decision, getting it before word was sent to McKenna and to Dougherty, so that when Detective Sergeant Gegan, armed with the requisition papers, went down to Florida he found that Carter had departed from the State in his high-power auto. In pursuing Carter, McKenna picked up the trail of Frank Tarbeaux, who he believed was the "Holmes" who introduced Jones to the "son of Judge Morgan of Buffalo." Tarbeaux was described as a very imposing person, with a high hat and haughty manner.

Tarbeaux, according to Dougherty, is 60 years old and has a family living in Bronxville. He has been interested in plots in all parts of the world, but he carries the silk hat wherever he goes. Tarbeaux was at one time an assistant of "Big Bill" Hawley, Dougherty says, especially in fleecing the nobility abroad by a swindle known to the police of all countries as the "great Indian jewel game." The plan was to start in circulation a story that certain Indian jewels, owned for generations by some Rajah and every stone worth a King's ransom, had been stolen and were believed to have been brought secretly to Europe. Once this story reached the right sources, the confidence men would let it be known that the missing jewels had come into their possession; that they were afraid to market them openly, and would part with them for a consideration far below their real worth. This always proved tempting, and Hawley and his co-workers made a fortune with the worthless trinkets they disposed of in this way.

The two detectives trailed both Carter and Tarbeaux, following Carter to Havana. When Carter quit Cuba he announced that he was going to Atlantic City, and sent his trunks there, but this did not throw McKenna off the trail, and when Carter went to Jacksonville, Fla., and from there to Charleston, McKenna was close on his heels. Both Tarbeaux and Carter, according to the telegram, were arrested in that city yesterday.

The wiretappers are not shabby swindlers. The Gondorf conspiracies have had costly autos, luxurious hotel suites, and beautiful yachts and houseboats as their settings. When Charles Gondorf was arrested last Fall, the police also took into custody "Sir John Gray," also known as "Paper Collar Joe," an American confidence man of international reputation. He was deeply annoyed.

"I do not know," he objected, "how you have the insolence to detain me. I am an art dealer and connoisseur."

"Ho!" said Dougherty, "you are, are you? That will about do for you, Sir John. We have your portrait in our own little art gallery here."

J. A. Dowsing, a Louisiana hotel proprietor, was arrested last night in Charleston as one of the conspirators.

Tannhaeuser at the Metropolitan.

"Tannhäuser" was the opera last night at the Metropolitan Opera House, with Jacques Urlus in the title rôle, Olive Fremstad as Venus, and Johanna Gadski as Elisabeth. Others in the cast were Putnam Griswold, Willy Buers, and Lenora Sparkes.

HO! FOR HOME HUNTING TO-MORROW!

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MILANESE SILK BLOOMERS—Black, white or pink; reinforced. Regularly $2.95 each 2.25

For Misses and Young Women
TAILOR SUITS—New three button cutaway coat, high line at back, detachable Bengaline collar and cuffs, latest model skirt; colors: black, navy, Copenhagen, tan. Value $28.50
DRESSES—Of white tucked net, handsomely trimmed with lace insertions; suitable for graduation or confirmation. Value $28.50
COATS—Of imported eponge, soft gray tone, all satin lined contrasting colors. Value $28.50
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Coats
For Infants and Children.
COATS—Of white crepella or cashmere; hand embroidered cape or collar; sizes 6 months and 1 year. Value $6.50 4.95
COATS—Of navy serge or shepherd checks, pique collar, embroidered scallop or Bulgarian silk collar; sizes 1 to 3 years. Value $6.50 4.95
COATS—Of navy serge, superior quality, hand embroidered pique shawl collar; sizes 6 months to 3 years. Value $8.50 7.50

Children's Tub Dresses
DRESSES—Of imported gingham, checks, plaids or solid colors, collar and cuffs of pique, hand embroidered. Value $4.50 3.45
DRESSES—Of imported gingham, new Balkan model, sailor collar and cuffs of pique, hand embroidered in white or contrasting color. Value $5.00 3.95

Waists and Blouses
For Women and Misses.
WAISTS—Of chiffon cloth, open front, with white vestee and double frill. Regularly $8.75 7.50
WAISTS—Of embroidered white marquisette, daintily trimmed with colored Picot trimming. Regularly $7.75 5.75

Middy Blouses
WHITE LINEN—With colored collars and cuffs. Regularly $2.50 1.95
WHITE DUCK—Variety of models, with galatea or flannel collars. Reg. $1.50 95c

Neckwear
For Women and Misses.
REAL CLUNY COLLARS—In heavy designs. Regularly $1.75 1.45
RATINE SETS—Dutch collar, turn-over cuffs, finished sailor knot ties, colors and white. Regularly $1.50 1.25
SAILOR SETS—Collar and cuff, fine embroidered batiste, white only. Regularly $1.25 95c
COAT OR DRESS SETS—Fine white voile, fancy braid trim. Regularly $1.00 85c
CHIFFON SCARFS—White ground, colored floral border. Regularly $1.95 1.65
BATISTE COLLARS—Dutch collar, very fine embroidery, white only. Regularly $1.15 80c
BATISTE COLLARS—Epaulette shape, ecru color, fine embroidery, lace edge. Reg. $2.25 & $2.75 1.75, 2.25
COAT SETS—Reproduction of Venise lace, very effective. Regularly $1.75 1.35

Unusual Hosiery Sale
WOMEN'S medium and gauze lisle thread, black with white or colored emb'd insteps. Reg. 50c and 75c pair
WOMEN'S gauze lisle thread, black or white Lace ankles. Reg. 50c and 75c pair
WOMEN'S medium weight lisle or cotton, plain black, also gauze lisle, plain tan. Reg. 35c and 50c pair
25c Pair
6 Pairs $1.40

Ribbons
5½ INCH TAFFETA—Novelty edge; rose, navy, royal, brown and cornflower. Value 50c yard 35c

Men's Furnishings
SATIN BROCHE SHIRTS—"The" novelty of the year. Bright and lustrous; all in plain shades with self stripes; soft cuffs. Regularly $2.00 1.35
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CRYSTAL CLOTH SHIRTS—Plain shades only; unusually well made coat style with double soft cuffs. Regularly $1.50 95c
WALKING STICKS—Imported and domestic makes. Regularly $1.50, $2.00 1.00

Broadway & 19th Street

GAYNOR TAKES HOLD OF CITY CLEANING

Calls Heads of Departments to Meet Him After Aldermen Fail to Give Money.

ISSUES A PROCLAMATION

Instructs Waldo to Hold Captains Responsible for Refuse Thrown Out in Their Districts.

Mayor Gayner took a personal hand yesterday in the plan to have a general Spring cleaning throughout the city. The Aldermen did not act at their last meeting on the request of Health Commissioner Lederle for an appropriation of $37,000 to pay the expense of such a clean-up, so after a conference with the Health, Police, Street Cleaning, Fire, and Tenement House Commissioners the Mayor decided that the city should go ahead on the project anyway.

The Mayor, first of all, issued a proclamation to the public to have all rubbish ready to be put on the street on a certain day when it would be collected. Then he sent a letter to Police Commissioner Waldo telling him just what the police were expected to do.

The Mayor's Proclamation.

This is the Mayor's proclamation:

To the landlords, tenants, and householders of the whole city:

The Departments of Health, Street Cleaning, Fire, Tenement Houses, and Police are about to undertake in concert the cleaning up of the whole city, indoors and outdoors, and to keep it clean.

1. Please get together in your houses or tenements all old bedding, beds, rags, paper, furniture, broken-up boxes and barrels, tins, stoves, bottles, dishes, crockery, glassware, and all other rubbish and waste material. You will then receive due notice to put it outside on a certain day to be removed by the street cleaning force. Do not put it outside for removal until you receive such notice. If you do you will be summoned to court therefor. The foregoing does not relate to stores and business places. All rubbish and waste material in such stores and business places must be removed by the proprietors thereof. The rubbish and waste material and all litter on vacant lots must also be collected by the owners and put outside for such removal on receipt of such notice.

2. Attention is called to Section 404 of the city ordinances. It forbids any one, including passersby, to throw any rubbish, paper, or any material or litter whatever upon the streets. It also forbids any sweeping of the sidewalks into the gutters or the sweeping of anything from any house, store, or other business place out upon the sidewalks, or from the sidewalks into the gutters, after 9 o'clock in the morning in any case, or after the Street Cleaning Department has swept and cleaned the roadway, where it does that work before 8 o'clock in the morning. All such sweeping out of stores and sweeping of sidewalks has to be done before the roadway is swept or cleaned in the morning by the Street Cleaning Department. The police will summon to court every proprietor, householder, or tenant who violates this rule, and also every passerby or other person who throws any paper or other material or litter upon the streets, whether sidewalk or roadway. W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Police to be Responsible.

Then the Mayor sent this letter to Commissioner Waldo:

City of New York, Office of the Mayor.
April 11, 1913.

Sir: I inclose a notice of cleanliness being issued by the Mayor to the whole city. Let your whole force be informed of it. Let each Captain be informed that he is to be held responsible for the existence of any paper, dust, dirt, refuse, sweepings, or material or litter of any kind whatsoever in the streets of his precinct, whether on sidewalk or roadway, and that he must go out personally and inspect the streets and see that they are kept clean and free therefrom. Appoint officers to go about the city and inspect the streets, and in all cases where any such material is found in or littering the street, whether sidewalk or roadway, let him make a precise written report thereof, and thereupon let charges for neglect of duty be made against the Captain, and let him be tried. In the same way let the Inspectors and Captains make charges promptly against any member of the force guilty of neglect in this matter. See that all the members of the force are furnished with blank summonses to be filled out and served by them on the spot on all householders, storekeepers, owners of business places, or passers by, or other persons who violate these rules, by sweeping material out upon the sidewalk or into the gutter, or by dropping or throwing any such material upon the streets, whether sidewalks or roadways, or who shall commit any violation herein. Very truly yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
Rhinelander Waldo, Esq., Police Commissioner.

The Mayor also sent letters to the Borough Presidents suggesting that sand and dirt piles where streets are dug up and where building operations are going on should be covered with canvas or some other suitable material so as to prevent the dust from blowing about.

BARREN ISLAND IS OUT ON A STRIKE

Plant Which Disposes of Waste of Most of City Is Forced to Shut Down.

ASSURANCE FROM OFFICIALS

Say Refuse Will Be Taken Out to Sea if Settlement Is Not Reached by Monday.

Barren Island is in the grip of a strike. The New York Sanitary Utilization Company, which has the contract to dispose of the 1,200 or more tons of refuse collected daily in the Boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn, served notice on Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards late yesterday afternoon that its big reduction plant had stopped operation. As the outlook for a speedy settlement was not very bright Commissioner Edwards conferred at once with the Department of Health. If the strike is not adjusted by Monday the city will take charge of the situation, and in that event it will be necessary to haul the garbage and other refuse out to sea past the three-mile limit in scows.

While the strike will put the two departments to no little inconvenience, officials of the Street Cleaning Department said last night that there would be no resultant danger to the health of the community, even if the strike continued for an indefinite period. Secretary Whitney said that there were enough scows now at the waterfront docks to handle the refuse collected to-day and to-morrow, and that others could easily be obtained.

Out on Barren Island, which lies between Rockaway Beach and Sheepshead Bay, the strike was the one topic of discussion last night. The island has a population of about 1,200, and seems to be a healthy place to live, despite the purpose to which it has been put. There have been labor troubles there before, but never an out-and-out strike. When the breeze blew from the wrong direction the strike was brought home to the residents, for as a result of the plant's idleness there were seven scows holding some 1,500 tons of refuse at the company's docks waiting to be unloaded.

The trouble between the company and the employes first showed signs of becoming serious on Wednesday when a committee of somethirty men employed in the pressroom called upon Superintendent F. L. Cranford. During the Winter months when the work is lightest the employes have received salaries ranging from $11 a week to $18. The committee demanded an increase to $22.50 for men operating machinery in the pressroom, and suggested a general increase as well for the others.

The demand was taken under consideration and in the meantime little was accomplished at the plant, and the refuse began to accumulate. Negotiations brought out the fact that the committee was firm in its demand and was backed by most of the other employes and the residents of the island. So after several conferences the officials of the company decided to grant the increase.

"We felt," said Mr. Cranford last night, "that some of the work was not very pleasant. The Summer schedule soon to go into effect provided for an increase, and we decided it was just to grant the raise for the entire year. But when we told the committee that we would accept their terms the spokesman said that it had been decided $22.50 was not enough and asked for an increase to $25 a week. That ended all negotiations, and to-day we notified the city that our plant was tied up by a strike."

Mr. Cranford said that all of the men at the plant had gone out on a sympathetic strike when the news was carried back that the second increase had been refused. There was no disturbance of any kind, he said.

The company had hoped until yesterday afternoon that the troubles would be adjusted, and no attempt had been made to get men to take the places of the strikers. Mr. Cranford said that the company would not meet the second demand made by the men. No decision had been made, he said, as to what was to be done. The employes on Barren Island are not organized, although there are a few union men among the strikers.

Max Mandelbaum's Will.

The will of Max Mandelbaum, who died on March 30, leaving an estate valued at more than $50,000 personalty, was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probate. Mr. Mandelbaum makes bequests of $5,000 each to his mother, Fanny Mandelbaum of 127 East Seventy-second Street, and two sisters, Bella Delmonte of 315 East Fifty-seventh Street, and Jennie Basch of 424 East Fifty-eighth Street, after which the estate is left in trust for their benefit.

BOY THIEF STUMPS BROOKLYN POLICE

Even Deputy Commissioner Dillon Is Unable to Persuade Him to Return to Asylum Quietly.

FEAR SCENE IN THE STREET

Lad, Removed Finally in Patrol Wagon, Fights for Two Hours Against Going with Asylum Agents.

Raymond Beck, the fifteen-year-old boy burglar, who has escaped four times from the New York Juvenile Asylum at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., started on his way back to that institution from Brooklyn Police Headquarters at 6 o'clock last evening. Before he departed the police officials spent two and one-half hours in trying to persuade him to quit the building quietly with the agents of the asylum.

It was 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon when R. F. Weber and two assistants from the asylum arrived at Headquarters. Beck, who cried out that he did not want to return to the institution because he said he would be beaten, squirmed away from his custodians each time they tried to lead him from the building. Capt. Coughlin tried to quiet the boy without success, and Lieut. Lindsay and Detective Kauffman of the Flushing Avenue Station, who found Beck sitting on a pump in front of Wallabout Market earlier in the day and arrested him, were unable to induce the boy to leave peaceably. Finally Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon tried his powers of persuasion.

"I don't want to go back," pleaded Beck. "I know what they'll do to me. They'll beat me and put me in the drill."

"If you will go back," Mr. Dillon said, "I will guarantee that you won't be beaten. I will make it my business to find out about it."

Beck begged Commissioner Dillon to send him either to the Raymond Street Jail or to a cell in the Adams Street Station. He was told that could not be done. Finally, the Deputy Commissioner told Agent Weber and his assistants to take the boy out of the bulilding. Weber said he did not want to drag the boy through the streets because it would create trouble. He asked for a uniformed policeman to accompany them. Deputy Commissioner Dillon told the asylum agents that their charge was only a boy, and that as there were three of them they should be able to handle him.

When Weber asked for a patrol wagon in which to take Beck away and so avoid dragging him through the streets, an act that would be misunderstood by those who saw it. The patrol wagon from the Adams Street Station was called. Beck was carried from Headquarters and put in the wagon. The boy kicked, squirmed, and cried. He was taken to the Subway station at Borough Hall and without further difficulty his custodians put him on a Subway train bound for Manhattan.

There was a sigh of relief when Beck departed from Brooklyn Police Headquarters. The police there heard of no trouble after Beck left them, and they did not care to hear of any. They said they did not want Beck at Headquarters again.

Beck escaped from the asylum at Dobbs Ferry on Wednesday night. He traveled to the city on a freight train, and said he had worked around the Wallabout Market. When he was searched after his arrest a pawn ticket for a woman's cloak was found in his possession. He refused to tell the police where he got the coat. Notwithstanding his youth, the police said he was an adept flat thief.

WEDS AND GETS $10,000.

Inheritance Comes to C. L. Munson with His Marriage.

The announcement yesterday of the marriage of Charles L. Munson and Mrs. Louise Hoffer was received with unusual interest in Yonkers, because it was common knowledge that Mr. Munson was to inherit about $10,000 when he married. The wedding was solemnized in Nepera Park, Yonkers, and last night the citizens of the Park were entertained by Mr. Munson. Accordng to report he is one of the heirs of Mrs. Frances Munson of Hastings, his grandmother, who was the wife of George Munson, the owner of quarries. It is understood that either under the provisions of the will or by a condition fixed by the executors, Mr. Munson was not to receive his share of the estate until he married. Mr. Munson declined to discuss the report.

WIRELESS TELLS OF WILL.

Passenger on Ship Says He Is Bringing Last Testament of Dale.

A contest over the estate of Theodore Brodsky Dale, who committed suicide on March 26, leaving an estate which has been variously estimated at from $100,000 to $3,000,000, was foreshadowed yesterday by the receipt of a wireless message from Maurice Brodsky of 22 Hawarden Grove, London, Dale's uncle. The message reads:

"I have in my possession the last will and testament of Theodore Brodsky Dale."

The message was sent from the steamship George Washington, due to arrive in New York on Monday.

Letters of administration on Dale's estate have already been granted to Julius Brodsky, a cousin, on the application of Bernard H. Sandler. Brodsky is a private in the United States Coast Artillery. It was announced at the time that the estate was worth over $40,000, and that the chief item was the house in West 126th Street in which Dale shot himself.

Dale is survived by seven cousins in different parts of the world, and it is considered probable that they will join in a fight for the estate.

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A GUIDE to the MONTESSORI METHOD
By ELLEN YALE STEVENS

An interpretation of Montessori's Method for American parents and teachers, this book is not meant to take the place of Montessori's own—nothing can do that; but it does explain the method step by step.
It gives directions as to the use of the material, an exposition of the psychological basis, suggestions regarding American conditions, and a view of Montessori's deeper message. Miss Stevens is a graduate of Columbia and Chicago, has observed Montessori's schools in Rome, and has had long teaching experience. *Illustrated,* $1.00 *net; postpaid* $1.10. *Now ready.*

MARRIAGE and the SEX PROBLEM
By F. W. FOERSTER

Prof. Foerster of the University of Zürich, writing for the general reader, opposes the "advanced" theories of Ellen Key and others and supports the Christian doctrines of the marriage relation and sex morality.
The two main contentions are: First, that the correct method of sex education is to keep attention *from* sexual matters instead of directing it *towards* them; second, that the problem of morality is one of power far more than of knowledge. $1.35 *net; postpaid* $1.47. *Now ready.*

SMITH and the CHURCH
By REV. HARRY H. BEATTYS

Why don't men go to church? This is a common-sense view of both sides of the question, which takes up the problem of Sunday recreation and comes to definite conclusions about the obligations of both "Smith" and the church. It was written to answer an essay by Meredith Nicholson in *The Atlantic Monthly,* entitled "Should Smith Go to Church." Mr. Nicholson contributes an introduction to this book. The volume clears the ground and suggests a new point of view. 60 *cents net; postpaid* 68 *cents. Now ready.*

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WANTS PARTY PLAN BEFORE PRIMARIES

City Club Tells Sulzer That Organization Should "Show Its Hand."

MORE TIME FOR VOTERS, TOO

Three Weeks at Least Needed for Party Voters to Dissent from Committee Designations.

The City Club of New York sent a letter to Gov. Sulzer yesterday offering him information and assistance in dealing with the direct primary question. One of the club's first suggestions is that a proper system of committee designation to compel the party organization to "show its hand" in plenty of time before the party primary should be made a fundamental part of any new primary bill. Ex-Gov. Hughes, it is pointed out, insisted on this in the Hinman-Green bill, which made party organization controllable by the party voter. Regarding the Direct Primary Act of 1911, the letter says:

"The above act was never intended to produce direct nominations or representative party organization. It was intended to appear to give direct primaries, while in fact carefully preserving the status quo. This was easily accomplished by the following features of Chapter 891 of the Laws of 1911:

"Party committees were given the power, not only to designate candidates for nomination, but to designate themselves to succeed themselves as party committeemen.

"Instead of making party organization simple, it was made complex. Parties by party rule might vary the units of representation, and the size and number of party committees. This was immediately done to dumfound the party voter; and the 10-foot primary ballot of the Democratic primary of 1912, in New York City, was the direct result of these provisions.

"Instead of giving party voters ample opportunity to dissent from committee designations, they were allowed exactly five days to file any opposing nomination.

"In order to file any such nominations, they were required to get an excessive number of signatures, calculated upon a double standard; viz., five per cent. of the enrolled voters of the party in any district, and four per cent. of the total vote cast for that party's gubernatorial candidate.

"If, nevertheless, dissenting party voters overcame the above handicaps and nominated an opposition candidate their troubles would just begin. The party column ballot was introduced into the primary election. Candidates designated by party committees appeared in a column headed by the party emblem, with a circle for straight voting. The vicious provision of the Levy law was applied; the name of a candidate could not appear more than once. Thus party voters could not dissent from one or two nominations and indorse the rest. In order to have any chance of success they must put a complete ticket in the field against the existing party organization.

"The act concludes with a piece of humor. Section 562 is entitled, 'Party funds not to be expended for primary purposes.' The only exceptions to this prohibition are every legitimate purpose for which any one could use money in connection with primary elections!"

Other defects of the bill, it is set forth, are that it decreases from fifteen to five days the required notice of a meeting of a party committee to designate primary candidates; it requires every Notary or Commissioner of Deeds who witnesses signatures to nominating petitions to file previously a written statement with the Board of Elections, thereby delaying the process of nominating opposition candidates at primaries, and after primaries are over it makes independent nominations for the final election still more difficult by requiring petitions signed by 5 per cent. of the total vote cast for Governor, except that not more than 6,000 signatures shall be required, thereby increasing the number of signatures required to nominate independently any candidate for municipal office in New York City.

It is urged that the present bill be further amended so as to provide:

An unchangeable primary unit in the election district.

Simple party organization, unchangeable by party rule.

A definite safeguarding of the procedure of party committees in designating candidates.

Abolition of the power of party committees to designate candidates to succeed themselves as committeemen.

At least three weeks given to party voters in which to dissent from committee designations.

A radical reduction in the signatures required to place a candidate before the primary.

Abolition of the use of the party emblem on the primary ballot.

Abolition of the party or factional column on the primary ballot.

A real prohibition of the use of party funds at primaries.

The letter is signed by Charles H. Strong, President of the club; Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary, and the Committee on Election Laws.

SULZER ON FRANK EPISODE.

Says He Authorized No One to Use His Postal Privilege.

ALBANY, April 11.—"No one has authority to use my Congressional frank, I have refused to use it myself since I resigned as Congressman on Dec. 31 last," said Gov. Sulzer to-day when he heard that his frank, which is good for nine months after his resignation went into effect, had been used for sending out political campaign material.

"I have written to William C. Liller of Lancaster, Penn.," said the Governor, "that any letter bearing my frank must be destroyed."

Mr. Liller is Secretary of the Democratic Association of Clubs.

SIGNS LEVY STOCK BILL.

Sulzer Approves Act Making Security Manipulation a Felony.

ALBANY, April 11.—Gov. Sulzer today signed the Levy bill, making it a felony to manipulate securities or deceive the public by stock and bond conspiracies. This is the second of the series of Stock Exchange reform bills approved by the Governor.

He also signed a bill recommended by the State Factory Investigating Commission regulating the issuance of permits to factory owners who have articles manufactured in tenement houses.

The Sage bill, changing the rules and regulations governing certified shorthand reporters, also was signed to-day.

LABOR BILL ADVANCED.

Compensation Measure Approved by Senate Judiciary Committee.

ALBANY, April 11.—The Senate Judiciary Committee made a favorable report to-day on the Murtaugh-Jackson Workmen's Compensation bill advocated by the State Federation of Labor.

By agreement, this measure and the Senate Insurance Committee's bill, indorsed by the State Superintendent of Insurance, will be considered together upon the order of final passage.

M. J. DRUMMOND ON STAND.

Commissioner Examined in Suit of Water Company Against Pipe Firm.

By an order of Supreme Court Justice Lehman, Michael J. Drummond, Commissioner of Charities, was examined before the trial yesterday for his evidence in the suit of the Jamaica Water Company to recover $10,000 from M. J. Drummond & Co., dealers in iron pipe. The complaint alleges that there was an agreement between the two companies by which iron pipe was to be sold to the Jamaica Water Company at the market price and that M. J. Drummond & Co. overcharged the plaintiff company on one allotment to the extent of $10,000. Commissioner Drummond is President of the company bearing his name.

James W. Osborne, as counsel for Warren Leslie, President of the Jamaica Water Company, examined Commissioner Drummond. Mr. Drummond denied that there was any such agreement with the plaintiff as was alleged in the complaint, but said that since his appointment as Commissioner of Charities in January, 1910, he had not had active supervision over the company, his son, Walter J. Drummond, having taken charge of it.

WIDER PRIMARY LAW SURE, SAYS SULZER

Predicts That His Proposals Will Be Enacted Between Now and Jan. 1 Next.

LEADERS ARE NOT WORRIED

Think the Sentiment of Voters Opposes the Governor's Views, Which the Legislature Will Reject.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 11.—Gov. Sulzer followed up to-day his special message to the Legislature sent yesterday, calling for the enactment of a direct primary low which would abolish State conventions and provide for the popular nomination of candidates for office from Governor down to Constable. He did so in a speech in which he said: "Between this day and the first of next January we'll have these laws enacted or know the reason why." Many who heard the Governor expressed the belief that if the Legislature in its regular session failed to pass election amendments which the Governor recommended there would be an extra session in the Summer.

Precedent was set aside in the Executive Chamber when the Governor presided at a conference to discuss election law reforms. This meeting was not attended by any State or County leader of the Democratic Party. Among the thirty or more Democrats present were men who have for many years unsuccessfully fought the leaders of the organization or who have long been at odds with those in control of party affairs in their respective counties. One independent Republican was present and two Progressives, who have given much attention to the direct primary question.

The Democratic leaders of the Legislature are not worried by the Governor's activity for radical changes in the election law. They say that the Governor has adopted the Progressive Party programme on election matters, and that the sentiment of the greater number of voters is against the changes. They intend to push the Election bill agreed upon by the Democratic leaders early in the session, and say that if the Governor's programme is embodied in a bill it will be voted down, and in that event it will be useless to recall the Legislature.

"We want a simple and shorter ballot and a direct primary from top to bottom," the Governor said at the conference.

"I have done my best to give the people practical and progressive legislation on elections, ballots, and primaries. I am betraying no confidence when I tell you that my efforts have not met the response I anticipated in view of the pledges made by the Democratic, Republican, and Progressive Parties.

"I meant every word of that message of yesterday. That message is my platform on this legislation. Sooner or later my recommendations will be enacted into law. I take no backward step. I am in sympathy with the progressive spirit of the times."

The Governor listened to many complimentary references to himself.

"The Democratic League, 10,000 strong, will support you in your effort to secure a new bill of rights," William Gorham Rice of Albany told him.

"We have been waiting to be led by a worthy leader to lead, and thank God we have such a leader now," said Charles N. Bulger of Oswego, who has been active in Democratic politics for many years.

"Gov. Sulzer is the first man in the Democratic Party who has dared to lift up the banner of reform."

"We are fortunate in having a leader who dares to lead," ex-Speaker Daniel D. Frisbie of Schoharie said. "I am willing to follow where he leads."

D. J. Dugan, State Committeeman in the Albany district, who is fighting Patrick F. McCabe, Tammany leader in Albany, asserted that "equality of opportunity in political endeavor is very esential at this time," and he believed the Governor's proposals would give it.

Senator James F. Duhamel of Brooklyn, who is listed this year as an independent Democrat, expressed the belief that a little pressure from the Governor would cause the enactment of a real direct primary law.

Charles Gibson, an independent Republican of Albany, said he would do all he could to aid the Governor in obtaining the legislation he asked for.

The Progressives were represented by ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport and Arthur C. Ludington. Mr. Davenport said the Governor's message was satisfactory to the Progressives and that one of the Progressive legislators had introduced a bill containing the recommendations of the Governor.

Others who spoke were Silas Wright McCullom of Niagara, Francis A. Willard, Secretary of the Democratic League; Edward M. Crocker of Genesee, James L. Dempsey of Oneida, and J. Van Ness Philip of Columbia.

A motion that a committee be appointed to draft a bill to meet the Governor's suggestions and to work for its passage was put to the conference by Gov. Sulzer. It was adopted, and the Governor named Edward M. Crocker, W. G. Rice, Lawrence B. Dunham of New York; J. Van Ness Philip, F. M. Davenport, D. D. Frisbie, Charles N. Bulger, A. J. Elias of Erie; D. H. Dugan, and Francis A. Willard. The bill will be presented to the Legislature next week.

Dr. Patten Will Not Resign.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 11.—Dr. Francis Landey Patton, President of Princeton Theological Seminary, and ex-President of Princeton University, denied to-day the report that he was about to resign as executive head of the seminary. Three years ago President Patton said that following the seminary centennial, which took place last Spring, he probably would resign, and it is believed that the reports of his resignation were based on this statement.

FREE AID TO IMMIGRANTS.

State Department Sending Out Cards Offering Help.

Cards printed in English, Italian and Polish are being sent to 5,000 Postmasters and charitable organizations throughout this State by the New York State Bureau of Industries and Immigration, 95 Madison Avenue, New York City, and 704 D. S. Morgan Building, Buffalo, N. Y., telling the State's 500,000 immigrant residents where to apply for free aid, advice and protection.

The cards are to be put up in the Post Offices where immigrants can see them while purchasing money orders or seeking letters. The permission of the Postmaster General has been obtained to do this.

The cards read:

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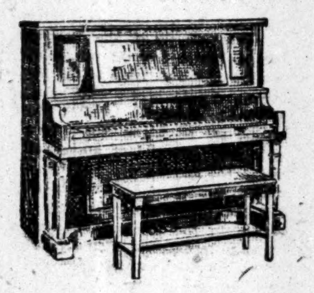
Clergymen, social workers and others who believe they can place the cards where they will benefit the greatest number of immigrants in their towns will receive a card from the bureau on request.

LEAVES MAGDALENE PICTURE

Former Property of Portugal's King Figures in New York Will.

A painting of "The Magdalene," formerly part of the collection of King Joseph Bonaparte of Portugal, is included in the bequests made in the will of Eliza Shaw Torrey, which was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probate. Miss Torrey died on March 27 at San Diego, Cal. The painting was left to Mrs. Abram S. Hewitt, who is now dead, so that it becomes part of the residuary estate, which goes to a brother, Herbert Gray Torrey of Stirling, N. J.

Herbert Grey Torrey also receives his sister's household effects, except a silver service, which goes to a cousin, Mrs. Sarah Brinton, and three lots on Campus Avenue, San Diego, Cal. Other bequests are $4,000 to William Osborne Curtis, $2,000 to Dr. Alexander Haddon, $4,000 to Louise M. Abbott, $300 to Orlando Beede, and $300 to Katherine Kalembeck.



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RHETA CHILDE DORR	"This story *has rung the bell.* The depiction of the mother-love moves one by its tenderness and sheer beauty—that is a classic thing."
N. Y. TIMES REVIEW	"Will have a universal appeal—strikes deep into the root tragedies of human existence. . . . A tender and strikingly beautiful idyll. An achievement of which any novelist, old or young, might well be proud. . . . A most appealing atmosphere of poetic loveliness, heightened by constantly recurring bits of description of exquisite beauty. . . . T. Everett Harre deserves a warm and unhesitating welcome."
N. Y. GLOBE	"This Eskimo romance of the love of a man for a woman and of a woman for a child is a poetic and moving story."
N. Y. WORLD	"A departure from all ordinary lines of romantic narrative. It is a revelation of barbaric love and primitive poetry—a message of warmth and passion out of the frozen north. Unless we are mistaken it is a book which will be read and praised much beyond the season of its publication."
LOS ANGELES TIMES	"The heroine is the spirit of love in a sense new to romance. . . . Mr. Harre knows the feminine temperament when it has stooped to love. He understands woman when she is most maidenly, most susceptible. It is not given to all of us to love or to be loved as this maiden of his was loved, but one cannot make her acquaintance without longing for the rapture of such things."

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1913.

POPULARITY OF THE INCOME TAX.

The Chamber of Commerce has directed an inquiry into the administrative feature of the income tax after a debate in which it was said that the tax would not affect 99 per cent. of the citizenship. It was suggested that this deprived the bill of general interest, and that it was sure to be unpopular on account of the narrowness of its application. The fact is just the other way. The bill is popular because it taxes so small a part of the population. The reason of the bill's enactment was that it transferred the burdens of the many to the shoulders of the few and taxes some States of the Union for the benefit of other States.

The case is worse than this. It will tax the honest and allow the dishonest to escape. The administrative features which the Chamber is to investigate are so complicated that those who understand them will make their taxes light at the cost of those less well informed about the law. The income tax law may be considered good nevertheless by some, but even those who approve the tax despite its faults cannot contend that the same sums could not have been raised more certainly, more equitably, and with less trouble to both payers and collectors by a stamp tax.

The experience with the tariff shows how hard it is to reduce or to remove a tax once laid. It always seems better and easier to devise ways to spend the money than to repeal the tax. This fact will be better appreciated as the years pass, and particularly when the time shall come when this extraordinary tax—as it ought to be—shall be needed for an emergency. Then it will appear that this resource has been utilized and that the tax must be doubled instead of imposed initially. The tax was most popular before it was laid. Its unpopularity will grow with its life.

"UP THE RIVER."

The sending to Ossining of ex-Patrolman HARTIGAN to-day will be an event of much significance. The refusal by Judge PLATZEK of a certificate of reasonable doubt marks the failure of the first effort to save the convict from the penalty of his crime. It was not an unexpected failure, for the prosecution of the criminal was carefully conducted, and there was no room for doubt as to his guilt. But our criminal law is complex and uncertain and slow, and affords many loopholes for men of his sort in the use of which they are expert. And there are outside influences sometimes available for them, the absence or futility of which in this case is a matter for encouragement.

The value of HARTIGAN's conviction lies in the fact that it is a blow to perjury on which the "system" in the police so largely rests. He was a striking example of the pact of mutual protection which the rascals on the force rely upon. He was obliged to admit that he had lied under the direction of one of his superiors, and when this proved useless he had lied for another, and, as explained by Assistant District Attorney CLARK, "it was in that lie that he was trapped." He goes to prison a living proof to his fellow-policemen of two things. One is that lying patrolmen cannot save their superiors; the other is that they are in grave danger themselves. It is generally believed among those who know most of the system that HARTIGAN goes to prison with the assurance that he will be "taken care of" when he comes out. But a good deal of water will run under the bridge in thirty months.

If Mr. WHITMAN proceeds as he has begun and turns his searchlight on the higher levels of the police system it may not be easy to fulfill such promises as this young perjurer has received. It is certain that the successor of Mayor GAYNOR will take a very different view of the relative importance of rottenness in the police from the view so cheerfully pronounced in season and out of season by that philosophic gentleman. No one who did hug that view to his bosom could, we are confident, get a majority of the votes of the people of New York, or a very respectable minority. The fate of a minor rascal like HARTIGAN is in itself a matter of little consequence. But his crime has been shown so plainly to be part of an organization of crime among the force whose duty is the detection and suppression of crime, that its significance is very great. Let us hope, as we reasonably may, that his disappearance behind prison walls marks the beginning of the end of that detestable and dangerous organization.

THE TRIBUTES TO MR. MORGAN.

The funeral honors to Mr. MORGAN at St. George's Church on Monday will be the final and customary tribute which reverence and affection pay to the dead. But in the honors already paid to Mr. MORGAN's memory, to his character, and to his great career two worlds and many nations have joined. In their number and their perfect sincerity these tributes bear the highest testimony to the respect in which Mr. MORGAN was held, for they surpass all similar demonstrations of mourning and appreciation save those evoked by the death of men of great public eminence and high place. They reveal a full present recognition of what had been in less degree acknowledged during Mr. MORGAN's lifetime, that his position and standing were unique, that in the world of private affairs he held a place comparable to that won in the affairs of nations by constructive statesmen of the highest genius. In the press, in the churches, in the individual testimonies of those who knew him or his work, or who were associated with him, in the resolutions of many organized bodies which enjoyed his sympathy and support, there is one note, the recognition of his transcendent genius and his high character and honorable dealing. This entire unanimity of praise gives to the comments upon his life and his career a rare and almost unexampled quality, and makes of them a remarkable testimonial.

It has been everywhere recognized that in Mr. MORGAN's career great genius was joined to great opportunity. The period of forty years beginning in 1870, just after the close of the war, was a time of immense up-building in this Nation, and those were the active years of Mr. MORGAN's career in finance. As a financier and organizer he was much concerned with railroad development, and the railroad mileage of the country, which was 53,000 miles in 1870, had risen to 250,000 miles in 1910. In this extraordinary growth Mr. MORGAN, it is not too much to say, was the greatest single instrument. Busy railroad systems of the country now in prosperous operation owe their present existence to his power as an organizer. It used to be said of Mr. TILDEN that he made his fortune by sitting up with sick railroads and going to their funerals. Mr. MORGAN did more than that, he revived the corpse. It is for this reason that Mr. MORGAN's creative usefulness in the field of industrial development may fairly be compared to that of the founders of the Republic in the creation of its political institutions. They found a loose federation, they left an enduring Union of States. Mr. MORGAN found the industries of the country struggling into a new birth, and he gave to them that powerful forward impulse that has brought us to a place of greatness among nations.

Mr. MORGAN's achievements have been recognized universally and with a wonderful unanimity of high appreciation in the utterances which his death has brought forth, and they will be recalled to memory now that his body returns to his home and to its last resting place. Mr. MORGAN, great and fortunate in life, may be said to have been fortunate in the end of his life, since few mortal men command and receive the world's tributes of praise in such remarkable terms of appreciation, esteem, and respect.

AFRAID OF OUR TARIFF.

It is quite natural that the German experts should be afraid of the way in which our lower tariff rates may be levied. A very large part, and probably the greater part, of the oppression and robbery wrought by the protective tariff has been through the manipulation of the details of the law and modes of classification. The law has willfully been made obscure, and its obscurities have, as a rule, so been construed as to give the benefit of every doubt to the home manufacturer. The tariff, as it stands to-day and as it has stood—except under the Wilson law for a short term—since the civil war has been avowedly a gigantic conspiracy in restraint of trade. Its professed purpose, to prevent importation, has been carried out ruthlessly at every point. Importers have not been slow to try to evade the law, and the result has been a reign of chicane and trickery on all sides.

It is a fair inference, however, that under the new law, and under the administration of President WILSON, this state of things will be amended. Rates will be fixed with an honest purpose of collecting revenue, on the one hand, and, on the other, of building up fair foreign trade. Classifications will be simplified. Mixed ad valorem and specific duties will largely be abolished. Honest dealers will be treated justly. The Government officials will cease to be the unavowed agents of the favorites of the tariff, and business will be fostered rather than choked. The material and moral gain to the country and to other countries having dealings with us will be incalculable.

Nothing shows the change in the spirit of tariff legislation more strikingly than the change proposed in the use of the maximum and minimum rates. In the Payne-Aldrich bill these were intended simply as a menace. All rates were declared to be minimum rates. If any nation made a tariff unfavorable to the United States, these rates would be advanced. All business was to be done under an impending threat. We were to protect our interests by sheer bullying. Under the Underwood bill this process is completely reversed. All rates are declared maximum rates. Reductions will be made to nations offering reductions to us. Bullying is replaced by an attitude of friendly invitation; friction and obstruction give way to lubrication. The revolution is vital and will be very valuable.

THE COURT HOUSE DESIGN.

The method employed by the Court House Board to obtain a suitable plan for the new building of the law courts has been measurably justified. To begin with, a number of architects were invited by name to compete. Criticism of these selections was freely made, for although the list contained the names of some architects of high repute, it contained others less known, and there were some omissions which caused comment. But a preliminary competition was also provided for the uninvited, and ten architects, or firms of architects, taking part in this were permitted also to enter the final contest. The prize has been awarded to one of the latter set, and the one whose name happened to be the very last on the list.

There is no room for suspicion of favoritism or the exertion of "influence." Messrs. PEABODY, DAY, and MAURAN, who made the selection, did not know the names of the makers of the various designs from which they had to choose. Although the choice of Mr. GUY LOWELL naturally causes surprise, as so many other architects of National repute had entered the competition, it cannot be said that he is unknown. He stands high in his profession. The Fine Arts Museum in Boston was designed by him, and he has built other public and private buildings of note. He should have all the qualities needed by the architect of a building which should surpass in dignity all others in this city. The publication of the accepted design will be eagerly awaited.

THE "BLUE SKY" BILL.

The Chamber of Commerce in its condemnation of the Goldberg "blue sky" bill touched the weak point illuminatingly. The bill would add nothing to the excellence of the best securities, which are independent of official criticism through their standard qualities, but the sale of the second-rate qualities would be promoted in this way:

> The distributers of the lowest grade securities to which the consent of the examiner had been obtained would give the fact of the approval all publicity possible. The marketing of the weakest securities approved, particularly among the small and inexperienced investors, would be materially facilitated.

Thus the trade in the millions of securities in New York would rest not on the character of the securities, nor on the character of the sellers, but on the fact that an official who could not be equal to his responsibilities had given his certificate of character in a routine manner to those who would exploit it.

As the report of the Chamber's Committee says, if the securities themselves are good there ought to be no restrictions as to who should sell them. And if the securities are not good they ought not to be salable simply because the seller has a certificate of his character. Neither the character of the securities nor of the seller is suitable for official certification. On both heads the buyer ought to make his own decisions, with protection against fraud in the accustomed manner.

FEMALE OUTLAWRY IN ENGLAND.

In their effort to "stagger humanity" the warring women of London have gone so far as to disturb the domestic peace of the King. They have obtained his private telephone number and "called him up" to demand "votes for women." They had already wrought havoc on royal golf links and tried to mob the King on his way from the palace to the Parliament House. They have baited the Prime Minister and thrown a hatchet at him. They have insulted members of the Cabinet and the House of Commons. Though they have spared the Archbishop of Canterbury thus far, that estimable prelate must feel far from secure.

But the suffragettes have done worse, or better, than this. Their persistence in militancy has had the effect of breaking down conventions, and the disorganization of social life is threatened. Ladies of the royal household have resigned desirable and lucrative posts because of the ill-feeling caused by disputes about the doings of the militants and their punishment. It is authoritatively stated that the women of the Court are either suffragists or anti-suffragists, though they would naturally be expected to be neither, to hold themselves aloof from all political controversies as their royal superiors are supposed to do. What happens at Court powerfully influences all British social life.

Mrs. PANKHURST and her associates have obviously given society such a stirring up as to make all previous discussion of the right of woman to vote seem trivial. It looks now as if the real suffrage campaign had just begun. The depredations continue, and each day fresh outrages are reportd. Meanwhile the Government does little except look on. A few of the ringleaders have been imprisoned again, but are likely to be soon released, and the report that the Home Secretary is thinking of deporting an American woman who has taken part in the disturbances merely excites ridicule. Our woman suffragists are as children in arms compared with the Pankhurst contingent in the matter of mischiefmaking.

TRAVEL OVER THE BRIDGES.

A few months ago the fares on the local cars across the Williamsburg Bridge were reduced by one cent to two cents. The result has been that the traffic has grown from fifty-six cars hourly to sixty-six, and now it is necessary to provide fresh track accommodations. There is no reason to doubt that the same result would be realized on all the other bridges between the boroughs. The effect on the stimulation of travel would be increased if the local cars made a circuit in the boroughs whose edge they touch at the extremities of the bridges.

In some cases there are practical difficulties, as at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge. On the other hand, at the Brooklyn end of the same bridge there will be a splendid opportunity to extend the route of the local cars near to the centre of traffic at the Borough Hall in connection with the plaza improvement which now is almost certain to contain the new Court House. The principle is the same regarding the two other bridges, the Manhattan and the Queensboro. Something is being done constantly to make travel more intraborough and less interborough, but the process might be hastened. The bridges never can pay financially, but the dividend in promotion of the convenience of passengers is large, and might be increased indefinitely.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Wants to be a Chauffeur. As a convenient medium of calling the attention of the charitably disposed to those in need of help and deserving of it, every newspaper gets frequent requests for the use of its space for this purpose—so frequent that to grant them all would be impossible. THE TIMES gladly performs not a little of this service, but, of course, cannot open its columns for the presentation of every worthy case, their name being legion. One appeal for which room cannot be found because the letter containing it is so long, yet offers a somewhat peculiar problem in what may be called philanthropics, and therefore the facts are set down here.

The appeal is made in behalf of a man 40 years old, a foreigner speaking little English, but educated and intelligent, who has lost his office position because of no fault and is without money for the support of himself and wife. He sees in becoming a chauffeur the quickest way to attain self-support, but to enter the best school of instruction, which is, he thinks, that conducted by the Young Men's Christian Association, he must either have $55 with which to pay the fees or he must give for that amount a note, with two indorsements recognized as good. The friend who writes to THE TIMES offers to contribute $5 toward the required sum, evidently thinking that to raise the money is the simplest way out of the difficulty.

Perhaps it is, and certainly there is no objection to taking that course or to getting the two signatures if they can be secured. It is hard to see, however, what greater claim to help this man has than have thousands and thousands of men equally deserving whose lack of money stands in the way of accomplishing praiseworthy desires. The obvious thing for him to do would be to find some work, harder, perhaps, than that to which his mind has turned, but honest and therefore honorable, and save up enough to pay the very moderate charges of the excellent school mentioned. That course, if practicable, and apparently it is, would best preserve his self-respect, and therefore be the most promising basis of future prosperity.

The intention of these remarks, however, is not to discourage the kindly intentions of our correspondent; their only purpose is to suggest that there are cases of more desperate need than this one—cases not to be solved otherwise than by the charity of which there is not enough to meet all demands.

No Place For a Politician. Sailors as a class are more exposed than any other made up of men, perhaps, to ruthless exploitation and cruel abuse, both ashore and while at sea, and the opportunities for both are far too often utilized, in spite of the fact that there are laws designed to protect them. The sailor is ready enough to voice his grievances, whether they be against his Captain's slop chest account, which is frequently a fearful and wonderful record, or against the fist of the bucko mate, a weapon that also makes marks many and legible. Usually, however, it is the sailor's word against that of his superior officer, and the need of sustaining discipline on shipboard, which is undoubtedly great, leads to the rejection of not a few well-founded stories of bad food in the forecastle and maltreatment on deck.

The official defender of sailor rights and privileges and immunities is the United States Shipping Commissioner. Before him the men are signed on and paid off, and he is supposed to hold even the scales of justice in all matters of maritime controversy. Often he does, no doubt, and still oftener, presumably, he makes an honest effort to do so, but his intentions, even when they are of the best, may be thwarted through ignorance of nautical affairs. It is a lamentable fact that in the past this position—and the $5,000 salary that goes with it—has hardly ever been given to a man because his familiarity with the things of the sea rendered him especially well qualified to fill it. Again and again the place has been used as a reward for political services, and yet it is obvious that whether the Shipping Commissioner is a Republican or a Democrat should be the last question asked before appointing him, if it should be asked at all.

It is assumed by those who ought to know that President WILSON and Secretary REDFIELD, between them, will soon select a new Shipping Commissioner for this most important port. They may both well ponder, as preliminary to action in the matter, on the desirability and propriety of giving the post to somebody who knows a good deal more about a ship than that its stem differs somewhat from its stern. We haven't so many sailors now, but we are going to have more soon. Their quality would certainly be improved—and there is much room for improvement—if their official guardians were competent as well as willing to make conditions at sea more attractive than now by eliminating unnecessary hardships of divers kinds.

Discovered a Racial Difference. In the course of his testimony before the Parliamentary committee this week, one explanation given by GODFREY ISAACS for his confidence in the success of the American Marconi Company was the readiness of people in this country to use rapid means of communication, even though they were rather expensive.

As Mr. ISAACS epigrammatically put the case, "An American sends a telegram to no matter what part of the world with little hesitation, whereas we send a half-penny postcard."

Opinions might differ as to whether that, apart from its connection, was a compliment or an accusation of extravagance. However that may be, the number of Americans that use one or the other of the two kinds of telegraphy, when writing would do as well, or nearly, is not so very large. To a good many of us—perhaps to the great majority—either the sending or the receiving of a telegram is something of an event, and the postcard habit is still all too prevalent here. Many open each infrequent dispatch they get with a sinking of the heart, so nearly sure are they that no message can come to them in that way unless it announces a death or some other calamity almost as serious.

Yet the statistics show that we do patronize the telegraph, both land and submarine, to an extent enormous in the aggregate.

CONVICTS WHO APPEAL.

Sheriff Harburger Attacks Bill Placing Them in His Care.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has just been called to a bill which has been introduced in the Assembly (printed No. 2016, introduction No. 1777,) and which provides that upon a conviction of murder in the first degree a prisoner is to remain in the custody of the Sheriff of the county until after the appeal from such conviction has been passed upon by the Court of Appeals. This bill should not pass the Legislature, as it is absolutely impracticable, unjust, and a bad law from every standpoint.

Under its provisions I, as Sheriff of New York County, would be compelled to retain the custody, for a period of eight months or more of first degree murderers without having any facilities or any sufficient guard to take care and watch over such prisoners. I have only six prison guards to take care of approximately sixteen thousand prisoners sentenced to prison per year. My force is insufficient for its duties even under the present system, and it would be impossible to take care of the murderers during the time their appeal was pending. I doubt whether such prisoners could be lodged in the New York City prison inasmuch as the prisoners in such prison are in the custody of the Department of Correction, and not in the custody of the Sheriff, and the prisoners in New York County jail are entirely civil prisoners.

JULIUS HARBURGER, Sheriff.
New York, April 10, 1913.

The Efficient Port Collector.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The dinner last night in honor of the retiring Collector of the Port of New York, William Loeb, Jr., was a deserved tribute to a faithful, efficient officer. It demonstrated anew that this important office should be entirely divorced from politics. I observe that delegations have visited the White House with a view to persuading the President to appoint an up-State man to fight Tammany Hall.

I have no sympathy whatever with the local Democratic organization, but I think that the President's appointment to the Collectorship of the Port of New York should be based absolutely on the ground of the appointee's fitness for the duties of the place, his character and his general equipment for the post. All other considerations should be put aside. A citizen of New York who is familiar with the business conditions here is better prepared to perform the duties of the place than some one from one of the country districts, who would doubtless have a great deal to learn before he would begin to master his duties.

TILDEN DEMOCRAT.
New York, April 11, 1913.

"Actual Facts."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Wilson says: "Our task is to square them [the tariff schedules] with the actual facts." You comment in an editorial entitled "Expectations Cruelly Disappointed," on this "queer pleonasm or tautology," but I confess I cannot see the point of your criticism. Reality is not the only sense of the noun "actuality" (in French, actualite,) or the adjective "actual." This adjective is the contrary, not of the unreal alone, but also of all that, real at other times, is no longer real. President Wilson would have us square our tariff schedules with our "actual" economic conditions. With the "actual" situation in manufactures, as opposed to the situation which confronted our original tariff makers in industry's lost infancy. Surely all this must be clear to THE TIMES, with its graceful and trenchant "Topics." In the Oxford Dictionary one finds two synonyms of the word "actual," as follows: "Present, current."

This time, at least, you failed to catch President Wilson napping.

W. B. BLAKE.
New York, April 10, 1913.

Cure for the "Hunger Strike."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer can see no reason why the time of the prison officials and attendants should be wasted by the employment of forced feeding methods. An excellent remedy lies in serving breakfast, dinner, and supper in the usual rotation, day after day. If the lady guests decline, they lack sympathy for themselves and should not expect it from others. In a very few days, "with black lips baked, with thirst unslaked," the odor of food assailing their nostrils as it appears before them, a deep yearning will sway them, only to be calmed by food. If, however, determined to die—why, what matter? "They never will be missed."

New York, April 10, 1913. RIB ROAST.

Acquitted Prisoners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why not have the State or county pay the costs and expenses of one placed on trial on a criminal charge after a verdict of acquittal.

Why should one be obliged to provide a heavy bail, retain counsel, if he would have able defense, at heavy expense, have his time diverted, his business destroyed, go through the sweating process of a trial, and become, as often happens, a pauper, to be subsequently declared innocent, without recourse?

A. MICHAELSON.
New York, April 10, 1913.

LOW WAGES AND VICE.

Their Connection Is Obvious, Consumers' League Insists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recent publicity regarding the dangers and temptations for low paid workers in retail stores has brought out a reply in THE TIMES called "An Indignant Protest in Behalf of the Shop Girl," in which the writer defends the high moral standard of saleswomen and resents the implication that low paid work is a menace to virtue.

It seems almost unnecessary for the Consumers' League, (which has been active in the investigations referred to,) to insist that such investigations in the conditions in stores in no way reflect upon the moral character of salesgirls as a whole. For twenty-three years the league has devoted itself to bettering the conditions of women workers and it is fully qualified to testify to the high moral tone, the courage, and self-sacrifice of the large body of young women employed in our big stores. But the league does insist that the position of girls in such establishments presents grave dangers and that the burden of guarding young women from these rests with the employes and the public. It is unfortunate if recent publicity has reflected unjustly on the character of these girls, but it would be more unfortunate to withhold publicity, the result of which might greatly improve their conditions.

The writer of the "indignant protest" implies that salesgirls "coming in contact with women who have money to spend" is not a menace. Who can deny that to a girl of natural tastes, supporting herself on from $6 to $8 a week, such contact is not only bewildering, but that the tastes and longings it stimulates make it harder for her to resist the temptations that beset her. Who can deny that the necessity of dressing well, ("learning to be clean and careful in appearance") on such low wages makes a girl's situation no easier?

And even the most educated, courteous shopper must smile at the suggestion that the girl learns from her "to be a good conversationalist," or that it is greatly to the girl's advantage "to be seen and admired" by the men who frequent department stores.

The Consumers' League has always stood for a living wage for girls and women in shops—not for a wage depressed below the standard of men; not for the wages inadequate for a woman's self-support in health and decency. It is absurd for any one to assume that "social reformers" believe that a low wage is the only menace to virtue. But can intelligent employers or a conscientious public believe that young girls, thrown upon their own resources, working under great physical or nervous strain amid the luxuries that a great retail store represents, are not menaced in health or virtue, or both, when they receive less than a living wage?

MAUD NATHAN, President.
AMEY O. ALDRICH,
Corresponding Secretary, New York Consumers' League.
New York, April 10, 1913.

TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS

Need Additional Clothing While Taking Open-Air Treatment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That the open-air treatment for tuberculosis can be carried out in New York City is being proved at the Bellevue Settlement House, which has been established for the benefit of the patients of the Bellevue Tuberculosis Clinic under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary to that clinic. The patients, all of whom are women and young girls in the incipient stages of the disease, spend the day at the day camp—the old ferryboat Southfield, moored in the East River off the grounds of Bellevue Hospital—and return in the evening to sleep on the roof of the Settlement House, which has been fitted up with waterproof canvas awnings and twenty comfortable cots.

But the success of the cure depends largely on adequate and suitable clothing. It is impossible to take the cure in the open air with no better protection than the thin and worn garments with which most of the patients are provided when they come to the Settlement House. Over and over again the stock of clothing held in reserve at the house has been exhausted in the vain effort to fit every patient out in the right way to gain all possible advantage from the treatment.

Any package sent to Miss A. E. Clements, Nurse in Charge, Bellevue Settlement House, 206 East Thirtieth Street, will be gratefully acknowledged, or if a note is sent to Miss Clements she will send for clothing.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY TO THE BELLEVUE TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC.
New York, April 11, 1913.

School Children in the Subway.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would seem to me that the congestion of the Broadway Subway express trains could be greatly relieved from the Washington Heights district if parents and teachers of school children would suggest to the children that they use local instead of express trains. From my personal observation I am convinced that the school children add greatly to this congestion between 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning.

LEROY BOWERS.
New York, April 11, 1913.

AN APPEAL FOR JUSTICE.

Where is departed the olden time chivalry,
Knights who would fight for a glove or a fan—
Fight to the death for the smile of a woman?
And where is the justice of present-day man?

Ye men of to-day, can ye look on impassive?
Have ye no conscience, no gallantry? Say!
Can ye sit back in complacent contentment,
With woman so harried in England to-day?

Take Mrs. A—a shameful injustice—
Only destroyed seven boxes of mail,
Broke a few windows, and burned a few houses.
What did they give her?—Two long weeks in jail!

Then poor Miss B is another brave worker—
Tears choke me so that I scarcely can speak—
All that she did was to blow up a building—
Those inhuman monsters then gave her a week!

If there's one thing that ranks as the crowning injustice,
If there's one thing should kindle our just indignation,
It is that these cruel, tyrannical English
Won't let these brave martyrs die of starvation!

Then give them the vote, ye men of Old England;
For have they not shown ye as well as they can
That they are far better anarchists, vandals,
Firebugs, and law-breakers than is a mere man?

KENT MILLER.

"BUSY AND HALF BUSY"

In Full Crew Combination Do Not Increase Safety.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few days ago, with his approval of the Full Crew bill, Gov. Sulzer of New York filed an explanatory memorandum which surely calls for immediate criticism at the hands of each and every individual who is interested in sane and safe railroading. According to published reports the Governor is of opinion that when the Full Crew bill goes into effect railroad travel will be much safer than it has been in the past. Gov. Sulzer, I am afraid, is very much mistaken. As I interpret the situation, these Full Crew bills which are now being worked up so persistently in the Legislatures of the different States are framed, unconsciously, no doubt, yet unmistakably, in the accident interest. The New York bill, for example, contains as great a proportion of the safety element in its composition as Falstaff's bill of fare contained wholesome food—that is to say, a half-penny worth of bread to an intolerable deal of sack.

"I have been shocked to learn," the Governor says, "that the railroads of the State killed five time as many passengers last year as they did five years ago. The figures in detail are as follows:

July to July.	Passengers Killed.	Passengers Injured.
1907-1908	9	348
1908-1909	13	469
1909-1910	21	848
1910-1911	18	656
1911-1912	45	945

"The truth is," the Governor concludes, "that nearly all the accidents of recent years might have been prevented by the employment of more men."

Now, I wish to say that in criticising Gov. Sulzer and his point of view in this matter, I do not represent any side of interest. I am simply continuing the campaign for better and safer service on railroads which I started and carried on single-handed years before either the managers or the brotherhoods were heard from on the subject. So, when I am informed that the record of accidents for five years in New York State and elsewhere has been continually going from bad to worse, I reply that this unfortunate state of affairs represents to a very great extent the net effect of legislative and brotherhood interference with the office and function of management. This Full Crew bill is a pertinent example of this dangerous policy. With the interests of the traveling public at stake, yet with all respect to Gov. Sulzer, every right-minded railroad man is justified in looking upon his published statement that "nearly all the accidents of recent years might have been prevented by the employment of more men" as unadulterated nonsense. Neither in the offices of the railroad managers nor in the files of the Inter-State Commerce Commission is there any such evidence or any reference to such a ridiculous state of affairs. On the contrary, overlooking the whole field of railroad industry, the typical American railroad accident bears on its face the stamp of *carelessness* under work and wage conditions that, as a rule, have little or nothing to do with the fact of the accident. While, of course, here and there exceptions to this rule can be detected, it is nevertheless a fair presentation according to the records of the case, as a whole.

Furthermore, in regard to these Full Crew bills and their probable effect on the service in the different States, there stands out this one simple yet vital conclusion: They compel managers to employ certain men at times and at points when and where they are not actually needed. Now, when a railroad manager puts an extra man on a train when his services are called for, the safety situation is then and there strengthened. But, on the other hand, when blindly he puts this extra man to work on twenty trains when it is only necessary to do so on one of them, as would certainly be the case in Massachusetts, in New Hampshire, and in most of the other States under these laws, the safety situation has actually been weakened in nineteen cases out of twenty. As elsewhere, but particularly on the railroads, a busy and a half-busy man together make a weak combination. When you find two men in a switch tower, on an engine, or on a freight train, doing the work that one man can reasonably handle, under such conditions, I say, look out for an accident.

A busy, alert American railroad worker is a splendid fellow. The service as a whole is made up of just such men. As a unit he, the railroad worker, is usually safe and sure, but two men of this same good calibre on the same job, but not very busy, are at the same time not nearly so safe nor nearly so sure. This is part of the psychology of the safety problem on American railroads, and to understand its significance one has only to study the reports of accidents as published from time to time by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The ideal safety situation, then, is when the worker under proper supervision is kept reasonably busy. Furthermore, the ideal method to find out what should constitute a full crew is for manager and men to get together and to decide on each train or each class of trains on their merits. Some one should certainly have the authority to weed out of the train service every suspicion of loafing. Now, the political instincts of the people should at least be wise enough to prevent the State from tackling a railroad job of this nature. In these safety matters the public is going to reap just what it sows and encourages in Legislatures and otherwise.

The people should be informed, then, and in the plainest language by those who have impartially studied and understand the situation, that these Full Crew bills will upon the whole have a widespreading tendency to encourage accidents. In the second place, these Full Crew bills must be looked upon as the personal measures of the brotherhood leaders. This kind of legislation is their stock in trade. With measures such as these they propose to divorce and are to-day succesfully divorcing the rank and file of the men from the duly authorized managing department. These leaders propose to do away with every vestige of co-operation and personal relationship. The absolutely essential conditions of safe and satisfactory public service are impossible under the jurisdiction of these mischief makers. The situation from the standpoint of the people, then, is cancerous. It calls imperatively for the sharp knife of public disapproval. In the law courts, in the Legislature, in nearly every department of the railroad service the people are up against the unholy alliance of the politicians and the railroad labor leader. In the midst of it all the manager cannot resign his responsible yet thankless position. He at least is duty bound. He must stay on as best he can, in jail or out, and face the music.

JAMES O. FAGAN.
Waltham, Mass., April 10, 1913.

METROPOLITAN GETS A RARE TRIPTYCH

The Work of Sixteenth Century Painter Now on Exhibition in the Museum.

MANY OTHER ACQUISITIONS

Tiepolo's Sketch for a Ceiling and Well-Preserved Examples of Egyptian Furniture Added.

A beautiful triptych by Adriaen Isenbrant from the collection of Dr. Friedrich Lippman, for many years Director of the Cabinet of Prints in Berlin, obtained by the Metropolitan Museum from M. Jacques Seligman, is an important addition to the museum announced in this month's bulletin. The triptych is small, the delicacy of its work miniaturelike, and as it must have good light to be seen properly, it has been placed immediately in gallery 34, which will be its permanent home. It will later have a better and more appropriate setting in the gallery.

The central panel of the triptych shows the Holy Family. The "Adoration of the Kings" is on the left wing, while on the right is the "Flight into Egypt." The three panels are bound together decoratively by continuous lines of landscape. The quality of the coloring is exquisite. The wings, being painted on both sides, are in perfect condition, and the central panel is also well preserved. On the other side of the wings there are painted in grisaille the "Annunciation" and the "Visitation."

Isenbrant, who was a pupil of Gerard David in Bruges, is known to have been at work there in 1520.

A beautiful allegorical sketch for a ceiling by Tiepolo, typical of the perspective and atmosphere for which that artist was noted, is in rich colors. The figures are concentrated around the edge, forming a framework for the sky, in which are flying figures, Cupids, and birds. It is not known that the ceiling for which this was designed was ever made or the building for which it was intended. It was in the possession of the Osnaga family of Padua, who were later of Milan. It is now to be seen in the Recent Accessions room on the main floor of the Museum.

An "Autumn Landscape," by Jervis McEntee, and "Camp Meeting," by Worthington Whittredge, are to be seen in the same room. They are purchases from the Borden collection.

It will interest many people to see the Egyptian furniture that will be on exhibition in the Recent Accessions Room during this month. The dry climate of Egypt has preserved it almost miraculously and 2000, 3000 and even 4000 B. C. furniture was not so different from that of the present day. Folding, backless, camp stools, one still having a pliable leather seat, are much like those in use to-day, though these are rather more elaborate and more attractive. The camp stools date back to 1400 and 2000 B. C. A low stool with part of the plaited top or seat still preserved might have come from one of the modern arts and crafts shops. That is, a 2000 B. C. piece and a couch frame is of 3400 B. C. Low-seated chairs also have the look of the modern arts and crafts, but a Coptic lute and an Egyptian member of the harp family would never be mistaken for modern musical instruments.

Two lots of silver which have previously been exhibited in the Museum, are now to be seen in the Recent Accessions Room, having been purchased by the Museum. One is the European part of the George S. Palmer collection and the other the Truax collection.

Fifty-four silver mote spoons are an interesting collection and would make most satisfactory tea spoons of the present day. They are small, each with a perforated bowl and the handle pointed at the end to clear the tea grounds from the tea-pot spout. In all the fifty-four, no two bowls have the same design of perforation. Four Byzantine spoons are rare and curious. The Museum has a large, fine and growing collection of silver which has recently been placed in the galleries overlooking the Hall of Casts, where it can be seen to advantage.

A cellaret of the Empire period, in the Recent Accessions Room, is a gift of Miss Ada Rehan. A thirteenth century carved ivory bishop's crozier head is an interesting acquisition.

BIG NAVY EASY IF NEEDED.

Daniels Says the People Have Only to Plead for Larger Fleet.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—"When the people plead for a greater American navy we will have it, and not till then," said Secretary Daniels in an address at the annual dinner of the Navy League of the United States here tonight, at which Vice President Marshall and other notables were present.

"If we can convince the people of the United States that the navy is theirs, and that you and I are here as their servants to carry out their wishes and interests in regard to it, I will feel that my service here has not been in vain. I do not want the people to feel that the navy is anchored somewhere away from them in the far mid-ocean of professionalism, but that it is moored alongside of the American home and for its protection. I want them to know about it—not only its glories of the past, but its present efficiency and its future possibilities.

"This preparedness," he added, "can be had only by rounding out and completing the navy and making it large enough to be the strong right arm of the Republic, and to do the work for which the right arm is intended, not for punishment, not for injury to others, but for protection of one's self and one's country. Let us have done for once and forever with the silly boasts of the stripling that we are able to lick any Nation on earth. Let us have done with threats, but let us have done with the underestimating of our strength, the minimizing of our naval esprit de corps—of that spirit which would deny that our naval heroes of to-day are potentially as famous as the men whose names are on every tongue."

Secretary Daniels submitted that there must be co-operation between naval experts and the people if the latter were to have correct information concerning the development of the navy.

Col. Robert M. Thompson, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Navy League, contended that Congress stood in the way of efficient control of the navy.

"Younger Admirals," he said, "also are necessary to make an American fleet effective in time of war. For some reason Congress has always had a strong prejudice against giving high rank to officers in the navy."

"Every maritime nation in the world except our own," he continued, "has appeciated this and the vital importance of the position of Admiral, and they have taken steps to secure young, vigorous, and highly qualified men, and to give them the necessary experience to fit them for the supreme command."

Directors were elected as follows: For the term ending March 31, 1914—Carter Harrison Fitzhugh of Chicago, Gov. Emmet O'Neil of Alabama, Clarence Ousley of Fort Worth, Texas, and R. W. Neeser of New York. For the term ending March 31, 1915—J. D. Phelan of San Francisco, George V. L. Meyer of Massachusetts, and Perry Belmont of New York. For the term ending March 31, 1916—A. H. Stayton, Charles L. Poor, Louis A. Osborne, Henry H. Ward, J. Pierpont Morgan, Clinton E. Braine, Beekman Winthrop, William A. Clark, and R. A. Long, all reelected.

PRAISE INFLUENCE OF DRAMA LEAGUE

Augustus Thomas Points to the Spread of Cabaret Dances as Proving Power of Theatre.

A FIGHT FOR GOOD PLAYS

League Aims to Instruct the Public as to What Is Worth While on the Stage, Lyceum Meeting Hears.

Augustus Thomas, the playwright, presided yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Drama League of America in the Lyceum Theatre, in West Forty-fifth Street. The league, which has branches in twenty cities in this country, aims to encourage the production of good plays by enlightening the public as to their merits. Part of its work is to teach the art of expression through amateur theatrical performances. In his address Mr. Thomas said:

"The Mayor of this city endeavored to stop some dancing that was being done more or less to the entertainment of the public. I remember that some of the cabarets we see now were first introduced in Paris when I was living there. They were first seen when a man and a woman were dancing them in the cafés on the Boulevard. Over there they were called the 'American dances.'

"These dances were a kind of outgrowth of our Ethiopic cakewalk. They were elaborated by the theatres, and from the theatres they were taken into the homes. Finally, now they have been taken back to the cabarets. I don't know what influence they have had on the public morals. I am not criticising what the Mayor has done, nor am I ready to say whether these dances should or should not have been suppressed, but I will admit that their popularity has been due to their elaboration in the theatre.

"No matter what is done in the theatre we will never be immune to its influence. It is the most powerful engine ever devised by the thought of man for suggestion. Consequently I welcome the efforts of the Drama League of America to give us better plays by enlightening the public."

Mrs. A. Starr Best of Chicago, Chairman of the Organization Department of the Drama League, said that its aim was to create an intelligent interest in drama so that good drama would be recognized and better plays obtained. She then described the work of the educational department of the league, referring particularly to the instruction of amateurs.

"The idea in taking children into the educational movement of the Drama League," said Mrs. Best, "was to direct them before they had formed dreadful habits and before they became business men too much engaged to think for themselves in the choice of plays.

"The real reason why our country is so far behind in the matter of good drama is because we have been too eager to place the blame on the wrong side of the footlights. We have taken into too little consideration the great, good-natured American public that attends these plays and actually tries to enjoy them. The commercial manager must remain for a good many years to come. The managers must give to the people what they want. It is for us to teach the public what they want and have them show that they want it."

According to Mrs. Best, the Drama League has more than 50,000 members, representing all the States and having ramifications in Canada. The present headquarters of the league is in Chicago, where it has some 3,000 members. The members are furnished with bulletins containing critical appreciations of the best plays, and that they attend these was shown by Mrs. Best. In response to inquiries sent out to the 3,000 members of the league in Chicago, 678 replied that they bought 17,182 tickets to plays recommended by the league. In Boston, where there is a centre with 2,650 members, 1,075 sent in returns showing that the attendance at plays indorsed by the Drama League of members was 21,394.

What such an organization as the Drama League meant to the actor was discussed by Miss Fola La Follette. She said she regarded the box office of a theatre as a ballot box, where every ticket was a vote for the future of the drama. She lamented that the public generally took even less interest in the box office ballot than they did in the political ballot at election time. She said that frequently at her hotel she had seen men approach the counter and ask for tickets to some good show.

"Some people ask why the actor doesn't work out the conception of his piece between four walls, the same as the painter and the poet," said Miss La Follette. "No actor would ask that. He knows that a creation is never perfect until that other factor, the audience, has been taken into consideration."

Some of the other speakers were Howard Kyle, George Middleton, and Francis Wilson.

The Drama League has opened temporary offices at 206 West Ninety-ninth Street. It was said that after the annual convention in Chicago this month New York might be chosen as the headquarters of the organization. Some of the Directors of the New York centre are: Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin, Mrs. Abraham Flexner, George W. Bacon, Treasurer; Lewis W. Isaacs, William Chauncey Langdon, William A. Bohn, Elwood Hendrick, Mrs. John W. Alexander, Prof. C. S. Baldwin, Alfred Brown, Miss Marjorie Prentiss, Miss Mary Shea, and Dr. St. Clair Hester of Brooklyn.

Mrs. Joseph S. Stout Entertains.

Mrs. Joseph S. Stout gave a luncheon party yesterday at the Hotel St. Regis. The Louis XVI. dining room was used for the affair, and her thirty-five guests were seated at six round tables, decorated with Spring flowers. There were also corsage bouquets of orchids and lilies of the valley for each guest. The guests included Mrs. Wilberforce Sully, Mrs. Ambrose R. Adams, Mrs. William Miller, Miss Maude Hamilton Clements, Mrs. Edward C. Hoyt, Mrs. William Morris Hubbard, Mrs. Andrews V. Stout, Mrs. Bayard Dominick, Mrs. Fletcher H. Bangs, Mrs. Cornell Woolley, Mrs. William H. Dougherty, Mrs. John C. Clark, Mrs. Augustus Taylor, Mrs. Anderson Fowler, Mrs. S. Fisher Johnson, Mrs. Ernest Warren, Miss Nanno Dougherty, and Mrs. Clarence S. Day.

Justice Cohalan Improving.

The condition of Daniel F. Cohalan, Justice of the Supreme Court, who was operated on Sunday for appendicitis, was greatly improved yesterday, it was said at the Roosevelt Hospital. His temperature is normal. It will be several days, however, before friends will be permitted to see him.

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SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman are sailing for Europe to-day on the Amerika. They have leased Lady Vivian's house in Belgrave Square, London, for the season, and will return to New York about July 1, going to their country place at Southampton, L. I. Albert L. Hoffman, who has spent the last year in Berlin, will join his parents in London.

H. M. S. Cumberland, with H. R. H. Prince Albert on board, has left Jamaica for Havana, Cuba, for a short stay, and will arrive at Bermuda about April 14.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, who have been spending the Winter at the Ritz-Carlton, left yesterday for Washington, D. C., for a few days' visit, prior to opening their place at Port Washington, L. I.

Mrs. George Leary of 1,053 Fifth Avenue has returned from Washington, where she was the guest of the Secretary of War and Mrs. Garrison, and assisted at the first Cabinet tea on Wednesday. She will be at home informally to-morrow.

Mrs. Henry K. Adams will entertain at a large luncheon and auction bridge at the Plaza on April 16.

Mrs. William Goddard of Providence, R. I., is at the St. Regis for a brief visit.

The annual Dobbs tea and bazaar in aid of the Masters School Day Nursery and the Dobbs Neighborhood House will take place to-day from 2 o'clock until 6 in the Plaza ballroom. There will be dancing from 5 to 6. East side monologues and a reader of character through handwriting will add to the interest of the affair.

A Greek dance has been added to the list of attractions that the Spence Alumnae are to present at their entertainment in the Aerial Theatre for the benefit of their crippled protégés. There will be nine society girls in the dance, the Misses Beulah Hepburn, Eleanor Townsend, Louise Williston, Margery Brown, Helene Underwood, Mrs. Harold Turner, Mrs. Frederick Van Beuren, Jr., Mrs. James Otis Post, and Mrs. Barent Lefferts.

Mrs. Samuel C. Van Deusen will give a tea on Saturday, April 19, for Mrs. Henry Wood and the Baroness von Kretsdman, and is asking to meet them those who are taking part in the Angels in Art entertainment for the benefit of the Chrystie Street House.

Mrs. Frank Briggs Carpenter of 1 West Eighty-first Street will give a musical tea to-day from 4 to 7 for Mrs. George W. Strongman, Mrs. Henry M. Corkle, Mrs. Barclay Lindsay, Mrs. Otis Smith, and Miss Grace Momand will assist in receiving.

John Dyneley Prince, who is to marry Miss Marian de Forest Cannon on April 16, is giving his farewell bachelor dinner to-night.

The wedding of Miss Rosette S. Ford and Arklay King of Garrison, N. Y., will take place at noon to-day at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ward Ford, Morristown, N. J. Miss Ford entertained her bridal attendants and the ushers at dinner last night at her home, where they are house guests.

A vaudeville entertainment will be given by the Rayson Alumnae Association this evening at the Hotel Gotham for the benefit of the North Carolina mountaineers.

The annual dance of the Eta Phi Fraternity, Beta Chapter, is to be held to-night at the Hotel Marseille.

Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst have issued invitations to a dance to be held at their apartments at 137 Riverside Drive on Monday afternoon, April 28, to celebrate the tenth anniversary of their wedding.

CUBIST SALE TO AID BLIND.

Charles Dana Gibson and Dr. Finley to Auction "Misapplied Art."

Charles Dana Gibson, illustrator, and Dr. John Finley, President of the College of the City of New York, are among those slated to act as auctioneers on April 22 for the collection of paintings from the School of Misapplied Art, now on exhibition at the Lighthouse for the Blind, 111 East Fifty-ninth Street. Job Hedges has been invited to be a third salesman. That the purchasers of these products of misapplied art may know what they are buying, Mr. Gibson, Dr. Finley, and the others will be asked to interpret each painting, making clear exactly what idea the artist wishes to convey.

Both pieces furnished by Enrico Caruso have been donated to this fund and a large number of other artists have made like contributions. One or two masterpieces, sought by fastidious collectors, have been labeled "hors de combat," and will be withheld.

The exhibition will be open to the public and to prospective purchasers until April 22d. This announcement revokes a current notice to the effect that the exhibition would close on April 12. A seat on the "cubist exchange" on the evening of the 22d, when Mr. Gibson and Dr. Finley will proceed with the sale of the pictures, will cost 50 cents. A few box seats in the gallery may be reserved at $5.

TO SEE DECENT DANCING.

Mr. and Mrs. Castle to Appear Before Members of "Vacation Fund."

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle have volunteered to dance at the entertainment to be given by the "Vacation Savings Fund" at the new Grand Central Palace on Wednesday evening, April 16, and the self-supporting women and girls who are members of the organization will see how the much-discussed up-to-date dances can be presented in a proper and refined manner.

The Vacation Savings Fund is an organization for the benefit of working girls, in which Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, and Miss Robinson Smith are interested. It was suggested in November, 1911, by a number of girls who realized the difficulty of saving, owing to the daily temptations to use their pennies for moving pictures, soda water, and candy.

Forty-three girls started the fund. There are now 8,000 of them, and they have saved $50,000. Besides the appearance of the Castles in society dances, there will be many novel attractions at the entertainment on April 16, and the evening will close with general dancing.

Miss Thompson to Wed Henry Fletcher.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Ethel Thompson, a daughter of Mrs. Richard J. Thompson of 30 East Fifty-fifth Street, to Henry Fletcher. Miss Thompson has for the last five years been the head of the Sixty-third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and is Vice President of the Northfield League of New York. She is a sister of Henry S. Thompson, the present Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity.

Mr. Fletcher, who is a member of the law firm of Fletcher, Sillcocks & Leahy of 165 Broadway, has lived at the Plaza for two years. He was graduated from Yale, class of '98; from the Harvard Law School in 1901, and is a member of the University, Yale, Harvard, and New York Athletic Clubs.

Hamilton-Coates Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Coates, a daughter of Mrs. Isabel D. Coates, and Clayton Hamilton, dramatic editor of several magazines and a lecturer at Columbia University, will take place on Monday, May 26, at the residence of the bride's mother, 300 West Eighty-first Street. Miss Coates will have but one attendant, her sister, Miss Mary Isabel Coates. The wedding will be a very quiet one, with only relatives and a few close friends present. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton will sail almost immediately to spend their honeymoon in Europe.

Anne Crewe Weds W. B. Kennedy.

Anne Crewe, who has been playing Rachel in "Joseph and His Brethren" at the Century Theatre, was married yesterday afternoon to William Burns Kennedy of Openhym & Co., silk manufacturers, at the parsonage of the Wayne Street Reformed Church of Jersey City, by the pastor, the Rev. Andrew J. Heyer. In the wedding party were Earl Kirch Graber, son of the bride, and Miss Florence Kennedy, daughter of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy will sail on the Olympic from Hoboken this morning to be gone some months.

Mandell-Dunning Wedding.

Announcement was made yesterday of the wedding on Tuesday last of Miss Esther B. Mandell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Mandell of Cambridge, Mass., and Hazard A. Dunning of Montclair, son of Mr. and Mrs. Warren H. Dunning. The wedding occurred at the home of the bride's parents. Following a wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Dunning will live at 3 Valley Place, Montclair.

THREATS PUT AN END TO ITALIAN CONCERT

Black Hand Messages Strike Terror Into Germans Hired for Italians Dismissed.

CONDUCTOR STAYS AT HOME

Afraid to Venture Out, and Managers Decide to Call the Proposed Concert Off.

The recently organized Italian Philharmonic Society of New York, which dismissed a number of Italian musicians on Tuesday because of their artistic deficiency and replaced them with Germans from the Metropolitan and from other symphony orchestras, attempted to hold its third rehearsal yesterday morning in Terrace Garden. The rehearsal was to have been the last before the society's first concert of Italian music in Carnegie Hall on Sunday.

But the rehearsal was not allowed to proceed. The Germans in the orchestra were terrified by threats of Black Hand outrages and deserted. The conductor, Caesar Sodero, remained closely guarded behind the locked doors of his own bedroom and refused to stir for all the pleadings of his backers. Black Hand letters sent to him overnight, following the disturbances which broke up the rehearsal on Thursday, gave Mr. Sodero a severe case of nerves.

Anton F. Scibilia, General Director of the Philharmonic Society, learned in the society's offices at 1,402 Broadway, yesterday morning, that something was going seriously wrong at Terrace Garden. The conductor had not put in his appearance, a report from the Garden said, and more than fifty Italian musicians were standing about waiting for rehearsals to begin. The Director rushed to Terrace Garden and he found the Germans had drawn apart to compare notes. Each one was talking about Black Hand bombs and threats of bombs and was agreeing with his fellow German trombonists and violinists that he would never play with an Italian orchestra.

Mr. Scibilia, in his official capacity as Director, did not take so much stock in the Blank Hand threats as some of his musicians did. But there was a by-product of the threats that worried him a great deal and that was the fact that while the musicians were standing about waiting for the Conductor they were each running up a bill of $4, the price for attending a rehearsal.

Mr. Scibilia called a taxi and made a fast run to the home of Conductor Sodero. There he found a thoroughly terrified conductor, who by no means could be induced to venture out on the street or even go to Terrace Garden in a closed taxicab.

A rapid trip back to Terrace Garden was made for the purpose of urging the musicians to proceed with a temporary conductor in charge. But the Director was called to the telephone.

"Say, mister," said a strange voice, "if you have the Germans play the music of Italia it will not be good for you in Carnegie Hall."

That was the final blow to the orchestral enterprize. The German musicians were told it was all over and the Italian musicians were told to go back to their usual vocations. For the public this statement was given out:

> It has been deemed best to postpone the inaugural concert scheduled for Carnegie Hall April 13 indefinitely, owing to opposition outside the orchestra and friction among the members. Threatening communications have been received by the society, which, if executed, would do serious injury to members of the audience and destroy the performance. The experience at Terrace Garden yesterday has led the society to this decision.

At the offices of the Philharmonic Society fourteen warnings were received yesterday over the telephone that "it would not be good" to give the advertised concert in Carnegie Hall, except with an all-Italian orchestra. It was explained that the Philharmonic Society's Directors were determined to render the Italian music in the best form it could possibly be rendered, or not at all.

"We were featuring the music, not the musicians," said an officer of the society, "and a number of us of Italian parentage, who were born in America, took a world view and not a narrow view. We employed Germans from the Metropolitan orchestra and other orchestras because they reached our required level of artistic ability. We dismissed Italian musicians because they did not. This unfortunate affair only goes to prove that music is not a national matter, but is a matter of international appreciation. The writers of the great Italian compositions were citizens of the world and their music could best be played by men of all nations."

Dance for Miss A. G. Kortright.

Miss Ada Phipps entertained last night with a small dance for her niece, Miss Alice G. Kortright, at Sherry's. Several dinners preceded the dancing, which was in the small ballroom, which was decorated with palms and Spring flowers. Miss Phipps and Miss Kortright received.

Shortly after 12 o'clock a seated supper at small tables was served in the suite adjoining the ballroom. A few married people were asked, but most of the guests were young girls, and the younger dancing men. They included Mr. and Mrs. H. de Berkeley Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Emmet, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Winslow, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hadden, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coppell, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Van Amringe, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Noel; the Misses Eleanor Lamson, Kathryn Motley, Justine Ingersoll, Ursula Brown, Dorothy Manice, Josephine Nicoll, Caro Brown, Laura Webb, Adelaide Cannon, Dorothy Keasbey, Frieda Pearson, Eleanora Kissel, Catherine Hamersley, Maude Shepherd, Dorothy Hancock, Evelyn Louise Witherbee, Jeanne King; Whiterwight Watson, Henry Mellen, Murray Hoffman, Gordon Hamersley, Franklin Richardson, Robert Fowler, Johnston Redmond, George Brokaw, Stephen Van Rensselaer, Addison Cammack, Jonathan Ingersoll, Harvey Graham, G. H. Warren, Jr., T. Chesley Richardson, William Bowers, W. Bruce Brown, Theodosius Stevens, Sidney D. Ripley, Walbridge Taft, Henry Emmet, and Lawrence Miller.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Scott Cooper, Robert Ober, Ivy Troutman, and Forest Winant have been added to the cast of "Are You a Crook?" with which H. H. Frazee will open the new Longacre Theatre on April 28.

Lee Morrison has acquired the dramatic rights to "A Romance of Billy-Goat Hill," by Alice Hegan Rice, author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch."

Fred Stone has added a new dance to the present "Punch Bowl Glide" in the performance of "The Lady of the Slipper" at the Globe.

More than 500 members of the Inerseal Association of the National Biscuit Company attended the performance of "Oh! Oh! Delphine" at the New Amsterdam last night.

Gaby Deslys appeared at the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon and furnished a little entertainment for the audience by engaging in a luncheon party with the four elephants which appear in the circus scene.

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WOMAN SUFFRAGE BENEFIT.

Audience Reads New Meaning Into "Madame X."—House Packed.

At the Belasco Theatre yesterday afternoon the suffragists read a new meaning into Bisson's familiar play, "Madame X," when, during the courtroom scene, Raymond Floriot, the young attorney, making an appeal for the unfortunate heroine, pronounced the words "some man has done this thing." That, to the suffragist audience, seemed to be the point of the play, and there was much applause.

It came during the presentation of the final act by Jane Cowl, who appeared for the first time in New York as Madame X, with William Elliott, returning to the stage to act his original rôle of the attorney for the defense. A number of prominent actors were in the support and occupied seats as jurors and spectators, and there were real tears on the stage as well as in the audience.

Preceding this feature of the programme there was an address by Miss Doris Keane, who outlined the cause, and whose portrait among others was subsequently sketched in view of the audience by J. Montgomery Flagg and sold to the highest bidder. William Norris acted as stage director and auctioneer.

Mrs. Vernon Castle, who danced with Vernon Castle, was another subject the sale of whose portrait helped to swell the campaign fund.

Another interesting feature of the Woman Suffrage Party Benefit was the first professional production in this city of Hermann Sudermann's "The Far-Away Princess," with Margaret Wycherly as the Princess and Felix Krembs in the rôle of the student lover who worships her through a telescope.

Edgar M. Ward, Lucine Finch, Katherine Buttitt, Tom Dobson, Claire Kummer, and Marjorie Benton Cooke were others who appeared. The house was packed and there was much enthusiasm.

MRS. SKINNER'S PLAY WINS.

Actor's Wife Gets Prize of $50 from Plays and Players.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 11.—Mrs. Otis Skinner has been announced as the winner in the one-act play contest, which the Plays and Players' organization inaugurated in November. Mrs. Skinner's work is known as "The Ne'er-to-Return-Road," and its success makes her the recipient of the $50 prize. The judges were George Middleton, the playwright; Clayton Hamilton, dramatic critic, and Mrs. Eugenia Woodward, the actress, all of New York. These were also favorably impressed with "Barbette," by Edward Hamilton Sterling of Trenton, and they gave high commendation to "Dust of the Road," by Joseph U. Du Barry of this city.

Mrs. Skinner's play and that of Mr. Sterling will be produced as a part of the Plays and Players' annual invitation performance which takes place next month at the Little Theatre. Twenty-seven one-act plays were entered in the contest.

A prize of $100 was offered at the same time for the best play of three acts or more. Ten of these were submitted, but the judges have not yet arrived at a decision. There will be a similar contest next season.

A DAY'S CONCERTS.

Jacques Kasner, New Violinist, Appears in Aeolian Hall.

Jacques Kasner, a young violinist, gave his first New York recital in Aeolian Hall last evening, when he played Nardini's sonata in D major, the Bach chaconne for violin alone, a suite of Sinding's, and compositions by Moor, Kreisler, and Wieniawski.

In the afternoon in the same hall Margaret Barrell, mezzo-soprano, gave a song recital. She sang an air from Rameau's "Dardanus," and songs by Schubert, Schumann, Brahms, Strauss, S. C. Bowns, Willeby, Wassall, and Macfadyen. She was accompanied by Coenraad von Bos.

Oscar Sonneck, the Musical Librarian of the Congressional Library, Washington, gave a historical survey of music in America at the Hotel Plaza yesterday morning under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum. This was the last of a series of six lectures.

Oliver Hazard Perry.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., April 11.—While on a visit to inspect his Summer home near this place this afternoon, Oliver Hazard Perry, one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of Elmhurst, N. Y., was seized with an attack of acute indigestion, and died in a short while. Mr. Perry, who was 70 years of age, lived on Broadway, Elmhurst. He had a fine country home near here, and to-day he made a trip from New York to look over the house and get it ready for occupancy this Summer.

Mr. Perry was a direct descendant of Commodore Perry, who played a prominent part in the War of 1812. He was also a cousin of O. H. P. Belmont. He was an artist. He is survived by a widow and three sons.

Rev. Joseph L. Hoey.

The Rev. Joseph L. Hoey, 57 years old, pastor of St. Francis de Sales Church, 135 East Ninety-sixth Street, died yesterday. He was born in February, 1855, and was ordained in 1877. In 1894 he founded the parish of which he was the head until his death.

French President's Mother Dies.

PARIS, April 11.—Mme. Poincaré, the mother of the President of the French Republic, died suddenly to-day.

Obituary Notes.

DANIEL D. HILLYER, one of the most prosperous farmers of Middletown Township, died at his home at Middletown, N. J., yesterday. Mr. Hillyer, who was 50 years old, had been ill three weeks with pneumonia. He died in the same house where he was born and had lived in it all his life.

JOHN P. LONERGAN died on Thursday at his home, 229 East Seventieth Street. He was a city employe and a civil war veteran and Past Commander of Adam Goss Post, G. A. R.

HENRY MILES, 91 years old, died at his home in Milford, Conn., on Thursday. He had been State School Fund Commissioner for twelve years.

WILLIAM J. BARNETT, 101 years old, is dead at his home in Cranford Road, N. J.

WILLIAM HENRY GRAHAM, 92 years old, of Nutley, N. J., died at his home, 11 Erie Place, on Thursday of heart disease.

THOMAS BARRY, 73 years old, a retired sea captain, died on Thursday at his home, 471 West 142d Street. He was a member of an expedition which went north in search of Sir John Franklin.

EUGENE CLARK, 66 years old, a coal merchant, is dead at his home, 208 Greenwood Avenue, Brooklyn.

PHILIP THOMAS, 65 years old, active for many years in Republican politics in Queens Borough, died on Thursday at his home, 146 Fulton Avenue, Astoria.

ROBERT L. BARBER, 64 years old, Postmaster of Camden, N. J., died at his home there yesterday. He had been County Clerk prior to his appointment as Postmaster.

ARMAND FORTIN, Superintendent of the vocal department of the New England Conservatory of Music, is dead at Kingston, Jamaica.

WILLIAM H. LEACH, 76 years old, for thirty-two years Treasurer of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, died on Thursday at his home, 176 Macon Street, Brooklyn, of heart disease. He was a member of the firm of Wilkinson Bros. & Co., wholesale paper dealers in Manhattan.

WILLIAM H. M'REYNOLDS, 66 years old, a retired merchant, died on Thursday at his home, 621 Third Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES FREDERICK BARTEL, 62 years old, a wholesale toy dealer, died on Thursday at his home, 43 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Dr. JARED G. BALDWIN, the second oldest homeopathic physician in the city, died yesterday at his residence, 8 East Forty-first Street. He was born July 18, 1827, the grandson of a Revolutionary soldier, who was educated at New York University. He was a member of the State and County Homeopathic socities, the New York Materia Medica Society, the Hahnemann Society, New York Medical Club, and Union League Club. He was also consulting physician at Hahnemann Hospital, and was third on the list of senior members of the American Institute of Homeopathy.

HUGO CURT MUSER, senior member of the firm of Muser Brothers, lace and embroiderry importers of 83 Fifth Avenue, died suddenly of heart disease on Thursday while running to catch a train at Highwood, N. J., where he lived. Mr. Muser was 39 years old.

SOLOMON L. HAAS, for many years a wholesale clothing merchant in Philadelphia, died at his home, 203 West 107th Street, yesterday from Bright's disease. He was in his 73d year. Soon after the death of his wife, Rose Shoff Haas, Mr. Haas retired from business in Philadelphia, three years ago, and made his home in this city. He is survived by a son, Jacob, and by two daughters, Nellie and Adele.

CHARLES FROHMAN ANNOUNCES PLANS

Manager Sailing for Europe on the Olympic Tells of Novelties to Come.

MISS ADAMS IN BARRIE PLAYS

John Drew to Have All-American Cast for "Much Ado About Nothing."

Charles Frohman sails to-day on the Olympic for his annual season abroad, during which he will visit London, Paris, Berlin, and Vienna, to supervise productions of his plays in the former city and look for new plays for next season in the others.

"I go to London in the first place to make new productions at my Duke of York and other theatres," said Mr. Frohman, in an interview yesterday. "I have arranged with David Belasco to produce 'Years of Discretion,' and 'The Woman' in London. Among the other American works I will do there are 'The Conspiracy' and the new play that Augustus Thomas is now finishing.

"My trip abroad will also include visits to Paris, Vienna, and Berlin. I shall go to Berlin for a new production in which I am interested and of which you will hear more later. This new production will occur in May.

"I have completed the plans for devoting one of my New York theatres next season entirely to 'An Evening with J. M. Barrie's One-Act Plays.'

"This season has demonstrated that the playgoing public has said 'good-bye' to that type of play that does not begin at the beginning, but begins with a long introduction or 'preparation' before its real beginning. The days of 'preparation' in play writing are over. Plays fail oftenest because they suffer oftenest from too much 'preparation.' The real playwrights of to-day never give a thought to 'preparation,' but get quickly to their subjects and compel their characters to accomplish all necessary 'preparation' in situations. Speed in getting to the heart of the subject has become such a National taste that it amounts to a National demand. To-day the author who jumps quickest into his subject wins quickest. I am glad to say that in this regard American plays, with their swift dialogue that deals only with the actual plot and their rapid action, are winning.

"I have just returned from an extensive trip through the West, which gave me the chance to visit and make definite plans for the principal people under my management now appearing in the West. I have arranged that Maude Adams will continue playing 'Peter Pan' uninterruptedly until after the next Christmas holidays. Then Miss Adams produces J. M. Barrie's new plays, which will keep her at the Empire Theatre for many months.

"Should we settle upon 'Much Ado About Nothing' for John Drew, Mr. Drew is eager that the entire cast be American and the production American made.

"In the West I finished the rehearsals of Miss Billie Burke in 'The Amazons' by taking the entire cast West with me. The Empire Theatre will be closed for ten days for its Spring cleaning. And then Miss Burke as Tommy Belturbet, the girl who grew up as a boy, comes there on April 28 for her first appearance on that stage since she made her American début there with John Drew in 'My Wife.'"

Fresh Air Fund Benefit.

The following artists will appear at the benefit to be given Sunday night at the Century Theatre in aid of the Volunteer Fresh Air Fund and French Day Nursery: Priscilla Knowles, in a one act play entitled "Ten Years Later," Lillian Russell, Montgomery and Stone, Nance O'Neill in a scene from "Macbeth," Pilar Morin, who will do one of her best known pantomimes; Jane Grey, Lyn Harding, in his interpretation of some of Shakespeare's characters; Rud. Christians, Brandon Tynan, Marie Fenton, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, who will speak for ten minutes on "Votes for Women;" John Emerson, Lew Fields, presenting a monologue new to New York; Claude Benedict, the French actor; Mme. Yorska, The Parson's Quartet, and Mme. Markbriet, who will present a melologue, with music by Chopin and words by Ujeski.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

SAMUELS—DAVIS.—April 6, Charlotte Davis to Edward Samuels.

TOZZER—CASTLE.—April 10, Margaret P. Castle to Alfred M. Tozzer.

Long Island.

SAWYER—ECOB.—April 10, Flushing, Eleanor Ecob to Harold M. Sawyer.

SHEA—JOMMES.—April 9, Lindenhurst, Georgianna Jommes to James P. Shea.

Newark.

DELANEY—BRERETON.—April 9, Catherine M. Brereton to Patrick Delaney.

GABLE—DE VOR.—April 9, Maude De Vor to John B. Gable.

KING—HAINES.—April 9, Geraldine Haines to Clinton P. King.

OWEN—WELLER.—April 9, Sarah Weller to Thomas Owen.

PUCKHABER—GEIMER.—April 9, Josephine K. Geimer to Charles H. Puckhaber.

WARD—TAYLOR.—April 9, Evelyn S. Taylor to William S. Ward.

Died.

ABRAHAM.—John D., beloved husband of Evelyn, at his late residence, 215 West 98th St., on Friday, April 11. Interment Cincinnati. Cincinnati papers please copy.

BALDWIN.—On April 11, 1913, at his residence, 8 East 41st St., after a lingering illness, Jared G. Baldwin, M. D., in the 86th year of his age.

BARTOL.—On Thursday, April 10, Charles Frederick Bartol, aged 62. Services will be held at his late residence, 43 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, Saturday, afternoon, April 12, at 5 o'clock. Interment at Claverack, N. Y.

BECK.—On Thursday, April 10, 1913, at Waverley, Mass., Howard Beck, son of the late Folker J. and Sarah L. Beck. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BENSINGER.—On April 7, at her residence, Frankfort-on-Main, Sarah, (nee Sohn,) aged 81, dearly beloved mother of Therese, Siegmund, and Carl Bensinger, 50 East 89th St., city.

BIDDLE.—On Thursday, April 10, Mary, daughter of Catherine Freneau and the late Edward Biddle. Funeral private.

BOYD.—On Friday, at Hotel Marie Antoinette, Mary E. Gillis, widow of John Boyd, in her 73d year. Funeral notice hereafter.

BROWN.—On Wednesday morning, April 9, at his residence, No. 45 West 89th St., Addison Brown, late Judge of the United States District Court, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral on Saturday at 2:30 P. M. at the All Souls' Church, 20th St. and 4th Av. Interment private.

CONE.—Suddenly, on April 8, Spencer H. Cone of 103 Waverley Place, city, in the seventieth year of his life. Funeral and interment private.

CULLY.—On April 10, Ellen T. Cully, beloved wife of John W. Cully, and daughter of the late Thomas and Mary Ward. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. Magsamen, 2,082 Daly Av., Saturday, April 12, 9:30; thence to St. Thomas Aquinas Church, Daly Av., at 10 A. M.

EARLE.—On Thursday morning, April 10, Lewis Earle, in his 36th year, son of the late William E. and Elizabeth Earle. Funeral services from the Chapel of the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St., New York City, at 10:30 A. M. Saturday, April 12. Interment private.

EARLE.—The New York Southern Society announces with deep regret the death of Lewis Earle, a member of the society, on April 10, 1913.

THOS. S. FULLER, Secretary.

FALK.—After a short illness, Gustav, beloved husband of Rebecca Falk, in the 72d year of his age. Funeral at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

FARRINGTON.—At her residence, Newburg, N. Y., on Thursday, April 10, Elizabeth Beveridge Farrington, daughter of the late E. Ward and Elizabeth Beveridge Farrington. Interment private on Sunday afternoon. Elmira papers please copy.

FERRIN.—On Thursday, April 10, 1913, in Detroit, Mich., Frances Maria, born Palmyra, N. Y., Feb. 5, 1831, widow of Charles J. Ferrin, daughter of Burr and Maria Butler, and beloved mother of Mrs. J. M. Griffin of Detroit, Mich.; Francis G. Ferrin of Rochester, N. Y., and Charles J. Ferrin of New York City. Funeral Roger's Chapel, Palmyra, N. Y., 11 o'clock, Saturday morning, April 12.

Died.

FISK.—On Thursday, April 10, 1913, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Francis U. Paris, Robert Farris Fisk of Boston, son of the late Robert Farris and Narcissa Perry Fisk, in the 63d year of his age.

GATES.—On Friday, April 4, 1913, at his home, Pasadena, Cal., after a short illness, Erastus Parsons Gates, son of the late Seth Merrill and Fanny Jeannette Parsons Gates, in the 63d year of his age. Interment later at convenience of family.

GRANT.—On Friday, April 11, 1913, Sarah Josephine Grant, beloved wife of Francis E. Grant, and daughter of the late John C. M. Rieck and Anne Garner. Services at her late residence, 329 Convent Av., Monday, April 14, at 11:30 A. M. Haverstraw and Ithaca (N. Y.) papers please copy.

GUNNING.—On Thursday, April 10, Jane, widow of Campbell Gunning, aged 72 years. Funeral services at her residence, 181 Richmond St., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Interment private.

HAAS.—On April 11, 1913, Solomon L., beloved husband of the late Rose Shloss Haas, in his 73d year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral service on Saturday at 8 P. M. from his late residence, 203 West 107th St. Interment at Mount Sinai Cemetery, Philadelphia, Penn., on Sunday.

HOEY.—On April 11, 1913, at the rectory, 135 East 96th St., Rev. Joseph L. Hoey, pastor of St. Francis de Sales Church. Solemn requiem mass will be offered Monday at 10:30 A. M. Divine office will be offered at 10 A. M.

HUTCHINS.—On April 11, 1913, Nina Blanche, beloved wife of Harry C. Hutchins, at her residence, 15 West 107th St. Funeral private.

KAUFMAN.—At Yonkers, on Thursday, April 10, 1913, Everett George Kaufman, in his 56th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 570 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, Sunday, at 4 P. M.

LEACH.—On April 10, 1913, at his residence, 176 Macon St., Brooklyn, William H. Leach, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services at the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church parlors, Tompkins Av., corner McDonough St., Saturday, April 12, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Greenwood. Boston and New Bedford papers please copy.

LENANE.—At Phoenix, Ariz., April 10, Mortimer V., son of the late Patrick M. and Margaret J. Lenane. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LOTTIMER.—Suddenly, on April 11, 1913, after a short illness, William Alfred Lottimer, son of the late William Lottimer and Jane C. Eddy. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MacKENNA.—On Thursday, April 10, Benjamin T., son of the late Thomas C. and Ellen M. MacKenna. Funeral from his late residence, 203 North 8th Av., Whitestone, L. I., on Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock; thence to St. Luke's Church, Whitestone, L. I.

MUHLFELD.—Henry J., on April 11, 1913, beloved husband of Mary Muhlfeld, ex-First Sergeant of Second Battery, N. G. N. Y. Funeral from his late residence, 744 East 181st St., on Sunday, April 13, 1913, at 2 P. M.

MUSER.—Hugo Curt, of heart failure, age 39. Funeral services Saturday, April 12, at his home, Highwood, N. J., on arrival of train leaving Jersey City, Northern R. R. of New Jersey, Erie Station, 10 A. M. European papers please copy.

NIMMONS.—Suddenly, on April 9, at Westfield, N. J., Amelia A., widow of the late Samuel Nimmons. Funeral services will be held at her late residence Saturday, April 12. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., Central Railroad of New Jersey, at 11 o'clock A. M.

PERRY.—At Bay Head, N. J., on Friday, April 11, 1913, Oliver Hazard Perry, beloved husband of Maria Moore Perry. Notice of funeral hereafter. Newport (R. I.) and Philadelphia (Pa.) papers please copy.

RUSSHON.—Mary, beloved late wife of George, on April 10, 1913, at her residence, 1,705 Montgomery Av. Funeral services Sunday at 2:30 P. M., Union Reformed Church, Highbridge, N. Y. Interment private.

SMITH.—On Friday, April 11, 1913, Caroline Journeay, widow of Jay Lee Smith. Funeral services at her late residence, 501 West 120th St., city, on Monday, April 14, 1913, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

TAPPAN.—Suddenly, at Hempstead, L. I., Wednesday, April 9, John H. Tappan of San Antonio, Texas, son of the late J. H. A. and Catherine Orne Tappan of Boston.

TRAVIS.—On April 10, 1913, Harrison Travis, aged 73 years. Funeral services Saturday evening, at 8 P. M., at his town residence, 603 West 146th St. Interment private Sunday at Woodlawn. Westchester County papers please copy.

VANDERBILT.—At White Plains, N. Y., April 10, 1913, George Vanderbilt. Funeral from his late residence, 13 South Broadway, White Plains, N. Y., Monday, April 14, at 3 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 2:13 P. M.

VAN SAUN.—Suddenly, April 10, at 355 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Phoebe M. Van Saun, widow of John D. Van Saun, and daughter of the late Charles Brockway of Brockport, N. Y., aged 83. Funeral Sunday, April 13, 8:30 o'clock, First Reformed Church, Hackensack, N. J.

BARRY.—Thomas, 471 West 142d St., April 9. Funeral private.

BEMAN.—George W., 601 West 139th St., April 9, aged 56.

CROWLEY.—Daniel, 5,602 Broadway, April 9. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DEWHURST.—Margaret, 126 Fairview Av., April 9. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GILLEN.—Martin, April 10. Funeral 374 7th Av., to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GOLD.—Lippman, 923 Fox St., Bronx, April 10, aged 78.

JOINER.—Harold, 1,835 Cruger Av., Van Nest, April 10. Funeral notice later.

KANE.—Marie L., 101 East 63d St., April 9. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

LONERGAN.—John P., 229 East 70th St., April 10, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

LYONS.—Edward, 135 Perry St., April 10. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

McCARTHY.—Nora A., 311 East 55th St. April 10.

MAYER.—Margaret, April 8, aged 58. Funeral 171 8th Av.

MURPHY.—John, 345 West 52d St., April 9. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—James, 515 West 27th St., April 9.

PENNY.—H. C., 436 East 138th St., April 9.

QUINN.—Patrick, 69 West 52d St., April 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

RAEGENER.—George, 1,826 Washington Av., Bronx, April 10. Funeral to-morrow.

SMITH.—Caroline J., 501 West 120th St., April 11. Funeral April 14, 1:30 P. M.

TAAFFE.—Thomas, 360 Greenwich St., April 8, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

WHITE.—Charles W., 283 West 11th St., April 10. Funeral services to-morrow.

Brooklyn.

ANDERSON.—Elizabeth, 366 Railroad Av., April 10, aged 72. Funeral to-day.

AMMAN.—Margaret E., 73 Steuben St., April 9. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

AYDELOTTE.—Leona M., 539 Sheppard Av., April 9, aged 4.

BAAR.—Ludwig, 1,214 Decatur St., April 10, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BARNARD.—Thomas F., 357 7th St., April 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BARTOL.—Charles F., 43 Prospect Place, April 10, aged 62. Funeral to-day.

BEDFORD.—Eleanor C., 138 Penn St., April 9. Funeral private.

BOYLAN.—Francis, St. Mary's Hospital, April 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CARROLL.—Margaret, 64 Monitor St., aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CLYNE.—Delia A., 248 Hamilton Av., April 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CURTIN.—Catherine, 2,454 35th St., April 9. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DAUM.—Elizabeth, 218 Bleecker St., April 10, aged 66. Funeral April 14.

DICKINSON.—Mary A., 358 Nostrand Av., April 10.

DIEMER.—Barbara, 2,555 Pitkin Av., April 9, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

EVERETT.—Margaret, 260 57th St., April 11. Funeral April 14, 10 A. M.

GEISS.—Mary J., 1,014 Lafayette Av., April 10. Funeral April 14, 10 A. M.

HART.—James, 339 2d Av., April 9.

HAYS.—Georgianna, 69 Wilson St., April 9. Funeral to-day.

HOLLWEDEL.—Christopher H., 5,614 15th Av., April 10, aged 72. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

LEEN.—Helen S., 619 41st St., April 11. Funeral April 14.

LENT.—Walter W., 331 47th St., April 10. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LIEB.—Olga M., 318 State St., April 10, aged 42.

LISSNER.—Elias, 680 Lexington Av., April 10, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow.

LYNCH.—Walter, 248 60th St., April 9, aged 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McGLOIN.—Daniel, April 9. Funeral Henry and Warren Sts., to-day, 2 P. M.

NOLAN.—Thomas J., 65 Ellery St., April 10. Funeral April 14.

O'CONNOR.—Mary, 275 Front St., April 9.

O'DONNELL.—Bridget, 550 3d Av., April 9, aged 78. Funeral to-day.

PRALLE.—Herman W., 790 Halsey St., April 10, aged 7. Funeral to-morrow.

RAGGIE.—Harry, 381 Putnam Av., April 10, aged 30. Funeral to-morrow.

REYNOLDS.—William H., 621 3d St., April 11. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

ROWLEY.—Patrick, 409 Hudson St., April 9, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Mary S., 55 Pineapple St., April 10. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

STEINMETZ.—Carl, 1,387 Gates Av., April 9.

STREET.—George W., 93 Joralemon St., April 10, aged 9.

TUTHILL.—Caroline V., Baptist Home, April 11. Funeral service to-day, 2 P. M.

WADE.—Harris L., 41 Dikeman St., April 10. Funeral service to-day.

WALKER.—Essie, 236 Carroll St., April 9.

ZAHN.—George, 732 Lexington Av., April 10. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

AIGNER.—John J., 583 Palisade Av., Jersey City, April 8, aged 25.

BROCKMAN.—Anna M., 242 Bergen St., Newark, April 10, aged 10 months.

DANIELSEN.—Walter H., 95 South 7th St., Newark, April 11, aged 22.

EICKE.—Henry, 728 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, April 10. Funeral private.

EVERTZ.—Edward, 600 Warren St., Newark, April 11.

Died.

GIBB.—Daniel, 600 Central Av., West Hoboken, April 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GLENNON.—Mary A., 233 Ogden St., Newark, April 10.

KAUTZMANN.—Ruth A., 18 Jay St., Newark, April 11, aged 2 months. Funeral to-day.

LAUENSTEIN.—William, 245 North 6th St., Newark, April 11.

LOHSE.—Johann W., 42 Zabriskie St., Jersey City, April 10, aged 71.

MITCHELL.—Percy C., Jersey City, April 10, aged 33.

PROVEN.—Thomas, 220 Wilkinson Av., Jersey City, April 10. Funeral to-morrow.

PROVOST.—Leo A., 132 Central Av., Newark, April 11.

RURODE.—Sophia A., 192 Claremont Av., Jersey City, April 9, aged 16.

SCHALK.—Heinrich, 1,114 Park Av., Hoboken, April 10, aged 46.

SWEENEY.—Alice, 215 Montmouth St., Jersey City, April 10. Funeral April 14.

TIERNEY.—Katherine, 270 2d St., Jersey City, April 11.

VAN GIESON.—Carrie B., Newark, April 9, aged 72.

Long Island.

LUNDT.—August W., Richmond Hill, April 10, aged 21. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHURMANN.—Elise, Centre Moriches, April 10. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

SUTCLIFFE.—John, Huntington, April 10. Funeral service to-day.

WELLS.—Augusta, East Moriches, April 9, aged 51.

WILDEROTER.—Frank P., Ozone Park, April 10. Funeral service to-day.

Westchester County.

BALDWIN.—William H., Peekskill, April 9, aged 67.

BATE.—William A., 21 Robbins Place, Yonkers, April 9, aged 63.

In Memoriam.

DALY.—Agnes V., mass, Church of the Immaculate Conception, to-day, 9 A. M.

OSBORNE.—George P., in memory of; died April 12, 1909.

WEBER.—Catherine, mass, St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Carriages and automobiles taking friends to St. George's Church for the funeral of Mr. Morgan on Monday morning are requested to approach the Church by way of Second Avenue and Seventeenth Street. Access from Third Avenue will be cut off by the police, and vehicles will be parked, while waiting, around Stuyvesant Square.

People on foot, holding cards of admission, may reach the Church from Third Avenue.

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Nor do they recognize the value of flavor as a preventive of indigestion, says Henry T. Finck, in

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ATHLETIC GAMES IN ARMORIES—RAIN STOPS BASEBALL—BOXING—GOLF—TURF—OTHER SPORTS

SIX RECORDS GO AT HIGH SCHOOL GAMES

Students at Evening Sessions Make Fine Performances in Championships.

Six records beaten and one equaled, with the point score trophy going to New York Evening High School with a total of 31, were the principal features last night at the champoinships of evening high and trade schools in the armory of the Seventy-first Regiment, which held representative clans of the city sending in competitors. After being once started, the sports were sent through in rapid-fire order, in view of the wonderful entry, which numbered in the neighborhood of 1,000. Brooklyn was second in points, with 25, and Harlem third, with 24.

The records given over to the keeping of Father Time included 70 yards, 7 4-5 seconds, by J. Behnken, New York E. H. S.; 220 yards, 25 seconds, by J. Foley, New York E. H. S.; one mile, 4.47 1-5, by A. Russman, Harlem E. H. S.; one mile relay, 3.44 4-5, by New York E. H. S. team; 12-pound shot, 46 feet, by T. Cooke, Jr., New York E. H. S., and running high jump, 5 feet 7⅛ inches, by G. Trefoy, Brooklyn E. H. S.

The real enthusiasm began with the running of the 70-yard dash for the 120-pound class of the evening high schools. The first three heats were accounted for in the handiest imaginable fashion by lads of the Harlem Evening High School, namely, P. B. Fechtelberg, H. Foster, and H. A. Richardson, while C. Evans of South Brooklyn and L. Misel of Brooklyn showed best of the others. Evans proved to be the best of the finalists, with Fichtelberg and Foster second and third at the end.

The first record of the series to be wiped out was that in the unlimited weight class for evening high schools at 70 yards, the mark being R. Shultz's of 8 seconds and made last year. Twice in last night's race J. Behnken, New York Evening High School, ran the distance in the highly creditable time of 7 4-5 seconds, winning the final by a comfortable margin from S. Swandick, Morris Evening High School.

George Trefoy of Brooklyn E. H. S., the former Commercial High School all around star, gave the best on record high jump figures of 5 feet 5 inches a jolt when he leaped 5 feet 7⅛ inches with the old side scissors style, in which he displayed plenty of spring. He completely outclassed his opponents, the best of whom, H. York, Stuyvesant E. H. S., leaped but 5 feet 2 inches.

Closely following the sterling work by Trefoy came the really fine shot putting of T. Cooke, Jr., New York E. H. S., who heaved the 12-pound sphere 46 feet and thereby displaced the former best mark of 40 feet 5½ inches which he hung up at last year's events. Incidentally, L. Sandhoff of Brooklyn E. H. S., also beat the record with 41 feet 9 inches.

In the first heat of the "220" J. Foley, New York E. H. S., ran the furlong in 25 seconds, spread-eagling his field and eventually winning the final in 25 2-5 seconds by a considerable margin from Ed Hussey of Curtis, who messed up most of the others on the turns.

A. Russman, Harlem Evening High, contributed a new mark in the mile run when he defeated M. Taut, a schoolmate, by inches in 4.47 1-5, lowering the record of J. Manning, New York E. H. S., of 4.55 4-5, made last year. The summaries:

60-Yard Dash, 100-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—First Semi-Final Heat—Won by H. Nessensohn, 156, Brooklyn; Edelberg, 42, Bronx, second. Time—0:08 2-5. Second Heat—Won by J. Franklin, 89, Manhattan; J. Levien, 156, Brooklyn, second. Time—0:08 2-5. Final Heat—Won by H. Nissensohn, 156, Brooklyn; J. Levine, 156, Brooklyn, second; J. Franklin, 89, Manhattan, third; Edelberg, 42, Bronx, fourth. Time—0:08 1-5.

70-Yard Dash, 115-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—First Semi-Final Heat—Won by I. Franklin, 89, Manhattan; J. Holpern, 70, Manhattan, second. Time—0:09. Second Heat—Won by A. Rocco, 8, Manhattan; A. Braves, 156, Brooklyn, second. Time—0:09 1-5. Final Heat—Won by I. Franklin, 89, Manhattan; A. Rocco, 8, Manhattan, second; J. Holpern, 70, Manhattan, third; A. Braves, 156, Brooklyn, fourth. Time—0:08 4-5.

70-Yard Dash, (125-Pound Class,) High Schools.—First semi-final heat won by C. Evans, South Brooklyn E. H. S.; H. Foster, Harlem E. H. S., second. Time, 0:08 2-5. Second heat won by P. B. Fechtelberg, Harlem E. H. S.; L. Misel, Brooklyn E. H. S., second. Time, 0:08 3-5. Final heat won by C. Evans, South Brooklyn E. H. S.; P. B. Fechtelberg, Harlem E. H. S., second; H. Foster, Harlem E. H. S., third; L. Misel, Brooklyn E. H. S., fourth. Time, 0:08 1-5.

70-Yard Dash, (Unlimited Weight,) High Schools.—First semi-final heat won by J. Behnken, New York E. H. S.; E. Hoey, South Brooklyn E. H. S., second. Time, 0:07 4-5. Second heat won by S. Snoodlick, Morris E. H. S.; J. Kilgrew, New York E. H. S., second. Time, 0:08. Final heat won by J. Behnken, New York E. H. S.; S. Snoodlick, Morris E. H. S., second; E. Hoey, South Brooklyn E. H. S., third; J. Kilgrew, New York E. H. S., fourth. Time, 0:07 4-5.

Standing Broad Jump, 115-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—Won by J. Ludwig, 42, Bronx, with 7 feet 7 inches; A. Pillegrino, 45, Brooklyn, second with 7 feet 6¾ inches; W. Thompson, 45, Brooklyn, third with 7 feet 5¾ inches; C. Hinard, 45, Brooklyn, fourth with 7 feet 3½ inches.

Running High Jump, High Schools.—Won by G. Trefry, Brooklyn E. H. S., with 5 feet 7 1-8 inches; H. York, Stuyvesant E. H. S., second with 5 feet 2 inches; C. Mueller, Brooklyn E. H. S., third with 5 feet 1 inch; J. Hinrichson, Morris E. H. S., fourth with 5 feet.

440-Yard Relay, 100-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—Won by 49, Manhattan; 83, Manhattan, second; 43, Manhattan, third. Time—0:59 2-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, High Schools.—Won by T. Cooke, New York E. H. S., with 46 feet; L. Sandhoff, Brooklyn E. H. S., second with 41 feet 9 inches; H. Bicken, Morris E. H. S., third with 45 feet; C. Grim, New York E. H. S., fourth with 37 feet 9 inches.

880-Yard Relay, 120-Pound Class.—Won by Brooklyn E. H. S.; Harlem E. H. S., second; South Brooklyn E. H. S., third; Morris E. H. S., fourth. Time—1:49 4-5.

880-Yard Relay, 120-Pound Class.—Final Heat—Won by P. S. 70, Manhattan; E. S. 8, Manhattan, second; E. S. 43, Manhattan, third. Time—1:53 1-5.

220-Yard Run, High Schools.—Final Heat—Won by J. Foley, New York E. H. S.; E. Hussey, Curtis E. H. S., second; H. Weinberg, New York E. H. S., third; D. Cohen, Harlem E. H. S., fourth. Time—0:25 2-5.

880-Yard Run, High Schools.—Won by M. Taub, Harlem E. H. S.; H. Hertzell, New York E. H. S., second; F. Hussey, Curtis E. H. S., third; O. Gandy, New York E. H. S., fourth. Time—2:11 4-5.

One-Mile Relay, Unlimited Weight.—Won by E. S. 43, Manhattan; E. S. 49, Manhattan, second; E. S. 42, Bronx, third. Time—4:02.

One-Mile Run, High Schools.—Won by A. Russman, Harlem E. H. S.; M. Taub, Harlem E. H. S., second; S. Limberg, New Lots E. H. S., third; A. Hundermark, Brooklyn E. H. S., fourth. Time—1:47 1-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, 120-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—Won by J. Fisher, 42 Bronx, with 30 feet; S. Schneider, 84 Brooklyn, second, with 28 feet 5 inches; F. Abramson, 42 Bronx, third, with 28 feet; E. Hinsche, 42 Bronx, fourth, with 27 feet 6 inches.

One-Mile Relay, Unlimited Weight.—Won by New York E. H. S.; Brooklyn E. H. S., second; Harlem E. H. S., third; South Brooklyn E. H. S., fourth. Time—3:44 4-5.

440-Yard Run.—Final Heat—Won by T. Gillerun, Brooklyn E. H. S.; R. Schultze, New York E. H. S., second; P. Horwath, Stuyvesant E. H. S., third. Time—1:02 2-5.

880-Yard Run, Unlimited Weight.—Final Heat—Won by D. Skiba, E. S. 83, Manhattan; W. McGuire, E. S. 49, Manhattan, second; P. Bruns, E. S. 21, Manhattan, third; J. Flynn, E. S. 8, Manhattan, fourth. Time—2:19 2-5.

Bogota Boat Club Officers.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 11.—Ex-Mayor Frederick W. Cane of Bogota was chosen President of the Bogota Boat Club last evening. This is one of the oldest and most active clubs along the Hackensack River. The other officers chosen were: W. C. Ferguson, Vice President; Ira Harris, Jr., Secretary; R. M. Stalker, Treasurer; H. J. Wirterson, Captain; P. L. Black, Lieutenant; Board of Trustees—R. S. Felter, T. B. Haring, J. A. Ehler, George C. Felter, Jr., and S. Terhune.

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BROOKE AND CASSATT WIN.

Philadelphia Doubles Racquets Champions of Racquet Club.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 11.—George H. Brooke and R. K. Cassatt captured the doubles racquets championship of the Racquet Club this afternoon, by defeating W. M. Tilden and J. M. Mohr in straight games. The winners were easily the superior team, and except in the fourth game their opponents never stood a chance of winning and were generally outplayed.

The serving of Brooke was a feature of the game, and the all-around excellence of his partner made the winners very strong in their team work. Both losers brought off some good strokes at times, and in the fourth game they scored quite a number of aces from their service, but generally they were no match for their opponents.

In the first game two-all was called, but after this Brooke and Cassatt took the lead, and by making runs of four, five, three, and a single, they won easily by a margin of ten aces. Brooke and Cassatt took the lead early in the second game, and with two runs of three each and one of two, the score was called eight to two in their favor. Tilden and Mohr scored a couple more, but then Brooke and Cassatt ran out the game with eight straight aces.

The third game was the shortest of the four, and Brooke and Cassatt won easily by fifteen aces to one. Tilden and Mohr played up much better in the fourth game, and by securing a lead of nine aces, appeared to have the game in hand, but Brooke and Cassatt set about their work seriously and speedily overcame their opponents' lead and finally ran out winners by a margin of three aces. The scores:

G. H. Brooke and R. K. Cassatt	15	15	15	15
W. M. Tilden and J. M. Mohr	5	4	1	12

WOMEN TO WIELD FOILS.

Eleven Expert Fencers to Compete for Junior Championship.

Eleven expert women fencers will compete to-day at the Fencers' Club, Forty-fifth Street, west of Fifth Avenue, for the Women's Junior Championship of the Amateur Fencers' League of America. It is the first time this competition has been held under the auspices of the Fencers' League, and the entry list includes the leading women foil wielders in the East.

The list of competitors includes several women who have not appeared prominent in fencing circles but who have been in practice for the past year and have developed a degree of expertness that promises to make it interesting to those who have had greater experience in the art. There are several entries from society circles of New York and Philadelphia. Gold, silver, and bronze medals will be awarded to the winners.

Among those acknowledged to be the best at the game and who will compete are Miss Louise Schultz of the New York Turn Verein; Miss Cheeseman and her sister, Miss Clara L. Cheeseman, of Garrison, N. Y., Miss Gertrude C. Livingston of Brooklyn, winner of the recent Long Island Division Championship, and the following from Philadelphia: Mrs. J. O'G. Duffy, Mrs. Parson Deetar, Mrs. Max Bierbaum, Miss Marie Bradley, Miss Dorothy Samuels, Miss Edith Evans, and Miss Jessie Pyle. Miss Marguerite Stimson will represent the New York Fencers' Club.

The officials will be Dr. Graem M. Hammond, New York A. C., referee; Dr. Thomas A. Buys, Long Island Division; Dr. M. J. Echeverria, New York A. C.; Charles Tatham, Fencers' Club; J. H. Breed, Fencers' Club, and John Allaire, New York Turn Verein Club, judges.

Cornell Returns Without a Victory.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 11.—After the most disastrous Southern trip in years, the Cornell baseball team returned to Ithaca to-day without a single victory to its credit. Coach Al Sharpe said:

"I am greatly disappointed with the showing of the 'Varsity baseball team on its Southern trip. The team was poor both in the fielding and hitting departments. I should say that we have a very poor team to start off our home season with to-morrow, but by another month some better results may be obtained. The pitching staff showed up fairly well on the Southern trip, and there are some promising twirlers in the squad. As for the rest of the positions at present there is not a man who is sure of a place on the team. With the reserve squad which was not taken on the Southern trip to draw from, there will be several changes made during the next month. No man stood out as a star in the games so far played, and it will take another month to pick the regular team."

Secretary of Naps Has Smallpox.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 11.—The Cleveland Club owners and members of the team got a scare to-day when it was discovered that William Blackwood, the club secretary, had a mild attack of smallpox. Blackwood was taken ill on the way home from Pensacola, Fla., and when he reached home Tuesday, went to bed. The physician at first pronounced the case chickenpox, but this morning he said it was smallpox, and notified the Health Office.

The health authorities decided not to take stringent measures until it was seen how far the disease advanced. The men will all be examined to-morrow before the game, and if there are no evidences that others have been attacked there will be no vaccination order given, as to vaccinate the men now would play havoc with the team. Quite a number of the men have been vaccinated in recent years, and several claim to be immune.

Dartmouth Runs Into Rainstorm.

The Dartmouth College baseball team reached South Orange, N. J., yesterday in a driving rainstorm, and found that its scheduled game with Seton Hall could not be played. The South Orange collegians were disappointed, for the Dartmouth contest was to have been one of their most important games of the season. The Jerseymen start next Wednesday on their Southern trip, playing St. Mary's College at Emmitsburg, Md.; St. Joseph's College at Baltimore, and the Catholic University at Washington, D. C. On April 21 the team plays the Tufts College on its return to South Orange.

"Pop" Anson Congratulates Wilson.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—President Wilson was congratulated to-day for his interest in baseball by Capt. Adrian C. Anson, formerly of the Chicago Colts. "Pop" Anson wired from Salt Lake City:

"Having been City Clerk of Chicago on the Democratic ticket, and also slightly connected with baseball, it pleases me greatly to know that you have gone to the front for the great National game of baseball. I am convinced now that I made no mistake in voting for you."

Columbia Plays Union To-day.

Columbia's baseball nine will line up against the Union College team this afternoon on South Field. Coach Lauder expects to try out the new infield with which he experimented in the game on Wednesday with William and Mary, and it is probable that Brooks will be sent in to pitch for the Blue and White.

American Association.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 5; Louisville, 2.

All other games postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

At Chattanooga—Atlanta, 5; Chattanooga, 2.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 4; Nashville, 3.

At Memphis—Memphis, 4; Montgomery, 1.

At New Orleans—Mobile, 2; New Orleans, 0.

Scores of Exhibition Games.

At Richmond, Va.—Richmond, 2; Newark, 6.

At Petersburg, Va.—Petersburg, 5; Rochester, 5. (Called in ninth inning; darkness.)

At Nashville—Michigan University, 14; Vanderbilt, 2.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 3:30 P. M., GIANTS vs. BOSTON.

Polo Ground tickets, Jonas, Astor House, Vesey and B'way. Baseball extras from all cities.

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MEREDITH BREAKS 600-YARD RECORD

Pennsylvania Runner Covers Distance at Loughlin Lyceum Games in 1:13 4-5.

Ted Meredith, the crack University of Pennsylvania middle distance runner, created a new indoor record for 600 yards last night at the annual athletic games of the Loughlin Lyceum, when he covered the distance in 1 minute 13 4-5 seconds, which supplants the former record of 1 minute 14 seconds, held jointly by Abe Kiviat and Harry Gissing. The race was a scratch affair with Homer Baker, New York Athletic Club; D. C. Caldwell, Boston Athletic Association, and Martin J. Hayes as opponents to Meredith. The contest was the feature of a series of interesting events and produced the liveliest competition. Baker was unfortunate in being bumped twice during the race, but Meredith had a margin of eight yards over the Mercury Foot Athlete at the finish, and would probably have made better time if Baker had been able to make it a closer finish. Meredith waited for the last lap before taking the lead, but once in front he was never headed.

The running of Hannes Kolehmainen, the Finn, in the two-mile handicap was somewhat of a disappointment. He started from scratch and announced his intention of trying for a new record. He failed to show his usual form, and finished sixth in 9:33, which is more than twenty seconds below the best indoor time for the distance. O. Gibbons, New York A. C., the winner, ran a well judged race, reserving his sprint for the last 100 yards, when he came away from the field and won by ten yards.

The disqualification of H. Drew, the colored high school sprinter, in the 90-yard handicap was a big disappointment to the spectators. The Springfield schoolboy was placed on scratch, but made three breaks and was disqualified. Lawson Robertson, the starter, kept the men on their marks an unusually long time before sending them on their journey. With Drew out of the way L. J. Cahill of Dominican Lyceum, with four yards' start, scored an easy win over C. G. Dahl, Jr., unattached, who was allowed seven yards' start.

Columbia University turned out a winner in the 700-yard run handicap when F. R. Whelan came home an easy winner after leading the big field the entire distance. Whelan was five yards ahead of T. Racobsin of the Bronx Church House.

Only four starters took part in the Loughlin Derby of 600 yards. Hayes of Princeton led at the start with Meredith of Pennsylvania second, and Baker of Princeton third. This order was maintained during the first lap. Caldwell made a jump into third place in the second lap, and there was no change for the next 200 yards. On the bell lap Meredith sprinted and went to the front, closely followed by Baker. The pair raced neck and neck for fifty yards, when Meredith began to draw away. Each step increased his lead, and at the finish he was eight yards in front of Baker, who led Caldwell by two yards. Hayes was third.

In the half-mile inter-company relay race Thomas Kelly of the Fourth Company strained a tendon and dropped on the track. He was carried to the company room by four militiamen. The incident caused a deal of excitement, but quickly died out when the extent of the accident became known.

Seven teams competed in the family medley relay race, which was won by the Dolan brothers. The athletes ran respectively 140, 300 and 440 yards. The Dolan brothers represented Fordham, Dartmouth and Bronx Church House. The Hellman trio made a hard fight, but could do no better than third. Daisley family secured third place.

The one-mile Catholic Athletic League relay race resulted in an interesting contest. The clubs represented were the Loughlin Lyceum, Knights of St. Anthony, Egmard Lyceum, and Dominican Lyceum. The fact that the Loughlin Lyceum team contained two colored runners, created unusual interest. It was really due to the excellent running of J. Desmond, the second colored runner in the last relay that the Loughlin Lyceum quartet won the race. The Knights of St. Anthony finished second, and Eymard Lyceum third. Summaries:

600-Yard Handicap, (Closed to Fourth Company.)—Won by Tom Kelly, (scratch;) F. R. Thomas, (25 yards,) second; H. Goodman, (13 yards,) third. Time, 1:18 4-5.

1,000-Yard Handicap.—Won by J. Rosenbaum, unattached, (40 yards;) William Anderson, unattached, (10 yards,) second; J. Book, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., (52 yards,) third. Time, 2:16 4-5.

90-Yard Handicap.—Won by L. J. Cahill, Dominican Lyceum, (4 yards;) C. G. Dahl, Jr., unattached, (7½ yards,) second; Bert Dewar, Jr., Irish-American A. C., (6½ yards,) third. Time, 0:09.

700-Yard Run, (Novice.)—Won by F. R. Whelan, Columbia University; F. Wilkins, Melrose A. A., second; T. Racobsin, Bronx Church House, third. Time, 1:36 4-5.

Loughlin Derby, 600 Yards, Scratch Race.—Won by Ted Meredith, University of Pennsylvania; Homer Baker, New York Athletic Club, second; D. C. Caldwell, Boston Athletic Association, third. Time—1:13 4-5. New indoor record.

275-Yard Run, Handicap, A. A. U.—Won by J. MacGuire, Presentation Club, (9 yards;) W. Shaw, unattached, (8 yards,) second. Frank Kaufman, unattached, (scratch,) third. Time—0:31.

220-Yard Run, Handicap, C. A. L.—Won by F. Houlihan, Paulist A. C., (10 yards;) F. Morn, Presentation Club, (10 yards,) second; E. Georgi, Dominican Lyceum, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:23 3-5.

Half-Mile Intercompany Relay Race, Handicap, (closed to Thirteenth Regiment.)—Won by First Company team, composed of H. Balcom, L. B. Leach, D. Valentine, and J. M Ross; Fifth Company, team composed of J. Levine, J. Rosenberger, A. Pinkerton, and J. Bausch, second. The other teams failed to touch on last relay. Time—1:37.

Family Medley Relay Race, Scratch.—Won by Thomas A. Dolan, Fordham, Joseph M. Dolan, Dartmouth, and James F. Dolan, Brown Church House; H. H. Hillman, Ralph J. Hillman, and L. C. Hillman, Brooklyn, second; Ray Daisley, Roger E. Daisley, and Herbert Daisley, New York, third. Time—1:43 3-5.

One-Mile, Catholic Athletic League.—Won by Loughlin Lyceum team, composed of P. MacCaffery, I. Harris, B. Gareng, and J. Desmond; Knights of St. Anthony team, composed of A. Shea, J. Waldron, S. Miller, and M. McLoughlin, second; Eymard Lyceum team, composed of R. Burns, T. Corley, T. Connelly, and W. Gough, third. Time—3:32 4-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race, Handicap.—Won by A. O. Lake, Empire City Wheelmen, (60 yards;) H. L. Lightline, Morningside A. C., (100 yards,) second; W. C. Lengren, Irish-American A. C., (90 yards,) third. Time—4:45 4-5.

1,200-Yard Relay Race, Handicap.—Won by Fordham University, team composed of F. Sullivan, W. K. Eliffe, T. Dolan, and J. Sullivan; New York A. C., team composed of F. E. Halloway, O. De Grouchey, T. F. Paton, and W. G. Packard, second; Irish-American A. C., team composed of I. Lovell, T. Jordan, W. Raleigh, and L. Harper, third. Time—2:15 2-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by O. Gibbons, New York A. C., (160 yards;) Harry Kramer, Long Island A. C., (180 yards,) second; Sid Leslie, Long Island A. C., (80 yards,) third. Time—9:19.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—Rain.

Brooklyn at Philadelphia—Rain.

Pittsburgh at Cincinnati—Wet Grounds.

St. Louis at Chicago—Wet grounds.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Wasington—Rain.

Philadelphia at Boston—Rain.

Cleveland, 3; Chicago, 1.

St. Louis, 8; Detroit, 6.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	1	0	1.000
Brooklyn	1	1	.500
Philadelphia	1	1	.500
New York	0	1	.000
Chicago	0	0	.000
Pittsburgh	0	0	.000
Cincinnati	0	0	.000
St. Louis	0	0	.000

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
St. Louis	2	0	1.000
Philadelphia	1	0	1.000
Washington	1	0	1.000
Cleveland	1	0	1.000
New York	0	1	.000
Boston	0	1	.000
Chicago	0	1	.000
Detroit	0	2	.000

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.

Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.

St. Louis at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.

Philadelphia at Boston.

Chicago at Cleveland.

Detroit at St. Louis.

VEAN GREGG A BAFFLER.

White Sox Batsmen Get Nothing Off Pitcher in the Pinches.

CLEVELAND, April 11.—Chicago's pinch hitters were baffled by Van Gregg, Cleveland's star southpaw, while two hits and two errors in the second inning gave Cleveland the lead and the game, 3 to 1, to-day. Jackson, Cleveland's slugger, got two doubles and a triple in three times at bat. Cicotte, who replaced Scott for Chicago in the seventh inning, held Cleveland hitless.

Threatening rain clouds and a chilly breeze failed to dampen the ardor of the opening day crowd of 14,000. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
J'ston, 1b.	4	0	0	6	0
C'pm'n, ss.	3	0	1	3	1
Olson, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3
J'kson, rf.	3	2	3	5	0
Lajoie, 2b.	2	1	1	3	3
Bir'h'm, cf.	2	0	0	4	0
Gran'y, lf.	2	0	1	1	0
Land, c.	3	0	0	5	1
Gregg, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	25	3	6	27	9

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b.	3	0	0	5	0
Berg'r, 2b.	1	0	0	0	0
Lord, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1
Zeid'r, 3b.	1	1	1	0	0
Col'ns, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
B'rt'n, 1b.	2	0	1	7	0
F'rn'r, 1b.	0	0	0	1	0
Mat'ck, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
W'ver, ss.	4	0	1	0	2
Schalk, c.	4	0	0	7	5
Scott, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Cicotte, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Lange	1	0	0	0	0
†Callahan	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	1	7	24	10

*Batted for Scott in seventh inning.
†Batted for Borton in eighth inning.
Errors—Chapman, Graney, Rath, Weaver.

Cleveland ....0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 ..—3
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Two-base hits—Jackson, (2,) Mattick, Collins. Three-base hit—Jackson. Sacrifice flies—Birmingham, Lajoie. Stolen base—Lord. Double play—Chapman, Lajoie, and Johnston. Hits—Off Scott, 6 in six innings; off Cicotte, none in two innings. First base on balls—Off Gregg, 1; off Scott, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Gregg, (Lord.) Struck out—By Gregg, 5; by Scott, 3; by Cicotte, 4. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1; Chicago, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 2; Chicago, 8. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Ferguson.

Browns Win Slugging Match.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—St. Louis and Detroit engaged in a slugging match to-day, the locals winning, 8 to 6. St. Louis piled up a good lead in the sixth inning, scoring five runs, when Johnston, with the bases full, got his third single. St. Louis then bunted over three more before being retired. Detroit knocked Hamilton out of the box in the eighth inning, scoring two runs off four successive singles and a wild pitch. Baumgardner, who relieved Hamilton, was unsteady. Crawford's hitting and Vitt's fielding were the features. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ton, cf.	4	2	1	2	0
J'ston, lf.	5	2	3	1	1
W'ms, rf.	5	1	3	2	1
Pratt, 2b.	5	1	3	6	1
Stov'l, 1b.	4	0	1	9	1
Austin, 3b.	2	0	1	2	1
Walsh, ss.	4	1	1	2	2
Agnew, c.	4	1	1	3	4
H'm'ton, p.	4	0	0	0	3
B'mg'r, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	37	8	14	27	15

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	3	1	2	5	0
Vitt, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
C'ford, rf.	5	2	4	1	0
G'nor, 1b.	5	1	3	9	0
Mor'ty, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Deal, 3b.	5	0	1	0	4
L'don, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2
R'deau, c.	3	0	0	6	2
Klaw'r, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Hall, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*High	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	13	24	13

*Batted for Klawitter in the eighth inning.
Errors—Deal, 2; Klawitter, Austin, Walsh.

St. Louis ....2 0 0 1 0 5 0 0 ..—8
Detroit ....1 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 1—6

Two-base hits—Williams, Crawford, Gainor. Three-base hit—Louden. Sacrifice hits—Shotton, Austin. Stolen bases—Shotton, 2; Johnston. Hit by pitched ball—By Hamilton, (Moriarty.) Wild pitch—Hamilton. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton, 1; off Baumgardner, 3; ston. Hit by pitched ball—By Hamilton, 2; by Klawitter, 3. Hits—Off Klawitter, 13 in 7 innings; off Hall, 1 in 1 inning; off Hamilton, 12 in 7 2-3 innings; off Baumgardner, 1 in 1 1-3 inning. Left on bases—Detroit, 9; St. Louis, 8. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Evans.

Fordham and Holy Cross To-day.

Fordham is scheduled to play her old rival, Holy Cross, at Fordham Field this afternoon. The Maroon team has not been defeated this season, while the pitchers on the Purple team, Murray, McManus, and Tierney, have attracted the attention of several major league scouts. Yesterday morning the students at Fordham held a meeting in the grandstand and rehearsed the songs and cheers for to-day's game, led by Gerald McLaughlin, manager of the football team, and "Jack" Sullivan, anchor man on the Fordham relay team. Coach Coffey announces his battery for this afternoon as Walsh and Elliffe and Holy Cross will have McManus and Cowley.

Providence Gets Detroit Pitcher.

DETROIT, Mich., April 11.—Pitcher Wheatley of the Detroit American League baseball team was to-day released to the Providence Club of the International League.

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
ASK FOR AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT
THERE IS ONLY ONE
RYE
AND THAT ONE IS SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES AS PUT UP BY US. NEVER SOLD IN BULK. LOOK FOR THE WORD "RYE" IN RED. —REFUSE ALL OTHERS.
WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

RODEL FLOORED SIX TIMES BY SMITH

Gunboat, However, Is Unable to Make Sturdy South African Boxer Stay There.

Gunboat Smith, the California heavyweight with aspirations for the white heavyweight title, went through the busiest ten rounds that he has yet been forced to travel in a New York ring in gaining the decision over George Rodel, the South African, at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club last night. As a boxer Rodel showed to better advantage than the Californian, and he also displayed remarkable gameness and stamina. But Gunboat had the punch, and it carried sufficient power to drop Rodel five times for the count of nine seconds each time. On another occasion Smith floored Rodel two seconds before the bell ended the round. Added to these six knockdowns Smith twice sent Rodel to his hands and knees for no count, and on another occasion Rodel succeeded in grasping Smith about the knees when he was on his way to the canvas.

The forty-seven seconds that Rodel spent on the canvas turned the decision against him. When he was able to stay on his feet he gave Gunboat quite a hard argument, and had the blood streaming from Smith's nose at stages in the bout. On three different occasions Smith went to his corner at the close of a round with his face badly smeared with blood. But all of it came from his nose, and he appeared fresh and smiling to resume hostilities at the beginning of the succeeding chapter.

Rodel used a straight left, or a left which was slightly hooked, in beating his tattoo on the Gunboat's face, and the Californian bore plenty of evidence that he had been punched when the last bell sounded. Rodel left the ring without a mark, but he got enough hard wallops on the head during the ten rounds to furnish the foundation for a good headache. In the sixth round he did not appear to have one chance in a hundred to last until the bell rang, let alone going the full distance, but he managed to pull himself together and did even better work near the close of the bout than at any time during the early chapters.

Rodel's recuperative powers were easily the feature of the battle. He got his first fall in the fourth round and took a nine-count before getting up. He got another "niner" before the round ended, and was on his knees taking the third count when the bell sounded. Again in the fifth round Rodel got his chin in the way of one of the Gunboat's terrific right swings, and went down for another fall for nine. In the sixth he took two more "headers," and the second one sent him prostrate on his shoulders. The crowd began to start for the doors, but returned when Rodel pulled himself together and got on his feet just before the bell sounded.

Rodel outpointed Smith in the first round and earned the honors in the third by a wide margin. Smith had a shade the better of the going in the second round, due to his hard punches to Rodel's stomach. In the next three rounds Smith did his most effective work and won each handily. The seventh belonged to Smith by a fair margin, the eighth was close, but in Smith's favor, and in the ninth Rodel jabbed Gunboat all around the ring. In the tenth Rodel did some effective punching, but he was also sent sprawling on his hands with a hard right swing.

Smith showed no such poor judgment of distance as in his recent bouts here, and at times he missed Rodel by feet. More than half of the punches that he landed found a resting place on Rodel's neck or the back of his head. His hard hitting alone won the bout for him. Smith weighed 184 pounds and Rodel was two pounds heavier.

Bouts To-night at Fairmont A. C.

Frankie Conifrey and Joe Mooney will battle ten rounds in the main event at the Fairmont A. C. to-night. Mooney is matched to box with Kid Williams, but there is an understanding that Conifrey will get the match with Williams should Mooney fail to win the decision to-night. This should be one of the best bantamweight bouts ever decided at the club in the Bronx. In the semi-final of ten rounds Joe Kucera, the featherweight champion of the navy, will tackle Babe Davis. The latter is an aggressive youngster. Kucera will prove a sensation. He is one of the hardest hitters for his weight in the country. The six-round bout will be a real battle. In it Nick Muller, the heavyweight from the Bronx, will tackle Whitey Allen. There will be eight other bouts.

"Bat" Nelson Stirs Hackensack.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 11.—Battling Nelson, the ex-lightweight champion, who is visiting the family of William Meehan, father-in-law of his manager, at Bogota, refereed the boxing bouts at the smoker of the Oritani Field Club here to-night, and the hall was filled to greet him. The bouts were beween amateurs, and "Bat" did not have to work very hard. While standing near the Main Street Station in Hackensack this afternoon Nelson was surprised when a newsboy yelled: "Extra! Extra! Battling Nelson in town." The Battler smiled and bought a paper.

Dankelman Wins at Billiards.

The second round of the three-cushion billiard tournament for the shortstop championship of New York State took place last night at Bennett's Billiard Academy, 1,542 Broadway, with John Dankelman, the inter-State champion, and Jimmy Ryan, the champion of New England, as contestants. The first night's play was won by Charles Otis from George Moore on Thursday night. Otis and the winner of last night's game will play to-night. The score at the end of last night's play was: Dankelman, 50; Ryan, 38.

TURF MARKET BRIGHTENS.

Haggin and Belmont to Sell Strings of Yearlings for Racing Here.

When it was announced that there would be racing over the big tracks in New York this season it was known that new life would come into the thoroughbred horse market, and the evidence is at hand already. During the month of June there will be several auction sales of yearlings conducted by the Powers-Hunter Company, and already dates have been set for two of them. James B. Haggin, a few years ago the most extensive breeder of thoroughbred horses in this or any other country, will offer forty-three yearlings from his famous Elmendorf Stud in the sales paddocks at Sheepshead Bay on Monday, June 23, and on June 25 forty of the yearlings from the breeding farm of H. T. Oxnard will go under the hammer at the same paddocks.

It will be the first time that any of the Haggin yearlings have been offered for sale at Sheepshead Bay in five years, and the fact that they have been consigned to New York evidences that this is considered the best market. When the demand fell off by reason of the prohibition against racing in the State, Mr. Haggin sought the foreign markets, and his horses were sold in England, France, Germany, and the Argentine Republic. A measure of success attended each sale, but with the sport coming back to New York, it was at once decided that the sale should be conducted here.

In addition to these sales there will be an auction of the August Belmont foals that are being brought over from his French establishment, Haras de Villers. They will also be disposed of during June, and the sale will be conducted in the paddock of Belmont Park during the meeting there. Mr. Belmont is shipping over all of the French yearlings with the exception of three that have been so heavily engaged in French stakes that it was decided to leave them in that country to fill their engagements.

Another breeder who is in New York with a lot of fourteen horses that he is offering for sale is Barney Schreiber, the Missouri breeder, who, with a steadfast belief in the return of the sport, has been keeping up his big establishment all through the lean years. Mr. Schreiber has his horses at Sheepshead Bay, and for the most part they are ready or not far from racing condition. There are still sixty mares at the Woodlands Farm in Missouri, and the stallions in service there are Bannockburn, Nealon, Joe Carey, Jack Atkin, and Deutschland. Sain, the most famous stallion of the establishment, has been leased by Mr. Schreiber to E. R. Bradley.

John E. Madden, who was a visitor at the offices of the Jockey Club yesterday, said that he has 300 thoroughbreds, which undoubtedly makes his Hamburg Place Farm the most extensive establishment for thoroughbred horses in the country. There are ninety yearlings, and twenty-three of the horses are in training. There will be a sale of the yearlings, but Mr. Madden has not made any public auction arrangements, and it is possible that he will dispose of them privately.

Harvard Athletes Start South.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 11.—The annual Spring exodus of athletic teams at Harvard began to-day when twenty-four baseball and lacrosse players left for a week's series of contests in Maryland, Pennsylvania, and New York. The baseball team will play Johns Hopkins at Baltimore to-morrow, and will play the Baltimore International League team, the Naval Academy, Georgetown, Columbia, and West Point before returning home. The first lacrosse game will be with the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia to-morrow. Other games scheduled are with Maryland Agricultural College, the Naval Academy, and Johns Hopkins.

Hunter Wins at Nineteenth Hole.

Special to The New York Times.

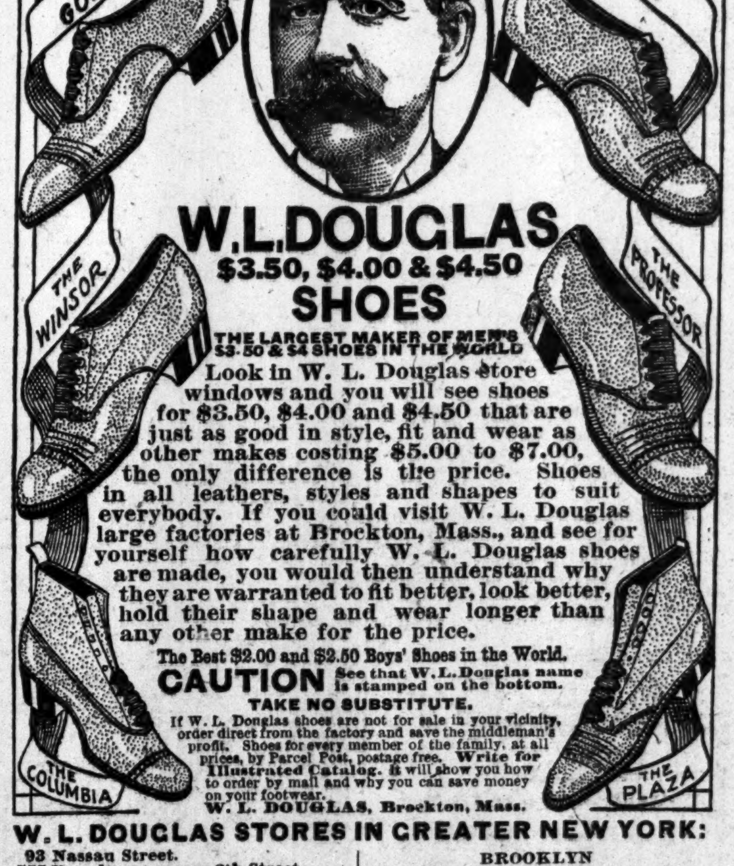
PINEHURST, N. C., April 11.—A nineteen-hole match between Robert Hunter of Wee Burn and N. S. Hurd of Pittsburgh gave zest to to-day's play in the first round of the annual mid-April golf tournament. Two down at the turn, Hurd won the first two holes, coming into a tie, halved the twelfth and gained the lead on the fourteenth, halved the eighteenth and lost the match on the nineteenth green. Other survivors in the first division are E. W. Irwin of the Kent Club, who plays Mr. Hunter to-morrow. In the lower half of the bracket C. L. Becker of Woodland and Henry C. Fownes of Oakmont remain. In the third division Rear Admiral Andrew Dunlap of New York advanced on a default. He plays H. A. Waldron of Agawam to-morrow.

Fleming Outpoints Egers.

Frankie Fleming, the Canadian featherweight, outpointed Knockout Egers of the west side all the way in their ten-round bout last night at the New Polo A. A. of Harlem. Egers showed plenty of willingness, but Fleming was too clever a boxer, and each succeeding round saw him increase his lead. In the second round Fleming dropped Egers with a right hook to the jaw, and he arose rather groggy. A few seconds later a left to the same place again dropped the west sider. He took a short count on each knockdown. Each weighed 121¾ pounds, ringside.

Boxing Flood Fund $2,467.88.

A check for $2,467.88 was yesterday sent to Gov. James M. Cox of Ohio by the State Athletic Commission, this sum representing the net proceeds of the recent boxing carnival for the flood sufferers held at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The check was turned over to the commission by Billy Gibson, who acted as manager and Treasurer of the affair. At the same time a letter was sent from the commission office to Gov. William Sulzer, notifying him of the amount raised, and thanking him for his interest in the benefit to the extent of giving over the use of the armory.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50, $4.00 & $4.50
SHOES
THE LARGEST MAKER OF MEN'S $3.50 & $4 SHOES IN THE WORLD
Look in W. L. Douglas store windows and you will see shoes for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 that are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.
The Best $2.00 and $2.50 Boys' Shoes in the World.
CAUTION See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail and why you can save money on your footwear.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:
93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th Street.
853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.)
1349 Broadway, corner 36th Street.
1495 Broadway (Times Square).
984 Third Avenue.
1452 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—24 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

AMERICANS APPLAUD LIPTON CHALLENGE

Sir Thomas's Sportsmanship Stirs Yachtsmen in Massachusetts.

LONDON, April 11.—Sir Thomas Lipton is deriving great pleasure from a cablegram received by him to-day from the Yacht Racing Association of Massachusetts, which reads:

"The Yacht Racing Association of Massachusetts applauded the sportsmanship of your unconditional challenge. Wish you well-sailed match in 1914.
"BLISS, Secretary."

Sir Thomas Lipton in his cabled reply to Mr. Bliss, Secretary of the Yacht Racing Association of Massachusetts, says:

"I am convinced that matters will be arranged so that we can have a keen sporting race at Sandy Hook."

Sir Thomas thereby indicates that he is satisfied that the New York Yacht Club will meet his challenger with a 75-foot yacht.

BOSTON, April 11.—The Massachusetts Yacht Racing Association, which cabled Sir Thomas Lipton to-day applauding his challenge for the America's Cup, includes all yacht clubs in Massachusetts Bay with the exception of the Eastern and the Corinthian of Marblehead.

The message was ordered at a special meeting of the organization called to modify the racing rules. The President of the association is Charles Francis Adams, 2d, Treasurer of Harvard College.

Will Wrestle for Titles To-night.

The semi-final and final bouts in the Metropolitan Association wrestling championships will be held to-night in the gymnasium of the New York A. C. In the 108-pound class G. Taylor, National Turn Verein, the champion, who qualified for the finals last Thursday evening, will defend his title against D. Bronstein, Educational Alliance. The 115-pound class will have S. Pinkus, Grace Athletic Club, and G. Molinos, Greek-American Athletic Club. In the 125-pound class L. Ruggiero, Grace Athletic Club, the champion, will defend his title against W. Droege, East Side Y. M. C. A., and W. Schliaran, Bronx Church House. Other contestants will be: 135-pound class, D. Field, East Side Y. M. C. A., and T. Gluch, German-American A. C.; 145-pound class, J. S. Kogland, Norwegian-American A. C.; C. Johnson, unattached, and I. Grill, unattached; 158-pound class, P. Smith, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., and E. Roishert, National Turn Verein; 175-pound class, J. Kaletchitz, East Side Y. M. C. A., and G. Xuseley, Norwegian-American A. C.; heavyweight class, C. Jacobson, East Side Y. M. C. A., and J. Gunderson, Norwegian-American A. C.

Twenty-second Regiment Games.

The Twenty-second Regiment engineers' special event at their Olympic games to-night is the 100-yard sack championship, which has among the entries the following "cracks": The present champion, Slattery; Picard, de Loiselle, McCahill, Kessler, and Johnson. It is very probable that the record of 15 3-5 seconds, which has stood since 1891, will go. The six men who have entered have equaled and surpassed the record in practice. Many of the athletes who competed years ago at games held under the auspices of the regiment have been invited as officials. Among them will be James E. Sullivan, who won his first athletic prize some thirty-five years ago in the first old armory, then situated on Fourteenth Street, near Sixth Avenue. The full Twenty-second Regiment Band will render a specially prepared concert programme at 7:45 o'clock, and there will be music throughout the games.

South Orange F. C. Election.

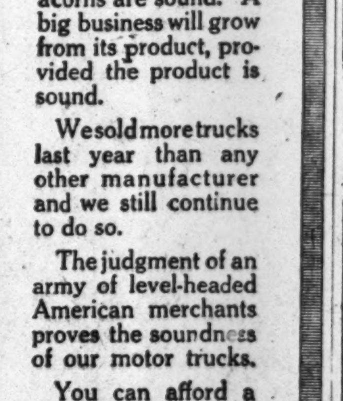
At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the South Orange Field Club last night Theodore S. Snyder was re-elected President, to serve his sixth term. Other officers re-elected were Secretary Harry W. Champenois and Treasurer Charles S. Conant, who, with Mr. Snyder, have been in office since 1908. John W. Crane was chosen Vice President. The successful candidates for membership on the Board of Governors were John S. Allen, L. Mason Meeker, Jr., W. A. White, Theodore S. Snyder, John W. Crane, and Andrew W. Bray. The Chairmen of the various committees for the year were appointed as follows: Skating and Hockey, John S. Allen; Billiards and Pool, Joseph E. Paine; Baseball, L. Mason Meeker, Jr.; Tennis, Harry W. Champenois; Bowling, Ralph A. Brainard; Golf, T. F. Handy, and Finance, John S. Allen.

Auto Races at Brighton Beach.

The Western Automobile Association is planning an Eastern invasion. It was announced yesterday that the officials of the Western association would hold race meets at Brighton Beach race track May 30 and 31, at which liberal prizes will be offered. It was stated that a big guarantee fund had already been subscribed. This announcement followed a series of unsuccessful efforts to bring about an amicable understanding between the Contest Board of the A. A. A. and the Western Automobile Association. S. W. Gumpert, receiver of the Brighton Beach race track, confirmed the announcement.

Countless, $25,000 Racer, Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 11.—Countless, winner of the last Saratoga Cup race, for whim John G. Greener, his owner, had just refused $25,000, died here to-day from shipping fever. Countless was six years old.



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Model M
Panel Top
Capacity 500 lbs.
$600
(F. O. B. Syracuse)
OAK trees will grow from acorns provided the acorns are sound. A big business will grow from its product, provided the product is sound.
We sold more trucks last year than any other manufacturer and we still continue to do so.
The judgment of an army of level-headed American merchants proves the soundness of our motor trucks.
You can afford a Chase Truck.
Six Efficient Models
Every Style of Body
Capacities
500 to 4000 lbs.
Chase Motor Truck Co.
142 West 50th St. New York
Complete Sales and Service Facilities
Truck Maintenance Guaranteed by Contract

NEW GOLF COURSE IN JERSEY

Mountain Ridge Country Club Links Will Be Ready by May 30.

Announcement was made yesterday by officers of the new Mountain Ridge Country Club of West Orange that Robert Gourley, formerly golf professional at the Suburban Golf Club of Elizabeth, would serve in that capacity for the latest of the New Jersey golfing organizations, which is to get started actively by Decoration Day. The club's grounds are situated on that portion of the Orange Mountains between the Essex County Country Club and the Montclair Golf Club. A nine hole golf course has been layed out by Dave Hunter, the Essex County professional, and eighty men are now employed in clearing the wooded section so as to make playing possible by the latter part of May. It is planned ultimately to have an eighteen-hole course. Tennis will also form one of the athletic features during the first season of the club.

In the absence of President Felix Fuld, who is in Europe, Dr. H. B. Epstein, the Vice President of the club, is in charge of the improvements, and he said yesterday that he had received a report from the golf committee, consisting of Gustave Steinhardt and Leopold Meyer, to the effect that the work on the links was progressing rapidly. Officers of the club besides those mentioned are: Treasurer, Moses Plaut; Secretary, Dr. I. J. Rachlin; Directors, Louis Schlesinger, Oscar Michael, Leo Lissner, A. Diamond, Meyer Kussy, Louis Strauss, Louis Bamberger, Abraham Rothschild, William E. Lehman, Gustave Steinhardt, Abe Feist, Joseph Fisch, Nat Goldsmith, and Leopold Meyer. The membership of the club includes some of the most prominent business and professional men of Newark and the outlying New Jersey districts.

The club house is a two-and-one-half story building and the remodeling into club quarters and improvements to the surrounding grounds are going along speedily. The dedication will take place in the latter part of May.

Gile to Captain Tiger Wrestlers.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 11.—Harold Hatch Gile, '15, of Colorado Springs, Col., was to-day elected Captain of Princeton's wrestling team. He is the first member of the present sophomore class to be elected to a 'Varsity leadership, the honor coming to him because of his work in the intercollegiates this year when he captured the heavyweight title in a strong field.

Scotch Mist inspired it!
Scotch cheviots with their rough surface and soft, misty coloring are ideal for Spring overcoats.
But because of the open weave they've never been used for raincoats, though many men want their Spring overcoats to be shower-proof.
We thought it could be done by special weaving and our friends in Scotland worked out the cloth.
"Scotch Mist" it's called—new, attractive and rain-proof.
In Spring coats of medium and light weights.
$28 to $35.
Sporting goods!
Baseball, golf, fishing, motoring — Outfits for every Outdoor Sport.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Used Motor Cars.
At our Used-Car Department, 427 West 42d St., we have a number of high-class used cars taken in trade for new Garfords, which have been placed in first-class order. The line includes Cadillacs, Matheson "Six," Pullmans, Knox, Chalmers, Rainiers, &c.; also a magnificent DeDetrich, six-cylinder, 90 horsepower. The R. & L. Company, Eastern Garford Agents, Broadway at 62d St., New York.

THE CAR YOU WANT
THE PRICE YOUR PRICE
OHIO CAR
Standard in every respect.
Every up-to-date feature.
Easy payments if desired.
Liberal allowance on your old car.
EARNEST McGRATH MOTOR CO.
1876 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Pope Hartford Used Cars
1911—7 Passenger Landaulet...$1,300
1911—7 Passenger Touring Car. $1,100
1910—Hudson, 5 Passenger..... $850
Pope Motor Car Co., 1,694 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROWS.
Rebuilt and guaranteed. Call 6671 Market for information about those ready now.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.
416 Central Ave., Newark,
New Jersey Dealers in Pierce Arrow Cars.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Advertisements for the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times to-morrow (Sunday) must be received by 9 P. M. this evening.

Motor car owners wishing to sell their cars please telephone their advertisement—1000 Bryant.

Rates for Automobile Exchange:
30c. per line one insertion.
75c. per line three insertions, including one on Sunday.
$1.40 per line seven consecutive insertions.
Count seven words to a line.

PLAN MANY TOURS AND AUTO CONTESTS

Enthusiasm Over Indiana-to-Coast Tour Reported—Three A's Issue Revised Contest List.

Reports from various points on the route of the tour which the Indiana automobile manufacturers are to make from Indianapolis to the Pacific Coast this Summer, indicate that the event is awaited with no little interest. Some of the manufacturers who have been over the ground have brought, or sent back accounts of great enthusiasm. Thus D. S. Menasco, one of the Hoosier makers, who has just returned from the Coast, describes conditions as follows:

"I am surprised at the wide interest that is being taken in the tour. Los Angeles, Sacramento, and San Francisco know more about the tour and talk about it more than those right in the centre of the Indiana automobile industry. The Mayors, presidents of commercial clubs, chambers of commerce, and, in some instances, the Governors of the States through which I passed, extended a cordial invitation for us to visit them, urging that under no circumstances their city be left off the proposed route. The Chambers of Commerce of Oakland, Cal., Colorado Springs, and Denver, Col., the Automobile Club of Utah, the Reno Automobile Club, the San Diego County Auto Owners' Club, and the Progressive Business Men's Club of Portland, Ore., were among those which joined in the invitation."

⁂

According to the official count there are now 19,851 motor vehicles registered in Chicago. Of these 14,279 are pleasure cars under thirty-five horse power, 2,232 over thirty-five horse power, 1,606 motor delivery wagons of one-ton or less capacity, 1,127 of greater capacity, and 587 machines in use for demonstration purposes.

⁂

The American Automobile Association has issued a revised list of the proposed contests for 1913, with approximate dates and names of promoters, which runs as follows:

*April 23 and 27, track meetings; San Antonio (Texas) Auto Club.
*April 28 to 30, commercial vehicle reliability; Chicago Motor Club.
April 29, May 2, reliability; Columbus (Ohio) Auto Club.
*May 5 to 8, commercial vehicle reliability; Washington (D. C.) Post.
May 29 and 30, inter-club reliability to Indianapolis; Chicago Motor Club vs. Illinois Athletic Club.
*May 30, 500-mile race; Indianapolis Motor Speedway.
*June 7, inter-club reliability; Quaker City Motor Club, Auto Clubs of Delaware County, Philadelphia, and Germantown.
June 19, Algonquin hill climb; Chicago Motor Club.
*June 25 to 28, non-motor stop run, Chicago to Boston; Chicago Auto Club.
July 4, track meeting; Taylor (Texas) Auto Club.
*July 4 and 5, track meetings; Sioux City Auto Club and Speedway Auto Club.
July 5 and 6, road races, Tacoma, Wash.; Tacoma Carnival Association, Montamara Festo Auto Committee.
July —, National reliability tour; A. A. A.
Aug. 29 and 30, Elgin road races; Elgin Road Race Association.
Aug. 30, Sept. 6, reliability; Chicago Motor Club.
Sept. 1, 200-mile track race; Columbus (Ohio) Auto Club.
Nov. 24, Vanderbilt Cup race; Savannah Auto Club.
†Nov. 27, Grand Prize race; Savannah Auto Club.
*Indicates events officially sanctioned.
†To be held under sanction of A. C. A.

⁂

Twenty-two cars have already been pledged for the outing of the Orphans' Automobile Day Association on June 5.

OIL-BURNING SHIPS SAVE.

Large Economies Reported by Danish Co. Which Has Built Several.

Large economies in the cost of marine transportation have been made possible by the use of oil burning motor ships, according to the annual report of the East Asiatic Company of Copenhagen, which has been a pioneer in this class of vessels. Commenting on the line's experience with the oil-burning motors, the report says in part:

"If the motor ships Selandia and Jutlandia had been fitted with steam engines with corresponding power to that of their Diesel oil engines, then coal consumption would have averaged about forty tons in twenty-four hours, whereas the oil consumption on their maiden voyages averaged nine tons per twenty-four hours and has since been gradually reduced to eight tons.

"One advantage in the Diesel marine engine, as compared with the marine steam engine, is that one or more of the cylinders, all of which work independently of each other, can in case of need be instantaneously disconnected without stoppage of the engines for that purpose. There have been no difficulties in the tropics in keeping the engines cooled by means of sea or river water.

"The marine boiler, including the piping, &c., is a source of considerable expenditure for maintenance. The boilers, when a steamship grows older, are its weak spot, and usually require extensive repairs and renewals. The same applies to those parts of the vessel surrounding the boiler space, such as the bottom and sides of the ship, which are comparatively soon affected by corrosion caused by the heat.

"This drawback is overcome in motor vessels, where no boilers are required. The bottom tanks, which in a steamship are generally used for ballast, usually sea water, causing corrosion, are in motor vessels employed for storing fuel oil, which prevents corrosion, a fact of special importance in places difficult of access for general maintenance.

"The smaller weight of the Diesel engine and the fuel oil carried in motor vessels, as compared with the weight of the engine and coal in steamships, has resulted in larger freight receipts owing to increased carrying capacity, and to this must be added the considerable advantage that has accrued from motor vessels being able to cross the river bar at Bangkok, inwards, as well as outwards, with a larger quantity of cargo, which would otherwise have had to be lightered.

"Not only has the loss of time generally involved in coaling been avoided, but also the maintenance of the ships has been reduced and savings effected in painting, &c.

"The results attained by the Selandia have increased the interest in the marine Diesel engine, and, more particularly in England and Germany, ships are under construction for propulsion by Diesel oil engines of various description. The engines in the motor vessels of the Selandia type, as well as in the motor vessels building to the order of the company, are of the four-cycle description, but while the engines of the Selandia have sixteen cylinders, developing 2,500 indicated horse power, the engines of the ships now building have only twelve cylinders, occupying less space, but developing greater power. Thus the twelve cylinders of the Fionia, now in course of construction, will be capable of developing 4,100 indicated horse power. The engines of the two-cycle type occupy less space than those of the four-cycle description, but the consumption of oil, as far as can be ascertained at present, is greater."

HELD FOR RAILROAD LIBEL.

Illinois Central Striker Charged with Attacking Harriman Lines.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., April 11.—Carl E. Persons of Clinton, Ill., was arrested by a United States Marshal and put under $1,000 bond to-day on charges of issuing libelous matter concerning the Harriman lines.

Persons was one of the strikers in the shops of the Illinois Central. Bloomington Socialists furnished bail for him.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat rallied at the close, which showed a ¼c net loss to a ⅛c advance. Corn closed at net advance of ¼ to ½c and oats net unchanged to ⅛c higher. Cotton was less active, closing steady at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 1 point, except for April, which was nominally 8 points lower. Cottonseed oil closed 1 to 5 points net higher.

⁂

WHEAT.

Private crop advices from over the Winter wheat belt were again of a highly favorable character, and for a time it appeared as if the trade had decided to take the selling side on this account. Values at the start were slightly higher on firm cables, but later declined ⅜c to ⅞c under vigorous selling by several large commission houses. Near the close, however, further rumors of export business with claims that Winnipeg had sold 500,000 bushels caused active covering, and the market regained most of the loss, closing at ¼c net decline to ⅛c advance. Seldom, if ever, have the reports on the crop outlook been so favorable at this time of the year, but their effect has been offset by the firmness in Europe and the belief that with underlying bullish sentiment any change in the crop position, which is likely to occur at any time, prices might be subject to a very sharp upward movement. A report by Mr. B. W. Snow said that conditions in Oklahoma are perfect, with not an acre to be abandoned, and that the State never before had such a prospect, there being the possibility of a yield of about 30,000,000 bushels. Advices from the flooded districts of the Ohio Valley indicated only a small abandonment, as the crop is showing up remarkably well where the water has run off. Argentine shipments for the week were 6,096,000 bushels, compared with 7,032,000 last week and 8,992,000 last year. Broomhall estimated world's shipments, exclusive of North America, at 10,000,000, which, with Bradstreet's American figures, indicated a total shipment of 14,190,000 compared with actual shipments last week of 15,488,000 and 11,072,000 last year. In the local market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.12½, elevator, and $1.14, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.02¾, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

New York—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	99⅜	98 11-16	99⅛	99¼	111¾
July	..	..	97⅞	97⅞	109⅛
September	..	..	96⅞	96⅞	..
New York Bonded—					
May	100⅛	100½	100¼	100¼	..
July	..	..	100½	100¼	..
Chicago—					
May	92¼	91¼	91⅝	91⅞	105¾
July	90½	90	90⅜	90¼	103⅞
September	90¼	89⅞	90	90	102¾

CORN.

The corn market sagged a little during the first part of the day in sympathy with wheat and on reports of more liberal offerings from the country, owing to prospects of better weather. Late in the day the market rallied, however, on small carlot estimates and on reports that there was a better Eastern demand for cash corn in the West, and closed near the top with a net advance of ¼@½c. Export corn in the local market was quoted at 61c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	56¼	55⅛	56⅛	55⅝	78⅝
July	57	56⅜	56⅞	56½	77⅞
September	57⅞	57¼	57¾	57½	76⅝

OATS.

The continued unsettled weather over the West discouraged aggressive selling in the oats market, as there was further apprehension of delayed seeding, and prices, after a moderate decline in sympathy with other markets, rallied and closed unchanged to ⅛c higher. The local cash market was steady; standard white quoted at 40½c; No. 3, 39½@48c; No. 4, 39@39½c; natural white, 38@40½c; white clipped, 38½@41c, all track.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	36	35½	35¾	35⅝	58¼
July	35⅛	34¾	35	35	54⅝
September	35	34⅝	34⅞	34⅞	44⅝

COTTON.

The cotton market was less active yesterday, and fluctuations were irregular within a range of 6 to 7 points, closing steady at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 1 point, except for April, which was nominally 8 points lower. Sentiment seemed to be inclined to a bearish view of the situation, judging from most of the talk around the Street, and selling was rather active at the start. Early offerings were quite readily absorbed, however, by continued foreign buying, and after the close of Liverpool had shut out arbitrage business trading tapered off to proportions that suggested more evening up for over the week-end and the part holiday on Monday than fresh ventures on either side of the account.

The opening was steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 4 points under a renewal of Thursday's selling movement, which probably included both scattering liquidation and a renewal of bear pressure. The appearance of good foreign buying orders and of a low barometer on the Gulf Coast checked the offerings to some extent, however, and the market during the middle of the morning sold about 2 to 4 points net higher. Later fluctuations were narrow, but prices showed a tendency to ease off, and the close was within a point or two of the lowest.

Rumors that the levee had broken at Beulah, Miss., were denied, but serious apprehensions were expressed as to the situation in that district, which was overflowed at about this time last year. Official weather forecasts did not suggest that the Gulf disturbance would cause any rains of consequence in the belt, and the outlook was for warmer weather west of the river following frost last night. Week-end figures were considered about a stand-off, for, while the visible supply of American cotton showed a somewhat larger decrease than for the same week last year, spinners' takings were not fully up to expectations. Reports from the dry goods trade indicating that goods buyers were already showing the influence of tariff uncertainties served to emphasize the possibility of a less active domestic trade during the end-season, but recent reports of a more active export demand were reflected by increased spot sales in several of the larger Southern markets.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 10.50c for middling upland; sales nil. The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	12.23	12.23	12.15@12.20	12.23
May	12.05	11.99	12.00@12.01	12.03
June	..	..	12.00@12.02	12.02
July	12.03	11.96	11.97@11.98	11.99
August	11.89	11.83	11.84%11.86	11.87
September	..	..	11.58@11.60	11.58
October	11.55	11.49	11.51@11.52	11.51
December	11.57	11.51	11.54@11.55	11.53
January	11.53	11.50	11.51@11.52	11.51

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products showed some hesitation during the first part of the day owing to the small demand, but prices developed firmness influenced by an advance in the hog market, and late in the session were at the best of the day. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 13,000, estimated for Saturday 9,000; Kansas City received 3,500 and Omaha 2,100.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.95	10.85	10.95	10.85	10.07½
July	10.97	10.85	10.95	10.85	10.27½
Ribs—					
May	11.27	11.15	11.27	11.15	9.60
July	11.10	10.92	11.10	10.92	10.10
Pork—					
May	19.90	19.72	19.87	19.72	17.45
July	20.10	19.90	20.05	19.80	17.85

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was only a small volume of business in cottonseed oil during the greater part of the day, but prices were steady in sympathy with lard, and late in the session the market became more active, with evidences of buying for Western account, and final prices showed a net advance of 1@5 points. Offerings of crude oil were again small, and in the absence of selling pressure, traders were inclined to take a favorable view of the situation, especially as the spot market was firm, and there were further evidences of a fairly good consuming trade.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.80@6.90	6.80
April	..	..	6.81@6.88	6.79
May	6.83	6.80	6.82@6.83	6.77
June	..	..	6.84@6.88	6.80
July	6.92	6.88	6.90@6.91	6.87
August	6.94	6.90	6.92@6.94	6.90
September	6.95	6.91	6.93@6.94	6.91
October	..	..	6.76@6.78	6.74
November	..	..	6.56@6.60	6.55

COFFEE.

December opened 1 point lower, while the other positions were unchanged to 3 points advance. Weakness developed, and the close was at a net loss of 16 to 21 points on total sales of 121,000 bags.

Havre closed net unchanged to ¼ franc higher, after an early advance of ½ to 1 franc earlier; Hamburg closed ¼ pfennig down to ¼ up. Rio market was steady, 150 reis higher, and Santos quiet and unchanged.

Spot coffee, Rio 7, 11⅛c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	..	..	10.62@10.67	10.83
May	11.00	10.79	10.77@10.80	10.98
June	..	..	10.89@10.91	11.10
July	11.22	10.97	11.02@11.05	11.22
August	..	..	11.10@11.12	11.30
September	11.48	11.20	11.25@11.26	11.43
October	..	..	11.27@11.28	11.43
November	..	..	11.27@11.29	11.45
December	11.49	11.22	11.28@11.30	11.49
January	11.50	11.50	11.28@11.30	11.49
February	..	..	11.28@11.30	11.49
March	11.51	11.32	11.32@11.33	11.50

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 35½c; firsts, 34½@35c; seconds, 33½@34c; thirds, 31@32½c; State dairy, finest, 34@35c; good to prime, 31@33c; common to fair, 27@30c; process, extras, 29½@30c; firsts, 28@29c; seconds, 26@27c; imitation creamery, firsts, 27@28c; factory, current make, firsts, 25½c; seconds, 24½@25c; thirds, 22@23c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 23½@24c; No. 3, 20@22½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17@17½c; white, 16½@16¾c; colored, average, fancy, 16@16½c; lower grades, 12@15c; fresh, colored, specials, 13½@14c; white, 13½@14c; colored, average, fancy, 13@13¼c; white, 13@13¼c; under grades, 11@12½c; daisies, held, best, 16½@17½c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, 14@15½c; State, skims, held, specials, 12@13c; fair to choice, 9½@11½c; fresh, specials, 8½@10½c; skims, fresh, choice, 7½@8½c; poor to fair, 5@7c; State, full skims, and badly defective, 1@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 21c; storage packed, firsts, 20@20½c; regular packed, firsts, northerly sections, 19@19½c; ungraded, southerly sections, 18¼@18½c; seconds, 17¼@18c; thirds, 17@17¼c; dirties, No. 1, 17¼c; No. 2, 16@17c; checks, prime, 16½c; under grade, 14@16c; duck eggs, Baltimore, fancy, 29@30c; Virginia, good to fine, 26@28c; Western and prime Southern, 25@27c; under grade, Southern, 22@24c; goose eggs, 40@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 21@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, whites, defective in size or color, 20@20½c; Western, gathered whites, 20@21c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 20½@21c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19@20c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12½c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12½c; rounds, No. 1, 13c; No. 2, 12c; No. 3, 11c; chuck, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 11½c; No. 3, 10½c.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was quiet, and prices remained unchanged. The American was quoting $4.20 for granulated, while other refiners named $4.15.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $4.60; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Crystal domino granulated, in cases of two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons, $4.65@$4.75, in half-pound cases; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was quiet and unchanged. April was quoted at 9s 9¾d, May at 9s 9¾d, and August at 10s ¾d. In the local raw sugar market there were 8,000 bags Porto Rico sugars at $3.33. Spot prices are $3.33 to $3.36 for centrifugal, $2.83 to $2.86 for muscovado, and $2.58 to $2.61 for molasses sugar.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market for molasses and syrups ruled steady and unchanged. There was fairly good demand.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—The rice market was firm, with fairly active business. Prices were unchanged.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6⅝@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was again inactive, and mills were asking old prices. Traders here showed little disposition to come into the market, however, as supplies are liberal.

Quotations: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.55@$4.65; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.10@$4.25; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.90@$4.20; extra No. 2 Winter, $3.80@$3.90; Kansas straights, $4.15@$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $5.30@$5.80. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@$3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$3.95. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.15. BAGMEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $20.25; standard middling, $20.25; flour, $26.50; Red Dog, $28; bran, $20 bulk, $21.50 sacks; middling, $21.50@$28; Red Dog, $29; oilmeal, $27.50@$28.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at $8.50 for standard white in barrels at New York.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 48@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—There was a slightly better tone in the market for turpentine, and leading operators were taking business at 43½ cents. Tar and resin were steady at former prices.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 43½c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good strained, $5.35; B, $5.50; D, $5.50; E, $5.55; F, $5.60; G, $5.65; H, $5.75; I, $5.75; K, $6.75; M, $7.35; N, $7.75; WG, $7.90; WW, $8.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 11.—New companies incorporated to-day include the following:

Erickson Self-Cleaning Filter Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; water filters; $500,000. Clifford H. Ayres, H. F. Rhatigan, Harold H. Kissam; Bay Shore, L. I.

New York Fire Proof Products Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $100,000. Thomas Toby, David Davis, Charles D. Griswold; 97 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

Hencken-Schaefer Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; realty; $10,000. William F. Hencken, Claudine S. Hencken, George Schaefer; Kissena Park, Flushing, N. Y.

Dunlop Wire Wheel Corporation of America, of Manhattan; vehicle wheels and tools; $400,000. Walter Fry, Clarence G. Compbell, Charles J. Kleber; 217 West 106th Street, New York.

Rutan & Cooper, Incorporated, of Manhattan; builders and contractors; $10,000. Anna V. Kenealy, William F. Wund, Joseph Cooper; 920 St. John's Avenue, New York.

Export Flour and Feed Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Simon Israel, David S. Hamforoff, Sadye Cohen; 857 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx.

Bonnie Brook Distilling Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; liquors; $10,000. Isaac Rich, Chester R. Bidsbury, Samuel S. Goldberg; 785 Hewitt Place, the Bronx.

Still's Automobile and Accessories Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. George M. Still, George Edwin Still, Josiah H. Still; 834 Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

Automatic Alarm Lock Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $25,000. Bruno Pfeiffer, Leo Hellman, Harold Sisenberg; 78 East Ninety-sixth Street, New York.

Metropolitan Post Card Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; general merchandise; $15,000. Carl Muscall; Siegfried Horwitz, Theodore Bartha; 41 West 110th Street, New York.

Fire Adjustment Corporation of America, of Manhattan; $20,000. Sigmund M. Tynberg, Herman B. Goodstein, Darius Ettinger; 116 West 111th Street, New York.

Pasteur Filter Sales and Repairing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; water filters; $10,000. Otto W. Lowe, Louis W. Schmutz, Frederick W. Fischer; 462 Fourth Avenue, Newark, N. J.

S. & A. Mahler, Incorporated, of Manhattan; realty; $10,000. Samuel Mahler, Abraham Mahler, Clara Heght, all of 507 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Canal Construction Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $15,000. Sheldon Stearns, Johannes Bruyn, F. Legenhausen; 154 Buffalo Avenue, Brooklyn.

Foreign corporations authorized to do business in this State were:

Stone & Webster Construction Company of Massachusetts; engineering and construction work; $100,000. J. W. Buzzell; 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Producers' Fish Company, Limited, of the Province of Ontario; $20,000. Frederick R. Robbins; Elk and Mississippi Streets, Buffalo.

Betterment League's Fifth Lecture.

The Betterment League, of which Mrs. William Cumming Story is President, will hear the fifth of a series of educational lectures in the league headquarters, 132 West 131st Street, on Sunday, April 13, at 8 P. M. These lectures are free. Abstracts of the subjects include "Psychology and the Higher Thought" and "Psychopathology of Heredity." The speakers will include Dr. J. Gardner Smith, President of the Human Welfare Society; Mme. Clarence de Vaux-Raynor, Mrs. Nellie B. Slingerland, and Frederick A. Baker.

SALE OF BROWNING RELICS.

Sotheby's to Offer the Remarkable Collection May 1 to 8.

Announcement was made yesterday by Lathrop C. Harper of 437 Fifth Avenue that the estate of Robert Wiedermann Barrett Browning will sell at auction at Sotheby's in London, May 1 to May 8, the remarkable collection of manuscripts, pictures, autographs, books, and personal relics of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning. The oil paintings fall into three divisions:

> Portraits of Robert Browning, by A. Fisher, (painted 1853 or 1854,) and W. Page, the American artist, (painted 1854;) a pair of portraits of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning, by Gordigiani, (1860;) of Robert Browning again by his son, (half length, 1874, and full length, 1889;) of Robert Browning's grandmother, (Margaret Tittle, a Creole,) by Wright of Derby; of Miss Sarianna Browning, by her nephew, the poet's son.
>
> Old Italian pictures, mostly bought by Robert Browning for Casa Guidi, including a Christ at the column, attributed to one of the Pollajoli; most of these are shown in the picture of the drawing room at Casa Guidi, (also in the sale,) which Robert Browning had painted after his wife's death.
>
> Pictures of R. W. B. Browning, the poet's son, many of which were exhibited at the Royal Academy and elsewhere.

The drawings include a pastel of Mrs. Browning as a child at Hope End, by Hayter; an early pencil drawing of Robert Browning (1837) by his friend, the Comte Amedee de Ripert-Monclar, who suggested the subject of Paracelsus; many grotesque drawings by the poet's father, Robert Browning; several pencil portraits of R. W. B. Browning, the poet's son, in the '50s and '60s, by Leighton, and the famous pen-and-ink portrait of Tennyson reading "Maud" in Browning's lodgings in Dorset Street, on Sept. 27, 1855, by D. G. Rossetti.

The literary manuscripts include many of Elizabeth Barrett Browning, some dating from her childhood, among them the original complete autograph manuscript of "Aurora Leigh," from which the poem was printed.

The manuscripts by Robert Browning include that of "One Word More," the complete original autograph manuscript of "Asolando," his last volume of poems, published the day before his death, and the acting copy of "A Blot in the 'Scutcheon," copied of "A Blot Sarianna Browning, with the autograph corrections by Macready which caused the quarrel between him and Robert Browning.

The letters include the "Love Letters of Robert Browning and Elizabeth Barrett Browning" and many letters of Elizabeth Barrett Browning to various correspondents, mostly published by Sir F. G. Kenyon in his "Letters of Elizabeth Barrett Browning." There are many letters to Robert Browning from famous contemporaries, including Carlyle (who advised him to write prose instead of poetry,) Ruskin, Tennyson, and John Forster. Among them is the famous letter from D. G. Rossetti, asking Browning whether he was the author of "Pauline," and saying he had copied out the poem, with his own hand, so much did he admire it, and regretted not being able to procure a copy.

Among the notable books are: Robert Browning's first copy of Shelley, with autograph inscription by Robert Browning, that it was presented to him by his cousin, James Silverthorne, soon after its publication in 1826; a fine copy of the very rare original edition of "Pauline"; Greek testament of Elizabeth Barrett Browning, with many autograph notes; family Bible in which are entered the dates of the marriage of Robert Browning's parents, and the birth of the poet and his sister, and pocket Bible belonging to Robert Browning with notes of the dates of his marriage and birth of his son.

There are several first editions of W. S. Landor's rare early works with his autograph notes, presented by him to Robert Browning, and a copy of the "Orlandino," by Limerno Pitocco, 1775, finely bound by Derome, presented to Landor by Gen. William Napier, the historian of the Peninsula War, by Landor to Robert Browning, and by Browning to his son; these gifts were made by Landor as tokens of his gratitude for the kindness Robert Browning showed him in the last years of life, 1859-64.

The works of art include companion busts in marble of Robert Browning and Elizabeth Barrett Browning by their friend, the American sculptor, W. W. Story; a bust in marble and a replica in bronze of Robert Browning by his son; several others by R. W. B. Browning, among them a head of Pompilia, heroine of "The Ring and the Book," in marble; a bronze head of a man by Rodin, whose pupil, R. W. B. Browning, was for several months, and a portrait of R. W. B. Browning as a child by Monroe, (1858.)

The furniture from Casa Guidi, includes a bookcase, Elizabeth Barrett Browning's chair and small table at which she wrote; chairs, and tables. There are also Robert Browning's writing desk and chair from his London houses, 19 Warwick Crescent and 29 De Vere Gardens.

Among his personal relics are Robert Browning's gold watch and chain and a lock of Milton's hair, given to Robert Browning by Leigh Hunt in 1836, which had a pedigree back to Addison, through Dr. Johnson.

Included in the tapestries is one which is supposed to have partly suggested Robert Browning's poem, "Childe Roland to the Dark Tower Came."

Complete catalogues of the sale are expected to arrive here in a few days from Sotheby's, and may be obtained from Mr. Harper.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Local rains Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate south winds.
Georgia—Cloudy Saturday, preceded by rain in east portion. Sunday fair; light to moderate variable winds.
Florida—Fair in northwest portion, local rains in the peninsula Saturday. Sunday probably fair; light, variable winds.
Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature Sunday; light north winds.
Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday, with slowly rising temperature; light to moderate north winds.
Western Texas, Arkansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, Upper Michigan, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature.
Oklahoma—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature.
Utah—Fair Saturday and Sunday.
Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Saturday. Sunday, fair and warmer.
Ohio—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, fair, with rising temperature; light to moderate north and northwest winds.
Indiana—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, fair and warmer.
Illinois—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature; light north winds, becoming variable.
Lower Michigan—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, fair, with rising temperature; moderate north winds.
Wisconsin—Fair weather and rising temperature Saturday and Sunday; light north winds.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Regarding the present condition of trade Dun's Review says:

General trade is quiet for the time being, many railroads and industrial centres not having as yet fully recovered from the effects of the Western floods. Satisfactory progress, however, is reported at many points. The readjustment of the tariff, now in progress, produces more or less hesitation in some trades, but in spite of these two unfavorable factors, there is no indication of a permanent setback in business, and fundamental conditions appear as sound as before. An encouraging development of the week was the very unfavorable report on the condition of Winter wheat, which is far above the average. Bank clearings this week were 5.0 per cent. under those of last year, but 3.7 per cent. above 1911. The prevailing dulness in the speculative markets no doubt accounts in part for the decrease. Railroad gross earnings in March were 5.5 per cent. better than last year, and the gain would have been larger but for the interruption to traffic caused by the floods.

Bradstreet's says:

Trade is irregular, running from slow to active, accordingly as points of primary or final distribution are considered. For this weather irregularity, effects of past or prospective overflow, and last but not least tariff agitation are varyingly responsible. Best reports come from the Northwest and the North Pacific sections. From this they shade down to fair in the Upper Mississippi Valley and the Southeast, while in the East the primary textile goods markets are reported in a waiting stage, and some of them much unsettled, with little doing pending clearer views of possible tariff changes.

Money is slightly easier for call loans, but for mercantile accommodation rates are still high and rather firm, and borrowing is restricted. Leading Western banking centres report decreased deposits and smaller cash supplies because of increased loans made.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Crockery Exodus from Downtown.

Despite the efforts of certain wholesalers of crockery, glassware and kindred lines in the Park Place district to keep the trade together, the uptown exodus is beginning in earnest. Following the uptown removals in the last year or two of such houses as Haviland & Co., Bawo & Dotter and Theodore Haviland & Co., comes the announcement that the Bradley & Hubbard Manufacturing Company, lamps, of 26 Park Place, will take new quarters in the Fifth Avenue Building about May 1. According to well-informed persons the Bradley & Hubbard Company will be the first lamp house of prominence to desert the old district, but future developments will be watched with interest.

⁂

Sicily Lemons May Be High.

Importers of Sicily lemons are predicting higher prices for their fruit for the coming season. Last season importations of these lemons amounted to slightly over 1,500,000 boxes, while California shipments to this market totalled about 2,300,000 boxes. This year, however, it is asserted that there will be a shrinkage of from 75 to 80 per cent. in California receipts as a result of the frosts there during the Winter. Consequently a sharp mounting of prices on imported lemons is expected as soon as the weather becomes warm. At the present time lemons are commanding an average price of about $3.90 a box here.

⁂

Umbrella Men Not Afraid.

Makers of the better grades of umbrellas and canes have nothing to fear from the foreign competition invited by the new tariff schedule. According to A. W. Ware of Arthur W. Ware & Co., 41 East Twentieth Street, the foreign umbrella makers have the advantage of getting cheaper silks and some advantage in the cost of frames, but in the matter of handles the better American houses have it all over the Europeans. This also applies to the cane end of the industry. In parasols, however, the foreigners will have the advantage. Throughout the industry, according to Mr. Ware, American goods are better made, finished, and seasoned than those that come from abroad. The increased carrying cost of imported goods also favors domestic manufacturers.

⁂

Tariff Upsets Dress Goods.

A general feeling of uncertainty exists among worsted and woolen dress goods manufacturers regarding prices on their Spring 1914 lines. Most orders are taken containing a clause guaranteeing protection through non-delivery of Spring goods until the Fall season is completed. Those who have not taken such orders are waiting to see what further develops in tariff. Several are keeping their looms idle, feeling that it is better than to accept orders that might be cancelled later if prices were reduced.

⁂

Business Failures This Week.

Bradstreets' reports 213 business failures in the United States during the week, against 237 for the previous week and 234, 233, 207, and 201 for the corresponding weeks of 1912 to 1909. The Middle States had 74, New England 17, Southern 49, Western 37, Northwestern 12, and Far Western 24. Canada had 22, against 27 for the previous week. About 92 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 5 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

To Stop Misrepresentation of Furs.

A movement, backed by the National Retail Furriers' Association, is on foot to obtain National legislation making misrepresentation of furs by retailers a penal offense. According to Samuel Paull, President of the association, American-made furs are the best in the world, but many members of the retail trade have destroyed public confidence in them by continued refusal to call a spade a spade. Among the most flagrant cases of misrepresentation noted are these: Muskrats as water mink, skunk as Alaska sable, seal-dyed rats as Hudson seal and dark raccoon as African fisher. The association has provided means for prosecuting dealers who get fraudulent prices by the use of these names, if the consumer so desires. This service is gratis.

⁂

Smith Carpet Auction Offerings.

The offerings at the carpet and rug auction to be held by the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company on April 29, and succeeding days, will comprise about 35,000 bales of Axminster rugs in various sizes, about 45,000 bales of tapestry and velvet rugs in various sizes, and about 20,000 rolls of tapestry, velvet and Axminster carpetings. Sales will be made on a credit of 4 per cent., ten days, from Sept. 1, and anticipation will be permitted at 6 per cent. a year. Catalogues of samples will be ready April 21.

⁂

Printcloths Show Little Life.

Yesterday was one of the dullest days seen in the local printcloth market in some time. Trading was without feature. Some fine-yarn goods moved at recent levels, but sheeting and drills were quiet and weak. There was some call for narrow printcloths for nearby delivery, but business in them was badly scattered. Finished goods were also reported slow. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch,	56-52s	3c	38½-inch,	64-60s	5c
27-inch,	56-56s	3 3-16c	38½-inch,	64-64s	5¼c
27-inch,	64-60s	3½c	39-inch,	68-72s	5½c
28-inch,	64-60s	3⅞c	39-inch,	72-76s	6c
28-inch,	64-64s	4c	39-inch,	80-80s	7c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8@8¼c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¼c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 13¾c; standard prints, 5½c, and standard staple ginghams, 6¾c.

⁂

Furniture Selling Picks Up.

April furniture ordering is less conservative than March. Possible lower tariff will not directly affect staple lines, as practically the only goods imported, excepting Chinese and Japanese wicker furniture, are the most expensive procurable. As competition is keen at 35 per cent., a lower tariff will materially affect makers of high-priced domestic furniture. It is said to be difficult for local makers of Summer furniture to compete now; with a lower duty they will probably be forced out altogether.

⁂

Cement Outlook Is Good.

Cement manufacturers expect a normal demand next season, and say that current business holds up well. Large ordering expected from contractors on State road work has not yet materialized. Railroads, however, are using more than their usual quota. Lower tariff will have no effect on this market, but more cement may be brought in from Canada at points along the Pacific Coast. The average price of bulk cement ranges from 90 to 95 cents, free on board, at the mill.

LACE SEASON PROMISING.

Big Run on Women's Coats in Pile Fabrics Also Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, to-morrow will say:

"General trade in dry goods during the week has proceeded normally with sales for future delivery forging ahead on a very satisfactory basis.

"The season's novelties are appearing, prominent among which is black velvet ribbon for millinery and trimming, in widths from two and a half to six inches. Laces for underwear are also coming into vogue. Undergarments made entirely of laces are fashionable and reorders indicate that this will be a good lace season.

"Blanket and bedding stocks have become very much depleted in supplying the needs of the flooded districts.

"Anticipation of a large demand for women's and misses' coats in pile fabrics is being realized in sales, especially Arabian lamb cloth, Ural lamb and astrakhan in black, blue and brown. There is also evidence of another big season in plush coats. Very few mills in the country are equipped to make these fabrics as they should be made, and the slow process of manufacturing is bound to cause a scarcity. Already some of the leading mills have absolutely withdrawn their lines and will book no more orders at any price."

Paper Company Bankrupt.

UTICA, N. Y., April 11.—Schedules were filed in the office of the Clerk of the United States Court in this city to-day showing that the Astoronga Paper Company of Little Falls was bankrupt, with liabilities of $143,967 and with nominal assets of $160,109. The concern has been engaged in the manufacture of tissue papers.

New Orleans Cotton Estimate.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows the total amount visible to be 4,952,020 bales, against 5,074,544 last week, 5,439,969 last year, and 3,939,918 the year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,504,020, against 3,621,544 last week and 4,228,929 last year.

BUSINESS NOTES.

According to announcements being sent to the trade, the new and running patterns of the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company for the Fall season will be shown in the company's salesrooms in this city, Chicago, San Francisco, Portland, Ore.; Kansas City, and Los Angeles on Monday, April 28. It is expected that the formal openings of the other companies in the floor coverings field will also accur on that date.

The State Department of Agriculture issues a warning that quantities of spurious and adulterated vinegar are being handled by retailers in different parts of the State. Some of the samples collected, believed to contain wood acid, are being analyzed.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

The floods in the Middle West are expected to hold up clothiers' salesmen in the getting of Fall orders in that part of the country. No great falling off in business is anticipated there, however.

Stocks of brown goods in the local cotton goods trade are light. This fact alone is believed to be responsible for the sustained strength of this end of the market in the face of the weakness in other quarters.

Judging from the increasing demand of the last few seasons, the American woman has adopted the ready-made guimpe and chemisette as staple articles of dress.

Embroidered robes on batiste, linen, crepe, and ratine are meeting an improved demand in various quarters of this market.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

A machine for removing scale from boiler tubes, recently invented by a British engineer, is described by Consul General John L. Griffiths of London in a report that will be loaned to interested American firms by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C.

Apples are not imported into Peru from the United States. Apples and pears, mostly the latter, are imported to a certain extent from Chile, not under refrigeration, but on deck, exposed to the fresh air. The latest statistics available give Peru's imports of fresh fruit in 1910 as follows: From Ecuador, $27,525; Chile, $1,509; Panama, $653; Hongkong, $524. Total, $30,211.

At the Irbit (Russia) Fair squirrel skins are selling at 27 to 29 cents, and a drop in prices for these skins is noticeable throughout Western Siberia. In Tyumen a Russian export association is being organized by a group of middlemen dealing in furs, and it is probable that the operations of this association will influence prices toward the end of the fair.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, care of the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

10,725. TOILET SOAPS AND CASH REGISTERS.—An American Consular officer in Portugal reports that a business firm in his district is anxious to act as the local representative of American manufacturers of toilet soaps and cash registers. References can be furnished and correspondence should be in Portuguese.

10,726. DRIED BREWERS' GRAINS.—A report from an American Consular officer in Germany states that a business firm in his district is in the market for dried brewers' grains (expended malt) from the United States. This firm is said to have a good reputation in trade circles. The officer adds that this class of feeding material is imported from the United States to the value of about $1,750,000 annually.

10,727. OYSTERS.—A business man in a South American country informs an American Consular officer that he is desirous of importing oysters from the United States, and asks that shippers communicate with him on the subject.

10,728. STAVES AND LUMBER.—An American Consular officer in South Africa reports that a firm of local importing merchants desires to take up representation for a certain province for the following lines: Quartered oak and oak staves for casemaking, white wood lumber, (presumably white pine,) American pine, and American hickory. It is requested that duplicates of information supplied to this firm be sent to the Consular officer referred to.

10,729. UNDERWEAR.—A European business man informs an American Consular officer that he wishes to get in communication with American manufacturers of underwear. Correspondence and catalogues should be in English.

10,730. HARDWOOD CHARCOAL.—The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce is in receipt of a communication from an officer of a foreign Government stating that he has an inquiry for a large amount of hardwood charcoal. He will be glad to put the manufacturers of or dealers in this article in direct communication with the inquirers upon receipt of their letters.

10,731. OFFICE FURNISHINGS AND SUPPLIES AND TYPEWRITERS.—Reporting upon the prospects for the sale of American goods in his district, an American Consul in a European country writes that a firm of good standing dealing in adding machines informs him that it sells chiefly American adding machines and is entirely satisfied with the machines, their delivery, and packing. However, the firm would like to get in touch with responsible American firms shipping office furnishings and supplies and also typewriting machines.

10,732. AGENCY FOR PATENTED ARTICLES.—A business firm with offices in Canada, France, Italy, and Egypt, but with head office in England, informs an American Consular officer that it desires to enter into negotiations with a number of American firms for the purpose of representing them in the sale of patented articles in the European market. One of the members of the firm claims to be in close touch with the various Governments and Harbor Boards throughout Europe, and states that he has done a very large business, particularly in two countries. The firm offers to produce on request any references that may be desired.

10,733. AMERICAN NOVELTIES OF VARIOUS KINDS.—An American Consul in a European country reports that a firm in his district dealing in novelties, Japanese goods, and toys would be glad to receive catalogues from American firms for any articles which it could carry in a novelty store. The firm now sells American tennis racquets, footballs, dolls, bonbons, and some leather articles, which it secures through Hamburg houses. Correspondence should be in German.

10,734. MACHINERY FOR MANUFACTURING FISH GUANO AND FISH OIL.—A report from an American Consular officer in Norway states that a local importer and dealer in machinery wishes to receive correspondence from American manufacturers of machinery for manufacturing fish guano and fish oil. Prices should be quoted free on board New York, cash against bill of lading. Correspondence may be in English, though Norwegian is much preferred.

10,735. BOX SHOOKS.—A boxmaker in a Scottish city informs an American Consulate that he desires price lists from American shookmakers near New York, Boston, and Philadelphia. Shooks are required for the Scottish linen trade. An extensive business is assured if prices and conditions are favorable.

10,737. SAWMILL MACHINERY AND DRY KILN.—A report from an American Consul in the Near East states that a local firm of commission merchants composed of American citizens desires to get into communication with manufacturers of sawmill machinery in the United States. The erection of a sawmill for the manufacture of orange crates and boxes from eucalyptus timber is contemplated. It is proposed to install a plant with a capacity of about 10,000 logs per annum, the size of the logs being approximately 13 feet long by 10 to 12 inches in diameter. The average length of the boards used is about 2½ feet, the thinnest size used being about three-sixteenths of an inch. The motive power of the mill should be such that sawdust and waste wood could be used for fuel. A dry kiln will also be required.

10,738. APPLES.—A firm of wholesale fruit dealers in England informs an American Consul that it wishes to communicate direct with apple growers and packers in Washington and Oregon with the object of establishing business relations for the crops of the coming season.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Vestings Cut; Portrait of Queen Elizabeth Duty Free.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne regarding the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of cotton vestings containing colored threads other than the ordinary warp and filling threads. The goods also had a foundation cloth of bleached cotton threads counting more than 150 and less than 200 threads per square inch, the merchandise being valued at more than 12½ cents a square yard. Duty was assessed at 40 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 307 and 2 cents per square yard extra for additional figure threads under Paragraph 313. The importers established the fabrics to be dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem and 2 cents per square yard under Paragraphs 307 and 313. Judge Cooper ruled that in determining whether the goods were bleached or unbleached the basic fabric alone should have been considered.

The Bowling Green Storage and Van Company appealed for free entry as antiques for a wide variety of paintings, plates, and furniture. The board exempted some of the articles, notably a large painting of Queen Elizabeth, but the rest were held as assessed.

D. Ullmann & Co. obtained 20 per cent. under the act of 1909 on mercerized embroidery cotton under Paragraph 313, upsetting an assessment of half a cent per 100 yards under Paragraph 314.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

A. SCHWOERER & SONS, INC.—A petition has been filed against A. Schwoerer & Sons, Inc., roofers and cornicemakers, 530 East Eightieth Street, by these creditors: Margaret Schwoerer, $33,500; Dry Dock Realty Company, $13,206, and Penrose Realty Company, $3,706. Judge Mayer appointed Oliver L. Goldsmith receiver, bond $80,000, with authority to continue business twenty days. There are outstanding contracts aggregating $150,000. The liabilities are $120,000 and assets $71,000. Sheriff Harburger received an execution yesterday against the alleged bankrupt for $980 in favor of Benjamin Gillespie.

L. STEINER COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the L. Steiner Company, auctioneers, at 51 Greene Street, by these creditors: Jacob L. Sacks, $183; Bernard Cloak Company, $193; Henry Baum, $85, and Benjamin Waldman, $116. Judge Mayer appointed George R. Hall receiver, bond $500. The liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $600.

SOLOMON ISAAC.—A petition has been filed against Solomon Isaac, trading as S. Isaac & Co., and also as the Excelsior Novelty Company, manufacturer of bags, belts, and neckwear, 561 Broadway, by these creditors: Denzer & Nathan, $385; M. Lowebstein & Sons, $131, and Joseph Milstein, $5. The liabilities are said to be $15,000 and assets $4,000 stock. Judge Mayer appointed Roger Hinds receiver, bond $2,000.

HANS TRIEST and CARL J. SCHRAMME.—A petition has been filed against Hans Triest and Carl J. Schramme, who formerly traded as H. Marquardt & Co., exporters and importers, 35 South William Street, by these creditors: Beaver Valley Glass Company, $226; Edward Miller & Co., $351, and Archer Manufacturing Company, $175. Sheriff Harburger received several executions against them on Feb. 13, aggregating $61,528, but when he went to make a levy he was informed that the firm had been succeeded by a corporation of the same style more than a year ago. The firm went into liquidation, it is said, in August, 1911, with liabilities of $400,000, and about 80 per cent. of the creditors took stock in the new corporation for their claims. The firm did business mainly in Mexico.

MILTON SMITH.—A petition has been filed against Milton Smith, piano mover of 2,561 Third Avenue, by these creditors: Herman H. Gerken, $812; John Reeber, $125, and Daniel Mangin, $227. The liabilities are $6,000 and the assets $4,000.

MARTIN VINCENT.—A petition has been filed against Martin Vincent, dealer in tobacco and cigars at Hudson, N. Y., by these creditors: C. E. Joslen & Son, $304; Hudson Wholesale Grocery Company, $77, and F. & M. Herbs Company, $181.

BENJAMIN J. PEARLMAN, a solicitor, of 137 West 125th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $4,280 and nominal assets of $2,541. Elmer E. Sanborn is a creditor for $2,351. Another creditor is Anthony P. Windolph, $943, money deposited with the petitioner on a sub-lease.

HANNAH HERTZ, residing at 420 East 119th Street, employed in an ostrich feather factory at 815 Broadway, has filed a petition with liabilities of $2,438 and no assets.

SCHNEIDER TILE COMPANY.—Henry Schneider, doing business as the Schneider Tile Company, tile contractor, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,653 and assets of $3,771.

ISAAC ROSENTHAL of Mount Vernon has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,181, and no assets.

HENNEBIQUE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Schedules of the Hennebique Construction Company of 1,170 Broadway, show liabilities of $256,829 and nominal assets of $183,495. The Navy Department, United States Government, owes it $6,274, and the Newark Board of Education $5,780. Among the creditors are Francois Hennebique, $37,549; John J. Riley, $15,000; Raymond Raffrey, $13,375; Mutual Bank, $14,470; Harold L. Bond Company, $6,836, and Detroit Steel Products Company, $5,834. There are four accident suits against the company, the claims aggregating $45,663.

WILLARD C. BALDWIN.—Schedules of Willard C. Baldwin, wholesale dealer in woolen rags, 525 Broome Street, show liabilities of $55,406 and nominal assets of $34,330. Among the creditors are Samuel Nash, $10,000; C. Wyatt, Union Hill, N. J., $9,528; Gatti McQuade Company, $7,055; Harry Desbold, $4,981, and S. Horowitz, $4,053.

MARY BRODSKY.—Schedules of Mary Brodsky, dealer in wearing apparel, 174 Broome Street, show liabilities of $5,010 and assets of $2,801.

FROLIC OPERATING COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed Saul E. Rogers receiver for the Frolic Operating Company, restaurant, 222 West Forty-seventh Street, bond $500, on consent of Jacob Kostman, President, who stated that the company admitted insolvency. The assets are estimated at $1,000.

PONS ATHLETIC SUPPLY COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed Murray Spies receiver for the Pons Athletic Supply Company of 116 Nassau Street.

ANTHONY AUTO BODY COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed William Chilvers receiver for the Anthony Auto Body Company of 614 East Eighty-third Street, with authority to continue business thirty days.

ABRAHAM BERLOW, jobber in tobacco and cigars, 71 East 115th Street, has made an assignment to Maurice L. Shaine.

IMPROVED PROPERTY HOLDING COMPANY.—Judge Hand of the United States District Court has appointed Silas W. Howland receiver for all the property of the Improved Property Holding Company of New York of 341 Fifth Avenue, not covered by mortgages dated June 1, 1906, and May 24, 1909, in place of Alwyn Ball, Jr., who asked to be relieved of the receivership, which he accepted a year ago to conserve the assets. He prefers to have the assets distributed through a receiver who never had an interest in the company.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Archibald, Frank D., Sr., and Bryant Park Bank—W. W. Darley, $1,820.
Burghardt, Louis R.—G. Eckert, $1,665.
Bartel, Louis—Gansevoort Beef and Provision Co., $608.
Bunnell, James L.—U. S. Realty and Improvement Co., $166.
Brode, Max and Moses—Starling Hat Co., $421.
Brown, Frederick—A. Kebrick, $1,743.
Braus, Jacob and Louis—National Silk Co., $141.
Corby, Charles A. and Severio Cipriani—Hudson Wood Working Co., $162.
Cohen, Elias and Harry Fischel—A. Groupp, $1,049.
Cregan, Alfred B.—A. Sluff, $131.
Colburn, Frank W.—H. H. Hansen et al., $164.
Deutsch, Joseph—City of New York, $264.
De Palma, Florinda—Same, $264.
Dicke, Henry J.—M. Lustig, $1,062.
Davis, Agnes—A. Northrup, $208.
Elfin, Suydam—City of New York, $264.
Ellis, Melville—Hugo Baruch & Co., $377.
Finkelstein, Max—City of New York, $264.
Flint, Albert H.—E. G. Wyckoff, $5,530.
Foye, Andrew E.—G. M. Roden, $2,743.
Germanoff, Peter and Ann—S. Paskewich, $222.
Graff, John T.—A. Maschas et al., $118.
Gottuso, Antonio—Seaboard Wine Growers, $207.
Giannone, William—Empire Manufacturing Co., Inc., $104.
Gillette, William C—H. H. Vought et al., costs, $127.
Same—135 Christopher Street, costs, $122.
Harrison, Henry L.—North Side Savings Bank, $3,111.
Jaeckel, Hugo F., Hugo F. Jaeckel, Jr., Richard Jaeckel, and Walter F. Jaeckel—G. W. Millett, $786.
Kopf, Fred—H. Matthews, $181.
Katz, Michael—L. Kram, $126.
Kramer, Solomon—H. Levin, $144.
Leichentritt, Philip, and Jacob M. Mandelbaum—United States Realty and Improvement Co., $186.
Liebmann, David—X. Grisez, Jr., $10,306.
Same—Same, $3,054.
Same—Same, $836.
Link, Jacob—M. Gelb, $537.
Lewis, William B.—C. F. Bishop, costs, $112.
Lovoi, Ottavio, and National Surety Co.—People, &c., $1,500.
Maas, Louis—New York Edison Co., $477.
McGlynn, Therese E.—A. Herz and others, $153.
Mendham, Louis J. and Frances A., adm.—J. B. Ikelheimer, $1,685.
Macomber, W. Sturgis—J. S. Friedman, $113.
Mulcare, William J.—H. W. Vogel and others, $158.
Moore, Henry G.—G. L. Moore, $182.
Murphy, Thomas, adm.—Tefft, Weller Co., costs, $108.
McCrory, James—Mrs. M. L. Blackwood, $519.
Neligan, Frank—Stanley & Patterson, Inc., $129.
Panunzio, Giovanni—New York Edison Co., $384.
Potts, Irwin—Blumenthal & Bickart, Inc., $121.
Philippeau, William G.—National Surety Co., $419.
Page, Alfred and Hattie H.—Rothschild Realty Co., $666.
Reilly, Daniel A.—Bernheim Distilling Co., $205.
Rogers, Howard J.—A. C. Smith, $739.
Renner, Morris—N. Bandler, $232.
Rothschild, Baer—M. Ginsberg et al., $228.
Smith, Theron L.—L. Glickman, $1,135.
Schlesinger, David—Cluett, Peabody & Co., $215.
Schultze, Walter—O. Huttlinger, costs, $129.
Schmitt, Philip—W. O. Fredenburg et al., $276.
Skladman, Aaron—G. Scher, $289.
Sullivan, Joseph, or Joe—J. Abdallah, $214.
Shaw, Richard W.—D. J. O'Brien, $841.
Schwartz, Arman—City of New York, $264.
Shields, Paul V., and Louis G.—C. T. Wills, $267.
Schnapp, Joseph—A. A. Kennard & Co., $342.
Solomon, Sidney—E. Solomon et al., $293.
Scheland, Charles—A. W. Lemcke Co., $781.
Smolack, Harry—M. Solomon et al., $147.
Same—S. Abramowitz, $128.
Washburn, Mary R., and Joseph Walker, Jr., executrix, &c.—E. Stafford, $2,248.
Same—C. Stafford et al., $105.
Same—T. Turner et al., $661.
Washburn, Mary R.—E. Stafford, $409.
Wendel, Louis—James Everard's Breweries, $4,695.
Wendt, Fritz—A. Luchow, $188.
Wachsman, Samuel—H. B. Claflin Co., $205.
Saenger, Rudolf Co.—Silverberg Import Co., $184.
Apperson Motor Car Co.—American Taximeter Co., $552.
Commercial Development Co.—United States Realty and Improvement Co., $1,202.
D. T. McKeithan Lumber Co.—Billmeyer Lumber Co., $135.
Kramer Contracting Co.—H. H. Fox et al., $610.
Monaton Realty Investing Corp.—Sterling Building and Operating Co., $137.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—J. Paglia, $412.
Alfred E. Norton Co.—J. Drummond, costs, $133.
A. Schwoerer & Sons, Inc.—Benjamin Gillespie Co., $491.
Same—B. Gillespie, $491.
Emblem Realty Co.—H. Fuld, $4,136.
Gingold Realty Co.—G. E. Walter, costs, $122.
Crotona Park Realty Co., C. Pianisani, and Ortiasa Pianisani—A. Spadaccini, $390.
Banks Electric and Manufacturing Co.—W. E. Howley, $5,476.
Board of Education—E. Zulxer, $138.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Russ, Herman—W. Simon; May 23, 1911, $381.
George A. Kessler & Co.—N. Wolff; March 10, 1913, $118.
Hencken, William F.—Investors' Agency; April 2, 1913, $3,172.
Paris, John W.—Investors' Agency; April 7, 1913, $3,172.
Lotze, Emily and Marie—A. Seidman; March 28, 1913, $851.
Roberts, Walter S.—Bruhl Bros. and Heinus Co.; Nov. 13, 1912, $4,944.
Katz, Herman—L. H. N. W. Co.; Dec. 13, 1912, $363.
Bentham, Edgar, and Robert C. Corbett—W. P. Wiggins; Feb. 28, 1913, $1,545.
Rosencrantz, I. Bertram—N. Levy; Dec. 29, 1911, $1,531.
Rosenkrantz, Julia—H. Levy; Dec. 29, 1911, $1,531.
Calhoun, Jean—R. Wesselhoff; March 18, 1912, $108.
Wightman, Orrin S.—R. J. Aigle; March 24, 1909, (canceled.) $734.
Baer, Rudolph F.—Tenement House Department; Feb. 23, 1912, $262.
Stevens, Annie—M. Alexander and others; Jan. 13, 1909, $114.
Talcott, Frederick L., Jr.—S. Loebl; March 18, 1913, $135.
Flesher, Addison B.—B. Schulich, Incorporated; March 25, 1913, $112.
Ohl, Edw. C.—H. W. Lichtenstein; Aug. 6, 1912, $205.
Rudolf Laenger Co.—Silverberg Import Co.; April 11, 1913, $184.
Russ, Hermann—W. Ettingon; Feb. 4, 1911, $1,291.
Stafford, Edward—M. R. Washburn and others; Oct. 16, 1911, (reversed,) $540.
Same—Same; Oct. 16, 1911, (reversed,) $170.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Steiger, A., & Co., Springfield, Mass.; D. J. Donovan, dress goods, silks; 70 Franklin; Murray Hill.
Klein, S., Chicago, Ill.; cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 215 4th Av.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; S. Stern, corsets, leather goods, notions, jewelry; 438 Broadway.
Almond, C. H., D. G. Co., Lynchburg, Va.; C. H. Almond, furnishing goods; 220 5th Av.
Onandaga Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; S. Herzog, cotton and woolen goods; Grand.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. K. Hill, flowers, feathers; 200 5th Av.; Hoffman House.
Bacon-Chappell Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Teeple, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.; Park Av.
Reiser, M., & Sons, Cincinnati, Ohio; W. Reiser, cloaks, suits; Broadway Central.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; B. L. Greenwald, cloaks, suits; Broadway and 32d.
Session, F. W., Millinery Co., Utica, N. Y.; J. V. Clement, silks, laces, millinery, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.
Weil, Raphael, & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; D. Grodwohl, toys, trunks; 15 East 26th.
Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; J. C. Currie, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard; Woodward.
Anisfeld, J., Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. Anisfeld, cloaks, suits; J. Braff, cloaks; 15 East 26th.

"Hartford Saxony"
NAME WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED
for Private Homes
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR
and Public Place

SALESMAN to represent a house of $18.50 and $24.00 lingerie waists in the New England States; only those having a following need apply. L 17 Times.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-717-719 BROADWAY,
Corner Washington Pl.
Paris, 4 Cite Paradis. Dresden, 18 Burgerwiese.

JOB LOT
350 Spring coats to sell for half price.
Chief Marcus Co., 130 Greene St.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16TH, 1913,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
$1,000 Detroit Southern R. R. Co., Ohio Southern Div. 1st Mtge. 4% Gold Bd. T. C. Ctf.
19 shs. S. R. I. Community of N. J. common.
$1,000 Note of Island Cities Real Estate Co. at 5%, due June 15, 1913, secured by 20 shs. Brooklyn Bank.
50 shs. American Palace Car Co.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
20 shs. Dover Plains Water Co.
150 shs. Queensboro Development Corpn.
$5,000 Estates of Long Beach 1st 6s, regst., 1920.
20 shs. Trow Directory Print. & B. B. Co.
12 shs. Fidelity Phenix Fire Ins. Co.
100 shs. Continental Insurance Co.
6 shs. Sixth Avenue R. R. Co.
5 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
10 shs. Michigan Central R. R. Co.
54 shs. Merchants National Bank.
21 shs. Morris & Essex R. R. Co.
10 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
40 shs. Chatham & Phenix Natl. Bank.
100 shs. United Copper Co. Prefd.
$35,000 Bond & Mortgage made by Fanne Curtis Hoadley to the Empire State Surety Co., dated Dec. 15th, 1910, at 6% per annum, covering property Nos. 261 and 265 West 22d Street and Nos. 250 and 252 West 23d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, recorded Dec. 23d, 1910, and due on demand.
$50,000 State of Georgia 7% Bds., due July 1, 1890, July, 1871, coupon on.
1,500 shs. B. & R. Corporation common.
3,000 shs. Monarch Vacuum Cleaner Co. Prefd.

Van Praag & Co., Auctioneers,
Will sell Monday, April 14th, 1913,
at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms,
15-17 Greene Street, New York,
$15,000 stock of up-to-the-minute staple
Crawford & Keith's Konqueror
Men's Shoes and Oxfords
Ladies', Misses', Boys', and Children's Shoes. One of the finest and most valuable lines of Shoes we have ever sold at auction.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
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Investment Securities
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MUNICIPAL BONDS
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Insurance Companies
Postal Savings Banks AND
Conservative Investors
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
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WE OFFER
Hercules Powder Co. 6s
Atlas Powder Co. 6s
To Net Over 6¾%.
Bonds in $100 & $1,000 Denominations
Price and Particulars on Application.
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

FOR SALE
$10,000 Utah Securities Notes
100 Adirondack Elec. Power, Com.
100 Utah Securities Stock
85 American Power & Light, Com.
100 American Power & Light, Pfd.
$10,000 Southwestern Utilities Notes
WANTED
100 American Power & Light, Common
100 H. R. Worthington Pump, Pfd.
100 Indian Refining, Preferred
100 Adirondack Electric Power, Pfd.
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We Offer a First Mortgage
Public Utility Bond
Net Earnings will average over five times interest requirements
To yield more than 5%.
Special circular on application.
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Bond and Open Market Securities Department.
T. F. SHIELDS, Mgr.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

Detroit Edison Stock
Beach Creek Coal & Coke Co.
1st 5%, 1944
Pitt., Cinn., Chi. & St. Louis Ry.
Consol. 4%, 1945
Crawford, Patton & Cannon
Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges.
14 Wall St., New York. Morris Bldg., Philadelphia.

H. R. Worthington Pump
PREFERRED
BOUGHT & SOLD
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
37 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. Hanover 6110

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York
Conservative Investments

SCHMIDT & GALLATIN
Bankers & Brokers
111 Broadway, New York

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Lower—Trading Lighter—New Bond Issues Discussed.

Price readjustments in the investment markets were again yesterday the most noteworthy feature of the day's trading. The London market was decidedly cheerful, and there was some foreign buying of stocks in this market, but, notwithstanding this support, prices again receded, the net decline as measured by the average of quotations being greater than on either of the two previous days of reaction. At the same time trading contracted still further in volume, and in many parts of the list the changes in prices were accompanied by only very light sales. One explanation for this, and the same applies to what has been going on in the bond market, is that prices have been lowered in many instances in recognition of the changed investment position as suggested by the terms upon which this week's financing has been done. Prices have receded, in other words, not so much under stress of selling pressure as in response to the establishment of a new investment basis through the sale of a high-grade bond issue at a higher rate of interest than the previously prevailing yield on outstanding securities. There were further reminders yesterday of additional new financing to come. Report had it that representatives of the State of New York were making inquiries about the possible market for a new issue of State bonds, and there was also discussion of the likelihood of a sale of New York City bonds, though the market had no information as to when such a sale was likely to be made. It is now taken for granted that the new issue of New York City bonds will have to carry 4½ per cent. interest, for the 4¼ per cent. bonds are selling at a discount, and offers of some of the inactive issues of city bonds have lately been made on a 4.45 to 4.50 per cent. basis. New York State 4s were quoted yesterday at 100¼, which leaves but little margin for any new issue of 4 per cents. with the price which the State may accept limited by law at par.

Although but little attention was paid to the more cheerful position of the foreign markets, particularly at London, which was typified in an advance of ⅝ in consols, it was recognized in some quarters that our own investment position may be favorably influenced to an important extent by the early fulfillment of the hopes which are entertained regarding the settlement of the troublesome Balkan situation. The money situation in Europe directly and the money market here indirectly have been affected uncomfortably by hoarding in Europe. Were the gold which has been taken from the channels of trade restored to money market use, the new financing which is necessary would be greatly facilitated. That in turn would lessen the pressure which new flotations are exerting against older issues.

Money was again very easy, so far as call loans were concerned, and the indications pointed to a substantial cash gain by the banks on this week's currency movements. On the other hand, time money was, if anything, firmer, yesterday's movement in interest rates emphasizing the divergence between the rates for day-to-day money and those for time loans, and more particularly for commercial discounts. Foreign exchange rates moved in our favor, partly in response to the European buying of stocks here and partly because of the further decline in the London discount rates.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's bsiness was done at 3½ per cent.

Time money rates were 4¾@5 per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $312,627,190; balances, $11,774,857; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $226,129.

The local banks lost $2,553,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 4 1-16 per cent. for short bills, 4⅛@4 3-16 for three months; Paris, 4 per cent., and Berlin, 4⅝ per cent. Money was 3@3½ per cent. in London, and 3½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 25½c., and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 48 pfenn'gs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8715; demand, $4.8665.

Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ less 1-32; check, 5.18¾.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅛ plus 1-32; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.20 less 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.18; check, 40.13.

Belgium—Cable, 5.21¼; check, 5.21⅞ plus 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8310; 90 days, $4.8140.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.82⅞; 90 days, $4.81⅛.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.24⅜ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 3-16; 90 days, 93⅞ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; St. Paul, 40c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, par and 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ⅛d lower in London, at 27⅝d, and ¼c lower in New York, at 60c per ounce.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	April 10.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$741,937	$9,418,633	$259,763,663
Internal rev.	707,660	8,086,482	239,261,028
Corporat'n tax	9,726	117,347	4,814,396
Miscellaneous.	108,980	1,842,556	42,975,282
Total receipts.	1,628,306	19,465,019	546,815,215
Expenditures	1,878,207	17,134,389	531,864,444
Surplus	*249,900	2,330,630	14,950,770

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $79,430,675; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $43,365,266; total of general fund, $149,319,070.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The March number of The Bankers' Encyclopedia, a bank directory of enlarged reference scope containing more than 2,000 pages of information, has been issued.

The Stock Exchange has admitted to the list Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul 4½ per cent. general mortgage bonds when issued. Applications have been made for the listing of $3,250,000 Minneapolis & St. Louis refunding and extension mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, $2,715 additional capital stock of the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company, and $1,693,000 additional common stock of the Ingersoll-Rand Company.

The Havana Electric Railway has declared a dividend of $2.75 a share on its common stock, an increase of ½ per cent. over the last dividend.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Buying by London.

The better feeling toward American stocks in London which has been in evidence since money began to grow easier at foreign centres was particularly noticeable yesterday, although aggregate purchases were less than on the previous day. London was a buyer of Amalgamated, Steel and Union Pacific when the pressure of selling from local sources was most to the fore. There was reported, also, moderate purchases of Canadian Pacific on direct orders from Berlin, which appeared to be in the nature of accumulation of stocks which were let go when the monetary stringency in Germany was most acute before the first of the month. The balance of shares bought for London account over sales was estimated by arbitrage men in the neighborhood of 12,000, against something like 25,000 on Thursday.

⁂

A Fortnight's Movement.

The combined average daily price records for twenty-five leading railroads and the same number of industrial stocks show that from a low figure of 71.73 on March 18 there occurred an advance to a high price of 75.41 on April 4. The recession since the high point was reached has been referred to in some quarters of the Street as the natural reaction from a substantial upward movement, but the actually small extent of the advance in the fortnight and more between the dates mentioned fails to make evident the need of a setback to balance market conditions. In the period the extreme swing from bottom to top was not much more than 3½ points and the mean movement was considerably less. Instead of a natural reaction of a tired bull market, the majority of opinions expressed in the Street yesterday in regard to the softening of quotations was that the pressure of pending new financing, coupled with the large issues of securities already announced, was placing a heavy hand on the constructive side of values.

⁂

Good Steel Business.

The great improvement in the steel business in the first quarter of 1913 over the corresponding period of 1912 was strikingly set forth in the report of the Lackawanna Steel Company. From operations the company earned a gross profit more than three times greater than the return in the same length of time in the previous year, and net income above all charges was at the rate of nearly $3,000,000 for the full year, against a deficit close to $2,000,000 in 1912, if conditions of the opening quarter had prevailed throughout the fiscal period. The net income was, also, more than twenty times the clear profit in the first quarter of 1911, after the reservation of $53,000 more for the depreciation account.

⁂

Notes To Be Paid Off.

The Cambria Steel Company is going to fly in the face of precedent by actually paying off with cash from its surplus $2,000,000 of notes issued two years ago, besides $800,000 notes of a subsidiary company. There are two more popular ways of meeting maturing notes than by paying them off. One is to make a larger issue of notes, which may bear also a higher rate of interest, and the other is to put out an issue of bonds, which are offered the noteholders on an advantageous basis.

⁂

New City Bonds Expected.

A report that the Controller of the City of New York had been sounding bankers on the probable reception which a new municipal issue would receive had a bad effect on the city issues outstanding. On the Curb the 4¼s of 1960 sold at 98¼, and the 4¼s of 1962 at 98. On the Exchange the 4s of 1958 and the 4s of 1959 both made new low records at 94. It was said in the financial district that the new bonds, when they were decided upon, would bear 4½ per cent. interest.

⁂

Engraving Scandal Abroad.

One of the reasons given by the New York Stock Exchange for refusing to list the securities of an "independent" engraving company alleged that this company was not careful enough with its plates, and that the Exchange would have endangered its position by admitting any of its securities to the list. Information as to an abuse of this nature, which was practiced abroad, has just been received in this country. Nestor Wilmart, Director in Chief of a small railroad running from Ghent, Belgium, to Terneuzen on the border of Holland, was negotiating with his Government for the sale of the road to Belgium. He let it be known that if the sale were effected the road's bonds would be paid off at par, and thereby created an active demand for them. There were outstanding 12,596 of these bonds, but as fast as he sold them the enterprising Director got more from the printer. The engraving house was told that all of the original issue had been destroyed by fire, and took the Director's word for the fact that he had the right to order more. Coupons on the false as well as the good bonds were paid when presented, and the fraud was not discovered until the same number bond was drawn twice for payment. Wilmart was imprisoned after profiting to the extent of $4,000,000 through the credulity of the engraver. In this country security engravers demand an order signed by each member of the Finance Committee before printing new securities.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal.Copper..5	Mar.15,'15	98¼	98⅝	5.85
Am. Locomo..5	Oct., 1913	99½	100⅛	4.25
Am. Locomo..5	Oct., 1914	99	100	5.00
Ann Arbor...5	May, 1913	98	99½	11.00
Austrian Gov.4½	July,'14-15	97¼	97⅝	5.90
Balt. & Ohio.4½	June, 1913	99⅞	100¼	4.50
Boston & Me.5	Feb. 3,'14	99¼	99¾	5.10
B. R. T......5	July, 1918	95⅞	96¼	5.90
Ches. & Ohio.4½	June, 1914	98½	98⅞	5.35
Chi. & W. I.5	Sep., 1915	98⅜	98⅞	5.55
Chi. Elev. R..5	July, 1914	96¾	97	7.20
Cin., H. & D.4	July, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	4.50
Erie R. R....6	Apr. 8, '14	100⅛	100⅜	5.62
Erie R. R....5	Oct., 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.20
Erie R. R....5	Apr., 1915	97¼	98	5.95
Gen. Motor...6	Oct., 1915	98½	99¼	6.25
Gen. Rubber..4½	July, 1915	96½	97½	5.80
Hocking Val..4½	Nov., 1913	99⅝	99⅞	4.75
Hudson Co....6	Oct. 15 '13	96⅞	97¾	8.00
Ill. Cent....4½	July, 1914	99	99½	5.05
Int. & Gt. N.5	Aug., 1914	97½	98	6.35
Inter. Harv..5	Feb. 15,'15	99⅝	100	5.00
K. C. R. & L.5	May, 1913	87	99½	50.00
K. C. R. & L.6	Sep., 1912	88	91½	
Lack. Steel..5	Mar., 1915	95⅝	96½	7.00
L. S. & M. S.4½	Mar.15,'14	99¼	99½	4.90
Met. St. Ry. of Kan. City5	May, 1913	93	96	31.00
Mex. M. C...4½	Sep., 1913	97	98¼	7.80
Mich. Cent...4½	Mar., 1914	99¼	99½	5.05
M. & St. L...6	Feb., 1914	97¼	98¼	7.50
M., K. & T...5	May, 1913	99¾	100⅛	5.20
Mo. Pac.....5	June, 1914	96	96⅝	7.85
Mon. T. & P.6	Apr., 1915	98¾	99¼	6.95
Nat. Rys..M.4½	June, 1913	98	99	8.50
N. Y. Cent..4½	Mar., 1914	99	99¼	4.80
N. Y. Cent..4½	Mar., 1915	98⅝	99	5.05
N. Y., N. H. & Hart......5	Dec., 1913	99⅞	100	4.85
St. L. & S. F.5	June, 1913	99¼	99⅞	5.75
St. L. & S. F.6	Sep., 1914	99	99⅝	6.37
Seab. A. L....5	Mar., 1916	98¼	98⅞	5.55
Southern Ry.5	Feb., 1916	98⅜	98⅝	5.40
Sulzb'ger & S.6	June, 1916	99	99¼	6.20
U. S. S. R. M.5	Aug., 1915	99	99⅞	5.05
Union Typew.5	Jan., 1916	96	97	6.30
Utah Co.....6	Apr., 1917	99	100	6.00
W. E. & M...5	July, 1913	99⅝	100¼	4.00
W. E. & M...6	Aug., 1913	100	100¼	4.00
W. Maryland.5	July, 1915	97	98⅛	5.50

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Activity Confined to a Few Issues—Prices Decline.

Activity in outside securities yesterday was confined to one or two issues. Some sharp declines were shown. United Cigar Stores displayed the largest total of sales with transactions in 5,500 shares. After selling as low as 96½ it rallied to 98, the final sale showing a loss of 1¾ points. Standard Oil of New Jersey closed at 360, a decline of 6 points. Bonds were less active at fractional declines.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Brit.-Am. Tob.	24	24	23⅝	23⅝
205	Houston Oil...	21¼	21¼	21	21
700	Int. R. T. cts.	10¼	10¾	10	10¾
2,500	Man. Tr..	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
500	Pueb. S. & R.	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
125	S. Oil. N. J...	366	366	358	360
100	Tob. Prod. pf.	89	89	89	89
5,500	Un. Cigar St. Co. of Am..	99	99	96½	98
25	U. S. L. & H.	12	12	12	12
10	U. S. L. & H. pf.	67	67	67	67

RAILROAD.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. L. & Tr.	400	400	400	400

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska Cop....	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
900	*Big Four.....	86	86	86	86
300	Braden Cop...	8⅞	8⅞	8¾	8¾
100	Brit. Col. Cop.	3	3	3	3
200	Buffalo Mines.	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16
3,500	Can. Gold S...	18	19	18	19
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	7	7	7	7
300	Florence	53	53	53	53
300	Giroux Mining.	3	3	2 15-16	2 15-16
200	Greene-Can. ..	7⅞	7⅞	7¾	7¾
300	Halifax Ton...	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
700	Kerr Lake....	3⅜	3⅜	3 5-16	3 5-16
1,500	La Rose Con..	2⅝	2⅝	2 7-16	2 7-16
2,100	Mines of Am..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Bank of Baltimore	184	184	184
75	Consolidated Power	113	112	112
20	Fidelity & Deposit	151	151	151
160	H. O. com. tr. ctfs.	21½	21⅜	21⅜
10	Northern Central	121½	121½	121½
2,060	United Railways	26⅜	25¼	25⅝

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$30,000	Chicago. Rwys. 5s	98¾	98⅜	98⅜
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74	74	74
4,000	Con. Gas 4½s	94½	94½	94½
12,000	Con. Coal 6s, notes	100	100	100
5,000	Chic., R. I. & P. rep. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼
4,000	Fl'r't & C. T. 5s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	42¼	42¼	42¼
5,000	Norfolk St. Ry. 5s	105	104⅞	105
4,000	Seaboard Adj. 5s	73½	73½	73½
14,000	United Rwys., Inc.	64½	64	64½
4,000	United Rys. f. 5s	87	86⅞	86⅞
35,000	United Rys. 5s, n.	106	102½	105
2,000	Wil. & Weldon 5s	106¼	106¼	106¼

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Allouez	37½	37	37
2,095	Amalgamated	78	77	77⅝
770	Am. Zinc	28¼	27¾	28
53	Arizona Com'l	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
10	Butte & Balak	2	2	2
3,892	Butte & Sup	32	31	31
445	Calumet & Ariz	67½	66⅞	67
2	Calumet & Hecla	481	481	481
40	Chino	42	42	42
121	Copper Range	45¼	45	45
295	East Butte	12⅞	12⅜	12⅜
60	Giroux	3	3	3
255	Granby	62⅜	61⅜	61⅜
450	Greene-Cananea	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜
170	Hancock	22	21½	21½
470	Inspiration	18½	18⅜	18⅜
13	Island Creek	53	53	53
5	Island Creek pf	84	84	84
170	Isle Royale	26⅞	26½	26⅝
55	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼
390	Lake	15⅛	15	15
350	Mason Valley	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
25	Mass. Con	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
50	Mayflower	9½	9½	9½
24	Mohawk	54	54	54
10	Nevada Con	17½	17½	17½
50	New Arcadian	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
70	Nipissing	9	9	9
4,185	North Butte	31¼	30¼	30½
150	North Lake	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
50	Old Colony	5⅜	5 1-16	5 1-16
50	Old Dominion	49½	49½	49½
70	Osceola	93	91	91
210	Pond Creek	23⅞	23½	23⅞
50	Quincy	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜
90	Ray Con	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜
50	Shattuck	24½	24½	24½
155	Superior	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
10	Trinity	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
65	U. S. Smelting	42	41½	42
40	U. S. Smelting pf	48½	48⅛	48⅛
150	Victoria	1¼	1¼	1¼
110	Winona	2½	2½	2½
10	Wolverine	61	61	61

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Atchison	102½	102½	102½
24	Boston & Albany	206	206	206
305	Boston Elevated	105	103⅝	103⅝
12	Boston & Maine	71	70	70
15	Mass. Elec. pf	77½	77⅛	77⅛
15	N. Y., N. H. & H.	117	116½	116½
1	Old Colony	167	167	167
7,077	Penn. R. R. rights	58c	57c	58c
50	Rutland pf	35	35	35
200	Union Pacific	153⅝	152⅞	152⅞
5	West End St. R. R.	78	78	78

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
308	American	132	131½	131½
10	Mexican	3¼	3¼	3¼
33	New England	150	150	150

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95½	95⅜	95½
10	Am. Sugar	114½	114⅜	114½
65	Am. Woolen pf	79	78½	78½
18	Edison	281	280	280¾
250	General Electric	141¼	140½	141¼
4	General Elec. frac.	14.20	14.20	14.20
91	Mass. Gas	91¼	91	91
25	N. E. Cotton Yarn	25	25	25
10	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	68	68	68
35	Nor. Tex. Tel. rts.	80c	80c	80c
24	Pullman	160	159⅝	159⅝
110	Reece Button	15	14⅜	14⅜
45	Reece Folding	4	4	4
42	Swift & Co.	106⅜	106¼	106⅜
522	United Fruit	170	167	168½
75	United Shoe	49¼	49	49
1,565	U. S. Steel	63	62	62⅝
62	U. S. Steel pf	108⅞	108⅜	108⅜

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	61½	61½	61½
22,000	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	88	87⅞	88
2,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	94½	94½	94½
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, '15	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	K.C., M. & B. Inc.5s	78	78	78
6,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
5,000	U. F. 4½s, 1923	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Gold	14	14¼	Houghton..	4	4¼
Begole	2	2½	La Rose...	2¼	2⅜
Bohemia	2	2¼	Majestic	42	45
Boston Ely	65	70	Mex. Met..	1 3-16	1¼
Butte Cent.	2½	2⅝	Nev.-Doug.	2 3-16	2¼
Butte & L.	24	26	New Baltic	1	1¼
Cactus Cop.	11	13	Ohio	75	80
Calaveras	2⅜	2⅞	Oneco	1	1⅝
Chief Con.	1⅛	1½	Raven	15	17
Corbin Cop.	60	70	R. I. Coal..	8	12
Con. Ariz.	26	35	So. Lake..	7	7¼
Davis-Daly	1⅝	1⅞	S. W. Miami	3½	4
First Nat.	2 3-16	2 5-16	U. Verde E.	78	82
Hollinger	16½	17½			

CHICAGO.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London and Berlin Markets Cheerful and Strong—Paris Prices Irregular.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, April 12.—The Times will say in its City article to-day:

"The abundance of money, which was conspicuous yesterday, combined with the belief that the foreign political situation had materially improved, produced a considerable demand for bills, the rates for which gave way appreciably. Fine three months' paper brought 4 to 4 1-16 per cent. Several houses quoted rates above the current level in their eagerness to secure bills, the supply being only moderate. The Bank of England received a fair amount of bar gold.

"The stock markets opened with cheerful disposition, the ease of money and the growing political confidence being the main reasons for a further appreciable advance in consols and other gilt-edged stocks. Final arrangements in connection with the settlement were effected without difficulty. Business remained very quiet on the whole, but, except for the flatness of American stocks and diamond shares, prices were well maintained up to the close. Features of interest were the demand for Scottish stocks in the home railway market, and the steady inquiry for some leading foreign railway securities. The Paris Bourse was the buyer of most of its specialties, including Rio Tintos and the Peruvian corporation stocks.

LONDON, April 11.—Money was in better supply, and discount rates were easy to-day.

The stock market was cheerful with marked strength. Consols advanced nine-sixteenths on the weaker discounts and the better political outlook, strengthening the belief in an early reduction in the bank rate. Reinvestment of dividend money helped gilt-edged securities and home rails, while foreign rails and copper stocks were steadily supported. Diamond shares were weak features on fears of a falling off in the American demand for diamonds with a higher tariff. The settlement was concluded satisfactorily.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher. Fair buying orders were executed during the forenoon and the list advanced from ¼ to 1½ points over parity. Wall Street offerings caused a reaction in the early afternoon, but in the late trading the market partly recovered on repurchases, and the closing was steadier.

PARIS, April 11.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 86 francs for the account.

BERLIN, April 11.—Prices were strong on the Boerse to-day on Russia's statement regarding her attitude toward the Balkan States.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money.	74⅝	..	..	+ ⅝
Consols, acct..	75	..	..	+9-16
Amalgamated ..	80½	78⅝	78¼	+ ⅛
Atchison	105¾	103	102⅝	+ ⅜
Balt. & Ohio..	102	99⅜	99	+ ⅜
Can. Pacific ..	247½	240⅝	239½	+ 1⅛
Ches. & Ohio..	70¼	68⅜	68¼	+ ⅛
Chi. Gt. West..	16	15⅝	..	..
St. Paul	113½	110½	110⅜	— ¼
Denver	22½	22	..	..
Erie	31½	30⅝	30½	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf....	49	47⅝	47⅜	— ⅛
Illinois Central..	124	120⅞	119¾	+ 1
Louis. & Nash..	139½	135⅞	135½	+ ⅜
Kan. & Texas..	27½	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
N. Y. Central..	107	104¼	104	+ ¼
Norf. & West..	110	107⅛	107¼	..
Ont. & West....	33	32⅛	31½	+ ⅝
Pennsylvania ..	59	114⅞	115⅛	— ¼
Reading	85¾	167	167¼	— ¼
Southern Ry...	27½	26⅞	27⅛	— ⅛
Southern Pac..	104	101¼	101⅛	+ ⅛
Union Pacific..	158⅝	154¼	154⅛	— ¼
U. S. Steel....	64⅝	63	63	..
Wabash	4	3⅞	..	..

Exchange, $4.87.

HILL COMES FOR FUNERAL.

Old and Close Friend of Morgan Omits His Usual Reception.

James J. Hill, one of the late J. P. Morgan's closest and oldest associates, reached New York yesterday morning to attend Mr. Morgan's funeral. When he reached his office in the financial district he appeared preoccupied, and omitted his customary hallway reception to the newspaper reporters.

The railroad man said on his way out that he had no views on the tariff, because he had not read the bill. He excused himself from commenting on the income tax for the same reason. He said that business was still holding up in good volume, and that the crop tidings, owing to the weather, would be a little later than usual this year. Mr. Hill brightened when asked about the Great Northern's business, and said that a man who had estimated a $10,000,000 increase in gross for 1913 over 1912, had not overdone it.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	395	410
American Light & Traction pf	107	109
Adirondack Electric Power	17	20
Adirondack Electric Power pf	52	55
American Gas & Electric	78	81
American Gas & Electric pf	45	47
American Power & Light	70	73
American Power & Light pf	79	81
American Public Utilities	60	64
American Public Utilities pf	73	76
Appalachian Power Co.	17	19
Appalachian Power Co. pf	63	66
Cities Service	112	116
Cities Service pf	86	88
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	66	*68
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	88	90
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	94	96
Electric Bond & Share pf	99¼	101
Electric Bond Deposit pf	73	76
Empire District Electric 5s	84	88
Empire District Electric 5s pf	79	82
Federal Light & Traction	29	32
Federal Light & Traction pf	78	81
Federal Utilities Co., Inc.	..	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf	..	72
Gas & Electric Securities	125	145
Gas & Electric Securities pf	92	95
Lincoln Gas & Electric	28	32
Montana Power Co.	42	43
Montana Power Co. pf	100	102
Northern States Power	30	32
Northern States Power pf	81¾	83
Ozark Power & Water Co.	55	60
Pacific Gas & Electric	58	59
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	90	92
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	24	26
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	75	77
Standard Gas & Electric	16½	18
Standard Gas & Electric pf	46½	48
Union Ry. Gas & Electric	64½	65½
Union Ry. Gas & Electric pf	87	89
United Light & Railways	78	79
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	77	80
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	71	74
Utah Securities	18½	20½
Utilities Improvement	64	66
Utilities Improvement pf	74	76
Western Power	17	20
Western Power pf	50	54
Northern Ontario L. & P.	15	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	59	64
Tennessee Ry., L. & Power Co.	19	22
Tennessee Ry., L. & Power Co. pf	73	76½
United Utilities Co.	37	40
United Utilities Co. pf	100	102½

*Ex dividend.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, int.	103	103¾	103⅝	103⅝
4½s..Nov., 1957, int.	103	103¾	103⅝	103⅝
4½s..May, 1917, int.	100½	101⅛	101	101½
4½s..Nov., 1917, int.	100½	101⅛	101	101½
4¼s..Mar., 30-60, int.	98¼	99	99	99½
4¼s..Mar., 1962, int.	97½	97⅞	97⅞	98
4¼s..Sept., 1960, int.	97½	97⅞	97⅞	98
4s ..May, 1959, int.	93½	94½	94¼	94¾
4s ..Nov., 1958, int.	93½	94½	94¼	94¾
4s ..May, 1957, int.	93½	94½	94¼	94¾
4s ..Nov., 1956, reg.	92	93	92½	93½
4s ..Nov., 1955, reg.	92	93	92½	93½
4s ..Nov., 1936, reg.	93	95	93	95
4s ..1918-1919, int.	97½	100	97½	100
3½s..Nov., 1954-5, int.	82	83½	82½	83½
3½s..May, 1954, coup.	82	83½	82½	83½
3½s..1950-1954, reg.	82	84	82½	84

DELAWARE & HUDSON GAIN

But Loree Says It Wasn't Enough, and Prices Were Put Up.

The Delaware & Hudson Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1912, gross revenues from the coal mining department of $13,397,000, an increase over 1911 of $42,000, and from the railroad department of $22,480,000, an increase of $1,058,000. The net earnings from the coal department were $586,000, as against $116,000 for the previous year. The gross, after the inclusion of dividends and interest, was $1,023,000, which compares with only $284,000 earned in 1911.

Notwithstanding this showing, President Loree says that the increased cost of production last year exceeded the increased price return by 12.57 cents a ton, and made it impossible to earn a fair return upon the investment. "Therefore," he says, "some increase in the market price of coal was necessary even though no increase in wages had occurred."

From its railroad operations the Delaware & Hudson realized a gross income of $9,081,000, from which $4,669,000 was deducted for interest and rental charges. The company's surplus available for dividends was $5,506,000, an increase of $268,000 over the balance left at the end of the preceding year. This is equivalent to 12.95 per cent. on the $42,503,000 of capital stock, as against 12.32 per cent. earned in 1911. The company pays 9 per cent. on its shares.

The Delaware & Hudson mined 6,438,000 tons of anthracite last year, out of a total of 63,610,000 tons mined in the region. This company's output was 842,000 gross tons less than for the previous year, owing to the suspension of work at the collieries from April 1 to May 21, on account of the miners' strike.

ST. PAUL'S NEW 4½S 99½.

Offered by Kuhn-Loeb and National City Bank.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank will receive subscriptions at 99½ and accrued interest to delivery for the $30,000,000 general mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company. Subscriptions will be closed at 3 P. M. on Thursday, April 17, or earlier. An initial payment of $50 per $1,000 bond must accompany subscriptions, and the balance will be payable on May 6.

The bonds are secured by direct mortgage on 6,315 miles of first track of railroad, upon valuable terminal properties in Chicago, Milwaukee, and other cities, and also upon the entire equipment of the company. They are furthermore secured by an absolute first mortgage on 3,753 miles of first track, including the main lines entering Chicago and Milwaukee, and by a refunding mortgage on 2,562 miles of first track subject to $52,357,000 prior liens maturing on or before July 1, 1926.

NEW ORLEANS FEELS SAFE.

Flood Dangers Exaggerated, Reports from There Say.

Bertron, Griscom & Co. have received advices that the flood danger at New Orleans has been greatly exaggerated, and it is not believed that the high water will exceed that of last year. Owing to the long notice of the approach of high water ample measures for the protection of the city have been taken, and it is felt that the danger of serious trouble has been removed.

Capt. Sherrill, Engineer U. S. A., and Major Kerr, Chief State Engineer, do not feel any anxiety and express confidence in the security of the levees surrounding the city, including the back levees on upper, lower and lake sides.

The only place in the levee considered weak last year was reconstructed in the Summer and is now in fine condition.

BETTER STEEL BUSINESS.

Lackawanna Company Turns Deficit into Healthy Surplus.

The Lackawanna Steel Company reported yesterday net earnings from operations in the first quarter of the year amounting to $742,520. The net income account was increased further by the sale of assets of subsidiary companies to $1,009,721. This amount stood in contrast to a deficit in the corresponding period of 1912 of $450,772, and with a net income of $35,729 in the first three months of 1911. There was reserved for depreciation $317,877 against $236,180 in the previous year.

The company's unfilled tonnage at the end of the quarter was 623,816 tons, in comparison with 401,475 tons in March 31, 1912. Forward business is estimated to be sufficient to keep the plants busy nearly all Summer.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Most activity on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was in the afternoon, when prices declined. The further weakness of the investment stocks exerted an unsettling influence upon the entire market. In the cases of most of the active stocks the highest prices of the day were touched on the 9:30 o'clock opening call.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,410	Amal. Cop....	78⅛	78⅛	76⅞	77⅝
70	Am. B. Sug..	33⅞	33⅞	33¼	33½
1,720	Am. Can....	36⅜	36⅜	35¼	35⅝
20	Am. Car & F.	51	51	51	51
90	Am. Cot. Oil.	47¼	47¼	47	47
2,020	Am. Smelt...	71⅝	71⅞	70¼	71
900	A., T. & S. F.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅜	102½
30	Anac. Cop....	38⅞	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝
200	Balt. & Ohio.	99¼	99¼	98⅞	98⅞
10	Beth. Steel...	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
1,770	Bklyn. R. T.	91⅞	92¼	91¼	91¼
10	Cal. Pet......	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
330	Can. Pacific.	240¼	240¼	239½	239⅝
10	Cen. Leather.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
80	Cent. L. pf..	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
320	Ches. & Ohio	68⅜	68⅜	67⅞	67⅞
350	C., M. & S. P.	111	111	109⅞	109⅞
40	Col. F. & I..	34⅛	34⅛	33⅝	33⅝
890	Erie	30⅜	30⅜	29⅞	30
70	Gt. Nor. pf..	128⅛	128⅛	127⅜	127⅜
90	Inter.-Met....	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17¼
280	Inter.-Met. pf.	59⅛	59⅛	58½	58⅝
340	Lehigh Val..	161¼	161¼	159⅜	159½
10	Louis. & N..	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜
60	Mex. Pet.....	61⅛	61⅛	61	61½
340	Mo. Pacific..	38⅝	38⅝	37⅞	38
20	Nevada Con..	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
1,310	N. Y. Central.	104¼	104¼	102⅞	103
140	No. Pacific..	116⅛	116⅛	115¼	115¼
780	Pennsylvania.	115⅛	115⅛	114⅞	114⅞
80	Penn. rights.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
15,380	Reading	167⅛	167⅝	165⅛	165⅞
130	Rock Island..	22⅞	22⅞	22½	22½
10	Rumely, M., Co.	36	36	36	36
300	So. Pacific...	101	101¼	100⅝	100⅝
30	So. Railway..	26⅜	26⅜	26½	26½
40	Tenn. Copper.	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
20	Third Av.....	36½	36⅜	36½	36⅜
7,580	Union Pac...	154⅜	154⅛	152⅞	153⅝
90	U. S. Rubber.	66¼	66¼	65⅞	66
8,420	U. S. Steel..	63	63⅛	62	62¼
50	U. S. Steel pf.	109	109	108⅞	108⅞
150	Utah Cop....	54	54	53¾	54

49,990

MINING STOCK.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.17	.17	.17	.17
120	Goldfield Con.	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
500	Isabella	.12½	.12½	.12½	.12½
700	Jim Butler..	1.17½	1.17½	1.12½	1.15
400	Jumbo Ext..	.26½	.26½	.26½	.26½
500	McNamara ..	.23½	.23½	.23½	.23½
900	Midway	.55	.55	.54½	.54½
1,400	North Star..	.40½	.40½	.39	.39
1,500	Red Hill....	.01	.01	.01	.01
500	Rescue Eula.	.15½	.15½	.15½	.15½
300	Round Moun.	.50	.50	.50	.50
600	Tonopah Mer.	1.10	1.10	1.05	1.05

7,920

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was dull, with prices on a parity with yesterday's closing, with the exception of tin, which improved ¼c. in the bid and ⅝c. in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	—Friday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Thursday.— Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
April	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
May	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
June	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.30	4.40
Spelter	5.75	5.85	5.75	5.85
Tin	48.95	49.50	48.62½	48.87½
Zinc	5.75	5.85	5.75	5.85

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin, compared with Thursday's, follow:

	Friday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	69	0	0	68	12	6
Copper, futures	68	12	6	68	2	6
Pig tin, spot	222	10	0	220	5	0
Pig tin, futures	217	15	0	216	15	0

The market finished firm. Spanish pig lead, £17 17s. 6d., up 2s. 6d. Cleveland warrants, 65s. 9d., up 1½d. Spelter, £25 5s., unchanged.

A $300,000,000 MORTGAGE

Filed by Interborough to Cover Bonds—$717 to Record It.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company filed yesterday in the Register's Office its $300,000,000 mortgage in favor of the Guaranty Trust Company. It is the largest mortgage ever filed in this county, and in all probability in the world. It was signed by James L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough, and is to cover the issue of the first refunding mortgage of the Interborough, under which will be issued 5 per cent. gold bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1913.

Under this mortgage there have been already issued $16,500,000 bonds and this has caused the payment of a mortgage tax of $82,500, being one-half of 1 per cent on the amount of the advance. The recording fees were $717.25. The mortgage is in the form of a printed pamphlet of quarto size, containing 142 printed pages. In it are described all the properties against which the mortgage is issued, and its terms. It took up 7,100 legal folios, and will occupy, it was stated yesterday at the Register's Office, twenty-five men two days to record it, each of whom will receive $14.20 for the job.

The Public Service Commission approved yesterday one of the two $1,000,000 bonds, which the Interborough Rapid Transit Company has to put up under the subway agreement. This one was for contribution, equipment, maintenance, and operation.

VULCAN DETINNING CONTEST

John Muir and Others Doubt Management, and Seek Proxies.

A contest to compel the management of the Vulcan Detinning Company to issue annual statements showing complete results of the year's operations, has been started by John Muir & Co. A circular was sent out yesterday to stockholders asking that they direct their proxies for the annual meeting on May 1 to John Muir, Robert L. Worsing and Charles P. Hull, the secretary of the company.

The circular said that the present Directors own less than 2 per cent. of the outstanding 35,000 shares of stock, and questions their ability to manage a detinning business. It says that the Directors made a contract with Adolph Kern, formerly vice president and general manager of the company, to pay him 10 per cent. of the net profits from a claim against the American Can Company, which has been in the courts for several years, and also contracted with counsel for the company to undertake the collection of these damages on a contingent fee which probably will amount to $75,000.

CIGAR STORES REPORT.

Dividends from Stocks Owned $1,879,362—Assets $29,995,341.

The United Cigar Stores Company of America, which was organized in July, 1912, to take over the securities of the Corporation of United Cigar Stores, presented a report yesterday showing its condition on Dec. 31, 1912. Dividends received from stocks owned, less charges, and the net surplus of the Corporation acquired amounted to $1,879,362. A dividend amounting to $79,131 was paid on the preferred stock, and there was left a balance from a little more than five months' operations of $1,087,552. This amount did not include the surplus of subsidiary companies.

The balance sheet showed assets in securities owned amounting to $29,995,341, bills receivable, $1,718,000, demand loans, $850,000, and cash, $219,985.

Consolidated Closing for Morgan.

Governors of the Consolidated Stock Exchange voted yesterday not to start business next Monday until 12 o'clock in respect to the memory of J. P. Morgan, whose funeral takes place that morning.

Five-Year 5% Convertible Bond
(Closed Issue)
To Yield Over 6⅛%
1912 earnings over three times interest requirements.
Further particulars on request for circular 97
Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Successors to SPITZER & CO., EST. 1871.
5 Nassau Street, New York
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)	
Total sales April 11, 1913	351,135	
Same day last year	840,797	
Total year to date	26,628,957	
Same period last year	40,174,696	
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	73.41—.62	
Same day last year	81.57—.79	
	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	70.99
Same period last year	83.36	75.24

	Call Money. High.	Low.	Ren'al.	Sterling Exchange. High.	Low.	Close.
April 11, 1913	3½	3	3½	$4.8680	$4.8665	$4.8665
Same day last year	4	3	3¾	4.87	4.8690	4.87
Range year to date	7	2	..	4.8790	4.8570	....
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	..	4.8760	4.8630	....

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
140	148	5	Adams Express	145	145	145	145	...
2⅞	5	100	Allis-C. tr.rcts.3d pd.	3½	3½	3½	3½	+¼
77⅜	77½	42,100	Amalgamated Cop.	77⅛	78¼	77	77½	—¾
33¼	33½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	33¼	33½	33	33¼	—½
35⅝	35¾	12,600	Am. Can	36¾	36¾	35⅛	35¾	—1
96½	96¾	1,200	Am. Can pf.	97⅞	98	97	97	—⅛
51¼	52⅞	400	Am. Car & Foundry	51	51¼	51	51¼	...
70	71	100	Am. Cities pf.	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	+⅛
46	48	100	Am. Cotton Oil	47	47	47	47	—1
25⅝	26⅛	250	Am. Ice Securities	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	—⅛
35½	37	200	Am. Locomotive	37	37	36	36	—1¼
54	55½	20	Am. Malt pf.	52	52	52	52	...
71⅛	71¼	3,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	71½	71⅝	70⅝	71	—½
35	36	100	Am. Steel Fdrys.	36	36	36	36	—1
131½	131⅝	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	131⅝	131⅝	131½	131½	—¼
239	243	300	Am. Tobacco	241⅞	241⅞	239⅛	239⅛	—3⅛
102	103	120	Am. Tob. pf. new	103	103	103	103	+⅛
77½	79½	100	Am. Woolen pf.	78	78	78	78	—1
38⅝	38⅞	1,900	Anaconda Cop. Co.	38¾	38⅞	38¼	38¼	—½
102⅝	102⅞	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	102⅞	102⅞	102⅝	102½	—⅛
100	100½	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	100⅛	100⅛	100	100	...
47	48	200	Baldwin Locomotive	48	48	48	48	...
99	99¼	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio	99	99¼	98⅝	99¼	+¼
34¼	35½	500	Bethlehem Steel	34½	34⅝	34¼	34¼	—⅛
70	71½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	71	71	71	71	+⅛
91⅝	91¾	7,100	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	91¾	92¼	91⅛	91½	...
45⅞	46¼	800	California Petrol'm.	46½	46½	46	46	—⅝
239⅝	239¾	14,920	Canadian Pacific	240⅛	240⅛	239	239⅝	—⅛
233	233¾	500	C. P. sub. cfs.1st pd.	234¼	234¼	233⅝	233¾	+⅛
25	26	200	Central Leather Co.	26	26	25⅞	25⅞	—¾
94⅛	94⅝	10	Cent. Leather Co.pf.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	...
325	350	110	Central R.R. of N. J.	325	325	325	325	...
67¾	67⅞	3,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	68⅛	68⅛	67⅞	67⅞	—½
15	16	100	Chi. Gt. Western	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	—1
29⅞	32	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	30	30	30	30	—½
109⅝	109⅞	6,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	110⅝	111	109⅝	109⅝	—1⅛
136½	137½	400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	138½	138½	138	138	—½
132⅝	133¼	900	Chi. & Northwest'n.	134	134	132½	132½	—2¾
42	42⅛	2,400	Chino Copper	42⅛	42¼	42	42	—¼
50⅝	52½	1,000	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	—½
..	95	100	C., C., C. & St. L.pf.	90	90	90	90	+¾
33⅛	34	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	34⅛	34¼	34	34	...
31	32¼	100	Colorado & South'n.	31½	31½	31½	31½	+½
132½	133¼	600	Consolidated Gas	133½	133½	132½	132½	—2
10⅞	11⅛	800	Corn Products Ref.	11⅜	11⅜	10⅞	10⅞	—¼
65½	68	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	67	67	66¼	66¼	—⅛
98	98¼	100	Deer & Co. pf.	98	98	98	98	...
390	420	63	Del., Lack. & West	410	410⅛	395	395	...
21¾	23	100	Den. & Rio Grande	22	22	22	22	+1½
36¾	38	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	37¼	37¼	37⅛	37⅛	+⅛
16⅜	17¼	200	Distillers' Securities	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
11½	12⅝	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.pf.	12	12	12	12	—1
30⅛	30¼	9,300	Erie	30⅝	30⅝	30	30⅛	—½
46⅜	47⅛	100	Erie 1st pf.	46¾	46¾	46⅝	46¾	—1
140⅞	141	600	General Electric	140⅛	141	140	141	+¼
30	32¾	400	General Motors	30	30¼	30	30	—½
78⅛	80	25	General Motors pf.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	...
169	180	100	Geo. W. Helme Co.	170	170	170	170	...
35	35⅝	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	34½	35	34½	35	[illegible]
96¼	98½	300	Goodrich pf.	95	95	95	95	—1¼
127⅞	128	300	Gt. Northern pf. x d	128	128	128	128	—1¼
124½	125½	100	Gt. Nor. sub. rcts. 40 per cent. paid	125	125	125	125	...
35½	36½	700	G. N. certs. ore prop	36½	36½	36	36	—½
46⅞	47¼	200	Guggenheim Explor	47	47	47	47	...
101	110	27	Homestake Mining	102	102	102	102	...
119⅞	120⅜	200	Illinois Central	120	120	120	120	+⅛
18⅛	18½	1,000	Inspiration Copper	18¼	18⅞	18¼	18½	+¼
17¼	17⅜	800	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	17⅜	17⅜	17¼	17¼	—¼
58½	59	800	Inter.-Met. pf.	59⅛	59¼	59	59	...
105	106	50	Int. Harvester new	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	...
105½	107	100	Int. Harvester old	106½	106½	106½	106½	—½
110	112½	100	Int. Harv. pf. old	112	112	112	112	—½
104½	106	100	Int. Harvester Corp	105	105	105	105	—1½
110½	112¼	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	112½	112½	112¼	112¼	—⅛
9½	9⅝	700	Int. Paper	9¾	9¾	9¼	9¼	—½
40	40½	500	Int. Paper pf.	40	40½	40	40½	+½
25¼	25½	100	Kansas City South.	25	25	25	25	+½
9	10	100	Lake Erie & West.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+½
159¼	159⅝	3,600	Lehigh Valley	160¾	160⅞	159	159⅛	—1⅞
113½	118	331	Liggett & Myers pf	113½	113½	113½	113½	+¼
34¾	34⅞	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	—⅛
112	114	100	Lorillard pf	113	113	113	113	...
133¼	134	400	Louis. & Nash.	134⅝	134⅝	133½	133½	—2
127⅞	128½	1,135	Manhattan Ele.	128⅝	128⅝	128	128	—⅝
18	18¾	100	Mercantile Mar. pf.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	—⅜
61¼	61½	3,100	Mexican Petroleum	61½	61¾	61	61⅞	—⅛
25	25¼	550	Miami Copper	25¼	25¼	25	25⅛	—⅛
134½	135	350	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	135¾	135¾	134½	134½	—2
26½	26¾	400	M., K. & T.	26¾	26¾	26½	26½	—⅜
63½	64¾	400	M., K. & T. pf.	64½	64½	64½	64½	+1½
38	38½	1,400	Missouri Pacific	38¼	38¼	38	38	—¾
118	120	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.	120	120	118	118	—3
14	17	100	Nat. En. & S. Co.	14	14	14	14	—¾
49⅞	50½	300	National Lead Co.	50	50	50	50	—½
106	108	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	107	107	107	107	+⅞
25⅝	25¾	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	25¾	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	—⅝
17½	17¾	100	Nev. Consol. Copper	17¾	17⅞	17¾	17¾	—⅛
71	74	100	N. Y. Air Brake	73	73	73	73	...
102⅞	103⅛	9,820	N. Y. Central	104	104	102½	103	—1
57	59	100	N. Y., C. & St. L.	58	58	58	58	—1
115½	117	100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	116	116	116	116	—¼
106	106¾	500	Norfolk & Western	106½	106½	106½	106½	—¾
115½	115⅝	2,350	Northern Pacific	116½	116½	115⅝	115⅝	—⅝
36	37½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	36	36	36	36	—½
115	115⅛	14,350	Penn. Railroad	115⅛	115¼	114⅞	115	—⅞
82½	84½	400	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	83½	83½	83	83	—1
27	27½	100	Pressed Steel Car	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	—⅛
98	99	100	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	98	98	98	98	—1
19⅝	19¾	1,200	Ray Consol. Copper	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19½	—¼
165⅝	165¾	85,600	Reading	167⅞	167½	165⅝	165¾	—1½
26⅝	27	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½	—½
22⅜	22⅝	1,000	Rock Island Co.	23	23	22⅞	22½	—½
38⅛	38½	2,500	Rock Island Co. pf.	38⅞	38⅞	38⅛	38⅛	—¾
34	35	300	Rumely (M.) Co.	35	35	35	35	—1
74	76	400	Rumely pf	76	76	74	74	—1
25½	25⅝	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	—¼
48	50	9	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill. new stock ctfs	50	50	50	50	+1
19	19¼	100	Seaboard Air Line	19½	19½	19½	19½	—⅜
43¼	43½	100	Seaboard A. L. pf.	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
186	187½	100	Sears, R'buck & Co	188	188	188	188	—½
100⅞	101	4,600	Southern Pacific	101⅛	101⅛	100⅝	100⅝	—½
26⅞	27	1,300	So. Ry. extended	27	27	26½	26½	—⅝
79¼	79⅝	600	So. Ry. pf. extended	79⅞	79⅞	79¼	79¼	—⅝
90	93	490	Studebaker pf	92	92	92	92	—¾
36	36½	600	Tennessee Copper	36¼	36¼	35⅞	35⅞	—½
36	37	800	Third Avenue	37½	37½	36½	36½	—½
2½	2⅝	100	T., R. & L.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—⅞
..	..	40	Twin City R. Tran.	105½	105½	105½	105½	—⅜
32	34	200	Union B. & P. Co. pf.	32	33⅛	32	33⅛	...
153¼	153⅝	82,600	Union Pacific	154¼	154¼	152¾	153¼	+¾
84¼	86½	100	Union Pacific pf.	85	85	85	85	—1¼
50	51	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	51	51	51	51	—⅜
66⅛	66½	1,110	U. S. Rubber	66½	66½	66	66½	...
108⅞	109½	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	109⅝	109⅝	109½	109½	—⅜
62½	62⅝	41,700	U. S. Steel	63	63	62	62⅜	—¼
108⅛	108¼	700	U. S. Steel pf.	108¼	108¼	108⅛	108⅛	—⅝
54	54½	2,900	Utah Copper	54⅜	54⅜	53⅞	54⅛	—⅝
36	37	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	36	36	36	36	...
3¼	3½	100	Wabash	3½	3½	3½	3½	—½
40⅞	41½	100	Western Maryland	41⅝	41⅝	41⅛	41⅛	...
64¼	64½	700	Westingh. E. & M.	65	65	64½	64½	—⅛
94	94½	300	W'worth (F. W.) Co.	94⅞	94⅞	94	94	—⅜

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	100⅞
2s, c, 1930	100¼	...
3s, r, 1918	102½	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102½	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113½	114
4s, c, 1925	113½	114½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102½	103
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102⅝	103

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chal..	..	¼
Do pf, 3d paid	8	8½
Am Ag C..	54	55
Do pf..	94½	95⅝
Am B S pf.	80	86
…B S & F	93¼	95½
Do pf....	132	134
Am Cities..	37¾	40½
…C & F …	114⅝	119
…Coal..	70	100
…C O pf.	96	100
…C Pr.	..	92
Do pf....	101¼	108
…Exp...	163	171
…H & L.	4¼	4⅝
Do pf....	26	26¼
…Lin...	10	10½
Do pf....	26½	29
…Loc pf.	103¼	104
…Malt..	9½	10½
…pf, B..	85	87
…& R …	104¼	105¼
…Snuff..	173	180
…pf....	103	105
…S R..	113⅛	114½
…pf....	115¼	116¼
…& C..	60½	66
…Wool..	18	20¼
…W pf.	95¼	99
…P pf.	29½	30
…Arbor	15	20
…pf....	50	80
…ts R..	106	109
…C L...	123½	124
…L pf.	104⅝	104¾
…O pf.	80½	81½
…M.	1⅜	1½
…Gas.	130	135
…& P.	108½	113½
…pf....	122	150
…Co..	27⅛	28⅝
…So.	59	64
…pf.	73¾	75
…(J I) …	99¼	105
…& C..	..	91
…S A …	110	112
…Alt..	10	15
…pf...	25½	40
…& L …	50	80
…N W …	185	187
…St P, M & Om.	120	140
Do pf....	135	150
C & S 1st pf.	68	70
Do 2d pf.	60	70
Crex Carp.	75	85
Cuba R R pf.	94	..
Cub-Am S.	20	40
Do pf....	..	92
Del & H...	160¼	162⅝
D M & Ft D.	2½	5
Det Edison	118	119½
Det & M...	105	..
Do pf....	100	..
D, S S & A	5½	7
Du P de N Pow pf..	..	95
Erie 2d pf	36¾	37
F M & S..	12	18
Do pf....	34	43
Gen Ch...	175	185
Do pf....	104	107½
G & S Tel..	115	..
Goldf'd C.	2⅜	2½
H, (G W) pf.	109	115
Hav Elec..	85½	..
Do pf....	96¼	..
Hock Val..	..	150
Inger-R. ..	105	..
Do pf....	92	..
Int Agric..	3	30
Do pf....	50	60
Int Har pf, new	110	112½
Int St P..	10	12
Do pf....	36	..
Iowa Cent.	8	10
Do pf....	18	22
Kayser (J)	87	91½
Do 1st pf	105	109
K C, Ft S & M pf..	71	73⅞
K C So pf.	60	61
K & D M.	6½	..
Do pf....	45	..
Kresge(SS)	62	64
Do pf....	98	99
Lack Steel	40	42½
Lacl Gas...	100	101
L E & W pf.	25	30
Lake Sh...	455	525
…W B 1st pf.	100	105
Do 2d pf.	92	98
Ligg & M.	225	229
Long Isl...	39	43
M'kay Cos.	83	84
Do pf....	66	68
Man Bch..	1	4
M Dep Sts.	70	75
Do pf....	102½	105
Mer Mar..	3⅞	4½
Mex Pet pf	93	100
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L	18½	19
Do pf....	40	46
M, St P & S S M pf.	143	150
Do l l...	79¼	83
Mor & Es..	166	169
N, C & St L	135	141
Nat B pf..	118	120
Nat En pf.	83	93
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	59	63
N Cent C.	40	60
N O, M & C pf....	..	25
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	97	102
Do 2d pf.	80¼	90
N Y Dock.	..	19
Do pf....	30	42
N Y, O & West ...	30⅜	31½
N Y S R..	..	90½
N O T & Light ...	70	..
Norf So....	45¼	50
N & W pf.	82	86
North Am.	79	80
Ont Min...	2	2½
Pabst B pf	106	110
Pac Coast.	80	90
Do 1st pf	80	100
Do 2d pf.	80	100
Pac Mail..	26	28
Pac T & T pf.	96	101
Peo G, C.	112	114
Peo & E..	11	15
P Lorillard	180	184
Pett Mull..	20	25
Do 1st pf	90	95
Phelps-D...	200	..
Phila Co...	87	96
P, C, C & St L	96	97
Do pf....	100	120
Pitts Coal.	20½	21
Pitts S pf.	94	100
P S C pf.	98	100
Pub S Cor.	115	..
Pullman Co	159	160
Quicksilver.	3½	4½
Do pf....	4	6
R R Sec, I C stk c.	..	85
Ry St Sp.	33½	34¼
Rdg 1st pf.	92	93
Do 2d pf.	93½	93¾
Rep I & S pf.	85	86
R G M Co pf.	100	110
St L & S F.	16¾	18¼
Do 1st pf	56¾	60
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	..	108
St L S W.	31½	34¾
Do pf....	72	74⅝
Sears-R pf.	..	122¼
S-S S & I.	35	36⅝
Do pf....	92	93¼
So P R S.	..	70½
Do pf....	..	107½
So R, M & O ctfs...	67	77
Stand Mill.	37	39
Do pf....	62	65
Studebaker	30	31
Texas Co..	110	112
Texas Pac.	18	20
T P L Tr.	95	100
T, P & W.	15¼	..
T, St L & West	10	12¼
Do pf....	24	25½
T C R T pf.	136½	145
Und Type.	89½	90½
Do pf....	..	111¼
Un B & P.	5¼	5⅝
Un Cig M..	45½	48
Do pf....	101½	103
Do pf....	102	104
U Rys In..	27½	28½
Do pf....	50	51
U S C I P	14	15
U S Exp..	59⅛	62
U S Ind A	28	55
Do pf....	86	100
U S R & I.	68	71
U S R & Ref.	1	1⅞
Do pf....	3	6
U S R 2d pf.	75	..
Vand R R.	..	85¼
Va-Car C Co pf....	107½	110
Va I, C & Coke	50	53
Va R & P.	53½	57
Do pf....	92	..
Vul Det...	16⅝	21
Do pf....	..	87
Wab pf...	11⅛	11½
W F Exp...	120	125
Weym-B...	265	300
Do pf....	112	125
West M pf	57⅛	60
W Un Tel.	68	69½
Westingh'se 1st pf...	116¾	117
W & L E..	6½	7⅛
Do 1st pf	19	23
Do 2d pf.	9	12
Wis Cent..	50	54
W'w'th pf.	112	114

JURY LOOKING UP UNITED FRUIT CO.

Government Seeks Evidence to Prosecute on Criminal Charge Under Sherman Law.

MANAGERS AS WITNESSES

Independents Also Being Called—Vast Possessions in West Indies and Central America.

The Federal Grand Jury is making an investigation of the United Fruit Company. It is hearing witnesses in the hope of getting enough evidence to substantiate a criminal charge under the Sherman Anti-Trust law, the penalty for a conviction under which is imprisonment for not less than one year or a fine of not more than $5,000, or both.

Attorney General Wickersham instituted this proceeding, but it has been continued under Attorney General McReynolds. In this city the investigation has been in charge of Assistant United States Attorney General William S. Gregg, who has been assisted by Special Agent George Kelliher of the Department of Justice. The United Fruit Company, it is charged, controls 85 per cent. of the fruit import trade of this country, and has been concerned in certain trade practices which would bring it within the Sherman law. The investigation is likely to continue before the Grand Jury for at least another week or two, and it will be the end of the month before any findings are returned.

Among those who have been examined as witnesses are William Newsome, manager of the company's West Indian department; S. G. Schermerhorn, manager of the company's Central and South American department; James di Giorgio, President of the Atlantic Fruit Company, the chief independent fruit company, and a number of employes of independent companies and ex-employes of the United Fruit Company.

The United Fruit Company was incorporated in 1899 under the laws of New Jersey to produce and bring fruit from Central and South America and the West Indian Islands. It has acquired the property and business of a number of corporations engaged in the same trade, including the Boston Fruit Company, the American Fruit Company, the Quaker City Fruit Company, the Dominican Fruit Company, and the New Orleans Belize Royal Mail and Central American Steamship Company. It also owns nearly all the outstanding stock of the Nipe Bay Company, all the stock of the Northern Railway of Costa Rica, which serves the plantations of Costa Rica, and practically the entire stock of the Tropical Fruit Steamships Company, which operates twenty-two steamships between the United States and the West Indies and Central America.

Bananas form a large part of the company's business, but the charges of the Government, it is understood, are founded also on the trade in cocoanuts and in sugar from Cuba. The company owns extensive estates in the West Indies and Central America, and has issued $36,594,300 shares of stock out of the $45,000,000 authorized. Its Directors and officers are: President, A. W. Preston, Boston; Minor C. Keith, Vice President; C. A. Hubbard, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary; B. W. Palmer, Secretary; J. F. Tilden, Assistant Treasurer and Secretary, and E. W. Ong, Assistant Secretary, Boston. John S. Bartlett, Crawford H. Ellis, Reginald Foster, F. R. Hart, Kenneth K. McLaren, Shepherd G. Schermerhorn, Henry O. Underwood, Hugh G. Levick, William Newsome, C. A. Hubbard, and W. S. Spaulding.

One of its chief subsidiaries is the Fruit Dispatch Company, which, according to Government information, is the selling agent of the United Fruit Company.

SUIT TO BE BEGUN.

Case Against United Fruit Expected to be Ready in a Few Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—W. S. Gregg, one of the assistant attorneys of the Department of Justice, is now in Boston engaged in getting evidence by which the Government hopes to show that the United Fruit Company is a monopoly and is maintaining trade arrangements that prevent competition.

At the Department of Justice to-day it was said that there was no confirmation here as to how far the Government had gone or on what basis of facts it was proposed to bring suit. By some of the higher officials it was intimated, however, that a bill might be filed within the next few weeks.

A year and a half ago the American Banana Company brought suit in the Philadelphia courts against the United Fruit Company on the ground of unfair competition, and about two months ago a Philadelphia firm also brought suit. The American Banana Company's suit is now pending on appeal before the United States Supreme Court.

PRESTON CAN'T BELIEVE IT.

Neither He Nor His Office Has Been Notified of Any Federal Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., April 11.—President Preston of the United Fruit Company said to-night that neither he nor the office of the company had been notified of any Grand Jury proceeding in New York or elsewhere looking to an indictment of the company under the Sherman law. Therefore, he believes the report to be untrue.

Mr. Preston suggested that if any case were under consideration it must be the old Bluefields case. A would-be rival two years or so ago complained to the Government, he said, about the United Fruit Company's method of doing business, and this complaint, which Mr. Preston spoke of contemptuously, might at length be taken up for investigation, he said.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

1913.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 31	86.90	86.21	86.55	86.59	—.14
Apr. 1	87.59	86.69	87.14	87.45	+.86
Apr. 2	87.65	87.11	87.38	87.29	+.16
Apr. 3	87.76	86.89	87.32	87.71	+.42
Apr. 4	88.32	87.55	87.93	88.04	+.33
Apr. 5	88.07	87.55	87.93	88.08	+.33
Apr. 7	87.62	86.93	87.27	87.10	—.59
Apr. 8	87.61	86.68	87.14	87.52	+.42
Apr. 9	87.97	87.06	87.48	87.18	—.34
Apr. 10	87.43	86.78	87.10	86.93	—.25
Apr. 11	86.79	86.05	86.42	86.18	—.75

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 31	61.22	60.74	60.98	61.12	—.21
Apr. 1	61.19	60.36	60.77	60.98	—.14
Apr. 2	61.08	60.61	60.84	60.85	—.13
Apr. 3	61.35	60.69	61.02	61.20	+.35
Apr. 4	62.51	61.46	61.98	62.15	+.95
Apr. 5	62.15	61.65	61.90	61.72	—.43
Apr. 7	61.48	61.18	61.33	61.23	—.50
Apr. 8	61.57	60.92	61.24	61.49	+.26
Apr. 9	61.88	61.25	61.56	61.34	—.15
Apr. 10	61.32	61.06	61.19	61.13	—.21
Apr. 11	60.96	60.55	60.75	60.64	—.49

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 31	74.06	73.47	73.76	73.85	—.18
Apr. 1	74.39	73.52	73.95	74.21	+.36
Apr. 2	74.36	73.86	74.11	74.07	—.14
Apr. 3	74.55	73.79	74.17	74.45	+.38
Apr. 4	75.41	74.50	74.95	75.09	+.64
Apr. 5	75.11	74.62	74.86	74.70	—.39
Apr. 7	74.55	74.05	74.30	74.16	—.54
Apr. 8	74.59	73.80	74.19	74.50	+.34
Apr. 9	74.92	74.12	74.52	74.26	—.24
Apr. 10	74.37	73.92	74.14	74.03	—.23
Apr. 11	73.87	73.30	73.58	73.41	—.62

April Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	96.34	Apr. 26	93.80	Apr. 15	95.24
1911	94.83	Apr. 4	91.47	Apr. 24	93.82

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	71.18	Apr. 26	68.03	Apr. 1	70.39
1911	66.04	Apr. 3	62.94	Apr. 24	65.28

COMBINED FIFTY SHARES.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	83.76	Apr. 26	80.92	Apr. 1	82.81
1911	80.42	Apr. 4	77.20	Apr. 24	78.55

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.	Low.
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 9.	Feb. 25.
Railroads	90.68	91.41	84.06
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 9.	Mar. 19.
Industrials	66.76	67.08	57.83
Combined average	78.82	79.10	70.99

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Oct. 4.	Dec. 16.	Dec. 31.
Railroads	91.48	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2.	Sep. 30.	Feb. 1.	Dec. 31.
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.12
Combined avg.	77.51	85.82	75.24	78.19

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 26.	Sep. 23.	Dec. 30.
Railroads	91.70	99.61	84.40	91.73
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 5.	Sep. 25.	Dec. 30.
Industrials	62.05	60.76	54.75	63.83
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 26.	Sep. 25.	Dec. 30.
Combined avg.	77.37	84.41	69.57	77.60

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales April 11, 1913	$2,402,500
Same day last year	2,379,000
Total year to date	168,739,000
Same period last year	262,654,500
Average closing price, 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.91—.23
Same day last year	93.33—.06

Panama 3s, reg
1,000..........102⅞
Rep of Cuba 5s
1,000..........100
Rep of Cuba 4½s
6,000.......... 95¼
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
1,000.......... 51⅞
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000.......... 94
6,000.......... 94⅛
5,000.......... 94
4s, 1959
5,000.......... 94¼
3,000.......... 94
1,000.......... 94⅛
Adams Express 4s
1,000.......... 80
Alb & Susq 3½s
10,000.......... 86
Allis-Ch 5s, Tr Co ctfs of dep
10,000.......... 54½
Am Sm Sec 6s
10,000..........103⅛
Am T & T col 4s
9,000.......... 88
cv 4½s, rcts, full paid
20,000..........103⅝
1,000..........103⅞
5,000..........103⅝
Am Tobacco 4s
10,000.......... 96⅞
Am Wr Paper 5s
3,000.......... 88⅞
2,000.......... 89
Armour & Co 4½s
3,000.......... 90¼
2,000.......... 90⅞
3,000.......... 90⅜
18,000.......... 90½
3,000.......... 90¼
9,000.......... 90
A, T & S F gen 4s
13,000.......... 94⅜
6,000.......... 94½
adj 4s, stpd
1,000.......... 85
conv 4s, 1960
32,000..........101¼
20,000..........101⅛
10,000..........101
20,000..........100⅞
5,000..........101
5,000..........100⅞
1,000..........100½
10,000..........100⅞
10,000..........101
conv 5s
10,000..........102⅛
Balt & O gold 4s
14,000.......... 94⅝
1,000.......... 94⅞
prior lien 3½s
3,000.......... 91
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full pd
43,000.......... 92⅝
40,000.......... 92⅛
2,500.......... 92¼
12,000.......... 92⅛
1,500.......... 92⅝
54,000.......... 92½
60,000.......... 92⅜
5,000.......... 92¼
20,000.......... 92⅜
38,000.......... 92¼
500.......... 92⅜
29,000.......... 92⅛
25,000.......... 92⅜
1,000.......... 92¼
500.......... 92⅜
500.......... 92⅜
2,500.......... 92⅛
114,000.......... 92⅜
sub r, first pd
77,000.......... 92½
500.......... 92⅜
500.......... 92⅜
S W Div 3½s
3,000.......... 88½
Beth Steel 5s
2,000.......... 96¼
1,000.......... 96
1st & ref mtg 5s
5,000.......... 83¼
25,000.......... 83½
B R T ref cv 4s
10,000.......... 90⅜
30,000.......... 91
2,000.......... 90⅞
30,000.......... 90½
10,000.......... 90¼
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
4,000..........100¾
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s
5,000.......... 94
Cent Leather 5s
1,000.......... 95⅝
2,000.......... 95¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s
18,000.......... 92½
Cent R R & Bkg Co of Ga col 5s
1,000.......... 99⅞
C & O conv 4½s
5,000.......... 89⅝
1,000.......... 89½
C, B & Q gen 4s
3,000.......... 93½
joint 4s
7,000.......... 94⅛
24,000.......... 94¼
3,000.......... 94⅛
50,000.......... 94⅛
Ill Div 3½s
1,000.......... 84¾
C & Erie 1st 5s
2,000..........106¼
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4½s, w
11,000.......... 99⅝
10,000.......... 99⅝
11,000.......... 99⅝
10,000.......... 99⅝
41,000.......... 99½
conv 4½s
4,000..........102¼
20,000..........102⅛
5,000..........102¼
sub r, full pd
47,000..........102¼
22,000..........102⅛
500..........102¼
500..........102¼
500..........102½
75,000..........102¼
21,000..........102
11,000..........102⅛
C, M & P Sd 4s
4,000.......... 87¼
C, R I & P gen 4s
13,000.......... 92
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
1,000.......... 84
1,000.......... 83¼
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000.......... 63⅝
36,000.......... 63⅛
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s
6,000.......... 91½
Col & So 1st 4s
6,000.......... 91½
ref & ext 4½s
5,000.......... 92
Del & H conv 4s
4,000.......... 97
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s
1,000.......... 80
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
1,000.......... 87
Erie 1st con 4s
5,000.......... 82⅝
8,000.......... 82½
1st gen 4s
1,000.......... 73
conv 4s, Ser A
5,000.......... 76
Series B
6,000.......... 72
F W & D C 1st 6s
10,000..........107
Gen Elec deb 5s
3,000..........104⅛
3,000..........104⅞
Hock Val 1st 4½s
1,000.......... 98⅝
Ill Cent ref 4s
10,000.......... 91⅞
Ill Steel 4½s
30,000.......... 88
1,000s15f.......... 87¼
Indiana Steel 5s
2,000..........100
Insp Con Cop 6s, sub rcts, 3d pd
3,000..........104
Int Met 4½s
15,000.......... 78
1,000.......... 78⅛
5,000.......... 78¼
Interbor R T 5s
4,000..........104
Inter Paper 6s
3,000..........102½
Iowa Cent ref 4s
3,000.......... 60
K C, Ft S & M 4s
26,000.......... 74
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
26,000.......... 96
10,000.......... 96¼
Lake Shore & M So 4s, 1928
3,000.......... 91
1931
1,000.......... 90½
Ligg & Myers 7s, temp bonds
6,000..........120½
Ligg & Myers 5s
10,000.......... 98
Lorillard Co 5s
4,000.......... 98
Lou & N unifd 4s
10,000.......... 94½
Manhattan Con 4s, tax exempt
1,000.......... 93¼
8,000.......... 93
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
2,000.......... 64⅛
Minn & St Louis 1st & ref 4s
4,000.......... 61
Mo, K & E 1st 5s
2,000..........103⅞
M, K & Ok 1st 5s
1,000..........103
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
12,000.......... 79⅛
Mo Pac conv 5s
6,000.......... 86⅛
5,000.......... 86
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
1,000.......... 98½
N Y Cent gen 3½s
5,000.......... 83⅜
registered
25,000.......... 82
2,000.......... 83
L C col 3½s
10,000.......... 80⅝
5,000.......... 80½
N Y, C & St L 1st 4s
17,000.......... 96½
6,000.......... 96
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000..........121
23,000..........120⅞
20,000..........120⅝
registered
1,000..........120
N Y, O & W ref 4s
2,000.......... 89⅝
N Y Rys ref 4s
20,000.......... 76⅞
N Y Rys adj 5s
2,000.......... 58½
18,000.......... 58¼
32,000.......... 58⅛
Norf & Wn con 4s
25,000s10f..........106¼
Norf & Wn conv 4½s sub rects, full paid
25,000..........105½
5,000..........105⅝
Nor Pac 4s
12,000.......... 95
Nor Pac gen 3s
6,000.......... 67
Ohio River 1st 5s
1,000..........103½
Oregon Short Line gtd ref 4s
1,000.......... 89⅞
10,000.......... 89½
Pac Coast 1st 5s
1,000..........100⅛
Pac T & T 5s
5,000.......... 99¼
2,000.......... 99⅞
Penn conv 3½s
16,000.......... 96⅜
1,000.......... 96⅝
Penn Co gtd gold 4s
2,000.......... 95
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s
1,000..........101½
1,000..........101⅜
Public Serv Cor sink fund 5s
2,000.......... 92
4,000.......... 91⅞
6,000.......... 91⅝
Ry Steel Spr 5s
1,000.......... 95⅝
Ray Cons 1st 6s
4,000..........112
Reading gen 4s
27,000.......... 95¾
2,000.......... 95½
St L & S F R R gen 5s
5,000.......... 79½
ref 4s
6,000.......... 75
St L S W 1st 4s
6,000.......... 87
Seaboard A Line adjustment 5s
1,000.......... 73½
1,000.......... 73⅝
23,000.......... 73¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
10,000.......... 99½
So Pac col 4s
6,000.......... 89⅝
10,000.......... 89⅞
So Pac conv 4s
15,000.......... 89¼
20,000.......... 89
So Pac 1st ref 4s
6,000.......... 91
5,000.......... 90⅝
1,000 c.......... 90
4,000.......... 90¼
So Ry 1st 5s
2,000..........104⅝
So Ry gen 4s
8,000.......... 77
1,000.......... 77⅛
50,000.......... 77
Stand Mill 1st 5s
1,000.......... 88½
Tex Co conv 6s
5,000.......... 98½
Third Av ref 4s
3,000.......... 80⅜
5,000.......... 80½
Third Av adj 5s
2,000.......... 72½
10,000.......... 72
Tol, St L & W 4s
5,000.......... 54
Tri City 5s
1,000.......... 97
Un Pac 1st 4s
2,000.......... 96⅞
3,000.......... 96⅝
2,000.......... 97
Un Pac conv 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
5,000.......... 92⅞
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
1,000.......... 92
4,000.......... 91⅝
21,000.......... 91
United Railroads of San Fr 4s
1,000.......... 62¾
U S Rubber 6s
1,000..........102⅝
6,000..........102¼
1,000..........102⅛
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
37,000..........101
registered
5,000s7f..........100¾
Va & S W con 5s 98
Wabash 1st 5s
2,000..........104
Wabash 2d 5s
7,000.......... 96
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
2,000.......... 59¼
1,000.......... 59⅝
3,000.......... 59¼
Wab, Pitts Term 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
3,000.......... 23
10,000.......... 22⅞
Westchester Ltg Co 5s
1,000..........103
Westn Elec 5s
2,000..........101¼
West Shore 4s
1,000.......... 95⅝
registered
7,000.......... 95¼
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000.......... 92⅞
1,000.......... 92⅞

NO AGRICULTURAL DIVIDEND.

Office Assigns This as Reason for the Market Break in the Stock.

Inquiry was made at the offices of the International Agricultural Corporation yesterday concerning the recent decline in the market price of its stock, and this statement was authorized:

"The fiscal year of the International Agricultural Corporation ends on June 30, and until its accounts have been made up as of that date no definite statement of earnings can be made. Based, however, on the information and data at hand, it is estimated that the net profits of the company for the twelve months ending June 30, including its proportion of the profits of the companies owned in part by it, and before deducting $650,000 interest on its $13,000,000 of bonds, will approximate $1,250,000.

"It is therefore expected that the payment of the next semi-annual dividend on the preferred stock will be deferred, and it is likely that the decline in the market price of the stock of the company is due to the anticipation that such action will be taken.

"The company is now making delivery of its products on a large scale, and there appears to be no reason to doubt that it has enjoyed its share of the season's business and a profit consistent with conditions generally obtained.

"Plans for the conduct of the companies' business, which have been under development for some time, will, it is expected, prove of material advantage."

At a meeting of the Directors Edward R. Stettinius was elected a member of the board and J. J. Watson, Jr., was elected Treasurer.

SALOMON & CO. ACCUSED.

Law Committee of Exchange Investigating the Rumely Flotation.

The Law Committee of the Stock Exchange met yesterday to begin the investigation of a complaint made against William Salomon & Co. by J. F. A. Clark of Clark, Childs & Co., brokers, in connection with the flotation of the stock of the M. Rumely Company. It is understood that Mr. Clark charges that misleading statements were made as to the business of the company and the value of its shares.

The stock has attracted much attention recently by the heavy decline in its market value, amounting to 66 points on the common and 22 points on the preferred since it was listed last November.

It is understood that Salomon & Co. deny having made any misleading statements and are confident of the future of the stock.

The Law Committee, on completing its investigation, will report its findings to the Governing Committee of the Exchange.

CALL FOR SUBWAY FUNDS.

J. P. Morgan & Co. Ask for 12½% of $170,000,000 Subscription.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have issued a call upon members of the syndicate, which underwrote the $170,000,000 issue of Interborough 5 per cent. bonds for subways, for the payment of 12½ per cent. of their portion. This amounts in the aggregate to $21,250,000. The funds will be used to pay off $15,000,000 Interborough notes, which mature on May 1, and for corporate purposes.

The purchase agreement under which the bankers took up the subway financing provided that $78,000,000 of the bonds should be paid for in the year from June 30, 1912, to June 30, 1913. Purchase of the remainder is to be spread over the next three years in lots of about $30,000,000.

Southern Pacific Begins Financing.

The Southern Pacific Company will shortly sell part of an issue of $10,120,000 of 4½ per cent. equipment trust certificates which have been authorized. With the failure of the original dissolution plan, which would have supplied the Southern Pacific treasury with ample cash for its improvement needs through the sale of Central Pacific to Union Pacific, it probably will be necessary for the company to arrange a bond sale later this year.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1913.	Increase.
CANADIAN NORTHERN—		
1st week April	$392,600	$10,800
July 1-April 7	17,230,200	2,509,500
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—		
1st week April	420,600	1,900
July 1-April 7	19,012,200	1,143,800
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—		
4th week March	75,725	2,209
Month of March	235,563	11,960
July 1-March 31	1,952,369	76,974
LONDON UNDERGROUND, (London General Bus)—		
Week ended March 29	£58,219	£9,968
Jan. 1-March 29	706,780	194,146
LONDON UNDERGROUND, (London Electric Railway)—		
Week ended March 29	14,185	520
Jan. 1-March 29	189,425	*1,880
LONDON UNDERGROUND, (Metropolitan District)—		
Week ended March 29	12,861	302
Jan. 1-March 29	171,333	6,422
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—		
1st week April	$510,437	$68,487
July 1-April 7	25,761,577	3,307,948
MISSOURI PACIFIC—		
1st week April	1,084,000	144,000
July 1-April 7	48,639,005	6,249,563
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—		
1st week April	210,000	21,000
July 1-April 7	11,401,723	1,090,330
TEXAS & PACIFIC—		
1st week April	272,539	11,440
July 1-April 7	14,395,747	759,608

*Decrease.

CENTRAL OF NEW JERSEY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	676	672	631
Freight rev.	1,653,514	1,654,141	1,285,085
Passenger rev.	357,703	354,313	321,447
Total op. rev.	2,158,798	2,144,856	1,731,383
Mt. of way	167,071	161,451	165,053
Mt. of equip.	347,699	316,808	291,263
Transpor. exp.	655,930	690,805	540,683
Total op. exp.	1,240,618	1,229,820	1,070,971
Taxes	124,978	180,494	56,290
Oper. income	775,674	736,036	575,163
Eight months:			
Freight rev.	14,531,720	12,983,661	12,006,827
Passenger rev.	3,737,417	3,724,830	3,188,579
Total op. rev.	19,334,795	17,654,365	16,024,448
Mt. of way	1,645,564	1,717,030	1,672,688
Mt. of equip.	2,766,323	2,497,193	2,486,708
Transpor. exp.	5,694,887	5,204,487	4,690,244
Total op. exp.	10,689,701	9,990,424	9,422,294
Taxes	994,166	935,068	719,833
Oper. income	7,676,726	6,852,991	5,961,494

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Mileage	5,237	5,228	9
Freight rev.	2,395,470	2,299,000	96,460
Passenger rev.	805,537	821,591	*16,054
Total op. rev.	3,463,750	3,386,979	76,771
Mt. of way	288,675	321,798	*33,123
Mt. of equip.	476,925	453,064	23,861
Transpor. exp.	1,336,062	1,350,824	*14,762
Total op. exp.	2,302,971	2,345,682	*42,711
Taxes	167,148	162,650	4,498
Oper. income	993,628	878,642	114,986
Eight months:			
Freight rev.	21,268,013	18,653,248	2,614,765
Passenger rev.	8,058,127	8,145,030	*86,903
Total op. rev.	31,458,840	28,917,798	2,541,042
Mt. of way	3,897,024	3,572,122	324,902
Mt. of equip.	4,014,154	3,757,797	256,357
Transpor. exp.	11,165,683	10,373,946	791,737
Total op. exp.	20,637,515	19,363,422	1,274,093
Taxes	1,382,797	1,306,543	76,254
Op. income	9,438,520	8,247,826	1,100,694

*Decrease.

WABASH RAILROAD reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	2,515	2,515	2,515
Freight rev.	1,621,166	1,444,602	1,457,063
Passenger rev.	450,322	397,512	460,346
Total op. rev.	2,295,951	2,031,013	2,091,678
Mt. of way	237,660	198,204	190,904
Mt. of equip.	373,460	436,253	381,543
Transp. exp.	1,184,561	1,045,472	1,013,760
Total op. exp.	1,935,325	1,825,532	1,723,934
Taxes	78,949	71,655	76,947
Op. income	273,731	130,644	287,631
Eight months:			
Freight rev.	14,806,892	12,969,580	13,716,580
Passenger rev.	4,980,013	4,861,224	5,135,646
Total op. rev.	21,634,862	19,373,899	20,329,842
Mt. of way	2,707,882	2,245,347	2,239,994
Mt. of equip.	3,617,931	3,353,397	3,209,345
Transp. exp.	8,897,540	7,961,636	7,995,378
Total op. exp.	16,424,486	14,789,205	14,649,488
Taxes	587,329	565,007	604,249
Op. income	4,587,311	4,007,411	5,062,702

Miscellaneous Earnings.

EDISON CO. OF BOSTON for March—

Gross	575,045	505,843	471,630
Net	337,686	297,533	277,287
9 mos. gross	4,846,660	4,430,539	4,022,276
Net	2,811,181	2,664,794	2,344,790

$30,000,000

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co.

General Mortgage Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bonds

Due May 1, 1989

INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 1 AND JULY 1

Coupon Bonds of the denominations of $1,000 each with privilege of registration as to principal and exchangeable for bonds registered as to principal and interest.

Principal and interest payable without deduction for any tax or taxes which the Railway Company may be required to pay or retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of America or any of the States thereof.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE ABOVE BONDS AT 99½ PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DELIVERY.

The subscription will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Thursday, April 17, 1913, or earlier, the right being reserved to reject any applications and to award a smaller amount than applied for. The undersigned reserve the right to close the subscription at any time without notice.

A first payment of $50 per $1,000 bond subscribed for must accompany all subscriptions. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscriptions will be payable on May 6, 1913, at the office of either of the undersigned, against temporary certificates exchangeable for engraved bonds as soon as ready.

If no allotment be made, the first payment will be repaid in full, and if only a portion of the amount applied for be alloted, the balance of the first payment will be applied towards the amount due on May 6, 1913. No interest will be allowed on such first payment. If any further balance remains, such balance will be repaid. Failure to pay the second instalment, when due, will render the previous payment liable to forfeiture.

A. J. Earling, Esq., President of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, in a letter dated April 9, 1913, copies of which can be obtained from the undersigned, writes in part as follows:

"These Bonds are secured by a direct mortgage on 6,314.78 miles of first track of railroad, upon valuable terminal properties in Chicago, Milwaukee and other cities, and also upon the entire equipment of the Company. **The General Mortgage Bonds are secured by an absolute first mortgage on 3,753.07 miles of first track, including the main lines entering Chicago and Milwaukee, and by a refunding mortgage on 2,561.71 miles of first track, subject to $52,357,000 prior liens maturing on or before July 1, 1926. The prior lien mortgages may not be extended, so that by July 1, 1926, the General Mortgage Bonds, of which a sufficient amount are reserved to retire the prior liens, will be an absolute first mortgage. At present the General Mortgage Bonds, including prior liens, are at the average rate of $22,193 per mile, and after 1926 will be an absolute first mortgage at the rate of only $23,750 per mile, even if all the remaining bonds should be issued without increasing the mileage.**

"The General Mortgage provides that all additional lines of railroad acquired with the proceeds of these bonds shall become subject to such mortgage as a first lien.

"The lines covered by the General Mortgage form a network of railroads traversing the States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota and South Dakota, serving such important cities as Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines, Sioux Falls, Council Bluffs (opposite Omaha) and Kansas City. This mileage, in conjunction with other lines owned by the Company, forms a through line to Seattle and Tacoma on the Pacific Coast and to Ontonagon, Michigan, on Lake Superior.

"The General Mortgage Bonds are followed by $76,226,655 Debenture Four Per Cent. Bonds, $48,850,800 Convertible Four and One-half Per Cent. Debenture Bonds, $116,274,900 Preferred Stock paying 7 per cent. dividends per annum, and $116,348,200 Common Stock paying 5 per cent. dividends per annum, a total of $357,700,555 face value of securities, having a present market value in excess of $400,000,000.

"The General Mortgage Bonds have been or are reserved to be issued as follows:

Heretofore issued and outstanding in the hands of the public, 4 Per Cent. Bonds	$48,841,000
3½ Per Cent. Bonds	8,950,000
In Treasury of the Company (of which present issue is part)	39,852,000
Reserved to retire prior liens	52,357,000
Total	$150,000,000

"The income account of the Company for the three years ended June 30, 1912, is as follows:

	1910	1911	1912
Gross Earnings	$64,846,894	$64,975,995	$63,122,743
Operating Expenses and Taxes	47,112,750	49,520,750	50,590,398
Net Earnings	$17,734,144	$15,455,245	$12,532,345
Other Income	7,759,443	11,879,786	7,591,948
Total Income	$25,493,587	$27,335,031	$20,124,293
Fixed Charges, Rentals, etc.	6,811,803	10,976,717	10,193,847
Balance	$18,681,784	$16,358,314	$9,930,446

"The net earnings for the seven months ended January 31, 1913, show an increase of $7,802,630 over the earnings for the same period of last year."

We are advised that these Bonds are a legal investment for Savings Banks in the States of New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and elsewhere.

Application will be made to list the bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Subscriptions will also be received in BOSTON by MESSRS. KIDDER, PEABODY

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
NEW YORK

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK
OF NEW YORK

April 11, 1913.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

NEW YORK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

April 4, 1913.

RESOURCES.		
L'ns & inv'm'ts.	$8,534,288.29	
U. S. bonds to sec. circulat..	200,000.00	
U. S. bonds to secure dep...	50,000.00	
Real est., banking house....	652,041.69	
Due from banks	91,054.84	
Exchanges for Clear. House..	638,627.90	
Cash	2,335,474.89	$12,501,487.61
LIABILITIES.		
Capital	$500,000.00	
Surplus and undivided prof..	2,015,028.65	
Circulation	199,000.00	
Deposits	9,737,458.96	
U. S. deposits..	50,000.00	$12,501,487.61

THOS. A. PAINTER, Cashier.

Executor   Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator   Guardian

Orders Executed in

Pennsylvania Rights

PARKINSON & BURR

MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGES.

NEW YORK
7 Wall St.

HARTFORD
73 Pearl St.

BOSTON
53 State St.

5½ to 6% First Mortgage Bonds

We own and offer absolute direct first mortgage bonds, to net 5½ to 6 per cent. These attractive investments are secured by direct first liens on the highest class of improved real estate.

S. W. STRAUS & CO., Incorporated

Mortgage and Bond Bankers

Straus Building
CHICAGO

One Wall Street
NEW YORK

NOTICE.

To holders of the first mortgage and refunding five per cent. bonds of the Evansville Gas & Electric Light Company, dated June 1, 1902, secured by a trust deed from that company to The American Trust and Savings Bank, (now named Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank,) Trustee, dated June 1, 1902.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the undersigned has received notice from the Evansville Public Service Company, successor to the Evansville Gas & Electric Light Company, that it will call in, pay and cancel, at a premium of five per cent. (5%) on June 1, 1913, $10,000 of the bonds secured by said trust deed as determined by lot by the undersigned, and you are hereby notified that the undersigned has determined by lot the following numbers of bonds so to be paid on June 1, 1913, namely:

Bonds number 18, 139, 319, 346, 547, 695, 753, 855, 1104 and 1130.

The holders of said bonds are hereby required to present the same, together with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, for payment on June 1, 1913, as aforesaid, at the office of the undersigned in the City of Chicago, Illinois.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, (formerly named The American Trust and Savings Bank,) Trustee, Chicago, Illinois.
By FRANK H. JONES, Secretary.
Dated Chicago, Illinois, April 8th, 1913.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, Inc., BONDS

The following bonds have been drawn for redemption and will be redeemed at the office of the Fidelity Trust Company, Newark, New Jersey, on May 1st, 1913, at a hundred and five and accrued interest: Bonds Nos. 4, 97, 117, 129, 130, 185, 213, 241, 206, 274. Further information will be furnished by

MOUNTAIN LAKES, Inc.
H. P. HAPGOOD,
President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE FIRM OF Louis Solomon & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 21st day of February, 1913. All liabilities of the old concern will be settled by Joseph L. Solomon, the remaining partner.

Signed { SARAH SOLOMON.
HAROLD SOLOMON.
JOSEPH SOLOMON.

DIVIDENDS.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
Common Stock Dividend No. 4.

April 9, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½%) PER CENT. on the Common Capital Stock, payable June 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at close of business May 1, 1913. Stock books will be closed from 3 P. M. May 1 to 10 A. M. May 22 on account of annual meeting of stockholders. Checks will be mailed from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.

H. T. PARSON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.
To the Stockholders of MUTUAL FILM CORPORATION:

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the preferred stock of Mutual Film Corporation, payable April 14, 1913 to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 11, 1913, has been declared. Transfer books will be closed from April 11, 1913 to April 16, 1913. Dated April 8, 1913.

CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY.
Broadway and Eighth Street.

New York, April 10th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent., payable May 1st, 1913, to Stockholders of record at the close of business April 21st, 1913.

Transfer books will close at 3 P. M., April 21st, 1913, and reopen at 10 A. M., May 1st, 1913.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

The Willys-Overland Company,
Toledo, Ohio.

April 11th, 1913.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% was declared on the Common stock of The Willys-Overland Company, payable May 1st to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 21st.

ROYAL R. SCOTT, Secretary.

THE NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK.

April 2d, 1913.

56TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a dividend of 4% was declared, payable April 15th to stockholders of record at the close of business April 8th.

JOHN R. WOOD,
Vice President and Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT Company, N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, March 12, 1913.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent., ($1.00 per share,) payable April 15, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31, 1913. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, March 15, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 10 o'clock A. M., April 15, 1913, and then opened, for furnishing anthracite, bituminous, and forge coal during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1913. Information upon application. M. GRAY ZALINSKI, Depot Q. M.

ARMY BUILDING, WHITEHALL STREET, New York City, Feb. 15, 1913.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 1:30 o'clock P. M., April 15, 1913, for furnishing mineral oil, kindling wood, forage, and straw, during period commencing July 1, 1913. Information upon application. M. GRAY ZALINSKI, D. Q. M.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., April 12, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M., May 12, 1913, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering at either the New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, or St. Louis Depots of the Quartermaster Corps, 260 prs. Boots, rubber, half hip; 12,300 Cords, breast; 130,000 Cords, hat; 300,000 prs. Drawers, Summer, jean; 250,000 prs. Drawers, Winter; 11,000 prs. Gauntlets, Winter; 300,000 prs. Gloves, white cotton; 12,000 prs. Gloves, yellow, horsehide; 12,000 prs. Laces, leggin; 32,000 prs. Laces, shoe; 225,000 prs. Leggins; 16,800 prs. Overshoes, arctic; 16,000 prs. Shoe, gymnasium; 840,000 prs. Stockings, cotton; 76,000 prs. Stockings, wool, heavy; 1,000,000 prs. Stockings, wool, light; 6,800 prs. Suspenders; 20,000 Sweaters; 250,000 Undershirts, cotton, collarette; 200,000 Undershirts, Winter, collarette. Information upon application. M. GRAY ZALINSKI, Depot Q. M.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 29, 1913, for Contract 91, for furnishing, delivering, and installing RACKS, STOP SHUTTERS, SCREENS, LIFTERS, and other apparatus in gate chambers along Catskill Aqueduct.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., March 15, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing fuel, gasoline, mineral oil, and forage and straw (three months' and a year's supply) required in Eastern Department, during year commencing July 1, 1913, will be received here until 10 A. M., April 15, 1913. Information furnished on application to Chief Quartermaster.

Bank Statements

Out-of-town bank statements will be published in THE NEW YORK TIMES to-morrow.

THE NEW YORK TIMES publishes a greater number of statements of National Banks than any other newspaper.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

BRIDAL BOUQUETS ON SHOW.

Crowds of Visitors to Grand Central Palace Despite the Rain.

In all the pouring rain of yesterday automobiles surrounded the New Grand Central Palace waiting for visitors to the international flower show.

Bridal bouquets were the special feature of the day and there was a continuous procession of women passing by the exhibition. Even the little women from the Imperial Ladies' Orchestra which makes the music for the show had to see the bouquets and played a wedding march not on the programme, in honor of the occasion. Each single woman visitor picked out the bouquet she would like to have herself.

"That is the bouquet I should like to have if I was going to be married over again," said one elderly woman, pointing to a bouquet of lilacs and lilies of the valley.

There were lilies of the valley in all the bouquets and one had only the lilies. In others they were combined with white orchids and a few orange blossoms, there were white lilacs and white roses in another and the most delicate of frothy-looking lace, gauze ribbons, brocaded or plain satin ribbons in all. The first prize of $50 and a silver cup went to Alfred Kattmiller. The second prize was taken by a year-old bouquet exhibited by Max Schling, formerly head gardener of the Botanical Gardens of Vienna. He has invented the process of preservation which he only allows his friends to use, for it is not a commercial venture.

The year-old bouquet has all the softness and freshness of freshly-picked flowers. It was when Mr. Schling was in Vienna that he was called upon to preserve the bridal bouquet of the Princess Valery, daughter of the Emperor Franz Joseph. It took a year to do it, taking the flowers apart and pressing them and putting them together again. Another method of the Viennese at that time was to dip the blossoms in the mineral spring waters of Carlsbad, which petrified the flowers, but that took away their natural color. Mr. Schling's secret is the result of seven years of experimentation.

Henry Siegel carried off the first prize for table decoration yesterday and Samuel Untermyer the second, the third going to William Sim of Cliftondale, Mass. The first prize for a corsage bouquet was taken by Max Schling for five orchids, cattleyas of a deep purple red held together with a pinkish lavender velvet ribbon. The Boston Cut Flower Company carried off the second for four pink orchids with the new phyolanthus ferns.

The Michigan Gardeners' Club has a woman president, Mrs. Frances King, and she will be one of the speakers on Sunday.

The prices will be halved for Sunday, the closing day.

PLANS BANK GUARANTEES.

Owen to Propose Safeguard for Depositors in Currency Legislation.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—A modified form of bank guarantee probably will be recommended by Senator Owen, Chairman of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, when the committee begins preparation of a currency reform bill. His present plan is not for a direct guarantee of bank deposits, but for the establishment of a fund to insure immediate payment to creditors and depositors when a bank is forced to close its doors.

Senator Owen said to-day he believed that such a fund, out of which the depositors could be paid immediately, in proportion to the visible assets of the defunct bank, would be a great factor in allaying panic and preventing financial distress. The amounts thus expended would be returned as fast as the bank's assets could be converted into cash.

The currency problem will be taken up as an entirety through co-operation of the Senate, House, and the President, according to plans now under discussion in Congressional circles. Senator Owen and Representative Glass, who is preparing the House bill, had separate conferences again to-day with Secretary McAdoo at the Treasury Department. Later Senator Owen said the Senate Committee, when it began work on a bill, would be in close harmony with the department and the House Committee.

Short hearings are to be allowed in the Senate, preliminary to the preparation of any currency reform legislation. The desire of several members of the Senate committee to obtain additional information upon financial conditions has influenced Senator Owen to arrange for hearings in the near future.

MRS. RICE'S POTTERY SHOWN

Private View of Her Own Work at Her Irving Place House.

Mrs. Clarence C. Rice of 81 Irving Place has sent out cards for a private exhibition of pottery, which is to be held at her residence from Tuesday, April 15, to the 23d, inclusive, from 10 to 5 o'clock.

The pottery is from Mrs. Rice's own kiln and workshop at her country place at Bedford Village, N. Y., and she has taken up the work, not as an occupation but in the interest of art and the desire to elevate the taste for pottery. She is one of the first society women of New York to delve into pottery, and the results of her work have proved quite notable.

She has succeeded in producing a ware of the twelfth century of turquois blue and other brilliant colors as the result of much study and labor; also the white Italian majolica ware. The collection for the exhibition consists of vases, jars, and bowls.

Mrs. Rice is the wife of the well-known physician, and both of her daughters are married. Miss Gladys D. Rice married John L. Saltonstall of Beverly, Mass., and another daughter is Mrs. Howard Means of Boston.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Mrs. Ogden Goelet and Mme. Sembrich Sail on the Olympic.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

OLYMPIC (Southampton)—W. B. Arnold, Howard C. Band, J. M. Chancey, S. Bigelow, Miss Mary C. Bishop, Dr. and Mrs. William Bryan, Percy Chubb, Mr. and Mrs. Norman H. Davis, Earl of Morley, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Evans, Charles Frohman, Mrs. E. H. Gibbs, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Griscom, Mr. and Mrs. Minor C. Keith, C. V. Lindo, Capt. F. L. C. Learmouth-Livingstone, Mrs. Maturin Livingston, Henry C. Leod, W. H. Morgan, Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Schelling, Mme. Marcella Sembrich, Mrs. C. H. Sherrill, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Capt. Douglas Vernon, and Mrs. Clement Studebaker, Jr.

THAMES (Southampton)—Mrs. W. J. Bayne, Mrs. Frances Haines, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. King, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Martin, Mrs. A. Morgan, E. C. Peirson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Griffin, and W. Martin.

AMERIKA (Hamburg.)—Miss Charlotte L. Andrews, Miss Anne Butterfield, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Crocker, Miss Mary L. Collender, Mrs. C. Berwind, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer F. Eddy, Mrs. P. R. Forbes, Mrs. Hamilton Gamble, J. W. Hellmann, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pitney, Mrs. C. A. Spreckels, Mrs. J. E. Steckler, Countess von Bernstoff, W. P. von Bulow.

FRANCONIA (Liverpool.)—Mr. and Mrs. Bryce J. Allan, Joseph H. Capper, James K. Clarke, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Crompton, G. Cunard, E. Cunard, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Willis T. Henson, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Irving, W. H. Musgrave, Surgeon Gen. J. Floyd Thomas, R. N.; Miss Mary Thornton, F. R. Webb, Mrs. E. M. Wilson.

CEDRIC (Liverpool)—Sir Andrew Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Freeman, the Rev. H. F. Hamilton, G. T. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Malcolm, Mrs. E. Henry Powell, and Mrs. Clarence Watson.

MINNEHAHA (London)—The Rev. John Ackworth, Mrs. H. C. Allen, Miss Mary Bell, Mrs. Lee Delafield, Dr. A. R. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Oiler, Dr. P. L. Scott, Miss M. L. Scott, and Miss E. H. Warner.

CALIFORNIA (Glasgow)—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Adamson, Mrs. Georgina Carey, Scott Duncan, D. Stevenson, and Mrs. Charles Weeks.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—Miss Alice Jay, Miss G. Boahoulle, Mr. and Mrs. Lionel Hagenass, and J. Kracke.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday on the La France from Havre were: Mrs. May Allen, A. T. Ashton, George Brion, E. C. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. M. Collier, J. J. Deery, Hubert Jones, Maxwell Norman, Miss S. H. Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ross, Mrs. E. Smith, Count and Countess de Borslucy, H. H. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Satterlee, Miss Hamilton.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Western disturbance has advanced more rapidly East, and Friday night its centre was over Lake Ontario, whence a trough of low pressure extends to the Gulf of Mexico. During the last twenty-four hours this disturbance caused general rains over all districts east of the Mississippi River and snow in Minnesota and Iowa.

There were heavy rains at points throughout the Atlantic States. Over the Plains States and Rocky Mountain region and Pacific Slope the weather remained fair. Temperatures have risen in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, and a decided change to warmer weather is in progress over the Plains States and Rocky Mountain region.

The weather will be cloudy Saturday, with scattered rains over the Atlantic seaboard, and be followed by generally fair weather Sunday.

In all other parts of the country the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday.

Temperatures will rise Saturday and Sunday over the Plains States and the Mississippi Valley and Sunday in the Ohio Valley and the Gulf States.

Temperature will not change decidedly Saturday and Sunday in the Atlantic States.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate south; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south, becoming variable; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate to brisk south winds, becoming variable, and overcast, rainy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy Saturday, preceded by rain. Sunday, cloudy; moderate south winds.

New England—Rain Saturday. Sunday, probably fair; moderate south winds, becoming variable.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, fair; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	38	39	4 P. M.	55	54
6 A. M.	38	40	6 P. M.	58	53
9 A. M.	43	43	9 P. M.	56	54
12 M.	50	48	11 P. M.	51	54

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 47; for the corresponding date last year it was 48; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 46.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 46; at 8 P. M. it was 53; maximum temperature, 55 degrees, at 4 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees, at 3 A. M.; humidity, 86 per cent. at 8 A. M., 90 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.33 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.09 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.
4:55—432-34 E. 23d St.; Blacksey Mfg. Co. ....Slight
5:35—97 Broome St.; S. Pepersburg...Slight
5.45—1,774 Lexington Av.; O. Daniels..Slight
7:15—1,112 Longwood Av.; F. Caulus..None
9:35—635 5th St.; B. Friedman......Trifling
11:35—431 W. 40th St.; P. Sursi..........$10
P. M.
2:00—220 1st Av.; M. Cauno........Trifling
3:00—50 East 132d St.; J. Goodkind.Trifling
6:00—127 East 117th St.; W. Sperling...$100
6:30—201 West 146th St.; M. O'Dea.......$10
6:30—291 Church St.; Sell & Kowitz.Trifling
6:45—11 West 112th St.; E. Mendelowitz.. ....Trifling
7:15—28 West 32d St.; Hattie Kennedy.$1,000
8:00—176 Church St.; Busy Bee Lunch Company ....None
9:20—216 Hudson St.; T. Montoncano.. ....Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BILLINGS, JOHN SHAW, (died March 11;) value of estate not given; $500 to Wesley Hicks; residue in equal shares to children, Mary Clare Ord, Kate Sherman Wilson, Jessie Ingram Hantey, John Sedgwick Billings, and Margaret J. Billings.

ELIOT, ELLSWORTH, (died Dec. 9;) left more than $5,000 personalty; $1,000 to President and Fellows of Yale University; $400 annuity to daughter, Laura Eliot; residue to son, Ellsworth Eliot.

MANDELBAUM, MAX, (died March 30;) left more than $50,000 personalty; $5,000 and life income of remainder for life to mother, Fanny Mandelbaum; $5,000 and remainder to sister, Bella Delmonte; $5,000 and life interest in $15,000 to sister, Jennie Basch.

MAURER, EDMUND J., (died April 6;) left realty of unknown value; $14,000 personalty to widow, Carrie A. Maurer.

MEYER, NELLIE, (died March 26;) left more than $2,500 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; life income from two-thirds of estate to husband, Felix Meyer; income from one-third of estate to son, Herbert Meyer; residue to son, Herbert Meyer.

McGOWAN, PATRICK F., (died April 6;) value of estate not given; $3,000 to nephew, Edward J. McGowan; $1,000 in trust for nephew, Francis P. McGowan; $3,000 to the Rev. John D. Roach; $1,000 to the Rev. Francis J. Sullivan; $500 to St. Vincent de Paul Society; $500 to St. Ann's Church; $1,000 to the Rev. Thomas F. Myhan; paintings to son, Francis P. A. McGowan at age of 30 years; six-tenths of lingerie business at 224 East Twelfth Street to Katie A. Maume; four-tenths to Anna Maume; income from residue to son until age of 35 years; residue to son at 35 years.

RUDOLPHY, ADDIE STIGER, (died Feb. 8;) left more than $5,000 realty and about $2,000 personalty; $100 each and life estate in residue to husband, Gustave O. Rudolphy, and daughter, Elsa R. Miller; $1,000 to Heber J. C. Miller; $500 to Annie King Hoffman; $200 to Katie Fiesel.

TORREY, ELIZA SHAW, (died March 27;) left more than $2,000 personalty; paintings to Mrs. Abram S. Hewitt; silver service to cousin, Mrs. Sarah Bunton; household effects and Lots 37, 38, and 39 in Campus Avenue, San Diego, Cal., to brother, Herbert Gray Torrey; $4,000 to William Osborne Curtis; $2,000 to Dr. Alexander Haddon; $4,000 to Louise M. Abbott; $300 to Orlando Beede, $300 to Katherine Kalmbeck; residue to brother, Herbert Gray Torrey.

TYNG, SEWELL T., (died April 3;) left not more than $1,600 personalty to wife, Edith G. Tyng.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The sixth annual dinner of the teachers and Principals in the Evening High Schools of the city will be held at 6 o'clock this evening at Delmonico's. It will be the largest in number of subscribers in the history of the organization. Frederick S. Grow, the President, will be toastmaster, and the speakers will include Dr. Edgar Dubs Shimer, Edward A. Page, Dean of Evening High School men; Dr. William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools; Dr. Albert Shiels, Superintendent of Evening Schools; Commissioner John Martin, Commissioner of Bridges Arthur J. O'Keeffe, Cyrus J. Miller, Borough President of the Bronx; Prof. Patrick H. Hopkins, Dr. John H. Finley, President of the City College, and President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, who with Mrs. Churchill will be the guests of honor of the association.

Thomas J. Fox, janitor of Public School 130, Manhattan, will be paid $10 a week for the care of the vacant lot adjoining his school.

The following janitors have been assigned to the temporary care of the school buildings named below: John Sands, Public School 14, Brooklyn, $1,212 a year, less $221; Michael J. Martin, Public School 19, annex, Brooklyn, $732 a year, less $221; Matthew J. Brown, Public School 1, Brooklyn, $1,548 a year, less $221; John E. Babcock, Public School 126, Manhattan, $1,368 a year, less $299; Charles T. Stamp, Public School 87, Manhattan, $3,264 a year, less $364; John Farrell, Public School 19, Richmond, $1,200 a year, less $221; James Sullivan, Public School 135, Brooklyn, $720 a year, less $221; Joseph Gelson, Public School 18, Queens, $50 a month.

The Board of Education has granted permission as follows:

To the Dramatic Society of the Bay Ridge High School to present the play "The Private Secretary," followed by a dance, at the Brooklyn Masonic Club on the evening of June 6, an admission fee to be charged and the proceeds to be applied to the benefit of the general organization of the school.

To the Stuyvesant High School to present the play "Lord Chumley" at the Aerial Theatre on May 16, an admission fee to be charged and the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the musical and dramatic societies of the school.

To the general organization of the Brooklyn Evening High School for Men to occupy the auditorium, gymnasium, and Room 100 in the Commercial High School on the evening of April 18 for a dramatic entertainment, an admission fee to be charged and the proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the general organization of the school.

To Benjamin Ringold Post, G. A. R., to occupy the auditorium of Public School 84, Queens, on the afternoon of May 30 for memorial services.

To the Eastern District High School Dramatic Society to occupy the assembly room on the evening of May 9 for a rehearsal, and on the afternoon of May 13 for a dress rehearsal of the play "She Stoops to Conquer," an admission fee to be charged and the proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the general organization of the school.

CHANGES OF NAME.

ISAAC, JESSIE EVELYN, to LENT, JESSIE EVELYN, 152 West 141st Street, teacher in public schools; scholars call her "Miss Ike" and annoy her with their jestings. Lent is part of her real name, which her father dropped on coming to this country on account of his inability to spell it. City Court Judge McAvoy.

RACHMILOWITZ, HARRIS, to RICHMAN, HARRIS, employment agency business; has been known by the name of Richman for a number of years. Rachmilowitz hard to pronounce correctly. City Court Judge McAvoy.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 81.

Pensions, on their own applications.—Patrolmen, to take effect 12 P. M. April 9: Clark P. Whitbeck, 15th Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed Dec. 22, 1886. To take effect 12 P. M. April 10: James L. Havey, 23d, $700; March 17, 1886.

Transfer, to take effect 8 A. M. April 10: Patrolman C. A. Hanneman, 169th, to 146th.

Assignments (temporary.)—Surgeon: Edward J. Donlin, 2d Surgical District, to charge of the 14th, in addition, 3 days, from noon, April 14, during absence of surgeon. Lieutenant: Willet F. Barnes, 33d, to command 42d, 7 days, from 9 A. M., April 11, during absence of Captain. Patrolmen: G. F. Green, 22d, to Boiler Squad, 5 days, from 1:30 P. M. April 9; E. Cooper, 25th, and W. A. Rice, 26th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 2 P. M. April 10; W. Stumpf, 26th, and O. Devery, 29th, to Detective Division, 5 days, from 1 P. M. April 10; G. Prigge, 32d, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from noon, April 11; C. P. Vosburgh, 42d, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 8 A. M. April 10; J. Ebert, 68th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 8 A. M. April 10; E. B. Tallman, 150th, to C. O. Squad, 3 days, from 4 P. M. April 8; H. E. Kelly, Traffic D, to chief surgeon's office, 10 days, from 8 A. M. April 11. To Detective Division, from precincts indicated, 15 days, from 4:30 P. M. April 9: J. P. Calcaterra, 2d; A. Squassoni, 23d; P. Sabatino, 26th; E. Panevino, 28th; F. Santangelo, 31st; A. T. Saltalamacchia, 36th. Matron: Anna M. Wheeler, 25th, to 80th, 5 days, from 4 P. M. April 10.

Leaves of Absence (with full pay)—Surgeon Walter B. Brouner, 14th District, 3 days, from noon April 14, to be deducted from vacation. Captains Alfred W. Thor, 23d, 2 days, from 8 A. M. April 9, and Patrick L. Walsh, 42d, 7 days, from 9 A. M. April 11, to be deducted from vacations. Without pay: Patrolmen: L. J. Henry, 6th, 1 day, from 12.01 A. M. April 15; M. J. A. Gleeson, 155th, 1 day, from 10 A. M. April 15.

Sick Leave—Patrolman W. Lendrum, 165th, 20 days, from 8 A. M. April 11.

Fines—Patrolmen: Henry Krank, 29th, Feb. 2, (1,) absent from post; (2) on adjoining post, coming from store; (3) absent from post, coming from store; (4) left post without permission and failed to make entry in memorandum book, 5 days. Thomas F. J. Cleary, 42d, Feb. 6, while off duty and in full uniform, was in barroom of liquor saloon, drinking liquor from a glass, 3 days. Malachi Ryan, 42d, Feb. 10 absent from post, in apartment house, 5 days. William F. McCormack, 43d, Feb. 9, (1) absent from post, standing in hallway of liquor store; (2) left post without permission; (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book, 3 days. Frank Witten, 65th, March 7, (1) absent from post, in kitchen of restaurant, uniform coat off; (2) left post without permission; (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book, 5 days.

Charges dismissed: Lieut. John L. Falconer, 26th, March 11, (1) failed to furnish information to Telegraph Bureau operator as requested, (2) failed to make proper entry in blotter. Patrolmen—Walter S. Chapman, 165th, (dismissed April 8,) Feb. 18, failed to satisfy a judgment; William H. Harold, 275th, March 19, failed to pay debt; Robert Bauman, 275th, March 13, (1) absent from post in railroad yard, (2) left post without permission, (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book; Joseph E. Allen, 278th, March 12, failed to prevent or discover a burglary; William J. Forrestal, 278th, March 8, was not quiet, civil, and orderly, and answered Sergeant in insolent manner: Joseph J. Ray, 285th, March 18, (1) unlawfully pointed revolver at and threatened to shoot one J. A. Smith, (2) discharged revolver at several persons, (3) under influence of some intoxicating agent, (4) made false statements.

Suspended: Sergt. James King, 32d, to take effect 12:40 P. M., April 9; Patrolman Patrick Reilly, 39th, to take effect 4:30 P. M., April 9.

Resignations, to take effect 12 P. M., April 9: Patrolmen Edward Riebe, 26th, and Joseph Kaufman, 37th, for good of the service.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 70.

Death—Fireman (first grade) Michael Maloney, Engine 268, at 3 P. M., April 10. Funeral from his late home, 480 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, 9 A. M., April 14. Interment at Holy Cross Cemetery.

Hose tests ordered—Chiefs of Battalion will direct commanding officers of companies to test all two and one-half and three inch hose issued prior to June 30, 1909, at a pressure of 200 pounds. Chief officers will arrange time of test in each company so as not to conflict with companies in adjoining battalions in responding to first alarm assignments. All proper precaution will be taken to avoid accidents or injury to men. After hose is connected to engines and capped, members of the department will not be allowed near same, except the engineer of steamer, until such time as the pressure is released by the engineer. All bursted hose will be marked at the pressure at which it burst, and hung up in the tower until called for. Period of test will be between April 15 and April 25. Reports of test will be forwarded April 30.

Special leaves of absence, with pay, from 4 P. M., March 31, to 8 A. M., April 8, Stoker Thomas Fitzgerald, Engine 85, while on sick leave, having been injured in the discharge of his duty; from 8 A. M., April 1, to 8 A. M., April 9, Stoker Joseph Cermak, Engine 87, on account of injury received in discharge of duty.

Appointment: William T. Sands, uniformed fireman, on three months' probation, to take effect at 8 A. M., April 12; assigned to Engine 12.

Special leaves of absence without pay; Fireman (2d grade) P. J. Blake, Engine 13, 12 hours from 8 A. M., April 12; Lieut. E. J. Rogan, Engine 14, 36 hours from 8 P. M., April 12; Fireman (1st grade) A. S. Hyland, Engine 38, 12 hours from 8 P. M., April 13.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Major H. B. Ferguson, Corps of Engineers, to New York City to attend meeting April 17 of Board of Engineer Officers for raising the battle ship Maine.

First Lieut. D. Maize, Twelfth Cavalry, to Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, for observation and treatment.

Capt. B. Lear, Jr., Fifteenth Cavalry, detailed to Quartermaster Corps, May 18, vice Capt. C. H. Conrad, Jr., Quartermaster Corps, relieved and assigned to Fifteenth Cavalry.

Capt. Lear to Fort Keogh, Mont., and relieve Capt. A. Miller, Quartermaster Corps; Capt. Miller to Front Royal, Va., and relieve Capt. Conrad; Capt. Conrad to Fort Sheridan, Ill., for duty.

First Lieut. J. H. Dickey, Fifteenth Cavalry, relieved duty at Fort Myer, Va., and proceed to join his troop at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Capt. F. Parker, Eleventh Cavalry, to Fort Huachuca, Ariz., for duty with Fifth Cavalry.

The Navy.

Capt. T. M. Potts, detached aid for personnel, to command the Louisiana, April 21.

Capt. H. T. Mayo, detached commandant Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal., to aid for personnel Navy Department, April 28.

Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff, detached command the Kansas, home and wait orders.

Capt. W. B. Fletcher, detached command the Montana, to command the Kansas.

Capt. R. Welles, detached command the Louisiana, home and wait orders.

Commander P. Andrews, detached General Board, to command the Montana.

Lieut. Commander C. A. Abele, detached the Salem, home and wait orders.

Lieut. P. E. Dampman, detached Navy Recruiting Station, Baltimore, Md., April 21, to the Salem.

Lieut. H. A. Baldridge, detached the Minnesota, to Fleet Ordnance Officer, Pacific Fleet.

Passed Asst. Surg. F. G. Abeken, detached Navy Recruiting Station, St. Louis, to Naval Station, Guam.

Boatswain O. J. W. Haltnorth, to Navy Yard, New York.

Gunner H. A. Pinkerton, detached the Idaho, home and wait orders.

Gunner L. Rodd, detached the Montgomery, home and wait orders.

Capt. J. A. Crimmins, to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Minnesota and Idaho at Philadelphia; C-3, C-4, C-5, Castine, and Severn at Newport; Nebraska at Boston; Jarvis at Hampton Roads; Celtic at Norfolk Navy Yard; Wyoming, Florida, North Dakota, Delaware, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and Panther at Southern drill grounds; New Hampshire at Lynnhaven Bay.

Sailed—Orion from Puerto Cortez for Guantanamo; Saturn from San Francisco for San Diego; Iroquois from Mare Island for San Diego; Sterling from Gravesend for Philadelphia; Arethusa from Guantanamo for Port Arthur, Texas; Solace from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Dixie from Guantanamo for New York; Monaghan, Ammen, Burrows, Patterson, and Trippe from Guantanamo for Boston; C-2 from New York Navy Yard for Norfolk; D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, and Tonopah from New York Navy Yard for Newport.

The Chickasaw has been stricken from the Navy Register.

DEMENTED GIRL STRAYS FAR

Village Miss Wanders from Her Home and Walks All Night.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 11.—Verna Cookingham, the 16-year-old daughter of Virgil A. Cookingham, a wealthy violet grower of Wurtemberg, a small town near Rhinebeck, who mysteriously disappeared from her home at 5 o'clock last evening, was found this morning at 8 o'clock near Van Wagner's Station. She was suffering from mental and physical breakdown as a result of shock and exposure.

James B. Deyo and his sister, Mrs. F. Bower, who were driving to Poughkeepsie and brought the girl here, questioned her closely, but she was unable to give an account of her wanderings. Physicians who examined her said her mind was temporarily deranged.

Miss Cookingham was seventeen miles from her home when she was found. All she could tell was that she had walked all night. She was weak from hunger and exhaustion.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:28|Sun sets..6:35..Moon sets..12:13

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:31	12:00	5:36	5:28
Governors Island	11:25	12:00	5:55	5:38
Hell Gate	1:15	1:50	7:35	7:18

Arrived—Friday, April 11.

SS Baltic, Liverpool, April 3.
SS France, Havre, April 5.
SS Floride, Havre, March 15.
SS Perugia, Palermo, March 28.
SS Narragansett, London, March 29.
SS Curityba, Nipe, April 4.
SS Buenos Aires, Cadiz, March 30.
SS Alamo, Galveston, April 5.
SS El Valle, Galveston, April 5.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, April 8.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, April 8.
SS Monterey, Havana, April 8.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Campania	Liverpool	April	5
Toronto	Hull	Mar.	22
Pannonia	Gibraltar	April	2
Michigan	Antwerp	Mar.	24
Cairnhill	Immingham	Mar.	27
Francesco	St. Michaels	Mar.	30
Saranac	Hamburg	Mar.	27
Navarino	London	Mar.	27
Wells City	Dublin	Mar.	29
Dinnamare	Palermo	Mar.	24
Karema	St. Michaels	April	1
Peruviana	Fowey	Mar.	28
Polamhall	Huelva	Mar.	31
Monsenisio	Lisbon	April	4
Winnie	Huelva	April	1
Lenape	Jacksonville	April	9

DUE TO-MORROW.

Caledonia	Glasgow	April	5
Prins Wilhelm III	Gonaives	April	8
Valesia	Hamburg	April	1
Seguranca	Havana	April	8
Orotava	Bermuda	April	9
Brazos	San Juan	April	8
City of Montgomery	Savannah	April	10

DUE MONDAY.

George Washington	Cherbourg	April	6
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	April	5
Zeeland	Antwerp	April	5
Altai	Inagua	April	10
Dominic	Barbados	April	6
America	Naples	April	3
Algonquin	Turks Island	April	9
Yaguez	San Juan	April	9
Tennyson	Barbados	April	7
Bermudian	Bermuda	April	12
Creole	New Orleans	April	9
El Mundo	Galveston	April	8

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Olympic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Amerika, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
C. of Sydney, St. John's	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:30 A.M.
California, Glasgow	——	11:00 A.M.
Franconia, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Thames, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Prinzess Irene, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Evelyn, San Juan	——	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., APRIL 11.

SS Caledonia, Glasgow to New York, was 700 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 13th, 6:30 P. M. Anchor Line.

SS George Washington, Bremen to New York, was 1,007 miles E. at noon; due 13th, 5:30 P. M. North German Lloyd Line.

LIZARD, ENGLAND, APRIL 11.

SS Oceanic, New York to Southampton, was 420 miles W. at 4:20 A. M.; due Plymouth 12th, 3:30 A. M. White Star Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Touraine, New York to Havre, was 250 miles W. at 10 A. M.; due Havre 12th, 1 P. M. French Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 118 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 323 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz to New York, was 82 miles S. at noon.

SS Zulia, San Juan to New York, was 226 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 147 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 15 miles N. of Cape Lookout at 6 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, April 8.
SS Moltke, at Kingston, April 10.
SS Canada Cape, at Melbourne, April 11.
SS L. P. Holmblad, at Christiania, April 7.
SS Venezia, at Marseilles, April 10.
SS Mendoza, at Genoa, April 8.
SS St. Laurent, at Bordeaux, April 8.
SS Romany, at Blaye, April 9.
SS Mira, at Hamburg, April 9.
SS Charlton Hall, at Iquique, April 10.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, April 11.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, April 11.
SS St. Paul, at Plymouth, April 11.
SS Volturno, at Rotterdam, April 10.
SS Celtic, at Liverpool, April 11.

Sailed.

SS Adriatic, from Queenstown, April 11.
SS Val Salice, from Algiers, April 6.
SS Foxton Hall, from Punta Arenas, April 9.
SS Vasari, from Rio Janeiro, April 9.
SS Oruba, from St. Michaels, April 10.
SS Oceania, from Gibraltar, April 8.
SS Orotava, from Bermuda, April 11.

Passed.

SS Mannheim, New York for ——, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, (via San Francisco,) Sierra	April	17
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) Nile	April	20
Tahiti, Cook Islands, and New Zealand (via San Francisco) Aoranga	April	25
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) United States Transport	April	30
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura	May	1

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, March 8; Hongkong, March 11; Shanghai, March 14; Yokohama, March 22, and Honolulu, April 1—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Chiyo Maru, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. April 7. Due in New York this morning.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has promulgated the following eligible lists:

Chemist, Health Department—Samuel Monash, 79.60; John L. Novarine, 77.

Chemist, Bureau of Highways—John H. Link, 82.80; Samuel Monash, 82.60; Edward J. Kelly, 76.60; Reginald Miller, 73.

Junior Full Engineering Chemist—Edward A. Tschudy, 87.40; John H. Link, 83.60; Charles B. Phipps, 82.80; William B. Winslow, 81; Ralph E. Gugenheimer, 80; Henry F. Nuer, 77.60; Samuel Monash, 77.20; Wilbur L. Jones, 76.20; Archibald D. St. John, 76.20; Harry J. Gluck, 74.80; Edward J. Kelly, 73.60.

Fuel Engineering Chemist—John H. Link, 82.20; Edward A. Tschudy, 81.20; Samuel Monash, 79; Ralph E. Gugenheimer, 76.40; Wilbur L. Jones, 74.20.

Cable Tester—Emil T. Hohn, 100; Samuel F. Hansom, 85.20; Anthony Neumann, 84.80; John S. Lasch, 80.80; Walter Mahon, 79.20; Maurice Berger, 78.60; Ambrose T. Buckley, 76.80; Cornelius M. Connor, Jr., 73.40; Louis Borner, Jr., 70.

The first three names for junior fuel engineering chemist and all of those for fuel engineering chemist have been certified for appointment to the Board of Estimate.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for head nurse (operating), for women only, on May 7, to fill a vacancy in this position in Freedmen's Hospital, Washington, D. C., at $480 a year, together with board, quarters, and laundry, and vacancies in positions requiring similar qualifications as they may occur. Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated:

Anatomy and physiology	5
Hygiene of the sick room	20
General nursing	20
Surgical nursing	20
Obstetrical nursing	20
Experience in nursing	15

Applicants will be required to show that they are graduates of recognized schools for trained nurses which require a residence of at least two years in a hospital giving thorough practical and theoretical training. They must have reached their twenty-fourth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination, which is open to all women who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

DOUGAN, JOHN, (died Nov. 12, 1910;) supplemental report; additional assets of $294.

HACKSTAFF, ALEXANDER G., (died Nov. 28;) net estate, $64,189.24; personalty, $68,471.87; bank account, $1,480.01; personal effects, $125; 50 shares United States Steel Corporation, $5,562.50, and 200 shares Illinois Central Railroad, $25,500, less loan due United States Trust Company, $25,300; marginal account of $22,641.01 in following: Bond of Illinois Central, $2,830; bond of St. Paul, Chicago, Pacific & Western Railroad, $2,080; 600 shares Northern Pacific Railroad, $74,250; 300 shares Union Pacific Railroad, $51,750; 100 shares Great Northern preferred, $13,775; 35 shares Astor Trust Company, $14,000; $38,413.35 marginal account in following securities: Bond St. Paul, Chicago, Pacific & Western Railroad, $1,042.50; Central of Georgia Consolidated, $33,480; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, $28,612.50; 1,000 shares Great Northern preferred, $137,750; 1,100 shares Northern Pacific, $136,125; 1,900 shares Union Pacific, $327,750; 100 shares Rock Island preferred, $4,800; 100 shares Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, & St. Louis, $10,612.50.

LIVERMORE, ELIZABETH, (died Nov. 3, 1910;) supplemental report; net New York estate amended to $3,158.07.

STEAMSHIPS.

GEORGE WASHINGTON
SAILS SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 10 A.M.
KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE
SAILS TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 10 A.M.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

Express Sailings		Twin-Screw Sailings.	
Kaiser Wilhelm II	April 29	Grosser Kurfuerst	April 15
Kronprinz Wilhelm	May 6	Barbarossa (Bremen Dir)	May 1
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	May 13	Bremen	May 8

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
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*As indicated on sailing list.
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*MAURETANIA . APRIL 23, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA..........MAY 3, 10 A. M.
CARONIA............MAY 10, 10 A. M.
CAMPANIA...........MAY 14, 1 A. M.
*MAURETANIA .. MAY 21, 1 A. M
CARMANIA..........MAY 31, 10 A. M.
CARONIA............JUNE 7, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA... JUNE 11, 1 A. M
CAMPANIA..........JUNE 18, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA..........JUNE 28, 10 A. M.
*Does not call at Queenstown, Eastbound.
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
SAXONIA........APR. 26 | IVERNIA........MAY 24 | PANNONIA......JUNE 24
CARPATHIA.....MAY 10 | SAXONIA.......JUNE 12 | CARPATHIA......JULY 2
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Minnehaha..Apr. 12, 10:30 am; May 24, Je. 21
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Minnetonka.Apr. 26, 10:30 am; June 7, Jy. 5
Minnewaska May 3, 8:30 am; May 31, Je. 28

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
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Kroonland.........April 12, May 10, June 7
Zeeland...........April 19, May 17, June 14
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Olympic....Apr. 12, 10 am.; May 3, May 24
Majestic....Apr. 19, noon; May 10, May 31
Oceanic.....April 26, noon; May 17, June 7
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric......Apr. 12, noon; May 8, June 5
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CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam Avenue, Dr. Goodchild, Pastor. 11, "The Story of Jonah," by request. 8, "The Masonic Creed: or What Masons Profess to Believe." Several Masonic Lodges in attendance. Everybody welcome.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

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SERMONS BY DR. WOELFKIN.

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C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor,
will preach Sunday at both services.
11 A. M.—"Why I Believe in the Christian Church."
8 P. M.—"Amateur Heresies."
Union Bible Class, 9:45. F. W. Hagar, Leader.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach. 11—"Counterfeit Christians," Matt., 13, 26, "Then appeared the tares also." 8—"Reproductiveness of Truth," Matt., 13, 8, "Some a hundredfold, some sixty, some thirty."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., Near 126th St.
J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor.
Morning, 11 A. M.—Subject, "The Problem of Accidents and Calamities in God's Universe." Evening, 8 P. M.—Subject, "John Knox," Great Leader Series.

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Brooklyn.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street, between Hicks and Henry Streets.—Dr. Hillis's subject for Sunday morning, April 13th, "Lawlessness, Law, Liberty and Love, as Types of Life."
Evening subject: "Mr. Morgan as the Modern Leo the Magnificent, and the Lessons of His Life: A Sermon for Young Men."

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor.
11 A.M.: "Present Status of Christian Union."
8 P.M.: "We Know in Part."

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5th Av. and 43d St.
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Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, corner Morton.—11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M., Rev. GEORGE W. DOWNS, Pastor. Welcome.

GRACE.—104, nr. Col. Christian F. Reisner, D.D. 11, "What Sins Punished and Christian Science Heals." 7:45, Florida Pictures.

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VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
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Presbyterian.

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Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., Pastor, administers the Lord's Supper at 11 A. M., and preaches at 8 P. M.
Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Afternoon subject: "PSYCHOLOGY AND EXPERIENCE."
9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club.
3:15 P. M.—Sabbath School.
Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street.
Preacher to-morrow,
THE REV. J. H. JOWETT, D. D.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the afternoon service. The mid-week service, in the chapel on Wednesday evening at 8:15, will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches morning and evening.

LABOR TEMPLE,
14th St. and 2d Av.
JONATHAN C. DAY, D. D., Supt.
Sunday Afternoon-evening programme.
Bible School, 4 Pictures, 5 Lecture, Social [illegible], 6, Preaching Service.

Presbyterian.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Preacher, the Rev. Hugh Mackintosh, D. Phil., D. D. of New College Edingboro, Scotland.

MADISON SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach at 11 A. M.
Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—"A Man's Religion."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
REV. ROBERT MACKENZIE, D. D.
Preaching and Communion at 11 A. M.
8 P. M., ILLUSTRATED LECTURE by Col. DAMON of the Salvation Army, in "DARKEST AFRICA."

THE BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. Merrill preaches at 11 and 4 o'clock.
Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M.
Midweek Service Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Noon Service every Weekday, 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—the Rev. HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, B. D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Cor. 10th St., (one block west from B'way.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., pastor. Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the morning service Rev. William Adams Brown, D. D., and Rev. Norman M. Thomas will speak on Home Missions. At the evening service Rev. O. Clyde Weist will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Avenue, at 105th St.
Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. Rev. Elliott W. Brown, D. D., preaches 8 P. M. Ostrander's illustrated lecture Tuesday, April 15, 8 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D.D., } Pastors
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D.D., }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

PREACHING SERVICES AT THE NEW CHURCH HOUSE, 603 W. 178TH ST.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

Brooklyn.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE, Brooklyn, cor. So. Oxford, (three sq. from Atlantic Av. Subway Sta.) Rev. CHARLES CARROLL ALBERTSON, Minister. Services, 10:30 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street,
Sunday, April 13th.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Loring W. Batten.
4:00 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. G. A. Oldham.
4:30 P. M.—Daily Evensong; choral, except on Monday and Saturday.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M.; Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector, 11 A. M.; Choral Evensong, 4 P. M. Strangers Welcome.

ALL SOULS', (Anthon Memorial,) St. Nicholas Av., 114th St.—Rev. G. STARKWEATHER PRATT, Rector. Services, 8, 11, and 8.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Holy Communion, 8, 10:15; Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11; Organ Recital, 7:30; Evening Service, 8.

CHRIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 71st St.
G. A. Strong, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rector. 8 P. M., Mr. Brown-Serman.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass and sermon (Rector) 10:45; vespers and sermon (Very Rev. Dean DELANEY) at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Dr. Grant. Subject: "What One Man Can Do."
4 P. M.—Gaul's "The Holy City."
8 P. M.—Public Forum, Inc.; Speaker, Mr. Frank Pease. Subject, "The I. W. W.; the Coming Form of Unionism."
9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th Street.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
551 5th Av. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
6th Av. and 20th St.,
Rev. HENRY MOTTET, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
12 M. —Holy Communion.
3:15 P. M.—French Service, (Rev. P. Griglio.)
3:30 P. M.—Children's Service, (Rev. R. Foote.)
8 P. M.—Service & Sermon, (Rev. Mr. Bailey.)

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST.
REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer, Address, (Rector.)

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.,
GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector.
Communions, 7, 8, 9 o'clock. MARTIN'S MASS, 10:30, and SERMON, CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. REV. FATHER ANDERSON, O. H. C., will preach at eleven o'clock. SERVICES DAILY at 7, 9, and 5 P. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion.................. 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer; Preacher, Rector..11 A. M.
Evensong; Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 Est 27e Rue. Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. et 8h. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11 (Rector); 4 (Rev. Mr. Clash); 8 (Rev. Mr. Edwards.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue corner 44th Street.
The Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector. Subject: "The Proposal to Change the Name of Our Church."
4:00 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Sydney N. Ussher. Special Music, Gounod's "Mors et Vita."
5:15 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
IS ON EAST 16TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street.
Holy Communion, 8; Sunday School, 9:45; Morning Service, (Bishop Courtney,) 11; Afternoon service, (Rev. Mr. Carey,) 4.

ST. MARK'S IN THE BOUWERIE,
Tenth St. and Second Av.
William Norman Guthrie, Rector.
10:30 A. M.—Special Musical Service.
11:00 A. M.—Divine Service with Sermon by the Rector.
4:00 P. M.—Abridged Evening Prayer, with five-minute address by the Rector, followed by University Extension Lecture.
5:55 P. M.—Devotional Vesper Service, (Health;) sermon as announced elsewhere.
The Rev. James P. Faucon, Minister.
8:00 P. M.—"The Socialist Pulpit," followed by Forum, the Rev. Irwin Tucker, Minister.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and 53d St.,
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4—Titanic Memorial Service (Rector.)

TRINITY CHURCH.
SUNDAY SERVICES:
7, 7:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:15 A. M.—The Litany.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion.
3:30 P. M.—Evensong and Sermon.
8 P. M.—Mission Service and Sermon.
WEEK-DAY SERVICES:
7:30, 9 A. M.; 3 P. M.
SHORT SERVICE FOR BUSINESS PEOPLE DAILY (EXCEPT SATURDAY) at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., off B'way, at Madison Square.

WEEK DAYS, 7:30 and 9 A. M., 4 P. M.
SUNDAYS, 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Holy Communion, (Sermon;) 8 P. M., Evensong (Choral) and Sermon.

Reformed.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryea, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St. 11 A. M., Rev. T. McB. Nichols. 8 P. M., Rev. A. J. Muste.

MADISON AVE. REFORMED CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner of 57th St.
11 A. M.—Rev. ROBERT JOHNSTON, D. D.
8 P. M.—Pastor American Church, Montreal.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. & 85th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.
MANOR CHURCH, 348 West 26th St.
Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D., Minister.
Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Ave. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The Twelfth Juryman."
Evening: "A Slave, a Lion, or a Lamb?"

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Quartette accompanied by Harp and Violin.
Adult Bible Classes at 9:45 A. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister
Rev. Abraham John Muste will preach at 11 A. M. At 4:30 P. M., Dr. Cobb will preach.
Subject: "Still with Thee."
Choir assisted by Mr. Hans Kronold, 'cellist.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av. and 55th St., W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY LECTURE,
BERKELEY THEATRE,
44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday evening, 8:15.
"LIFE AFTER DEATH."
BY L. W. ROGERS.
Admission Free.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 253 West 72d St. Public lecture Sunday evening at 8:15. Subject: "Masters," by C. E. Birdsall.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS', (Unitarian,) 4th Av., 20th St.
Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor.
Rev. Dr. U. G. B. PIERCE, Pastor of the Washington (D. C.) All Souls', successor to Dr. EDWARD EVERETT HALE as Chaplain of the United States Senate, will preach. Services, 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian.)
Park Avenue and 34th Street.
JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, MINISTER.
11 A. M., Morning Service, Mr. HOLMES will preach. Subject: "THE SOCIAL EVIL: (1) ITS CHALLENGE TO THE CHURCH." All Welcome.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
THE FOUNDATIONS OF RELIGION.
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D.D., Minister.

Brooklyn.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. John H. Lathrop. Service at 11.

Universalist.

The Church of the Divine Paternity,
Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.: "THE PARABLE OF THE VINE."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. CHAS. L. GOODELL,
"The Fellow Who Shirked."
West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. & 8th Av., 4 o'clock. Music by the Orpheus Male Quartet.

INDUSTRY: CHRISTIAN OR GODLESS?
23d St. Y. M. C. A., near 7th Av., at 4.
HENRY ATKINSON,
Industrial Secretary, N. C. C. C.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av, Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, April 13, 10:30 A. M., Rev. J. Gregory Mantel of London. Subject: "The Working Value of Familiar Truths." 8 P. M., Rev. J. Gregory Mantel. Subject: "A Picture of the World When Jesus Comes."

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH,
24th St. and Madison Av., 24th St. entrance. Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor. Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

VEDANTA: SWAMI BODHANANDA, 135 West 80th St., 3 P. M.—Symbolism. Tuesday, 8 P. M.—Gita.

Referees' Notices

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THE GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against PATRICK GOODMAN and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 25th day of March, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be bounded and described as follows:

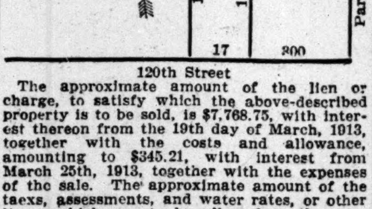
ALL that lot of land, in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point in the northerly side of 120th Street, at or opposite to the middle line of a party wall, and distant 300 feet westerly from the intersection of the northerly side of 120th Street and the westerly side of Park Avenue (formerly Fourth Avenue as widened;) and running thence northerly, parallel with Madison Avenue, and part of the way through the middle of said party wall, 100 feet 11 inches to the middle line of the block; thence westerly, along said line 17 feet; thence southerly, parallel with Madison Avenue, 100 feet 11 inches to the northerly side of 120th Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of 120th Street, 17 feet to the point of beginning.

Said premises being now known as No. 51 East 120th Street.

Dated New York, March 27th, 1913.
MAURICE GOODMAN, Referee.
B. AYMAR SANDS, Plaintiff's Attorney, 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 51 East 120th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $7,768.75, with interest thereon from the 19th day of March, 1913, together with the costs and allowance, amounting to $345.21, with interest from March 25th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taexs, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $440.77 and interest.

Said premises will be sold subject to any state of facts which an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, March 27th, 1913.
MAURICE GOODMAN, Referee.

Bankruptcy Notices

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—ADLER & ADLER, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel C. Adler and Joseph Adler, bankrupts, have filed their petitions, dated February 25th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petitions before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 21st, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 12th, 1913.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES DOSSENBACH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, April 17th, 1913, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 742 8th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, groceries, etc. Inspection April 15th and 16th, between 3 P. M. and 6 P. M.

EDWARD B. FINCH, Receiver.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

8, Original—The State of Wyoming, complainant, vs. the State of Colorado, and others. Leave granted Charles D. Hayt and Clyde C. Dawson to withdraw their appearance for the defendants.

162—Omaha Electric Light & Power Company, appellant, vs. City of Omaha and others; and

754—Old Colony Trust Company, appellant, vs. City of Omaha. Reargument concluded for the appellant in No. 754.

501—Big Vein Coal Company of West Virginia, plaintiff in error, vs. Benjamin H. Read. Argued.

863—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Arnulfo Chavez, alias Arnuto Chavez; and

864—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Jose Mesa. Argued for the plaintiff in error. No appearance for the defendants in error.

918—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Bob Wright Argued.

943—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Alfred Shelley. Argued.

715—Harry K. Johnson, plaintiff in error, vs. the United States. Argued.

911—The United States ex rel Sali Zimmerspitz, appellant, vs. R. L. Prentis and others. Submitted.

Day Call for Monday, April 14—Nos. 899, 79, 202, (and 203,) 207, 208, 211, 212, (and 213,) 218, 221, and 222.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Charles Yung, respondent, vs. Charles Yung and another, impleaded, appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Minnie C. Runge, appellant, vs. Maria A. Koch and another, respondents.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide the event. Opinions by Laughlin and Scott, JJ. Settle order on notice.

Mary L. Cragin, appellant, vs. Lancelot M. Berkeley, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Wilbur S. Lemmon appellant, vs. Wallace Reif, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Sam Jukofsky and another, respondents, vs. Joseph Kottler and another, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles C. Carhart, appellant, vs. William R. Keene, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Jane Duffy, respondent, vs. Peter Duffy, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Leon Kauffman and another, respondents, vs. Ada L. Simis, impleaded, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Herman Van Slechom, appellant, vs. Harold G. Villard, impleaded, respondent.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Abigail H. Bishop, respondent, vs. James C. Bishop, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alexander Slabeyke, respondent, vs. American Manufacturing Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Adolf H. Landekr, respondent, vs. Property Security Company and another, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Theresa M. Goldstein, respondent, vs. Alexander Goodstein, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Harry Bachrach and another, appellants, vs. Hease-Lippman Construction Company, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Louis Herman.—Motion granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Solomon H. Leorge.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Christina Kancher vs. The City of New York.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Sarah A. Burdge vs. The City of New York.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

In the matter of Fort Washington Ridge Road.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Adolf H. Landeker vs. Property Security Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Same vs. same.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Catherine Duggan vs. Sylvester E. Staggs.—Motion denied without costs. Order filed.

Robert S. Smith vs. Max Rubel.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Abigail H. Bishop vs. James C. Bishop.—Motion denied without costs. Order filed.

Milliken Brothers, Incorporated, vs. The City of New York et al.—Motion granted unless appellants comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

John Byrne vs. Jennie L. Byrne.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Jennie L. Byrne vs. John Byrne.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Tallck Anderson vs. Lozier Motor Company.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Samuel Melton and another vs. Fullerton-Weaver Realty Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Perrin H. Sumner vs. Patrick L. Ryan.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

J. P. Duffy Company vs. August Todebush.—Application granted. Order signed.

Isaac Levinson vs. Elias Aron and another.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Louisa Mais-Wagener vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Company.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Joseph Briskman vs. Isidor J. Kaufherr.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Le Forest Shattuck vs. Charles Buek.—Application granted. Order signed.

Nelson A. Farrand vs. Hyman Wittner.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

James Foley vs. New York Savings Bank.—Application granted. Order signed.

Louis Casper vs. Percival Kuhne et al.—Application granted. Order signed.

John J. Waters vs. Minnie Lang and another.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

John Schubert vs. Sigfried Arnold and another.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Same vs. same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Mary V. Hessen vs. James A. McKinley.—Motion granted; question certified. Order filed.

In the matter of Federal Union Surety Company.—Motion denied. Order filed.

Samuel Behrman vs. Isaac M. Gotzkay.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People ex rel. Frank B. Eillard vs. General Reduction Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Victor P. Cuker vs. Henry A. Rothman.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

The People, &c., vs. Eric E. Cornell.—Motion granted; time extended to April 28. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Bernard L. Karliner.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Platzek, J. Ex parte business.
SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.
CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II. McAvoy, J. Ex parte business.

Referee's Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Met Life Ins Co v. Michelson—N. Taylor Phillips. Matter of Ward—C. G. Arnold. Hassey v. Horowitz—James A. Foley. Dayton v. Zuelch—Benjamin Tuska.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. U S Trust Co v. Rothschild—William J. McKim. Lee v. Rappeport—Anthony M. Mendel. Whitney v. Zuelch—Melvin H. Dalberg. Jackson v. Realty Transfer Co.—Isidor Niner.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. State Bank v. Harry Simon—Jerome A. Kohn. Germania Life Ins Co v. Josephine B. King—John P. Leo, Jr. Albert Jarmulowsky v. Liebenthal Const Co.—Richard F. Murphy. Katie Wendel v. Isaac Charten—William F. Grell.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Putnam, J. Ex parte business.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Litigated motions. No day calendar.
SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

Fraudulent Advertising Excluded

Printer's Ink says:

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SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr., as Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, Plaintiff, against CHARLES M. SCHWAB, John J. Cudahy, Thomas Alexander, Roy S. Alley, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of A. J. Campbell, deceased; Julius Alsberg, Charles A. Austin, Levester G. Ball, David Homer Bates, Irby Bennett, Henry A. Bingham, Mamie G. Blakemore, George Brenner, Henry L. Buhler, Edward R. Buhler, Robert W. Bunten, Anson W. Burchard, Annie E. Brown, Henry M. Bolton, Francis X. Butler, George H. Cahoone, Bertha T. Calm, William G. Cruse, George W. Cane, John H. Carpenter, James E. R. Carpenter, "Arthur" B. Chandler, the name "Arthur" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Albert E. Chandler, Ernest L. A. Christianson, Martin J. Condon, George M. Courts, Thomas James Coulter, Rose J. Cowen, George D. Crabbs, "Henry" H. Craver, the name "Henry" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; "Robert" P. Crockett, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Watkins Crockett, Frederick H. Cumming, William J. Cummins, "Norris" W. Cunningham, the name "Norris" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Guernsey Curran, Derby Crandall, James Dangerfield, Clarence A. Dawley; Charles W. Dayton, Jr., and Victor J. Dowling, as executors of the last will and testament of Charles W. Dayton, deceased; Frederick M. Davies, George W. Thompson, and James P. Thomas, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Davies, Thompson & Co., Grace G. Dickinson, John J. Dickinson, and Stanton C. Dickinson, as executrix and executors, respectively, of the last will and testament of Charles C. Dickinson, deceased; Charles Courter Dickinson, Jr., William D. Du Bois, Pauline Horn Drew, Ruel S. Darling, Charles W. Eastman, Edgar C. Ely, George A. Farnham, Gladstone Fessenden, "John" C. Fetter, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank Foley, Irving E. French, Marian L. Fugate, "Robert" K. Gilbert, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Clara S. Geldart, Frank D. Gheen, "William" E. Goldsborough, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Hugo Gorsch, James S. Graham, "John" F. Gray, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James H. Griffith, Mary W. F. Griffith, Eustice A. Hill, James B. Haines, Jr., Edith P. Halstead, Louis N. Hammerling, Hiram G. Hammett, Laura Hansgen, Ernst Hansgen, "John" F. Harper, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frieda Hart, Frederick Hauff, Joseph Hartigan, John Hetterman, James P. Hayes, Joseph T. Howell, J. Harsen Halstead, Phillip S. Henry, Burton D. Herron, William C. Hunt, Irene S. Hunter, Samuel E. Hunter; Edward F. Hutton, Franklyn Hutton, George A. Ellis, Jr., Edward E. B. Adams, and Hosmer J. Barrett, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of E. F. Hutton & Co.; William J. Hance, Ithaca Trust Co., Ithaca Security Co., "William" T. James, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Arthur H. Jones, Edgar Jones, Walter C. Jones, Philip J. Josy, Jr., Louis M. Josephthal, Walter C. Louchheim, and Harry S. Kohn, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Josephthal, Loucheim & Co.; Sarah P. Kalbfleisch, Stephen H. Keating, Thomas F. Kelly, William A. Keener, William A. Keener, and Liston L. Lewis, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Keener & Lewis; Elsie E. Kerby, Walter C. Kerr, Marquis L. Keyes, William C. Kimball, Charles S. Krom, Samuel H. Kress, Robert S. Kunkel, Edward D. W. Langley, William M. Laws, James D. Layng, "Charles" C. Leader, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James W. Leonard, Liston L. Lewis, Harry A. Libaire, Morris C. Lichten, Jeffrey D. Lindsay, Edward L. Lithauer, Jefferson Livingston, George C. Luebbers, Michael J. Lynam, "John" F. Makley, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John F. Martin, Bradley Martin, Jr., Catherine I. McCooey, Lee McCallum; John H. McClurkin, "Charles" W. McLester, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank D. Miller, John Mitchell, Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., John B. Moore, Robert B. Moorhead, Frank R. Mowrer, George R. Nutty; Thomas O'Connor, Bernard F. O'Neil, "Frederick" B. H. Paine, the name "Frederick" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Noyes Palmer, as trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, Herman Paull, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, Lawrence A. Ramage, John B. Ransom, Joseph L. Regan, Joseph B. Reichmann, Joseph G. Robin, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, George T. Rogers, Jacob Ruppert, Jr., Philip Ruxton, Warren L. Samson, John J. Schmitt, Schwarzchild & Sulsberger Co., Charles M. Scism, Louis Seligsberg, John M. Shaw, "John" G. Shope, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Samuel S. Slater, Barrett Smith, George C. Smith, Harvey D. Smith, George Rodney Smith, Robert L. Smith, John J. Spalding, Henry B. Spencer, "Edward" B. Stahlman, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Stamford Trust Company, as trustee for Helen G. Archibald under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; Stamford Trust Company as trustee for Content Fessenden, under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; John B. Stanchfield, Fannie E. Stephens, George C. Stevens, "David" Cliffe Stone, the name "David" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John J. Sullivan, Herbert Turrell, James Talcott, Henry Ward Utter, Beverly R. Robinson, as trustee in bankruptcy of Van Schaick & Co., a copartnership composed of John B. Schaick and Derby Crandall; Mynderse Van Cleef, "Martin" J. Wallace, the name "Martin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Ossie J. Walsh, Lillias V. Walton, William Watson, Jr., Elmer Warner, Albert H. Washburn, Edithe C. Watson, Henry W. Warner, Aron Well, "Benjamin" Thomas Whitmore, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Sara A. Mooney Whitmore, "Benjamin" F. Williams, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank L. Williams, Edgar S. Wyman, "John" C. Ziegler, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; William A. Lockwood, George S. Krom; Thomas A. Ennis and Charles F. Stoppani, copartners, doing business under the firm name of Ennis & Stoppani; Lindsay Russell, as receiver and trustee in bankruptcy of Ennis & Stoppani; "Edward" L. Renhold, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the Christian name being unknown to plaintiff, and the Carnegie Trust Company, Defendants.—Summons. Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 2d, 1913.
FRANK M. PATTERSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office address, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants:

Charles M. Schwab, John J. Cudahy, Thomas Alexander, Roy S. Alley, as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of A. J. Campbell, deceased; Levester G. Ball, Irby Bennett, Mamie G. Blakemore, Anson W. Burchard, Annie E. Brown, Henry M. Bolton, George H. Cahoone, Bertha T. Calm, William G. Cruse, John H. Carpenter, James E. R. Carpenter, Albert E. Chandler, Martin J. Condon, George M. Courts, Rose J. Cowen, George D. Crabbs, "Robert" P. Crockett, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Watkins Crockett, Frederick H. Cumming, Guernsey Curran, Derby Crandall, James Dangerfield, Clarence A. Dawley, Charles Courter Dickinson, Jr.; William D. Du Bois, Pauline Horn Drew, Edgar C. Ely, George A. Farnham, Gladstone Fessenden, "John" C. Fetter, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank Foley, Marian L. Fugate, "Robert" K. Gilbert, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank D. Gheen, "William" E. Goldsborough, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James H. Griffith, Mary W. F. Griffith, Eustice A. Hall, James B. Haines, Jr.; Edith P. Halstead, "John" F. Harper, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frieda Hart, John Hetterman, Phillip S. Henry, Burton D. Herron, William C. Hunt, Irene S. Hunter, "William" T. James, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Edgar Jones, Sarah P. Kalbfleisch, Elsie E. Kerby, Walter C. Kerr, Marquis L. Keyes, Charles S. Krom, Edward D. W. Langley, William M. Laws, James D. Layng, James W. Leonard, Jefferson Livingston, Michael J. Lynam, "John" F. Makley, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; "Charles" W. McLester, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John Mitchell, Charles Arthur Moore, Jr.; Robert B. Moorhead, Frank R. Mowrer, George R. Nutty, Bernard F. O'Neil, Noyes Palmer, as Trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, John B. Ransom, Joseph B. Reichmann, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, Warren L. Samson, John M. Shaw, Barrett Smith, Harvey D. Smith, George Rodney Smith, John J. Spalding, Henry B. Spencer, "Edward" B. Stahlman, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Stamford Trust Company, as Trustee for Helen G. Archibald under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; Stamford Trust Company, as Trustee for Content Fessenden, under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; "David" Cliffe Stone, the name "David" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Beverly R. Robinson, as Trustee in bankruptcy of Van Schaick & Co., a copartnership composed of John B. Schaick and Derby Crandall; Elmer Warner, Edithe C. Watson, Aaron Weil, "Benjamin" F. Williams, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Edgar S. Wyman, "John" C. Ziegler, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; George S. Krom, Thomas A. Ennis and Charles F. Stoppani, copartners, doing business under the firm name of Ennis & Stoppani; Lindsay Russell, as Receiver and Trustee in bankruptcy of Ennis & Stoppani; "Edward" L. Renhold, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the Christian name being unknown to plaintiff.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 7th day of March, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 7th day of March, 1913.

Dated New York, March 7th, 1913.
FRANK M. PATTERSON.
Attorney for the Plaintiff, office and Post Office address, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT,
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Corporation Counsel of the City of New York, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891 and the several statutes amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, to make application to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part III thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of April, 1913, at the opening of Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of three disinterested freeholders, residents of the City of New York, as Commissioners of Appraisal to ascertain and appraise the compensation to be made to the owners and all persons interested in the real property rights, franchises, easements or privileges sought to be taken or acquired by the City of New York, or which may be affected or damaged by this proceeding. The City of New York by this proceeding seeks to acquire a permanent and perpetual underground right, easement and right of way, and also a temporary right or easement in certain real property hereinafter described, for the construction, maintenance, and operation in perpetuity of a portion of a rapid transit railroad, in accordance with the routes and general plans of construction adopted by the Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners for the City of New York, on the 12th day of May, 1905, and approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York on the 14th day of July, 1905, and by the Mayor of the City of New York on the 28th day of July, 1905, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department by an order entered on the 19th day of October, 1906, which said routes and general plans of construction were modified by the Public Service Commission for the First District by resolutions adopted on the 4th day of February, 1908, and the 29th day of April, 1908, respectively, such modifications being approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York on the 13th day of March, 1908, and the 8th day of May, 1908, respectively, and by the Mayor of the City of New York on the 18th day of March, 1908, and the 12th day of May, 1908, respectively, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department by an order entered on the 4th day of January, 1909, and were further modified by the Public Service Commission for the First District by resolutions adopted on the 21st day of May, 1909, such modification being approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York on the 4th day of June, 1909, and by the Mayor of the City of New York on the 8th day of June, 1909, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department by an order entered on the 24th day of February, 1910. The said portion of said Rapid Transit Railroad is further described in the contract for the construction thereof, dated July 22, 1912, made by the City of New York, acting by the Public Service Commission for the First District, with Arthur McMullen and Olaf Hoff, which contract was thereafter assigned with the consent of the Public Service Commission for the First District, to Arthur McMullen and Hoff Company, a domestic corporation.

The subway or structure for said portion of said Rapid Transit Railroad is to be constructed and maintained as shown upon three similar maps or plans adopted by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York, March 11, 1913, and which maps or plans are entitled as follows:

"State of New York, Public Service Commission for the First District, Engineering Department, route No. 5, Section No. 14, Map or Plan showing property to be acquired at Harlem River. 135th St. & Park Ave., Alfred Craven, Chief Engineer."

and is also to be constructed and maintained so as safely to sustain a load of six thousand (6,000) pounds on each and every square foot of the top of the roof thereof.

The premises to be subject to such permanent and perpetual underground right, easement and right of way and also to such temporary right or easement are portions of a parcel of land briefly described as follows:

All that block of land situated in the Borough of The Bronx, City and State of New York, bounded on the north by East 135th Street, on the west by the easterly side of Park Avenue, on the south by the Harlem River, and on the east by the Mott Haven Canal.

That portion of said block of land being subject to said permanent and perpetual underground right, easement and right of way for the construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of said Rapid Transit Railroad in, through and under said property consists of all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the Borough of The Bronx, in the City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, excepting therefrom, however, such part of said lot, piece or parcel of land which is now owned by the City of New York:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of East 135th Street and the easterly side of Park Avenue; running thence southerly along the easterly side of Park Avenue four hundred and seventeen and thirty-nine one-hundredths (417.39) feet to the pierhead and bulkhead line established by the Secretary of War in 1890; thence southeasterly along said pierhead and bulkhead line one hundred and ten and six-tenths (110.6) feet; thence northerly along a straight line five hundred (500) feet, more or less, to a point on the southerly side of East 135th Street, distant five and nine-tenths (5.9) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of East 135th Street, and the easterly side of Park Avenue; thence westerly along the southerly side of East 135th Street five and nine-tenths (5.9) feet to the point or place of beginning.

That portion of said block of land which is to be subject to the temporary right and easement for the construction of said portion of said Rapid Transit Railroad consists of the lands above described as being subject to said permanent easement and certain adjacent lands bounded and described as follows, excepting therefrom, however, any of said lands now owned by the City of New York:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of East 135th Street and the easterly side of Park Avenue; running thence southerly along the easterly side of Park Avenue four hundred and seventeen and thirty-nine one-hundredths (417.39) feet to the pierhead and bulkhead line established by the Secretary of War in 1890; thence southeasterly along said pierhead and bulkhead line two hundred and sixteen and six-tenths (216.6) feet; thence northerly along a straight line one hundred and eighty-two (182) feet, more or less, to a point distant one hundred and thirty-five and eight-tenths (135.8) feet easterly from the easterly side of Park Avenue measured along a straight line drawn at right angles to the easterly side of Park Avenue through a point on the easterly side of Park Avenue distant three hundred and eighty-two (382) feet southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Park Avenue and the southerly side of East 135th Street; thence easterly along a straight line at right angles to the easterly side of Park Avenue eleven and five-tenths (11.5) feet; thence northerly along a straight line three hundred and eighty-seven (387) feet, more or less, to a point on the southerly side of East 135th Street distant eighty and one-tenth (80.1) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of East 135th Street and the easterly side of Park Avenue; thence westerly along the southerly side of East 135th Street eighty and one-tenth (80.1) feet to the point or place of beginning.

A fuller statement setting forth the location and boundaries of the said lands and parcels of said land and the rights, franchises, easements or privileges sought to be taken or affected therein and a brief statement as to the title, interest, rights, easements, terms or privileges sought to be acquired by the City of New York in this proceeding in, or pertaining to said lands or parcels of land is shown upon each of three similar maps or plans adopted by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York on the 11th day of March, 1913, and on the memorandum accompanying said maps and plans and attached thereto, and which maps or plans with the said memorandum accompanying the same and attached thereto, together with a certificate of the approval and adoption thereof by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York, signed by the members of said Public Service Commission approving and adopting the same were filed as follows:

One in the Department of Public Works, in the office of the President of the Borough of The Bronx, on the 12th day of March, 1913; one in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 2nd day of April, 1913, and a certified copy of one of said maps or plans with the memorandum accompanying the same attached thereto and a certificate of the said Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York described thereon in the office of the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of March, 1913.

Dated, New York, April 5th, 1913.
ARCHIBALD R. WATSON,
Corporation Counsel,
Hall of Records,
Borough of Manhattan,
City of New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Nine West 87th Street Dwellings Purchased for Apartment—Demand for Flats in Harlem—Church Buys Parsonage—Corn Leaseholds at Auction—Active Suburban Market.

A row of nine old dwellings at 144 to 160 West Eighty-seventh Street has been purchased from the Alliance Realty Company, of which William H. Chesebrough is President, by the Princeton Construction Company, Isaac Polstein, President. The houses form part of the former D. Willis James estate acquired over a year ago by the sellers and adjoin the plot from 162 to 172 sold by the same company a few days ago to Jacob Axelrod.

The property just sold will be improved with apartment houses. The frontage is 164.6 by 100.8. In part payment the buyers gave the recently completed apartment house known as the St. Pierre at 212 to 216 West Ninety-ninth Street, covering a plot 60 by 100. The entire deal represents a valuation of about $400,000. It was negotiated by H. H. Uhlfelder.

The only portion of the large purchase from the James estate now remaining in the hands of the Alliance Realty Company is the abutting parcel on Eighty-sixth Street, fronting 162.6 on the north side of that thoroughfare between Amsterdam Avenue and Broadway.

82d Street Dwellings Sold.

The four four-story dwellings at 41 to 47 West Eighty-second Street, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue, have been sold for various owners by J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co. to Joseph Polstein, who owns the adjoining houses at 37 and 39. The houses will be remodeled and retained as private residences.

Investors Buy Harlem Flats.

A deal involving three Harlem flats, the aggregate property value being about $400,000, has been made by Harris Weltzer, who sold the six-story house at 611 to 617 West 127th Street, near Broadway, known as the Claremont View, for the Faultless Construction Company to the Shank Realty Company. The latter, in part payment, gave the two six-story flats at 308 to 314 West 111th Street, each a plot 37.6 by 100. The plot covered by the Claremont View is 100 by 146.11 and irregular.

Max J. Klein and Ignatz Roth have resold the Hoffman, a six-story apartment house, at 239 and 241 West 141st Street, on plot 50 by 99.11, between Fifth and Lenox Avenues.

Alice P. Anderson has sold the five-story brick tenement at 2,163 Fifth Avenue on a lot 24.11 by 90. The purchase price is said to be about $32,000. The buyer is an investor. The property adjoins the northeast corner of 132d Street.

The six-story flat at 230 West 113th Street, on lot 50 by 100.11, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, has been sold by the West Side Construction Company, Jacob Axelrod, President, to an investor.

The Aronaree apartment house at 504-506 West 111th Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue, is reported to have been traded. It is owned by the Raffler Construction Company and is a six-story structure with a frontage of 108.4 feet and a depth of 91.10 feet.

Church Buys Parsonage.

The St. Nicholas Avenue Presbyterian Church has purchased as a parsonage for its pastor, the Rev. Thomas W. Smith, the three-story residence at 58 Hamilton Terrace, on lot 17 by 100. It was sold by Anthony Irsch. The brokers were Moore, Schutte & Co.

Corn Leaseholds, $300,000.

A very quiet auction sale was held yesterday in the United States District Court, Part VII., by Joseph P. Day, who offered choice leasehold parcels, acquired by Henry Corn on long terms, and highly improved with commercial structures. Owing to the recent financial difficulties of Mr. Corn these properties were forced into the auction market.

The properties included 43 to 47 West Thirty-third Street, a six-story loft building, leased in 1906 from Austen G. Fox, and having fourteen years to run; the twelve-story McCutcheon Building, at 341 to 347 Fifth Avenue, leased from the Chanler estate in 1906, and having fourteen years to run; the eleven-story building 320 and 322 Fifth Avenue, northwest corner of Thirty-second Street, leased in 1904 from the late Mary Bell, and having twelve years to run; the four-story building 1,161 to 1,175 Broadway, northwest corner of Twenty-seventh Street, leased in 1910 from the Henry M. Schieffelin estate, and having fourteen years to run; the eleven-story building 84 to 90 Fifth Avenue, northwest corner of Fourteenth Street, leased in 1903 from the Van Buren estate, and having ten years to run; the ten-story building at 110 and 112 Fifth Avenue, northwest corner of Sixteenth Street, leased in 1903 from the Ogden Goelet estate, and having ten years to run, and the Bryant Arcade, a seven-story building at the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street, leased in 1906 from the Hoffman estate, and having thirteen years to run.

The properties were all acquired on a bid of $300,000 by S. F. Carstlin of Carstlin & Linnekin, acting for the Bondholders' Committee.

The sale was a result of a foreclosure action in the United States courts against the Improved Property Holding Company and its receivers by the Equitable Trust Company, trustee for the bondholders, to recover about $640,000. As the sale did not produce this amount, a deficiency judgment will probably be entered.

Bronx Borough.

The southeast corner of the Grand Boulevard and Concourse and Riverside Avenue has been sold to an investor by the Sandrock Realty Company. The plot fronts 88 feet on the concourse and 155 on Burnside Avenue.

The two-story frame dwelling at 133 West 188th Street, fronting on Devoe Park, has been sold by McLernon Brothers for Mrs. Margaret Nehmelman. The plot is 25 by 104.

Marie Krabo has sold the two-story building, on plot 114 by 125, on the southwest corner of Boston Road and 181st Street.

Kurz & Uren have sold for Morton Green a plot, 123 by 82 by 75, at the northwest corner of Longfellow Avenue and 176th Street to a builder for improvement.

The Realty and Commercial Company has sold in Bronx Terrace, east of White Plains Road, to T. Innocenzo a plot, 50 by 100, facing Edison Avenue, and to Constantino Berardi a lot, 25 by 100, facing Edison Avenue.

Brooklyn.

B. J. Sforza has sold for Leon Zysman, the tenement at 1,526 Seventy-first Street, on lot 25 by 100.

J. D. H. Bergen & Co. have sold 452 Prospect Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, for the Franklin Trust Company to an investor, and 337 Degraw Street, a three-story brick and frame dwelling, for Ella S. Robinson to A. T. Lamb.

George L. Moore has sold the dwelling, 322 Carlton Avenue, 20 by 100, for E. Longlotham to Emil Lazansky, for $6,500, and resold for Lazansky to Josephine Norton. The same broker sold 394 Carlton Avenue, 20 by 65, for Josephine Nicolay to Dora Davis, and resold for Dora Davis to Henry Levison.

Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., in conjunction with George E. Lovett & Co. of Brooklyn, have sold 426 Atlantic Avenue for the Melvin estate, to Frank Thompson, for investment.

$10,000 Long Island City Deal.

Another investment deal in Long Island City where there has been marked activity since the signing of the Subway contracts, was announced yesterday by the Rickert-Finlay Realty Company, which sold to Charles D. Abeles of Manhattan, a plot with 80 feet frontage on the west side of Sixth Avenue, 220 feet north of Broadway, in the Norwood section. The consideration was $10,000.

Long Island.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have sold at Plandome Heights, Plandome, a quarter acre plot to Helma Dunlap, who will erect a Dutch Colonial cottage for her own occupancy.

The Windsor Land & Improvement Co. has sold at Hempstead to F. L. Bacon a plot 40 by 100 on Weir Street; to J. Tausing a plot 40 by 100 on Allen Street; to M. A. Joyce, J. Murphy, M. Montesano, and C. Quinn, each a plot 40 by 100 on Bernhard Street; to E. and E. Miller each a plot 40 by 100 on Booth Street; to P. J. Rooney a plot 60 by 100, and to B. Morris a plot 40 by 100 on Windsor Parkway.

$65,000 Deal at Far Rockaway.

One of the largest realty deals in Far Rockaway, L. I., this year, was reported yesterday by the Wynn estate, which sold to Isaac Goldman of Manhattan, the store and apartment property at the corner of Central and Cornaga Avenues.

The buildings occupy a plot 107 by 154. A part of the ground floor of the Wynn building contains the Far Rockaway Post Office. The rest of the ground floor is taken up with stores. The two upper floors are given over to modern steam-heated apartments.

The entire property purchased by Mr. Goldman consists of the Wynn building, stables, stores and dwellings, and the annual rental is said to be $8,000 per annum.

The purchase price is said to have been about $65,000.

Newark Apartments in Trade.

Two of Newark's newest apartment houses, the Chateaux and Harrow Manor, on Clinton and Belmont Avenues, have been sold by the builders, John H. Dunn & Sons, who erected the structures a year ago, to George Williams of Summit, N. J. The apartments contain suites for forty families. In part payment Mr. Williams gave seven single family houses in Summit. The property valuation in the deal represented $278,000. The brokers in the transaction were Stiger & Taylor of East Orange.

New Jersey.

Samuel Kraft has sold for the Hasbrouck Park Land Company at Hasbrouck Heights to John R. Auston a plot 50 by 100 on Burton Avenue; to A. Ginty, a plot 50 by 100, on Collins Avenue; to E. Sampson, a plot 50 by 100, on Hasbrouck Avenue, and to Mrs. Estella Gordon, a plot 50 by 125, on Williams Avenue.

Staten Island.

Mary D. Daly sold through Cornelius G. Kolff to a client the Daly property, a two and one-half story house, on lot 25 by 100, on Fifth Avenue, near Westervelt Avenue, New Brighton.

Leases.

William H. Archibald has leased the four-story building at 147 Eighth Avenue for E. I. Martin to Kennedy & Restel; the two adjoining dwellings, 315 and 317 West Twenty-eighth Street, for T. Lynch to E. C. Speedin; the store and basement and the fifth loft at 282 Ninth Avenue for M. E. Halsey to the Alexander Holden Paper Company and F. E. Wadsworth; the building at 187 Ninth Avenue for C. W. Jones to T. F. Radigan; the four-story building at 615 Hudson Street for A. Boyd to L. Scianamea.

H. H. Uhlfelder, in conjunction with Horace S. Ely & Co., has leased for the United States Trust Company, as executor of the McCabe estate, 9 to 13 East Broadway, southeast corner of Catharine Street. The lease is for twenty-one years at an aggregate of about $100,000. The lessee will erect an eight-story mercantile building.

Country Rentals.

John F. Scott has rented for Miss Jennie McC. Taylor her country place on the corner of Ocean Avenue and Longwood Crossing, Cedarhurst, L. I., to Townsend Jones.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co., in conjunction with William H. Hintlemann, have rented for Col. William Barbour, his residence and grounds on Ocean Drive, Monmouth Beach, N. J.

Poe Landmark in Bronx Going.

Nolan's Hotel, or the "Four Corners" on Webster Avenue and Fordham Road, a Bronx landmark, where it is said Edgar Allan Poe frequently stopped, is about to be torn down. Fordham Road is about to be widened forty feet by the city and this will cut away the better part of the ancient hostelry. On the site Arthur Murphy, the owner, plans to erect a more modern roadhouse. Many stories, which have grown in number and imaginative interest, have been told in later days regarding the author's personal associations with this old place.

Want Three-Family Houses Exempt From Tenement House Law.

The Real Estate Protective Association of Brooklyn is making a campaign to have three-family houses exempt from the tenement house law. At a special meeting yesterday it was decided to appeal to the public and property owners in particular for support of this movement, by a postal card campaign.

A. J. Murphy, secretary of the organization, was instructed to invite members of civic associations in Queens, Richmond and the Bronx to send delegates to future meetings of the Brooklyn Protective Association and ask them for their co-operation.

Realty Notes.

A. Guttman and A. Diuznewich were the brokers in the sale for Williams & Grodginsky of the apartment house at 16 to 22 West 111th Street, not 8 to 14 as originally reported.

The Land Realty Company is the buyer of the two-story dwelling, on plot 114 by 125, at the southwest corner of Boston Road and 181st Street which will be improved with a two-story taxpayer and motion-picture theatre.

A duplex apartment of ten rooms and three baths in the new thirteen-story building at 375 Park Avenue, covering the block front on the east side between Fifty-second and Fifty-third Streets, has been leased to Mrs. L. W. Boardman by the Montana Construction Company.

N. A. Berwin & Co. were the brokers in the recently-reported lease of 117, 119, 121 East Eighty-sixth Street, for Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien to the Filbert Realty Company.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Lafayette St, 176, w s, 125 ft n of Grand St, 25.1x100.6, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, adjourned to April 14.

Lafayette St, 178, w s, 150.1 ft n of Grand St, 25.1x100.6, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, adjourned to April 14.

By Joseph P. Day.

Bowery, 316.8x8, s w corner of Bleecker St, 40.3x98.10x40.3x95.7, four-story loft and store building; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Baron de Hirsch Fund, $75,000.

Essex St, 11, w s, 153.8 ft n of Division St, 25x87.6, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure, to Bertha Haimowitz, $39,500.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Claremont Av, 184, e s, 140 ft n of 125th St, 40x100, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned sine die.

Claremont Av, 186, e s, 180 ft n of 125th St, 40x100, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned sine die.

By Henry Brady.

148th St, 502 and 504 West, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 41.8x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to April 21.

61st St, 123 West, n s, 235 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x100.5, four-story tenement and store; foreclosure, to Edward H. Proudman, $13,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Wendover Av, 544, s s, 137.6 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x131, five-story tenement; foreclosure, withdrawn.

Wendover Av, 540, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x131.9x37.6x132.5, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, withdrawn.

Anthony Av, w s, 190.1 ft s of 199th St,

MORTGAGE LOANS.

HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES AT PREVAILING RATES.
F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.
MAIN OFFICE, COR. BROADWAY & 80TH ST.
BRANCH 29 LIBERTY ST.

4½ and 5%
MORTGAGE MONEY
H·H·HAZELTON & C·R·LEVY
55 LIBERTY ST

125, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, G. G. Taber, $2,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

13th Av, e s, 76.2 ft n of 23d St, for a one-story store, 14.6x20.6; N. Y. Street Railways Co., 611 Broadway, owner; L. Somenfeld, 741 McDonough St., Brooklyn, architect; cost, $200.

Seabury Place, n w corner of 172d St, for a five-story brick store and tenement, size irregular; Emerald Construction Co., (Isidore Robinson, 1,538 Minford Place, President,) owner; Goliner & Goldberg, 391 East 149th St., architects; cost, $70,000.

157th St, 150 ft w of Elton Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 49.11½x87.11½; Benjamin Bennenson, 407 East 153d St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., Co., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

East Broadway, 206, to a five-story dance hall, &c.; W. Rosenthal, premises, owner; M. Bernstein, 131 East 23d St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, n w corner of 96th St, to a three-story theatre and store and lofts; Broadway-Ninety-sixth Street Realty Co., 126 East 14th St, owner; T. W. Lamb, 644 8th Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

67th St, 11 East, to a four-story dwelling; E. T. H. Talmage, Mendham, N. J., owner; Foster & Gade, 15 West 38th St, architects; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, APRIL 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CANAL ST, n w corner Allen St, 22.6x75; Louis I. Siff to Ephraim Siff, N. Lowland Road, South Nyack, N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) all liens, Feb. 25; attorney, James Sapursky, 35 Nassau St........$1

CANNON ST, 133, w s, 20x100; Marcus Rosenthal to H. C. Lytton, 2,700 Prairie Av, Chicago, Ill., (mtg $21,000,) April 7; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St........$100

MADISON AV, 2,072, w s, 16.8x75; Charlotte A. Mapes to William H. Bormann, 27 Mt. Morris Av, White Plains, N. Y., April 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$6,000

NAGLE AV, centre line, 350 ft s w of Ellwood St, runs s w 50x s e 250x n e 50x n w 250 to beginning, except part for avenue; James A. Lynch, referee, to Inland Realty Co., 41 Park Row, (foreclosure March 11,) April 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$9,250

8TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of Av C, 39.9x94; Amelia Zipser to Michael Zipser, 229 West 35th St, April 8; attorney, S. Wechsler, 61 Park Row........$1

39TH ST, n s, 158 ft w of Lexington Av, 17x98.9; Margaret E. Sloan and others, executors, &c., of Samuel Sloan, to Dennis J. McDonald, 137 East 43d St, all liens, April 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$35,000

41ST ST, 320 West, s s, 25x98.9; James P. Babcock to S. Littman Realty Co., Inc., 220 Broadway, all liens, March 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

48TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of 7th Av, 95x100.5; Ocean Crest Realty Co. to Edward B. Corey, Far Rockaway, L. I., (mtg $250,000,) April 8; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway........$100

49TH ST, 423 West, n s, 25x100.5; Mary McCormick and others to William N. Henke, 651 9th Av, (mtg $26,000,) April 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$9,000

55TH ST, 240 West, s s, 20x100.5; David Bandler to Sadie Bonwit, 322 West 101st St, B. & S. & C. A. G., Oct. 1, 1912; attorneys, Bandler & Hess, 421 Broadway........$1

66TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.5; Charles B. Squier to Reginald H. Sayre, 14 West 48th St, (mtg $75,000,) April 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$100

92D ST, 106 East, s s, 17x80; John P. Meagher to Lawrence B. Elliman, 122 East 56th St, (mtg $17,000,) Oct. 4, 1911; attorneys, Corbitt & Stern, 60 Wall St........$100

107TH ST, 56 East, s s, 25x100.11; Solomon Landes and others to Isabelle R. Homans, 40 West 59th St, (mtg $25,000,) April 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1

107TH ST, s s, 81 ft e of Madison Av, 19x75.5; Hamilton Holding Co. to Julius Kuschner, 1,608 Madison Av, (mtg $11,000,) April 4........$100

111TH ST, s s, 119 ft e of 5th Av, 18x100.11; Francis A. Langworthy to Henry Clotz, 150 West 80th St, (mtg $15,500,) March 3; attorney, G. W. Stake, 156 Broadway........$100

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, 2,872, e s, 25x100.7; Kiowa Realty Co. to Doris Youngerman, 854 Fox St, March 29; attorneys, Elsman, L. C. & L., 138 Broadway........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Doris Youngerman to Kiowa Realty Co, 116 Duane St, April 1; same attorneys........$100

BROOK AV, 1,239, w s, 17.8x90; Lena Gomer to Friederika Beiswenger, 419 Convent Av, April 10, (mtg $5,800;) attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Friederika Beiswenger to Henry Gomer, 1,237 Brook Av, April 10, (mtg $5,800;) attorney, same........$100

DALY AV, w s, 109.3 ft n of 178th St, 44x110.4; Charles M. Breidenbach to Herbst Realty Co, 985 East 179th St, April 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway........$100

FORDHAM ROAD, s s, 103.4 ft e of Grand Av, 28x irregular to Davidson Av; Billiken Realty Co. to Viola B. Weisker, 32 West 18th St, (mtg $20,000,) April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway........$1

HOE AV, e s, 79.1 ft n of Home St, 25x100; Dominick Colaizzi to Colaizzi Realty Co., White Plains, N. Y., April 9; attorney, F. S. Barnners, White Plains, N. Y........$1

LOT 97, map of S. Cambreling et al; Jennie M. Brady to Sarah Gilroy, 108 West 111th St, Jan. 15, 1909; attorney, Vincent Gilroy, 280 Broadway........$1

LOTS 138 and 139, map of Downing estate; Adolph N. Baumann to Bronx County Construction Co., 2,720 3d Av, (mtg $2,500,) April 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1

MADISON AV, s s, 135 ft s of Fitch St, 27x110; Gussie Fleck to D. C. Mackey, 25 8th Av, Brooklyn, April 9; attorney, J. E. R. Kunzman, 5 Nassau St........$4,000

PERRY AV, e s, 221.10 ft s of 201st St, 50x80; Melrose Building Company to Benenson Realty Company, 407 East 153d St., April 10, (mtg $4,750;) attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway........$1

PITMAN AV, s s, 25 ft w of Digney Av, 25x100; William F. Kaysser to Marie Blechner, 953 Trinity Av, April 9, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

TELLER AV, 1,261, w s, 20x100; Thornton Brothers Company to Ewald Hylander, 539 East 147th St, April 10, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway........$100

VALENTINE AV, w s, part of Lot 16, farm of Peter Valentine, 50x115; Albert E. Delice to Henry Reubert, 1,956 Bathgate Av, (mtg $3,835,) April 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$1

WEBSTER AV, 3,554, e s, 15.8x—; Webster Av, 3,536, e s, 23.11x—; Simon Simons to Bronx Investment Co., 100 Broadway, March 31, (mtg $9,800;) attorneys, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway........$1

WENDOVER AV, 484, s s, 25.3x84; Cecilia M. Siff to Ephraim Siff, South Nyack, N. Y., Feb. 23; attorney, Joseph Sapnisky, 35 Nassau St........$1

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 127 ft e of Lafayette St, 20x164.10; William Buhl to Charles H. Roe Estate, 391 East 149th St, (mtg $6,200,) April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

WILLIS AV, s e corner of 134th St, 100x—; Oliver J. Wells and others to Reserve Realty Co., 9 Church St, ½ part, (mtg $50,000,) Jan. 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$100

SAME PROPERTY; George H. Figueron to same, April 1, quitclaim, (mtg $50,000;) attorney same........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Reserve Realty Co. to Paul Mendelsen, 2,491 Broadway, April 10, (mtg $50,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$100

SAME PROPERTY; Paul Mendelsen to Newstate Co., 686 Broadway, B. and S., April 10, (mtg $50,000;) attorney same........$1

3D AV, s e corner of 175th St, 100.1x110; My. Flugelman to Wingman Realty Corporation, 299 Broadway, April 11; attorneys, Bevins & F., 299 Broadway........$100

134TH ST, 463 East, 25x100; Henry Schnier to Philip Weinmann, Wallingford, Conn., March 27, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway........$100

137TH ST, s s, 950 ft w of Home Av, 50x100; Washington Av, 1,154; Joseph L. Davison to Estates Mortgage Securities Co., 160 Broadway, Aug. 23, 1912........$1

149TH ST, 289 East, 25.3x—; Giuseppina Norcia to Giuseppina Margarita, 285 East 149th St, April 10; attorney, D. A. Montani, 908 Brook Av........$100

152D ST, 759 East, 25x100.10; Jacob B. Kaplan to Nalpak Realty Co., 299 Broadway, April 10, (mtg $13,000;) attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway........$100

184TH ST, s s, 50 ft w of Davidson Av, 16.8x100; Alvin Weisker to Billiken Realty Co, 66 Broadway, (mtg $5,500,) April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway........$100

187TH ST, n s, 115 ft w of Beaumont Av, 45x100; Ida Fettling to Anna Solling, Oct. 1, 1907; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St........$100

236TH ST, n s, at n line of Lot 6, map Mary C. P. Macomb, runs n w — x s w — x s e —; Corlear Av, n w corner of 236th St, runs n e —x—; Margaret E. Putnam, executrix, to Bowie Dash Realty Co., Waldo Av and 238th St, March 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$30,000

240TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Martha Av, 25x100; Ernst Keller to Margaret T. Cogan, 429 East 238th St, April 9, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

UDUBON AV, 38 w s, 17.10x60; Bertha Lawrance to Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co., 60 Broadway, April 11, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$6,000

AV B, 181, e s, 17.2x71; Rose B. Greenberg to Morris L. Davidoff, 438 East 120th St, April 10, (prior mtg $8,500,) installments, 6 p. c.; attorney M. Davidoff, 10 East 110th St........$600

MADISON AV, 2,072, w s, 16.8x75; William H. Bormann to Charlotte A. Mapes, 2,072 Madison Av, April 10, 3 years; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av. and 148th St........$4,000

MONROE ST, 85, n s, 20x irregular; Barney Cohen to Bertha R. Ober, 321 West 139th St, (prior mtg $18,500,) April 10, due April 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$2,000

NAGLE AV, s s, 350 ft w of Ellwood St, 50x200; Inland Realty Co. to Park Mortgage Co., 41 Park Row, April 11, 1 year, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Seybel & F., 41 Park Row........$8,000

1ST AV, s e corner of 74th St, 49.6x113; Rose Pilzer to Albert Winternitz and others, executors, 1,382 1st Av, April 3, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Sulzberger, 38 Park Row........$2,822

2D AV, 626 and 628, e s, 49.4x—; Rose Munday to Howard I. Seney, 176 East 81st St, April 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jacob Schalltman, 119 Nassau St........$3,000

5TH AV, 572, w s, 25x100; Henry A. Budd to Frederick A. Clark, at Cooperstown, N. Y., April 10, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$60,000

11TH AV, n w corner of 58th St, 200.10x—; City Hall Place, s s, 84.2 ft w of Pearl St, 18.2x—; City Hall Place, 31, s s, 20.1x100; City Hall Place, 29, s s, 19.10x99.11; 19th St, s s, 225 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 19th St, s s, 250 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 53d St, 225-7 West, 50x116; 96th St, s s, 125 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.8; 96th St, n s, 150 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.8; 143d St, s s, 125 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11; 132d St, n s, 172.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; 132d St, n s, 135 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; Hillside Av, s s, 354.2 ft s of St. Nicholas Av, —x—; Fox St, w s, 60 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; part of pier at foot of 58th St, North River; Old Boston Post Road, adjoining land of John Cornell, runs s e 70x s e 82x s e 194x s e 36x n e 30x n w 176.9x n w 53.6x n w 139.5x s w 35; Old Boston Road, s e s, at land of Ralph H. Smith, runs s e 359x s w 20x n w 176.9x n w 53.6x n w 139.5x n e 35.5; Boston Road, e s, 105.8 ft s of centre line, Clover St, runs s 51.4x e 141.10x n 50x w 130.5; Boston Post Road, at land of Horace Rowland, runs s e — to Bronx River x n e 102x—; also lot adjoining being 30x70; Lot 20, Map of West Farms, heirs of John Mapes, 48x70; Broadway, w s, 100 ft n of 240th St, 241.7x—; also all leases, rights, franchises, contracts, &c.; also all other property, real or personal, at any time hereafter acquired; Interborough Rapid Transit Co. to Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y., 28 Nassau St, March 20, 53 years; attorney, J. L. Quackenbush, 165 Broadway. Gold bonds, $300,000,000; amount advanced........$16,500,000

39TH ST, n s, 158 ft w of Lexington Av, 17x98.9; Dennis J. McDonald to Margaret E. Sloan, executors, Garrison, N. Y., April 4, 3 years, p. c. as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place..$24,500

83D ST, 121 West, n s, 16.4x102.2; Charles A. J. Christesen to Directors' Realty Holding Co., 160 Broadway, (prior mtg $110,500,) Feb. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c., (re-recorded;) attorneys, Cahn & N., 160 Broadway....$2,500

121ST ST, n s, 200 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; James R. McGuire to Leonard Weill, 155 West 103d St, April 9, prior mtg $12,000, due Oct. 9, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway........$1,000

Bronx.

BECK ST, s e s, 163.1 ft n e of Intervale Av, 80x100; Aaron Goodman Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, 5 years, April 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$60,000

BECK ST, s e s, 55.7 ft e of Intervale Av, 107.6x—; Aaron Goodman Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, 5 years, April 11, 2 mtgs, each $40,000; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$80,000

BELMONT AV, 1,828, e s, 25x100; Alice Titus to William Peters, 2,607 Sedgwick Av, April 5, due Feb. 15, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, William Peters Co., 2,015 Boston Road........$3,000

CAULDWELL AV, 677 to 683; Emma L. Hawkins to George W. Ellis, 2 West 59th St, Feb. 10, 3 months, 6 p. c.; address, 149 Broadway........$500

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Dec. 16, 3 months, 6 p. c.; attorney same........$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Dec. 13, 3 months, 6 p. c.; attorney same........$492

DALY AV, w s, 109.3 ft n of 178th St, 44x110.4; Herbst Realty Co. to Paragon Mortgage Co., 507 East Tremont Av, April 10, 1 year, 6 p. c........$35,000

DATER ST, s s, 100 ft w of Jackson Av, 77.5x100.2; Johanne F. M. Cordes to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, April 11, due June 1, 1916; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St........$4,500

GLEBE AV, e s, 160.7 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x147.6; Lena L. Ruppel to Ellen A. Halsted, 174 Prospect Pl, Brooklyn, due Oct. 1, 1916, 6 p. c., April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1,000

KATONAH AV, 2,402, e s, 25x85; Ernst Keller to Thomas A. Carey, 207 East 69th St, April 10, prior mtg $4,250, due Oct. 10, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. L. Henry, 1,948 Bathgate Av........$1,000

LOT C, map of Mary C. P. Macombs; Corlear Av, n w corner of 236th St, —x—; Lots 824, 542, 486, and 480, and part of Lots 540, 468, and 785, Block 3,406, tax map; Bowie Dash Realty Co. to Margaret E. Putnam and another, executors, 16 West 77th St, April 10, due Oct. 1, 1917, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$30,000

OAK TREE PLACE, s e corner of Arthur Av, 90x25; Rogers-Gallagher Construction Co to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, April 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$22,000

PITMAN AV, s s, 75 ft w of Digney Av, 25x100; William F. Kaysser to Henry Muller, 695 East 170th St, April 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$4,000

PITMAN AV, s s, 50 ft w of Digney Av, 25x100; William F. Kaysser to Henry Muller, 69 East 170th St, April 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$4,000

TELLER AV, 1,261, w s, 20x100; Ewald Hylander to Thornton Brothers Co., 1,320 Clay Av, prior mtg $4,000, due as per bond, April 10; attorney, Neier, H. & Van D., 80 Broadway........$1,700

UNION AV, 636, e s, 16.8x90; Morris Rothstein to George Backer, 51 Hamilton Terrace, and others, April 10, prior mtg $4,000, due April 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway........$1,500

VYSE AV, w s, 100 ft s of 181st St, 25x100; Margaret Stachnik to Jennie Y. Hallock, 2,070 Honeywell Av, due Jan. 2, 1915, 6 p. c., April 11; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St........$1,000

3D AV, n s, 205 ft w of 4th St, 33.4x114; Wakefield; Sarah Lake to Sadie Schaffer, 2,719 3d Av, due as per bond, April 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$4,250

134TH ST, 463 East, 25x100; Philip Weinmann to Henry Schnier, 2,998 Perry Av, prior mtg $15,000, due April 1, 1915, March 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$1,750

135TH ST, s s, 650 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100; William Schmitz to Henry A. Henning, 403 1st Av, prior mtg $13,500, April 10; attorney G. J. Voss, 61 Park Row........$1,000

236TH ST, s s, 50 ft w of Digney Av, 25x100; William F. Kaysser to Standard Plumbing Supply Co., 818 St. Ann's Av, due as per bond, April 9, prior mtg $4,350; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$250

171ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 57.6x95; Fair Deal Realty Co. to Leon Tuchmann, 1,990 7th Av, April 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway........$30,000

183D ST, n s, 169.7 ft w of Washington Av, 35x100; Creston Co. to Carrie Toelle, 324 East 197th St, April 11, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$20,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 55, store; Margaret Kenny to Nathan Schulman, 55 Avenue A, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, Ernest N. Adler, 1,506 1st Av........$1,400

BROADWAY, 1,845-1,847, all; George W. Rector and another to Louis Martin, 200 West 54th St, 18 10-12 years, from April 12, 1913; attorney, John W. Russell, 20 Vesey St........$22,000

BROOME ST, 390 to 394, all; Tommaso P. Ronsa to Joseph E. Zommir, 331 East 34th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, F. Antonacchio, 41 Wall St........$9,780

CHERRY ST, 18, store; Charles A. Casazza and another to Mario Nigro, 18 Cherry St, 3 years and 1 month from April 1, 1913; attorneys, George Ringler & Co., 203 East 92d St........$540

GRAND ST, 315, store; Frank E. Rosen and another to Charles Solow, 313 Grand St, 4 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Feiner & M., 100 Broadway........$2,900

HOUSTON ST, 67 East, store floor; Frank Lopinto to Charles Kaulbaars, 67 East Houston St, 4 years from Jan. 1, 1913........$396

MANGIN ST, 88, all; George F. Etzel to Burns Brothers, corporation, 50 Church St, 1 year and 1 month from April 1, 1913; attorneys, Hillquit & L., 30 Church St....$2,750

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s e corner of 173d St, store, &c.; Adele S. Dodd to John P. Bastone, 801 Southern Boulevard, 10 years, from March 1, 1913........$2,400

2D AV, 74, first floor; Andrew Schlaeppi to Benjamin Kleinberg, 83 East 7th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1913........$650

3D AV, n w corner of Tremont Av, part of store; Tremont Holding Co. to Thomas J. Carew and another, 1,956 Bathgate Av, 19 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway........$1,200

3D AV, 1,888, all; Atlas Theatre Co. to Salta Amusement Co., 1,888 3d Av, 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, Hy. S. J. Flynn, 271 Broadway........$5,000

8TH AV, n w corner of 57th St, 25.6x100, all; Henry C. Copeland to American Purchasing Association, 908 Columbus Av, 15 5-12 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys Earle & Russell, 55 Liberty St........$8,500

9TH AV, 883, store; Henry C. Copeland to Barney Sabloff and another, 886 9th Av, 6 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, E. A. Meyer, 51 Chambers St........$840

10TH AV, 132, all; Otto Hentschel to Charles E. Glassmann, 132 10th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1913........$1,300

34TH ST, 331 and 333 East, all; Thomas P. Ronca to Joseph E. Zomnir, 331 East 34th St, 4 11-12 years from June 1, 1911; attorney, F. Antonacchio, 41 Wall St..$4,800

42D ST, 11 West, store floor; James Slater to Henry S. Schendel, 127 East 72d St, 9 years, from April 15, 1913; attorney, Jackson & F., 1 Madison Av........$15,000

66TH ST, 223 West, all; Charles A. Bruhns to Alfred J. Walker & Co., 218 West 65th St, 10 years, from June 1, 1913; attorney, Thompson, F. & C., 2 Wall St........$3,800

166TH ST, 803 East, store; George F. Trommer and another, executors of William G. Ringler, to Peter Riebeschl, 803 East 166th St, 2 years from March, 1913........$360

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING, Pres. CHAS. F. BERGER, C.E., V. Pres.

EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 W'th St. NEW YORK

MECHANICS' LIENS.

MOHEGAN AV, 2,078; Harry Karp against Benny Savio Realty Co., owner and contractor........$67

NORTHERN AV, e s, whole front between 178th and 179th Sts, —x100; Frank Seclaro against Gussie Raabe and Birch Realty Co., owners; H. Raabe & Sons, contractors, (renewal)........$203

3D AV, 2,263 and 2,265; Isidor Goodman against Deutsch Brothers, owners; John McKee, contractor; Morris Weiss, subcontractor........$13

24TH ST, 43 to 47 West; A. Shapiro, Inc., against Rosdorf Co., owner and contractor........$300

105TH ST, 112 to 138 West; Johnston Heating Co. against Mary A. Loeffler, owner and contractor; William H. Heddendorf, contractor........$1,273

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BELMONT AV, 2,481; Osvaldo Bratti and others against George Ringler & Co. and others, March 17, 1913........$45

MADISON AV, 644 and 646; City Wire Works against Henry R. Steele and others, Feb. 24, 1913, (by deposit)........$48

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 80.8 ft e of Elder Av; Bronx Supply Co. against American Real Estate Co. and others, April 17, 1913........$577

4TH AV, 440; D. H. McLaury Marble Co. against 440 Fourth Avenue Co. and others, March 19, 1913........$2,834

SAME PROPERTY; W. H. Hilts Co. against same, March 22, 1913........$735

LIS PENDENS.

AVENUE A, s e corner of 14th St, 24x96x irregular; Paul Braus, executor, against Nestor Holding Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Cook.

BELMONT AV, n w s, 200 ft s w of 177th St, 50x100; Mary T. Hughes against William A. Wallas and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Coudert Brothers.

BRADHURST AV, n e corner of 150th St, 99.11x112.6; Wilmarth A. Robinson against Eugenie Schildknecht and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. G. Oppenheim.

BROOK AV, e s, 46.7 ft s of St. Paul's Place, 31x100.8; Solomon C. Powell against Andrew Kitchen Realty Co., Incorporated, and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Saxe & Powell.

GERARD AV, e s, 200 ft s of Ella St, 100x150; Tillie Meyerheim against Mary I. Appleton and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. B. Dean.

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 80.5 ft s of 59th St, 20x75; Joseph Schanz against Carl Sotschek and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Goldman.

LORILLARD PLACE, e s, 271.7 ft n of 3d Av, 50x100; Julius Hechtlinger against Pierce Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Breitbart & Breitbart.

LOT 69, Block 1,867, Section 7; David Lippmann against Roma H. Meade and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, H. Swain.

MADISON AV, w s, 74.1 ft n of 28th St, 49.4x95; Emanuel Arnstein and others against Mary O'Neill and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Arnstein, Levy & Pfeiffer.

WASHINGTON AV, 1,517 and 1,519; Henry Frucht against Integrity Realty Co., (specific performance;) attorney, S. N. Tuckman.

WEBSTER AV, s e corner of Gun Hill Road, —x—; E. Magaldi Co., Incorporated, against Vincenzo L. Armanino and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, A. Ferme.

WHITE PLAINS AV, 4,143; William Scheer against Henry G. Schultz and others, (action to impress trust;) attorney, F. Taylor.

3D AV, 3,888; Caroline F. Gorham against Marie Weindorf and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. D. Eisler.

13TH ST, 626 and 628 East; Albert Jarmulowsky and others against Liebenthal Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. Alexander.

79TH ST, s s, 215.9 ft w of 2d Av, 17.10x102.2; Max Backhaus against Fannie Mandel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Hutter.

115TH ST, 606 West, and 115th St, s s, 75 ft w of Broadway, 50x100.11; Frederick V. Calder and others against Jessie B. Wiley, (notice of attachment;) attorney, H. B. Davis.

130TH ST, 506 and 508 West; Katie Wendel against Rose Chaltin and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Wendel, Jr.

170TH ST, 394 East; Elizabeth A. Reid against Rosa Altieri and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Reynolds, Richards & McCutcheon.

207TH ST, n s, 494.4 ft s of Woodlawn Road, —x—; E. Magaldi Co., Incorporated, against Walter Williams and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, A. Ferme.

234TH ST, s s, 349.11 ft w of Kingsbridge Road, 17.10x114.6; Louise Schmidt against William A. Riley and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, P. Cook.

236TH ST, 318 East; Clara Wottrich against German Real Estate Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Rubino.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

HENRY BRADY, Auctioneer

Foreclosure Sale

under direction of
N. Taylor Phillips, Referee

No. 110 W. 120th St.

80% may remain on bond and mortgage.

Wednesday, April 16th, 1913,
at 12 o'clock noon, 14-16 Vesey St.

Further particulars from Charles A. Flammer, attorney, 299 Broadway.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

BRONX—FOR SALE.

Must Sell TO CLOSE ESTATE. 3-story detached well built brick bldg., (stores and apartments,) Washington Av., near Tremont, lot 27x140, level; driveway; suitable for small business or manufacturer; very cheap; $9,800; terms. Brooker, 4,205 3d Av., (177th St.)

SURROGATE CITATION.

ROTHFELD, SOLOMON.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God, free and independent, to Benjamin Oppenheimer, Selma Hirschmann, Cacilie Schubart, Hedwig Stern, Karl Oppenheimer, Bernhard Hirschmann, Paul Hirschmann, Elsbeth Hirschmann, Herbert Schubart, Edith Triest, Alfred Stern, Walther Stern, Alfred Rothfeld, Floretta Steindler, Milton F. Steindler, Laurence Rothfeld, Tracy Rothfeld, Winifred B. Rothfeld, Elsie Oppenheimer, George Oppenheimer, Elizabeth Oppenheimer, and George Oppenheimer, Jr., and to all persons interested in the estate of SOLOMON ROTHFELD, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York, on the 29th day of April, 1913, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Julius Oppenheimer, John Frankenheimer, Hyman Sonn, and Robert B. Rothfeld, as Trustees under the last will and testament of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 16th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
[Seal.] Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF BOYD EQUIPMENT COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be creditors of the Boyd Equipment Company must file their claims, duly verified, with the undersigned Creditors' Committee, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated 31st day of March, 1913, in a proceeding entitled, "Crane Company vs. Boyd Equipment Company, in Equity," with F. J. Allen, Esq., Chairman, 490 Cherry Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of July, 1913.

F. J. ALLEN, Chairman,
ARTHUR VAN VECHTEN, Secretary and Treasurer,
ROBERT A. KEASBEY,
P. W. HARTWIG,
Committee of Creditors.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

SAGAMORE, BRONXVILLE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The most beautiful and highest grade residential park within fifteen miles of the new Grand Central Station.

Elevation of 250 feet. Magnificent trees, fine views, picturesque environment. Broad, winding macadam roadways. Brick sidewalks. All city conveniences. Mail delivered twice daily.

A delightful place to live because of beneficial restrictions and careful selection of residents. An already established community.

Everything finished. No pioneering. No assessments. Taxes moderate. Fine schools. High-grade local government. Golf, tennis, and country clubs near by.

Some of the choicest plots are now publicly offered for sale to purchasers of a satisfactory type, at very moderate prices.

ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY, Agents,
Gramatan Nat. Bank Bldg., Bronxville, N. Y. Telephone 826 Bronxville.

COZY BUNGALOW OVERLOOKING HUDSON $4,860.

$500 cash, balance like rent; 6 rooms, studio living room, large stone fireplace, decorated, electric light fixtures, bath, furnace, cement porch and stone flower boxes, fine plot; coziest little home in River View Manor; fine views. J. M. TOUGAS, Hastings-on-Hudson.

7 ROOM COTTAGE $8,600

A dream of a home; large living room and fireplace; hardwood trim throughout; hot-water heat, electric light fixtures, gas range; decorated throughout; tile bath; built by day labor; unlimited views of the Hudson and surrounding country; 10 minutes to station. High Class. Box 65 Times.

A GENUINE CHANCE.

Was obliged to take this property in a settlement, and can sell for far less than value and get out whole. Suburban to both New York and Yonkers. Five minutes to trolley and station on Putnam Division, N. Y. C. R. R. Almost new. Eight rooms; steam heat, all improvements; barn. High; healthy, beautiful view. Good neighborhood, and train service; 28 minutes from 155th St.; commutation, $5.90. $4,500, on terms to suit. MORTGAGEE, Room 37, 74 Wall St., N. Y.

Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn.

For sale at attractive price, country home, especially adapted for year round occupancy. Beautiful parked grounds of five acres, ornamented with sunken gardens, MacMonnies fountain, sun dial, horticultural grouping, garage, stable and gardener's cottage. House contains 8 master's bedrooms, 3 baths, sufficient servant quarters; ready for occupancy; no exchange desired.
BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD, 505 Fifth Av. 'Phone, 710 Murray Hill.

See
QUAKER RIDGE
before you locate.
Station and office on the property.
Quaker Ridge Improvement Co.,
New Rochelle, N. Y.

Mt. Vernon, Pelham, Bronxville.

Desirable furnished & unfurnished houses FOR RENT AND SALE.
COOLEY REALTY CO. 39 Prospect Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Edw. C. Griffin & P. H. Collins
Property of the better class in
Larchmont AND VICINITY
'Phone 852 BANK BUILDING, Larchmont, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

50th Street Near Fifth Av.

Magnificent American basement dwelling; thoroughly up-to-date, decorated in materials; five baths, electric light; no reasonable offer refused; full brokerage paid. Will rent.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY,
156 BROADWAY

Washington Heights.

A LITTLE GEM.

Examine 453 Convent Av., (149th St.;) 4-story American basement dwelling; 11 rooms; electric light, parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker. PRICE ONLY $13,000.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CASH **$100** BUYS
BEAUTIFUL BROOKLYN HOME
$4,250 to $5,500, $25 to $30 per month; new one-family brick; every improvement; send for booklet. SALES MANAGER, 62A Liberty St., New York. Telephone Cortlandt 5528.

1-family stone & brick, only $4,675. Subway. Bargain. Postal brings full particulars. The Rapelyea Co., 390 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. (Grant Ave. Station Kings Co. "L.")

Ocean Parkway Boulevard

Between Beverly Road and Av. C.
CALDER'S
Up-to-date One-Family House, bungalow order; every improvement; price $7,500; terms to suit.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Artistic New Houses
$8,500 up, on convenient terms.

Kew Gardens

Surrounding KEW Station.
15 MINUTES from Pennsylvania Terminal

VILLA PLOTS at moderate prices.

Full details on application to KEW GARDENS Corporation, John J. Britton, Manager of Sales, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone Greeley 5250 and 5251.

Representative at Kew office every day. The following trains are suggested for inspecting Kew: Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., via L. I. R. R. WEEK DAYS —9:07, 10:08, 11:05, A. M.; 12:30, 1:06, (Sat. only,) 2:06, 3:01, 3:38, 4:09, 4:30, 4:58, 5:10 P. M. SUNDAYS—8:28, 9:47, 11:20, 11:36 A. M.; 1:09, 2:04, 3:05, 4:17 P. M. Returning at frequent intervals.

Jamaica Hillcrest

DETACHED HOUSES
Colonial, Mission, Craftsman and Bungalow Styles.
$6,500—$7,200—$8,300—$9,200
on convenient Terms.
RESTRICTED AND HIGH CLASS
Something Better for Something Less.
Compare and Be Convinced.

Convenient express trains leave Flatbush Av., connecting with Subway via L. I. R. R. Daily 9:00, 10:12, 11 A. M., 12:30, 1:57, 2:11, 3:38, 4:14, 4:44 P. M. Sunday, 9:10, 10:01, 11:21 A. M., 1:12, 1:59, 3:00, 4:43 P. M., direct to Union Hall Street, Jamaica (also many additional local trains.)

JAMAICA HILLCREST CO.,
PROPERTY OFFICE,
Hillside Av., Cor. Grand Av., Jamaica.
Brooklyn Office, 180 Montague St.

A BARGAIN AT QUEENS.

Save the broker's commission and buy from the owner. Best value in Jamaica Township. Several detached homes on 80x100 plot; now ready for occupancy; best construction; built by day's work; owner is the builder and developer and lives on property; all improvements; oak trim; ⅞ inch oak floors; steam or hot water; 3 blocks from station.
C. G. STEWART, Individual Owner and Developer, Hollis and Euclid Avs., Bellaire Gardens, Queens, N. Y. C. Telephone 1423-W Jamaica.

JAMAICA HOUSES

For Sale, Rent and Exchange
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.
376 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Gentleman's Country Home.

Colonial House, just completed on high north shore of Long Island. 30 Minutes to Penn. Station NOW. 12 Rooms and four baths. Highest type hollow tile and tapestry brick fireproof construction. Located in private residential park. Few minutes to station and water. Boating, bathing, golf and tennis courts. Sewers, electricity, macadamized streets, side walks, private police protection. School adjoins park. Circumstances compelling me to dispose of this property. An opportunity is offered to secure a real bargain. Will NOT rent. No Brokers. Will show by appointment. Particulars, photographs, on applying to M. A. E. 163 Times.

GREAT HOME BARGAIN

$5,950 BUYS $8,900 HOUSE.

On Easiest terms. Beautiful suburban house, 26 minutes out. Large plot between sound sea; artistic design, handsomely built; decorated hardwood trim; beautiful private residence; park of refined home owners; heating, electricity, gas, water, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious cellar, tiled bathroom, large verandas, trolleys, depots, schools. Call here for plans, photos. Write or 'phone Owner, Room 403, 334 Fifth Ave., Cambridge Bldg. PHONE 8425 MAD. SQUARE.

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LONG ISLAND RAIL ROAD

NEAR THE WATER FRONT.

Large plot with right of way to beach and use of dock. Located in most delightful section of the North Shore. Excellent surroundings. Your opportunity to obtain a beautiful building site at a reasonable figure.
KATHRYN C. DOYLE,
1,116 42d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

UP-TO-DATE ESTATE.

7 large gentlemen's estates, all commanding extensive views of Oyster Bay Harbor and Long Island Sound, for sale. Smith & McKenney, Oyster Bay. Tel. 264 J.

COME OUT SUNDAY

and let us show you our farms and estates; farms, shore front, and estates.
SMITH & McKENNEY,
Oyster Bay. Telephone 264 J.

FARMS,

estates, shore fronts, and village property for sale; write for our list.
SMITH & McKENNEY, Oyster Bay.
Telephone 264 J.

Manhasset Bay Cottage, $6,000.

Will sell my seven-room cottage a few minutes from station and a short distance to the water. An all-the-year-round home, complete in every way. Liberal terms. Address Bay, 128 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

For Sale, Furnished or Unfurnished. River View Country Estate on the Hudson

Including the contents of the Barn and Garage and Farming Utensils.

PIERMONT

west bank of the Hudson River, about 25 miles from city, Rockland County, N. Y., one hour by Erie R. R. from Herald Square. Residence of about 16 rooms and bath, with maids' quarters; improvements. Property five acres, with river front. Garage on river lot for 2 cars.

This property will be sold for $15,000, free and clear, or one-half can remain on mortgage. Particulars, OWNER, from 11 to 1 o'clock only, No. 20 West 34th St., New York City. 'Phone Greeley—6623.

J. G. GOLDSMITH.

Farms! and Country Homes in Rockland and Orange Counties.
The undersigned is an authority on values in this field and will give you intelligent and personal service. See me at Real Estate Show May 3 to 10.
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$5,000 TERMS
MOUNTAIN COTTAGE
Seven rooms, bath and all conveniences; half-acre plot, near station; 750 ft. elevation; less than one hour from N. Y. City. Best of train service. Healthy section of N. J.
OWNER, P. O. Box 578.

ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY HOME

Newly decorated and improved; house, 9 large rooms and tiled bath; splendid garage; grounds, 85x235 feet; fine trees, shrubs, lawn, and flowers; water, gas, electricity, and artesian well; steam heat; spacious concrete cellar, walks, and curbing; large veranda, inclosed in glass as conservatory or sun parlor; best section; very convenient; 35 minutes express service to New York; 80 trains; near depot; all new, up-to-date; will sacrifice; easy terms. Owner, 9 Monroe St., Ridgewood, N. J.

"ALONG THE LACKAWANNA"

ARTISTIC COTTAGES AND BUNGALOWS
EAST ORANGE | WEST SUMMIT | GILLETTE
25 minutes out. | 45 minutes out. | 55 minutes out.

Restricted; high altitude; healthful; all improvements; at or near Lackawanna Railroad Stations.

$4,500 to $7,500 $500 to $1,000 cash. Balance like rent.

Write, call, or phone for free transportation, photographs, and full particulars.
MUTUAL REALTY CORPORATION,
810 Essex Bldg., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 4847.

FREE YOUR HOME PLANS. Do you own your home, or are you still paying rent? We are building at Fanwood, New Jersey, several semi-bungalows, handsome designs, on beautiful shaded plots, which we are selling on very easy terms. We will send you plans of these houses free upon application. H. C. Lockwood Co., Room 1513, 141 Broadway.

35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY

adjoining Roselle Park, N. J.; 50 beautiful acres, developed, or any part of same; fine old trees; improvements; nice neighborhood; 100 trains daily; near station; easy terms; will build for purchasers. For railroad tickets and information address F. W. NOBLE, 30 Church St., N. Y. City, Room 728.

GREAT NOTCH.

FOR SALE.—Fine Piece of Property, about 25 acres, for development and housebuilding; high altitude, overlooking the Passaic Valley; large road frontages; splendid train service; only 7 minutes from Erie station; electricity, water, and telephone; price $20,000. Address the owners, Y 155 Times.

"Farm Bargains"

seldom materialize, but here's a real one—84 acres, $3,200. Near prominent station D., L. & W. Telephone 1921 Cortlandt and arrange inspection immediately.

SOUTH ORANGE—A BARGAIN.

Beautiful view of mountains.
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
Just completed. Buy of builder, who wants money, and get same at sacrifice. Apply Davis, 270 Prospect St., South Orange.

FOR SALE OR RENT. 12 ROOMS, 3 BATHS,

at South Orange; large lot; will sell at sacrifice. Apply Davis, 270 Prospect St., South Orange, N. J.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

AT BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.

For Rent—Splendid modern cottages, furnished; season price $200 to $1,500; ocean and pines; send for booklet. Richard McNeely Agency, opposite R. R. Station, Bradley Beach, N. J.

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LOW RENTS

Extremely light corner lofts, size 100 x100, in fire-proof building. Sprinklers. Live steam; four elevators.
LANGSDORF BUILDING
Corner Spring & Crosby Streets

Best Known Address in America
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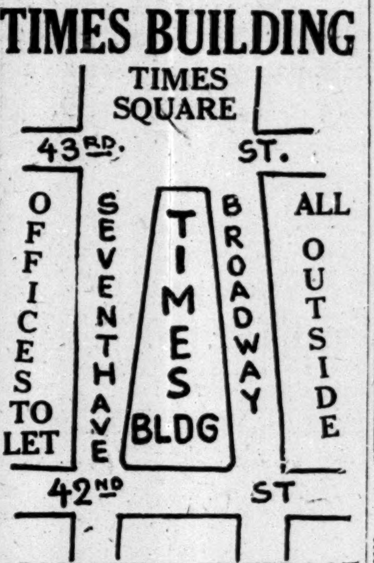

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CONTINUOUS SERVICE
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RENTAL AGENT
Room 406 on Premises, or Telephone 1000 Bryant.

REGAL BUILDING

Corner 37th St. and Broadway
OFFICES & SHOWROOMS
$16 per month up, including light and janitor service. Apply on premises.

Desirable Stores to Rent in the best section of 125th St.
Only first class people need apply.
E. D. FARRELL,
158 WEST 125TH STREET.

If you are looking for a large, light, sunny loft, with sprinkler system, in an absolutely fireproof building, be sure and inspect the new, modern loft,

121 & 123 EAST 24TH ST.

(NEAR 4th AVENUE.)

This 12-story building (50 feet front) has every convenience and facility desired by progressive business men; fire tower; low insurance rates. Very low rents until February, 1914, to desirable tenants. No manufacturing. Apply to your own broker, or to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON,
135 Broadway, New York.

Sunlight Building Lofts

220 West 19th St.
92 foot frontage.
Reasonable Rents.
E. S. Willard & Co.,
45 Pine St.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.

Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts.
Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high.
3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

33 WATER ST.,

NEAR BROAD ST.
Entire Building to let, five story and cellar; size 28.7x80; rent reasonable; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

IN addition to its splendid location, The Montana Apartment House has been designed with careful consideration for the comfort and convenience of patrons.

More than adequate closet-room has been provided.

An unusual feature is the arrangement of rooms so that windows of living-rooms, dining-rooms and master chambers do not face windows of service-quarters.

Rentals $6,000 to $2,300. Special apartments at $10,000 and $11,000.

The MONTANA 375 PARK Ave
TEMPORARY OFFICE: 384 PARK AV.

1589 3D AVE.

Near 89th Street
5 Rooms and Bath; steam heated; hot water supply; new plumbing. Apply
Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.
OR JANITOR ON PREMISES.

6 and 7 Rooms 2d Ave., 86th and 87th Streets

Large rooms. "L" Station, 86th St., 2d Ave. Rents, $21 to $34. Apply
Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.
OR JANITOR ON PREMISES.

N. W. Cor. Lexington Av. & 35th St.
NEW BUILDING.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette.
Skylight, Studio Apartment
Also
Doctor's Apartment
3 ROOMS AND BATH
Beautiful rooms; sizes 20x18 ft.; every improvement. Agent on premises.

THE MANHATTAN

244 East 86th St.
Apartments of six rooms and bath for housekeeping; all improvements and conveniences; elevator service; "L" station. Apply
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31 Nassau St., 'Phone 8125 Cortlandt,
or on premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ADLON

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
7TH AV AND 54TH ST.
This 14 story high class fireproof apartment house contains
SUITES OF 3 and 4 ROOMS
Large foyer & reception hall; parquet floors; abundance of closets; exclusive apartment house. References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.
SUPT. ON PREMISES OR ADLON CONSTRUCTION CO.,
501 5TH AVE.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE LINCOLN

130-136 Claremont Ave.
Near 122d Street,
Opposite Grant's Tomb,
Overlooking Drive and River.
Modern Elevator Apartments.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms.
MODERATE RENTS.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.
5 rooms, $32.00 to $37.50.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

HAZELHURST

Nine-room apartment, all outside rooms, with a view of many miles; facing on old Fort Washington Road; strictly high class; will appeal to refined family. A. J. Odell, 455 Fort Washington Ave. Tel 497 Audubon.

BROOKLYN.

New Flatbush Apartments

Highly Restricted Section
781 OCEAN AV., COR. OF CORTELYOU ROAD.
Near Brighton Beach "L" Station; also one block from Flatbush Av.
4, 5 AND 6 LARGE ROOMS, FACING ON STREET AND ON BEAUTIFUL ITALIAN GARDEN.
Decorations new and strikingly original
Every convenience, including telephone, hall service, vacuum cleaners, large closets, etc.
PRICES $44 TO $62.50.
Builder on premises. Tel. Flat. 5900.

BRONX.

2,635 to 2,645 Jerome Ave.

NEAR KINGSBRIDGE ROAD.
New High Class Apartments
OPPOSITE ST. JAMES PARK.
4-5-6 Rooms & Bath, $25 up.
DECORATED TO SUIT.
Convenient to Subway and "L."
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

High Class Apartments,

4-5 ROOMS, UP TO DATE.
Grand Concourse & 179th.
OWNER ON PREMISES.
Just Completed.
TELEPHONE, 5706—TREMONT.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET
Retired Summer Residence

of seven large rooms and bathroom; detached servants' quarters; stable and about forty acres of land in little village on
South Shores of Cape Cod.
Little river running by the house, and boathouse on bay about half-mile away. New Bedford, Mass.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Will add cash

and $8,000 equity in 2 private houses for a Bronx Flat.
What can you offer?
J. Clarence Davies,
149TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

HOUSES TO LET

305 E. 86th St., 9 rooms and bath
330 E. 87th St., 10 rooms and bath
307 E. 87th St., 9 rooms and bath
145 E. 89th St., 11 rooms and 2 baths
149 E. 89th St., 10 rooms and 2 baths

"L" stations, 86th St. & 2d Av., 89th St. & 3d Av.

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St. Phone 8125 Cortlandt.
Or 244 East 86th St.

BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL BRICK HOUSES For Rent

$25.00 and $30.00 In Brooklyn

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors; hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn; on lines of elevated and new subway; 5c. fare to New York; send for booklets and photos. Special Manager, 60-A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

$100 REWARD

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

Classification.	Per Agt. Line.
Help Wanted	15c
Situations Wanted	
Boarders and Board Wanted	20c
Rooms to Let or Wanted	
Apartments to Let or Wanted	25c
Agents Wanted	
Country Board	
Employment Bureaus	
Real Estate	
Horses and Carriages	
Houses to Let or Wanted	
Business Notices	30c
Automobile Exchange	
Business Opportunities	
Lost, Found, Rewards	
Purchase and Exchange	
Public Notices	40c

Real Estate

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Contracts signed for subway and elevated extension on White Plains Av. and Jerome Av.; here are two lots for sale cheap, fronting on White Plains Av., one block from Allerton Avenue Station; also four lots four blocks from 170th Street Station and Jerome Av, elevated extension, and three blocks from easterly end of Washington Bridge. Owner, C. De Voe, 1,423 Jessup Place, Highbridge, New York City.

Five-story flat house, excellent condition, well situated, near school, park, Subway and "L;" 10 apartments of 5 rooms and bath; separate dining room; range and boiler; price $21,700. Inquire on premises, 532 East 147th St.

Rent, $40.—Detached house, 8 rooms, 1,407 Jessup Av., near 170th St. Inquire on premises.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

Leaving city; must sell beautiful detached residence on wide paved boulevard, parked through centre with grass, shrubbery, flowers; near "L" station; 30 minutes Manhattan; 18 by new Subway; 7 rooms, large tiled sanitary bath, laundry, sewer, steam, parquet floors, electricity, elegant fixtures, lovely decorations, automatic hot water supply; little cash; easy terms. SACRIFICE, Box 167 Times Downtown.

TO CLOSE ESTATE.

Splendid new two-family brick, 13 rooms, every modern improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; lot 20x140 feet; 20 minutes from Subway, Brooklyn; no agents. Owner, L. P., F 310 Times Downtown.

$28,000 equity in two Brooklyn vacant plots; will trade for income with one mortgage; will add $2,000 to $5,000 cash on good proposition. Ellison, owner, 409 Broadway, Manhattan.

$5,500—PROSPECT PARK EAST—$5,500.
Ten new 2-story brick one-family; 7 rooms and bath; furnace. 265-287 Malbone St. See owner, 281 Malbone St., Brooklyn.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Corporation Counsel of The City of New York to make application to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part III. thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of April, 1913, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon for the appointment of three disinterested freeholders, residents of The City of New York, as Commissioners of Appraisal, to ascertain and appraise the compensation to be made to the owners of and all persons interested in the real property rights, franchises, easements or privileges sought to be taken or acquired by The City of New York, or which may be affected or damaged by this proceeding.

The City of New York, by this proceeding, seeks to acquire an estate in fee simple absolute, free from all liens and incumbrances in and to all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land shown upon the maps, or plans hereinafter mentioned, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying and being in the Borough of The Bronx, City and State of New York, as hereinafter more particularly bounded and described, for the construction, maintenance and operation in perpetuity, free of interference and right of interference of a portion of a Rapid Transit Railroad, in accordance with the routes and general plans of construction adopted by the Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners for The City of New York on the 12th day of May, 1905, and approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of The City of New York on the 14th day of July, 1905, and by the Mayor of The City of New York on the 28th day of July, 1905, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department by an order entered on the 19th day of October, 1906, which said routes and general plans of construction were modified by the Public Service Commission for the First District by resolutions adopted on the 4th day of February, 1908, and the 29th day of April, 1908, respectively, such modifications being approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of The City of New York on the 13th day of March, 1908, and the 8th day of May, 1908, respectively, and by the Mayor of The City of New York on the 18th day of March, 1908, and the 12th day of May, 1908, respectively, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department, by an order entered on the 4th day of January, 1909, and were further modified by the Public Service Commission for the First District by resolutions adopted on the 21st day of May, 1909, such modification being approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of The City of New York on the 4th day of June, 1909, and by the Mayor of The City of New York on the 8th day of June, 1909, and consented to by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for the First Judicial Department by an order entered on the 24th day of February, 1910. The said portion of said Rapid Transit Railroad is further described in the contract for the construction thereof, dated November 17th, 1911, made by The City of New York, acting by the Public Service Commission for the First District, with Hagerty-Drummond Company, a domestic corporation, and thereafter assigned, with the consent of the Public Service Commission for the First District, to Rodgers & Hagerty, Incorporated, a domestic corporation.

There is to be acquired by The City of New York in this proceeding, an estate in fee simple absolute, free from all liens and incumbrances, for the purposes aforesaid in and to those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the Borough of The Bronx in the City and State of New York and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Park Avenue distant seventy-six and fifty-six one-hundredths (76.56) feet southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Park Avenue and the southerly side of East 138th Street; running thence southerly along the easterly side of Park Avenue seventy-seven and ninety-five one-hundredths (77.95) feet; thence easterly parallel or nearly so with the southerly side of East 138th Street one hundred and twenty-nine and five one-hundredths (129.05) feet to a point on the westerly side on Canal Street West distant one hundred and forty-nine and five one-hundredths (149.05) feet southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Canal Street West and the southerly side of East 138th Street; thence northerly along the westerly side of Canal Street West seventy-four and ninety-three one-hundredths (74.93) feet; thence westerly parallel or nearly so with the southerly side of East 138th Street one hundred and seven and seven one-hundredths (107.07) feet to the point or place of beginning.

A fuller statement setting forth the location and boundaries of the said lot, piece or parcel of land, and the estates, rights, franchises, easements or privileges sought to be taken or affected, and a brief statement as to said lot, piece or parcel of land and of the title, right, franchise, easements or privileges sought to be acquired or extinguished by The City of New York in this proceeding is printed upon each of three similar maps or plans adopted by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York on the 11th day of March, 1913, which said maps were filed, one with the Department of Public Works in the office of the President of the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, on the 13th day of March, 1913, a copy of which was filed in the office of the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York, at No. 154 Nassau street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of March, 1913, and one in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 2nd day of April, 1913.

Dated New York, April 5th, 1913.
ARCHIBALD R. WATSON,
Corporation Counsel,
Hall of Records,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York City.

FOR SALE.

American Watch & Diamond Co
Cash or credit; weekly or monthly payments.
8 MAIDEN LANE. Tel. 5867 Cort. Take elevator.

Real Estate

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

WILL SELL MY CONTRACT
FOR MOST DESIRABLE PLOT AT FOREST HILLS, SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO., BLOCK 33, LOTS 13, 14, 15; MONTHLY PAYMENTS. WRITE E 116 TIMES.

Wish to sell my brick house, nine large rooms, fireplace, gas, electric, hot-water heat, large billiard room, sleeping porch; plot 50x125; overlooking Sound; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania station; cheap to quick buyer. Howe, 37 Times.

Elmhurst house; 10 rooms, bath, laundry; all improvements; large veranda; ground 75x100; shade and fruit trees; near all transportation lines, schools, churches; $1,000 cash; balance mortgage. E. J. Walker, 17 Elmhurst Av., Elmhurst.

JAMAICA PROPERTY EXCLUSIVELY.
Acreage, lots, houses.
BENJAMIN H. SWEET,
324 Fulton St., Jamaica, New York City.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Eight acres, 410 feet macadam road, electric lights, city water; $5,850; $2,200 cash. Princes Bay Realty Co., 45 Broadway, Manhattan.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TOO LARGE FOR OWNER.
Will sell at cost new, well-built, artistic, and perfectly appointed residence; seven minutes from station; eleven rooms, two baths, extra lavatory, sun parlor; very large lot; garage; will rent to well-recommended party at $1,500 per year.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
near New Haven Station,
Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Residence: Private bathing; also private boat anchorage; exclusive and delightful community; Southfield Point, on the Sound at Stamford, Conn.; only 50 minutes from Grand Central; schools, churches, also golf, yacht, and country clubs; house contains 11 rooms, 3 baths, all city improvements, including sewers; 6 minutes from station; price $11,500, with plot 100 by 135; large mortgage; small amount cash required. Frederick P. Jones, 505 Fifth Av.

Katonah.—A beautiful country home; 6¾ acres; new residence; 9 rooms, 3 baths; cottage for help, 4 rooms, bath; stables, outbuildings; high elevation; splendid water supply; good neighborhood; can be had at a bargain. Reed & Clark Co., White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 1516.

To Rent.—150 acres of land with dwelling, barns, and outbuildings; near Elmsford, Westchester County; adjoining property of Alexander Smith Cochran. Address A. F. Britton, 165 Broadway, New York City.

New Rochelle—"Bang up," 9-room modern country home, all appointments perfect, large plot, $8,500; little cash, balance as rent. Mrs. Jas. F. Fitzpatrick, 262 Main St.

SCARSDALE.—Stone house, 18 rooms, 3 baths, beautiful grounds, 12 acres; stable, greenhouse, &c.; rent $2,500 year, partly furnished. Angell, 507 5th Av.

TO RENT AT SPUYTEN DUYVIL—House, 8 bedrooms, garage, acre and one-half ground; unfurnished. Apply 1,005, 45 Cedar St., New York.

Six Room House for sale, 50x100 lot, $4,600; $1,000 cash, rest easy payment. Hudson Heights, Hastings on Hudson. Box 536.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

DISTINCTIVE HOME, BARGAIN, QUEENS, will sell on reasonable deposit and $40 monthly, or will rent with option to purchase; large living room, with tapestry brick fireplace, parquet floors, special hardwood trim; asphalt street, gas, electricity; tennis courts; refined community; 30 minutes from Manhattan. P. P. Edson, 1 West 34th St. Tel. 6546 Greeley.

GARDEN CITY.
An architect's home; new, well built, equipped with every convenience; 15 rooms and 4 baths; beautiful situation; only two minutes' walk to station; electric express service; 32 minutes to Pennsylvania station, 45 minutes to Wall St. Rare opportunity to acquire a home of distinction. Box S 160 Times.

Have old-fashioned house near Whitestone, containing range, hot, cold water, gas, bath, etc.; plot 100 deep on improved street, five minutes to depot, giving purchaser bathing and boating privileges on Sound; only $3,950; $150 cash, $25 monthly. Trieper, 812 Times Downtown.

HIGH GRADE L. I. TRACTS.
Acreages, Country Seats, Farms, Houses, Shore Fronts, from lots to 500 acres. Catalogue various properties mailed. In city Tuesdays and Fridays. Write.
WM. B. CODLING, Tel. 83, Northport, N. Y.

Forest Hills Gardens, (Sage Foundation.)—Desirable lot; good location; easy payments; will sell contract for what is paid. Address G 207 Times Downtown.

Sea Cliff, L. I.—Shore front; beautiful house for sale; improvements; boathouse; near station. Winterroth Pianos, 8 Union Square.

Port Washington.—New stucco home, 8 rooms, modern, $6,200; $250 cash, bal. monthly: request photos. Frind, 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 2060

Corner lot, East Elmhurst; high, dry, and restricted; modern improvements; cheap for cash. C. S. A., "Players' Club."

For Rent.—White stucco house, beautifully decorated; near station; $45; corner plot. Roddy, Hempstead.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

COLD SPRING-ON-HUDSON.
(GARRISON AND WEST POINT.)
CASCABELLA, the property of Capt. Henry Metcalfe; 7 acres; 200 feet above river; all conveniences, municipal and residential.
WM. M. BENJAMIN CO., 55 Liberty St.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

At South Norwalk, Conn.—Ten-room house; 2 baths, hot water heat; all in perfect condition; located in finest residential street; wood pavement; trolley service; 5 minutes from station; rent $800 per year. For further particulars address Christian Swartz, 68 West Av.

For Sale—Fine tract for elegant residence; about 4½ acres, with nice cottage; very high; near all conveniences; only $2,200 required; $3,000 on mortgage if desired; nice view; shade, fruit; also building lots. Particulars, H. S. Selleck, Darien, Conn.

For Sale at Woodmont—17-room house, all plastered; hot and cold water on three floors; partly furnished; an unusually good opportunity for large family or boarding house. Inquire estate of James F. Beebe, Woodmont, Conn.

Riverside, Conn.—New 12-room house; 3 baths, stable and garage; 2 acres; fruit, vegetables, flowers, chickens; 3 minutes' walk from Sound; 10 minutes' walk from station. Inquire A. F. Crockett, 640 Madison Av., City.

COTTAGE FOR SALE, BANTAM LAKE.
Nicely finished cottage, all furnished, with all improvements, at Bantam Lake shore front, Litchfield County, Conn. Particulars. Inquire P. O. Box 172, Waterbury, Conn.

On the Sound, Byram Shore, Greenwich, Conn.—New home, large wide piazza, 10 rooms, 3 baths, hot-water heat, electricity; large grounds, garage, man's room. Telephone 4235 Schuyler.

For Sale.—Homestead; all improvements; 2 acres; fruit and shade trees; will sacrifice. V 46 Times.

Southport, Conn.—Ten-room house; small barn; price, $7,000; rent, $400 a year.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to Lease.—Small farm for fruit and poultry, near station; state price by month. Apply to H. F. Drewes, 2,715 Avenue D, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Building Material

Telephone 2563 Audubon. Est. 1902.
T. V. O'CONNELL,
General Contractor.
Carpenter work a specialty.
504 West 145th St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Good opportunity for quick closing of a lease of residence on 50th St. between 5th and 6th Avs. For further particulars write or call, Room 903, 160 Broadway.

A.—16 West 129th St., three-story high-stoop brick house; all improvements; rent $750. Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Brooklyn.

56 DOWNING ST., NEAR PUTNAM AV.
One block to L station, Grand and Fulton; brownstone; 11 rooms and bath; furnace; $55 month on lease, to private family. Keys 8-7. CHAS. H. BULKLEY, 735 Fulton St.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

52D ST., 233 WEST.
Near Broadway. Fine private dwelling, suitable for boarding house; rent reasonable. Apply to
ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

Flatbush.—Artistically furnished detached house, eight rooms, bath; fine porch; convenient beaches; May to November. Call 1,808 Beverley Road. Telephone 648 W Flatbush.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

NORTH JERSEY COAST, the Summer social centre; desirable 9-room furnished house, parquet floor; garage; Asbury Park. Geo. W. Pittenger, 400 Main St., opposite Post Office, Asbury Park.

Commodious house, well furnished, in heart of Berkshires; fine lawn, trees, garden, [illegible] garage; large rooms; accessible. Apply A. L. Brown, 128 Broadway.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES.
Cape Cod; rented completely furnished; $250 up; bathrooms; booklet. Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Real Estate

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

House for sale at Oradell, N. J., eighteen miles out; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat; all improvements; parquet floors; newly decorated; corner lot, 50x150 feet; large shade trees; sidewalks and curbs laid; private garage; grape arbors, &c.; fine location; an ideal home at a bargain; price, $6,000. Apply to owner, W. E. Williams, 83 Pine St., New York.

Telephone Bryant 1123 for appointment and railroad ticket to see one of the most beautiful suburban home sites in New Jersey; 25 minutes from Manhattan; artistic houses, large grounds, all improvements, no assessments, title guaranteed. If you want to buy a home, to-day is the day to buy. Think it over. A. B. Flesher, 511 Times Building.

$3,850 for an elegant house; six rooms and bath; fine location; 5 minutes' walk from station; best of train service; all improvements; 300 feet elevation; only 5 miles from Broadway; the greatest bargain ever offered; only $400 cash required; will send photos of houses. W. V. Champlin, 510 Times Building, New York City.

Bungalow gem; new 5-room house for year round living; craftsman design; open fireplace, bath, finest plumbing; at Hillsdale, choicest Jersey suburb; all improvements; a bargain at $3,500; easy terms. Hillsdale Estates, 802 Singer Building.

A big bargain, $3,700, at Arlington, N. J., less than one-half its cost; eight rooms and bath, all improvements; 3 minutes from station; 25 minutes from Broadway; easy terms; beautiful, large plot; fruit and lawn. Address Owner, 305 Times Downtown.

A 7-acre village farm; 7 rooms, bath, modern improvements; brook; hennery; 200 fruit trees; 700 feet grape arbors, berries; convenient, attractive; reasonable price. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

Will you join our building colony, 18 miles out on the C. R. R. of N. J.? Choice building sites near the depot, with improvements; on easy terms. For particulars, address Box 25, Garwood, N. J.

IN BEAUTIFUL NUTLEY.
New homes, distinctive and different; attractive features; city conveniences; country surroundings; easy terms.
WHITREGE REALTY CO., NUTLEY, N. J.

HASBROUCK HEIGHTS.
Overlooking Manhattan; 25 minutes out; PLOTS $95 up; terms; bargain at double the price. SAMUEL KRAFT, 30 Church St., N. Y.; telephone 8040 Cortlandt.

Bargain.—Artistic home; 9 rooms, tiled bath, steam heat; western slope Palisades; 300 feet elevation; beautiful view; 15 minutes to New York; must sell at once. Owner, F 161 Times.

N. J. Coast Real Estate.—Furnished cottages, river and ocean front properties, farms. Write your wants. Arthur Holtson, Long Branch, N. J.

8-room bungalow, nice porch, outhouse; $395; large plot; shade trees; 35 minutes out; $150, $10 down. Lackawanna, F 238 Times Downtown.

ASBURY PARK ALLENHURST DEAL
Cottages for Sale and Rent.
WM. C. BURROUGHS, ASBURY PARK, N.J.

BROAD ST., 1,004.—House to let, from May 1, 11 rooms, 2 bathrooms, and laundry. Inquire at 1,002 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!—65 Monmouth County farms recently listed; send for new list. Morehouse & Ford, Red Bank, N. J.

For Sale—House, 8 rooms and bath; plot 37x160; near railroad and trolley; good location. 92 Anderson St., Hackensack, N. J.

Real Estate for Exchange.

NEW YORK OWNERS.
Seven lots, including corner, Flatbush, $15,000, free and clear; want unheated new law flat in Manhattan. Might add cash. Send full particulars. Gerome Property Corporation, 6th Av., corner 3d St., Brooklyn.

Will exchange two-family stucco, all light rooms, all improvements, semi-detached, for lots to build on. Bensonhurst, F 290 Times Downtown.

Mortgage Loans.

For Sale—Two good second mortgages; lots of equity; will give 20 per cent. off; South Orange property. Apply Equity, F 311 Times Downtown.

Abundance estate moneys to loan on bond and mortgage in any amounts. Estates, 320 Times Downtown.

We have $2,500 to loan on first or second mortgage, lower east side of Manhattan. Robinson & Lauber, attorneys, 115 Broadway.

Abundance estate funds for Manhattan mortgage loans in any amounts. Estates, 320 Times Downtown.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Store, basement, and first loft for rent at 355-357 West 36th St., containing about 3,000 square feet each; new building, containing electric passenger elevator, steam heat, and electric power; will lease all together or separately; will alter store front to suit tenant's requirements. Particulars of owner, Thomas A. Hill Co., 247 West 36th St., or your own broker.

146 East 34th St.—Store and parlor floors, each 20x80; steam heat, electric light; hardwood floor; excellent light; low rental; will lease separately or together. Apply Hibson Company, 237 Lexington Av., or Deeves, 243 West 34th St.

314 EAST 34TH ST.
Two exceptionally light lofts to rent in entirely renovated and remodeled building; 20x90; elevator service; steam heat; rent, $65 up.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO.
Tel. Cort. 1884. 95 Liberty St.

437 LEXINGTON AV., COR 44TH ST.
Store, basement and floor above to let. Steam heat; rent low; possession May 1. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

THE BROADWAY & 59th ST. BUILDING
Splendid light offices, single or en suite. Modern building; low rents; agent on premises.

A rare opportunity for right party to secure desk space; good equipment; excellent service; opportunity for solicitors. Meacham Co., 149 Broadway.

7TH AVE., N. W. COR. 132D ST.
Store, up to date; modern front; moderate rent; exceptional opportunity. Apply 72 Eighth Av.

Loft, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; elevator, steam heat, power, sprinkler; rental $1,000. Inquire S. Hollinger, 309 Broadway. Phone 4945 Worth.

Doctors.—Magnificent ground floor; electric lights; hardwood floors; private baths; steam heat; telephone; 5 years' lease. 31 West 47th St.

Colwell Building, Lafayette and Walker Sts.—A few very desirable lofts, light three sides; size 60x80; electric lights, steam heat, elevators.

Lofts—152 West St., ridiculously cheap; immediate possession; commission paid brokers. Ellson, 409 Broadway.

55th St., 251 West.—Large front basement, suitable tailor or any business; moderate rent.

3 desirable light lofts, 25x30, steam heat, hoist, and Edison power, at 46 Fulton St. Inquire on premises.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

15th, 637 East.—Vacant lot, about 5,000 square feet; yearly lease; $60 monthly. Chas. Bohlen, Agent, 23d St., corner 3d Av.

A large, light private office to rent; in lawyer's suite; Woolworth Building; all facilities. G 204 Times Downtown.

To Let.—Store; good location; Subway station; rent $75. 602 West 181st St.

At 8 East 18th St., (5th Av.,) two lofts, $30-$40; steam heat.

Brooklyn.

Store—Good business location; good for shoe store or any other business; reasonable price; good opportunity. Berger, 2,825 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

25th, 31 West.—Two, three rooms; private baths; abundance hot water; electricity; kitchenettes, if desired; houses newly opened; very attractive apartments.

141st, 572 West.—Beautifully furnished 4-room front apartment; piano; complete for housekeeping; splendid beds, new and clean; showers; elevator. Marshall.

57TH ST., 57 WEST.—Sublet reasonably, 3 rooms and bathroom; elevator; one flight; maid service; restaurant; every modern convenience. Fitzgerald.

Broadway, 3,440, (corner 140th.)—Nicely furnished six-room apartment, facing Broadway; splendid beds, silver, linens; shower; elevator. Apt. 33.

Beautifully furnished 6 and 7 room apartments, near Drive; elevator; Subway; Summer rates. Boucher, 605 West 112th. Call after 11.

Very low price; kitchenette, large living room, large bedroom, bath; beautifully furnished. Carlton Chambers, 400 Madison Av.

A handsomely furnished 9-room apartment, 14th story, 44 West 77th Street, large rooms. Apply A. L. Brown, on premises.

Apartment, seven rooms, two baths, furnished or unfurnished, from May, for five months or seventeen. 158 West 58th St.

Seven rooms, light view, immediately, well furnished; unquestionable references; reduction. Uhl, 528 West 111th.

To sublet, apartment from May 1, on Riverside Drive, in the 90s, of 10 rooms and 3 baths; furnished or unfurnished. F 79 Times.

122 EAST 82D STREET.
For Summer; new, desirable 5 rooms, bath; maid's toilet. Harmon.

CLAREMONT AV., 49, corner 119th St., West.—Corner apartment; 6 rooms, beautifully furnished; piano.

404 West 115th, (between Park and University)—Seven rooms; sacrifice; Summer, year.) Apartment 51.

[illegible]TH, 417 WEST.—Cozy, well furnished apartment, 5 rooms, bath; restaurant; possession immediately.

Real Estate

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

Commencing May 1.—Seven rooms, two baths; fine light; handsomely furnished, (an additional room unfurnished;) very reasonable; elevator apartment house in the refined Columbia University section; hallboys, telephone service. Can be seen any time. Apartment 4C, 411 West 114th St.

WADSWORTH AV., 200, (corner 183d St.)—Beautifully furnished four-room corner apartment; all outside rooms; convenient Subway; restricted house; asking $35 monthly; Summer months. Call evenings or Sunday, (Skinner;) take Broadway Subway to 181st St.

16th St., 139 East.—Charming five-room apartment; cool and desirable; sublet from May to October; immediate occupancy if desired; moderate rental. Ring janitor's bell or phone Stuyvesant 2522.

St. Nicholas Av., 843, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished four, five, six rooms; elevator, telephone electricity, silver, linen; reduced, $45 monthly upward; rooms adjoining bath, kitchen, $3, $6 weekly.

For Rent.—Well-furnished, spacious, four-room apartment, with bath; large closets; immediate possession; splendid location; admirably adapted to group of students; rent moderate. Z 12 Times.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED.
High-class 7-room apartment; 70th St. and Broadway; 2 handsome baths; reduced rates for Summer. Telephone 8623 Columbus. Blakley, 190 Columbus Av.

64th, 135 West.—A handsomely furnished parlor suite; use of kitchen; southern exposure; hot, cold water; 'phone; also small room.

Housekeeping apartment; 4 rooms and bath; handsomely furnished; all-night service; May to October; highest references necessary. Superintendent, 140 West 55th St.

Furnished or unfurnished, to sublet until October, 7 outside rooms; electricity, elevator, vacuum cleaner, and grand piano; would rent at sacrifice. 'Phone 1525 Mad. Sq.

Five rooms, elevator apartment; piano; southern exposure, unexcelled river view, delightful Summer location; never before rented. 601 West 149th. Apt. 68.

Sublet.—Seven-room apartment; 3 rooms front, $1,150 a year; 1 month concession; occupancy week's notice. Apt. 42, 521 W. 112th. Telephone 7676—Morning.

Elegantly furnished seven-room apartment, facing Broadway, to sublease to Oct. 1; will make reasonable terms to right people. Marshall, 245 West 104th St.

Riverside Drive, 528.—Five rooms and bath, facing Drive; near Grant's Tomb; sixth floor; Apartment 30. Phone Morningside 1776. References required.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

CORNER SIX ROOMS AND BATH,
101 WEST 70TH STREET.
Electric light and steam heat;
Rent $40 to $45. Apply to
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
Cor. 72d St. & Columbus Av.

36 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH.
New 14-story, high class, fireproof apartment house; finest location on the Park; a few very attractive apartments for rent; manager on premises or your own broker.

112TH ST., 521 WEST.—Seven large, sunny rooms, all light; two baths; fireproof; parquet flooring; elevator; near Riverside, Broadway Subway; $1,100 from May 1; one month concession. Apartment 32.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Unfurnished apts., 150 West 79th St.; a great bargain; $2,000 apartment will sublet until Oct. 1st for $100 per month; people leaving town; 7 outside sunny rooms; three baths. Tel. 5285 Schuyler.

A.—102 West 93d St., corner apartment, 7 large rooms, opening on Aqueduct Park, adjoining; hall service; rent $57.50. Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Riverside Drive, 136th St.—Sublet, sacrifice, five large, light, beautiful rooms; cool; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; all improvements. Apply L 9 Times.

Attractive corner apartment, four outside rooms and bath; new; elevator, telephone, &c.; will sublet from May 1. Apartment 6E, 661 West 180th St.

141ST ST., 221 WEST, (7th Av.)—At special rents, elevator apartments, 4-6 room large, light suites, $32-$40. Phone Audubon 2030.

244 West 104th St.—8 light, attractive rooms; west of Broadway; elevator; near Subway, elevated stations; exceptional conveniences.

To sublet, unfurnished, 5 rooms and bath, lease expiring next October; liberal concessions. 430 West 116th St. Apply Supt.

Two upper floors, private house with owner; six extra large, light rooms; bath; hot water, heat; privacy; $55. 419 West 22d.

16th St., 5 West.—Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, or room and bath; all improvements; references required.

36th St., 31 West.—2 and 4 room apartments; all improvements; rent $35 up. Hageman, 67 West 36th St.

Five rooms, elevator, top floor, southern exposure, unobstructed rear view; $45. Hill, 40 West 127th St.

To Sublet, 603 West 111th St.—Apartment, 8 rooms and two baths; unfurnished. Apply on premises.

123d, 547 West, (Broadway.)—Fine elevator apartment; front, sunny six rooms, bath; $50, $55.

29TH ST., 345 WEST.—Second floor, 6 large, light rooms and bath; improvements.

103d, 112 West.—High class four rooms; electricity, telephone; near Subway and L; $26.

East Side.

Madison Av., 1,139, near 85th St.—Single apartment, 6 rooms, all improvements; private hall; select neighborhood; moderate rent. (Inquire janitor.)

Brooklyn.

1,338 and 1,362 Fulton St., near Nostrand, Brooklyn.—Five very fine rooms, bath; $13.50, $14.50.

Long Island.

Apartments of six outside rooms and bath; all improvements; rents, $35 and $40. Address Lenox Apartment House, Box 31, Lawrence, L. I.

Business Opportunities

Chance for the right person with small investment to become owner of a business in extremely profitable line. Whole time and previous knowledge not required. We invite fullest investigation. L 22 Times.

An excellent opportunity to invest $100 to $1,000 in a prosperous manufacturing concern which needs additional funds to meet increase in business; located just outside of New York City. Y 162 Times.

Have you $50 to $400 to invest? We offer you a safe proposition with large profits within six months from present date. Ours is a unique selling plan. We are a corporation of unquestionable reliability. No broker's commissions. S 223 Times.

Party with $10,000 and good business capacity has splendid opportunity becoming identified with new business; large profits assured; investment secured; investigation courted; references; no agents. S 74 Times.

A splendid investment.—I require $6,000 for
A large Summer amusement resort;
A knowledge of the profits will convince you;
A recognized amusement office seeks investor.
V 38 Times.

Firmly established boys' clothing desires partner; investment will yield excellent results for principals and greatly increase present income; A1 references. Apply Mfr., Y 131 Times.

Would prefer to meet financial party for advisal in our business; importers of food specialties; highest commercial references. B 209 Times Downtown.

Clean, legitimate, profitable business invites investment from $150 to $5,000; thorough investigation requested. 1,012 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

Partner wanted, legitimate business; services but no capital required; large profits. G 158 Times.

$1,000 and services seek opening; active man; investigation; must state business. W 36 Times.

Schools.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

DRESSMAKING TAUGHT.—Day and evening classes. Designing, cutting, and grading waists, dresses, cloaks, and suits. Mme. Ward, in charge women's department, d'Alesio's Academy of Design, 244 6th Av.

All branches of dressmaking and millinery taught. School established 1876. Hats made. Patterns cut. McDowell Dressmaking & Millinery School, now occupying its new building. 25 West 35th St.

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN.—Language phone method. 907 Putnam Building, 2 West 45th St.

EXPERT COACHING for examinations in science and mathematics; $3 an hour. V 44 Times.

Lost

LOST—Tuesday, about 10 A. M., either on Broadway car or southwest corner of 22d St. and Hudnut's, small Tiffany silver open faced watch marked "L. C. K.," hanging on swivel and slides of platinum and diamond chips, attached to black ribbon. Return Mrs. L. C. Knox, 1,748 Broadway.

LOST—Plain gold open-face watch, with monogram "L. L. B." on back and gold chain attached. Suitable reward will be paid for return of same to Pickslay & Co., 570 Fifth Av.

LOST—22 gold beads strung on wire, wrapped in paper; valuable through association; about corner 45th St. and 5th Av., west side. Return, reward; 1,715, St. Regis Hotel.

LOST—Between 70th St. and 59th St., Amsterdam Av., Broadway and 5th Av., a lady's gray enamel and diamond watch. Liberal reward. Cartier, 712 5th Av.

LOST.—A diamond horseshoe, between Hotel Knickerbocker, the Playhouse Theatre, Shanley's. Liberal reward for return to cashier, desk, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST—Gold eyeglass case and glasses, monogram "J. S. S." in centre and 12 small monograms around edge; liberal reward. John S. Sills, 604 West 37th.

LOST.—In Harlem Wednesday, diamond earring containing five stones, ⅝ carat each; reward. Return to 226 West 136th St. Telephone 2647J—Morningside.

LOST—Tan kip fox neckpiece, between 116th and 144th Sts., West, or on Subway; substantial reward. Erwin, 668 Riverside Drive. Phone 3420 Audubon.

LOST.—Sunday, between 70th and 89th Sts., Broadway and Central Park West, antique silver necklace; suitable reward. 313 West 89th St.

LOST—Friday, small package of sketches, 140th St. and 8th Av.; value to owner only. Reward if returned to 92 Edgecombe Av.

$40 REWARD for lady's green enameled open-face Tiffany & Co. watch, circle of diamonds on back, and chain to match; lost on Central Park West.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Fox terrier, white, black marks; no license; answers to name of Karats; reward. 10 West 75th.

Automobile Exchange

STEVENS DURYEA USED CARS
REBUILT AND GUARANTEED.
Model AA 6 cyl. Limousine.
" AA 6 cyl Touring.
" Y 6 cyl. Touring.
" U 6 cyl. Touring.
" U 6 cyl. Limousine.
" X 6 cyl. Touring.
" X 6 cyl. Limousine.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
1575 B'WAY. TEL. COL. 5161.

USED MERCEDES CARS FOR SALE.
18 H. P. 1905 Mercedes, 4-pass. touring car.
28-32 H. P. 1905 Mercedes, 2-seated runabout
40 H. P. 1905 Mercedes, 5-pass. touring car.
45 H. P. 1907 Mercedes, 7-pass. touring car.
60 H. P. 1904 Mercedes racing runabout.
Prices on application.
Mercedes Repair Co., 159 East 54th St.
'Phones, Plaza 5100-5101.

New Cars 50% off. Used. All makes. New foredoor bodies, 65% off. Bodies traded. Ford and other Elec. Lgt. outfits, $5. Radiators, steering columns. Sundry parts 75% off. New Ford tops, $7.50; others; all sizes. Del. Wagons, $150 up. Windshields, speed'ters, $5. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way, 3d floor, cor. 54th.

We have several Type "I" Locomobiles, touring and toy tonneau, in good condition, which we will sell at favorable prices for cash. These cars are ideal to turn into delivery wagons. Can be seen at our garage. Greene Motor Car Co., 88 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

Pope-Hartford limousine; fine condition; fully equipped; extra rims; 1910; cheap; chance for bargain; seen at 52 West 67th St.; demonstration by appointment. Write John Sutphen, 11 Desbrosses St.

Barney Oldfield's "Green Dragon," 90 H. P. Peerless racer, at auction for storage charges, Saturday, 11 A. M., April 12; motor fine for motor boat. Charles C. Tough, 511 East 72d St.

1913 model, specially built, sixty horsepower runabout, perfectly equipped, used only two weeks. Will exchange for a town car, limousine or landaulet. F 806 Times Downtown.

GREAT BARGAIN!
White steamer; 20-30 h. p.; excellent running condition; demonstrated at 190 Columbus Av., near 69th St.; 'phone Columbus 8623.

Lozier Light Six 1909, 5-passenger touring body; thoroughly overhauled last Fall and guaranteed for one year. Patrick Sullivan, 115 East 75th St. Telephone 7742 Lenox.

Hupmobile, 32 H. P. touring, $750; Regal, 1912, underslung roadster, $650; exceptional bargains. Used car dep't, 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1546 Prospect.

Simplex touring car, 50 h. p., 1911 model, fully equipped; five passenger, four door; newly painted; motor in fine condition. Apthorp Garage, 214 West 80th St.

A 1913 R. C. H. 5-passenger car, three months' unexpired factory guarantee, complete. Dr. Morrison, 120 East 34th St.; 'phone 4314 Murray Hill.

Opportunity for party with $600 to buy ONE TON DELIVERY CAR, earning $10 per day; steady work; can be seen working. Box Z 4 Times.

Regal 1911 rumble seat runabout, fully equipped, guaranteed, and demonstrated; sold account of reverses. Seen 516 West 145th St. H. S. Baldwin.

Cadillac Landaulet, 1911, in excellent condition; full equipment; seen by appointment. Apartment 15, 80 West 40th St. Telephone 3046 Bryant.

Pierce Arrow, 1911, 6—36; just overhauled, repainted; bargain, $1,875. Kuh, 328 West 30th St.

Baker Electric Victoria, just overhauled and painted, $620; Baker Stanhope, $390; Baker Coupe, $900. Baker Vehicle Company, 1,798 Broadway. Tel. 2830 Col.

Pierce Arrow 1911 touring, 6-48, foredoor; slip covers, Klaxton extra shoe; run only 5,000. Roman, 239 West 56th. Columbus 8987.

Hupmobile, 32 H. P., fully equipped, bargain, $650. H. A. Dingard, 902 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Phone 3827 Bedford.

For Sale.—Five-ton G. Z. electric truck at your own price. The Fleischmann Company, 701 Washington St.

Attention! Will sell two new delivery bodies with top and curtains; 42x7½; at half price. Act quick. Ruff, 728 East 212th.

Pierce-Arrow for sale; six cylinder, seven-passenger touring car, only used few times; cheap. Norman, 153 East 53d St.

For Sale.—Lansden electric delivery wagon, in good condition, $700; small for us. Globe Storage Co., 305 East 61st St.

Fifty slightly used cars of all makes taken in exchange, $150 up. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo the Fifth, 1912, centre control, equipped like new; bargain. Reo 19 West 62d.

Maxwell touring car, $125. Oakland roadster, fully equipped, $350. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Haynes, 50 H. P., fast touring car, guaranteed perfect; sell cheap, $800. 220 West 30th St.

Premier, six cylinder, ran less than 1,000 miles; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Brush runabout; like new; only run 1,000 miles; price $200. 460 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Reo 1912, model R, fully equipped; $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo roadster, torpedo, foredoor, late model; equipped; $450. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Overland, four passenger; fully equipped; $300. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

Owner leaving for Europe will lease until September Packard 40, with limousine and touring bodies, in charge of very competent chauffeur. Apply A. L. Brown, 128 Broadway.

Beautiful private Packard automobile, landaulet or touring for rent; owner drives himself; highly recommended. Hoffman, 105 West 89th St. Riverside 8988.

PACKARD TOURING CARS FOR HIRE.
Anywhere, any time; reasonable. Phone 5754 Riverside. GILLETT-JOHNSON CO.

Just out of factory to-day, magnificent touring Packard, hour, day, week, month; owner drives. House 'phone 4213—Tremont.

For Rent—Packard, five passenger, touring; beautifully equipped; owner drives. 'Phone 3352—Greeley. Burnett.

For Rent—Packard, $50 week; owner drive. 'Phone 1110—Audubon.

Automobile Supplies.

OILS.—Hygrade auto oils, 20c. per gallon. Telephone 2967 Morningside for trial barrel.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 54TH ST.
Booklet explains WHY our course is best. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway baby grand for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Sohmer upright piano; fine order; cost $600; sell for $135. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Business Notices

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT. } GOLD,
Diamonds, Oriental Pearls, } SILVER,
Colored Stones, Antique Silver. } PLATINUM.
Bank references. Open evenings. Private office.
BENJAMIN FEINGOLD, 469 6th Av.,
Between 28th and 29th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable, well furnished, single, double rooms; superior table; references; table guests.

34TH, 117-119 EAST { Large and small rooms, with board.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large and small rooms; elevator; parlor dining; uniformly good table.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent table board; table guests; telephone.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Finely furnished, homelike rooms; hot water; excellent board; airy location.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephone; superior table.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two desirable rooms, with board.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; southern exposure; good board; Subway; telephone; reference.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, board; private baths; families; convenient cars; reasonable.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second floor front room; private bath; with or without board; references.

73D, 181 WEST.—Subway; double and single rooms; southern exposure; excellent table; Summer rates.

73D, 155 WEST.—Double and single rooms; every convenience; excellent table; phone; moderate.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Eighteenth year; rooms, with bath; excellent table; references.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny rooms; generous table; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

76TH, 237-239 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large and small rooms; extra table.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; elegant private house; gentlemen; moderate.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent board; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
NORECE HALL AND THE BONHEUR.
RESIDENTIAL HOTELS.
ATTRACTIVE—UNUSUAL—HOMELIKE.
SOUTHERN COOKING; WHITE SERVICE.
Out-of-town guests accommodated; references. Write for booklet.

80TH, 121 and 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms, attractively furnished; private baths; excellent home table; parlor dining; moderate; transient or permanent; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; inducement to business people; reference.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room; electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; also private bath; business people. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Desirable large room for two, three; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH ST., 149 West.—Rooms with board, beautiful street, excellent table; private house; references.

95TH ST., 50 WEST.—Near Park, "L," Subway express; only few accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Most attractive second floor; private bath; physician, dentist, bachelors. Riverside; Subway.

105TH, 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling; absolutely perfect for comfort and convenience; extra large, sunny front room, gentleman or small family.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Unsurpassed table board; business gentlemen preferred; also rooms. Phone Morningside 8136.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large front room, overlooking Columbia campus; private bath; table guests accommodated.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Three very large, sunny, attractive corner rooms, Morningside Heights, overlooking Park, city's greatest view; celebrated restaurant; rooms; $20.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, also single rooms, with board.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms, electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

A.—A.—WHEELOCK MANSION.
158th St. and Hudson River, two blocks Subway station; unusually attractive rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water, showers; large private grounds; piazza 125x10 feet; telephone.

LA PORTE HOTEL, 1,161 Amsterdam Av., corner 117th St.—Highest location in Manhattan; single and double rooms, newly decorated; home cooking; Summer rates.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Unusual opportunity for refined married couple to secure accommodations in private adult family owning beautifully furnished apartment; southwestern exposure; highest references exchanged. C 100 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (two blocks north of 157th St. Subway.)—Beautiful grounds. Woodbury. Audubon 4412.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END AV., 916.—To people who understand first-class room and board; private family; Summer rates if permanent. 'Phone 5262 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 762, (97th St.)—Double and single rooms; also table board.

Country Board

Pennsylvania.

Superior board and attendance in a modern stone house, in a farming locality in Pennsylvania, for three or four adults, desiring quiet and peacefulness of simple life; fresh eggs, poultry and vegetables; terms reasonable. Write for particulars, Y 14 Times.

WOODLEIGH, Towanda, Penn.—Large modern country home; proprietress trained nurse; will take invalids, convalescents, or persons wishing to rest; first-class accommodations; excellent table; fine climate; driving, automobiling, boating, fishing, tennis; booklet. Address Miss Elizabeth Lamb.

Long Island.

Garden City Estates.—A real home for two business people or health seekers, with private couple; near golf links. W 47 Times.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ADDING MACHINES
rebuilt, all styles and makes; Burroughs, Comptometers, Wales, &c., for sale or rent, from $40 up; guaranteed for one year.

ADDING MACHINE INSP. & SALES CO.,
Phone 6739 Cort. 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Two Meitz & Weiss 18 H. P. oil engines, with generator and full equipment; engines in first-class operating condition; must sell because they are too small for present need. Apply or write Ward Motor Vehicle Co., Concord Av. and East 143d St., Bronx. Tel. Mel. 8300.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway at Leonard St. } Tel. 5408
956 Broadway at 23d St. } Franklin.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Typewriting rented, 3 months, $4.50 up; sold at lowest prices, cash or payments; expert repairing. Durant McLean Typewriter Co., 205 Broadway.

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets, and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you. Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St. Tel. 603 Franklin.

For Sale.—Show cases suitable for cloak or jewelry house; also fixtures, including fourteen Humphrey arc lights. Harris & Harrington, 12 Barclay Street, New York City.

Typewriters, all makes, $10 to $65; multigraphs, adding machines bought, sold. Eagle Typewriter Co., 312 Broadway and 147 East 23d St.

150 typewriters costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out 393 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 82 Centre.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

5TH AV., 25, (refined surroundings.)—Beautiful, large rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 16 EAST, near 5th Av.—Bright, cheerful, well-furnished, large, small rooms; reasonable.

19TH ST., 134 EAST, (Gramercy Section.)—Handsome, sunny suite; two large rooms, bath; telephone; references.

22D, 33 EAST.—Beautifully furnished front suites; electricity; private baths; small room.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light, telephone.

43D ST., 13 EAST.—Large rooms, running water; reference.

44TH ST., 136 EAST.—Large, sunny, attractive room, all conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without bath; gentlemen; references.

65TH, 159 EAST.—Large front and back, separately or together; private house; all convenience. Telephone 4964 Plaza.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive room; ideal location; suitable for doctor; board optional: Summer rates; phone.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private bath; board optional; telephone Gramercy 1978.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (Near 35th.)—Large, well-furnished, sunny, double room; small room; bath; strictly private house; near Subway; references exchanged.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.—Comfortable furnished front large and small rooms; all conveniences; telephone; reference.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Nice small room; fine surroundings; steam heat; 'phone; reference.

12TH St., 48 West.—Private suite, all conveniences; comfortable, clean, first-class house; single room. 4076 Chelsea.

14TH ST., 238 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, daintily furnished room; private family; gentlemen. Gosford's bell.

20TH ST., 428 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room opposite seminary; all improvements, telephone.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large room; running water, bath; private house; gentlemen; $3.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished; bath, telephone; $2 upward; men. Hughes, Number 322 only.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Newly opened, elegantly furnished house; electric lights, private baths, hardwood floors; telephone.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms; large and single; private baths; board optional; references. 4589 Bryant.

49TH ST., 235 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Comfortable single and double rooms; running water; $2 up.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private family; elegantly furnished, large, sunny room, connecting bath; gentleman; references.

57TH, 400 WEST.—Beautiful, large parlor; smaller outside rooms; elevator, telephone. Murray. Col. 8057.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Handsomely appointed large and small rooms; continuous supply of hot water; beautiful location, opposite Central Park: gentlemen; references.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—(Hotel New York); single rooms $5 per week up; rooms with private bath $7 per week up; parlor, bedroom and bath $10.50 week up; transient.

63D, 107 West.—A handsomely furnished large parlor and bedroom; housekeeping; bath; 'phone; hot and cold water; $7; single room, $3.

63D ST., 141 WEST.
Furnished room; private house; one, two gentlemen.

38 WEST 68TH ST.
Bachelor apartments, all conveniences, one, two rooms, bath; hot and cold water every room; absolutely private; breakfast optional. Phone 7747 Columbus.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; Subway, "L"; splendid home for refined business people; continuous hot water; conveniences; 'phone; reference.

69TH, 135 WEST.—Large parlor; private bath; other rooms; meals optional; telephone; choice location.

71ST ST., 261 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, private baths; electric light; suitable for one or two; all conveniences; private family; $8 and $10.

71ST ST., 165 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; cozy home for refined people; hot water; telephone.

71ST ST., 227 WEST.—Front room, with bath; southern exposure; near Subway express. Columbus 6616.

71ST ST., 261 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; electric light; all conveniences; private family.

72D, 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room, select bachelors only; furnished or unfurnished rooms or en suite; "L" and Subway.

73D ST., 261 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room, with bow window; southern exposure; bath adjoining.

75TH ST, 58 WEST.—Boston lady's residence, quiet, sunny, attractive room; bath, telephone; references; reasonable.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive room; ideal location; suitable for doctor; board optional; Summer rates; phone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Quiet, attractive fourth floor back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Small light rooms, suitable business man; private family; telephone; reasonable. Dutton.

78TH ST., 115 WEST.—Three large, bright, newly furnished rooms; private house; one block from Central Park, Subway, and elevated; $35, $30, and $25 a month; gentlemen preferred; references required.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Attractive medium sized room; running water; private family; gentleman preferred; references.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room; running water; twin beds, &c.; also delightful large room; light housekeeping; Subway; reasonable.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Unusually large front room; three windows; private bath optional; privileges; electric light; parlor floor, suitable physician; Summer rates.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Gentlemen, superior accommodations for those appreciating quiet surroundings; electricity; Summer rates.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished rooms; running water; board optional; moderate.

82D, 47 WEST.—Large room, first-class accommodations; gentlemen or business couple; references; moderate.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Hall room, southern exposure; adjoining bath; clean, neat, and comfortable; references.

82D ST., 78 WEST.—Large front room and alcove; bath, electric light. Coombs.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Private house, overlooking Drive; large, small, exceptionally desirable; shower; telephone, moderate.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large room; private bath; medium and small; telephone; reasonable; references.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—A fine, large room; also large hall room; gentlemen; references.

88TH ST., 100 WEST.—Parlor suite; no other roomers. Phone 8650 Riverside.

92D, 204 WEST.—Room, with running water; also pleasant single room; Subway; phone. Possons.

93D, 35 WEST.—Cheerful; large, small; front rooms; running water; "L"; telephone; $6, $1.50.

93D ST., 137 WEST.—Large south front room; running water; private house; "L," Subway; references.

93D, 175 WEST.—Parlor suite; large and small front rooms; newly furnished; Subway, "L."

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; room suitable for two; twin beds; elevator apartment. Grossman.

101ST ST., 60 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; bath; in elegant corner apartment, facing park; private 'phone; light housekeeping if desired; reasonable. Hazlet.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful, large, elegantly furnished, with dressing room; also smaller rooms; near Subway and elevated; private house. Phone 5068 River.

103D ST., 145 WEST.—Attractive sunny room, suitable for business gentlemen; private house; telephone; references.

104TH ST., 144 WEST.—Attractive front parlor; cozy, single, $2.50; cleanliness; congenial surroundings; gentlemen. Copeland.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Bright, attractively furnished room; elevator apartment; private family; references. Apartment 53.

108TH ST., 241 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in private apartment, connecting bath. Inquire Nelson.

109TH ST., 301 WEST, (Broadway.)—Two handsomely furnished outside rooms; private family. Phone 6321 Riverside.

111TH ST., 605 WEST, (near Drive.)—Attractive, sunny room, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean; running water; refinement; gentleman. Apt. 19. 'Phone 4740 Morning.

111TH, 503 WEST.—Nice room for couple; kitchen privileges; high-class apartment; reasonable. Apartment 51.

111TH ST., 532 WEST.—Small room; all conveniences; no other roomers. Gale.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

111TH, 605 WEST, (Apartment 15.)—Beautiful rooms; overlooking Riverside and Broadway; private house; Subway.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, (Cathedral Heights.)—Southern exposure; elevator; New Englanders; reasonable; 1,095 Morningside. Merriam.

112TH ST., 605 WEST.—Large, scrupulously clean room; near Drive and Subway; Summer rates. Boucher.

114TH, 500 WEST.—Homelike, comfortable room, $3.50; light, airy, fine view; bath; convenient; telephone; near Subway, parks; private. Plinton.

115TH ST., 620 WEST.—Desirable outside room in elevator apartment; room faces Riverside Drive; references. Inquire Apartment 62.

116TH ST., 404 WEST, (Overlooking Morningside Park.)—Light, attractive rooms; block Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Rooms that are different; elevator, telephone service; reasonable. Smith.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite; also small room; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apt. 32.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Private French family, refined, offers neat comfortable room; $4; references. Corneille.

122D, 500 WEST.—Medium room; homelike atmosphere; elevator; lavatory; kitchen; woman; reasonable; references. Brown.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive corner rooms; home atmosphere; elevator; telephone; references. Apply Apartment 51.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Unusually fine rooms; $3 up; also two-room apartment; moderate. Sherman.

122D ST., 126 WEST.—Large and small room in private family; references.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Newly decorated, light, well-furnished rooms, $3, $5; refined home. Dana.

127TH ST., 619 WEST.—Furnished room, private bath and entrance; elevator. Apartment 63.

128TH, 48 WEST.—Two splendidly furnished rooms, connecting; very reasonable; quiet, private home; telephone.

137TH ST., 607 WEST.—Large front room, near Riverside and Subway; newly furnished; immaculately clean; for rent; reasonable. Apartment 43. Aud. 1600.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Single or suite; private baths; overlooking Hudson; dining room service. Pierson.

148TH ST., 546 WEST.—In private house; large room; modern conveniences; select; bachelor; references. Owner.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Nicely furnished room in private house; all conveniences; 'phone; lavatory; reasonable.

159TH ST., 481 WEST.—Parlor, corner, independent; elevator; electric light; telephone; reasonable. Apt. 17.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE. P. O. 1716.

BANK ST., 33.—Desirable large, small rooms; gentlemen or couples; running water; telephone service; very reasonable.

ELEGANTLY furnished room, Rhinecliff Court, 788 Riverside Drive; Apartment 3B; 'phone 5756 Audubon.

LARGE, sunny front room in private house, one block from express Subway and "L"; electric lights, closet, running water. Telephone 3426 Columbus.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (127th.)—Exclusive, refined home; excellent board; gentlemen. 'Phone 3753 Morning. Apartment 4B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Alabama Apartments.)—Single rooms; also suites; references. Manager, on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552.—Front room, facing Drive; near Subway; $6. Phone 7028 Morningside. Button.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished.

JAPANESE gentleman wants room with private family between 90th and 180th Sts., west side. L 19 Times.

Help Wanted Female.

MODEL, perfect 39, in fur house. J. Freystadt & Son, 44 West 28th St.

SEVERAL POSITIONS OPEN FOR EXPERIENCED TOILET GOODS DEMONSTRATORS, WITH THE KOLYNOS COMPANY, OUT OF CITY. JAS. D. LOCKHEAD, 109 WEST 42D ST.

STENOGRAPHER and CASHIER.—Experienced, rapid worker; $14. Z 5 Times.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF BABY; GOOD HOME. ADDRESS, STATING WAGES EXPECTED, EXPERIENCE, &c. L 21 TIMES.

WANTED—Nurse, (white) for 17-months-old baby; city references. Apply mornings and evenings. Benedict, 318 West 100th St. Telephone No. 8642 River.

WANTED.—Dressmaker for theatrical costumes. Sachetti & Peonprimer, 187 West Houston St.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING and advertising novelty salesmen to take a new and very attractive novelty as a side line. L 39 Times.

MANAGER for used car department; must be mechanic and salesman, able to appraise overhauled and sell; references required. F. W. Ferguson, P. O. Box 18, St. B., Brooklyn.

OPPORTUNITY for salesmen selling commercial car; owner's staple line; experience necessary. 'Phone 1162 Broad.

SALESMEN WANTED.
Those who have earned $5,000 per year or more; men of energy, self-reliance, and good address, to present an investment (not a promotion) of great earning capacity; corporations whose total resources aggregate more than $50,000,000 enter into the transaction; interview by appointment only. Telephone James T. White, Chelsea 8135.

SALESMAN to represent a house of $16.50 and $24.00 lingerie waists in the New England States; only those having a following need apply. L 17 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; earn while you learn. Write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,001 Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMAN.—Young and aggressive, acquainted with costume and cloak and suit manufacturers. Call 12 to 1 o'clock. M. Marks, 39 West 32d St.

SALESMAN with thorough knowledge of paper business to represent paper and envelope manufacturers. Apply Z 6 Times.

WANTED.—Refined, well-dressed men, above 40, but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED.—Experienced salesman in the fancy goods and notion novelty lines to travel for Chicago concern in the Central Western States; state experience, including amount of sales and territories covered. Address Box Y 176 Times.

YOUNG MAN WANTED—Duties in chart room and statistics; must be good penman; hospital experience preferred; age about 25; salary $40 month, with board. Post Graduate Hospital, 2d Av. and 20th St.

YOUNG MAN, neat appearance, for cigar counter; $8 weekly and meals. Apply by letter only. M., 133 East 17th St.

Instruction.

A.—A.—BOOKKEEPERS.
Any business or profession can best be taught by an expert active in that field. Theo. Koehler, C. P. A., prominent in accounts for 25 years, conducts
The NEW YORK SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTS,
1,133 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.
Personal Attention: Individual Instruction in Bookkeeping, for C. P. A. Degree. Factory Costs. Write for booklets, curriculum, terms.

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Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. 769 Lexington Av. Phone, Plaza 4961.

Agents Wanted

Capable district managers to establish supply stations to market Prof. Hirsch's famous rat and other vermin exterminators; used by U. S. Government and largest concerns; write for application regarding territory; references required. Prof. Hirsch's Chemical Co., Suite 716, 28 Elm St., New York City.

Situations Wanted

Female.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, efficient; familiar with office routine; $15. E., 1,418 5th Av.

Situations Wanted

Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Just completed thorough course advanced bookkeeping; take trial balance, open, close ledger; small salary start. Walsh, 34A Windsor Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge office details; highly intelligent; small salary. B., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

COMPANION.—Agreeable, trustworthy young woman desires a position as companion or social secretary; willing to travel. Y 179 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon, evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

NURSE.—Experienced; wishes a position with one child; city references. Miss F. Lutz, 190 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, (18,) beginner; excellent penman; accurate, neat; American; no agency; refined, anxious; two years high school; $8. F 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, principally machinery, billing, general office work; bright, intelligent, refined; good references. Owner, 204 Dean St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, wishes customers; manuscripts, specifications, copyist, correspondence; reasonable. Miss Foody, 25 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter and bookkeeper; reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER; 5 years' experience; brokerage, contracting, commercial references; $15. Competent, F 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, refined; thoroughly experienced; knowledge office details; salary, $15. E., 511 West 186th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Trial, $3; owns machine; copy, 10c. page; references. Miss Barker, 135 East 18th St.

TYPIST, telephone operator; one and a half years' experience; salary, $9. A. F., 511 West 186th St.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes to care for invalid lady, elderly person; references. H. K., Times Harlem.

Situations Wanted

Male.

A.—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Accounting student (25) desires good opening; salary secondary; references. G. N. Grebe, 65 Duffield St., Brooklyn.

ABLE YOUNG MAN, 20, university education, bookkeeping experience, desires opportunity; no soliciting. W 48 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—MONTHLY AUDITS that show conditions, inexpensive systems installed, investigations, partnership and corporation auditing, dissolutions, reorganizations. Newman, 429 6th Av. 'Phone Mad. Sq. 8322.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, one year public accounting and seven years' commercial experience, seeks temporary position with public accountant. L 45 Times.

An Expert Cost Accountant and Systematizer, with broad Industrial Engineering experience, seeks opportunity to create position for himself as "General Efficiency Man" and demonstrate, through modern efficiency methods, his ability to effect savings in direct cost and overhead expense. E. B., Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly up; trial balances; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 B'way. 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, disentangled, systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 621 Broadway, Room 632. Telephone 6626 Spring.

BOOKKEEPER.—Permanent position with promising outlook for future wanted by young man; industrious and painstaking; capable taking complete charge of any phase of double entry bookkeeping; salary to start $22. Nelson, 786 Forest Av., City.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER.—Competent, reliable; 12 years' experience with large import and manufacturing houses; speaks German and French; recommendations. G 206 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 23; knowledge foreign exchange, office details; at present employed; references. F 267 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (25;) thoroughly experienced; trial balances, controlling accounts; take entire charge; ferences. V 43 Times.

CARETAKERS.—Honest German couple wish caretakers' position, private. Address Caretaker, 1,035 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC, 11 years' experience; repairs and overhauling; city references; expert driver. C. H. C., 75 West 97th St., care Connolly.

CHAUFFEUR.—Assistant or second man; Licensed; graduate Y. M. C. A. school; personal references from private family. Y 180 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Five years' experience; own repairing; careful driver; sober; references. Dohm, 309 West 50th St.

COLLECTION MANAGER of large experience desires a position; thoroughly familiar with installment plans and details. W 33 Times.

COMPANION—SECRETARY.—Young Scotch engineer, well educated, with several years' high power automobile experience abroad. V 47 Times.

COST or ledger clerk, young man, 20; good penman; exceptional figurer; 3 years' experience; excellent references. I. S., 823 Park Av., Brooklyn.

COUPLE as chauffeur and waitress; experienced; good references. Address Couple, 950 6th Av.

CREDIT MAN, OFFICE MANAGER, 45, seeks reappointment; 20 years' experience New York wholesale and retail houses; salary commensurate with responsibility. Credit, 43 Times.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—First-class mechanical or electrical, some structural, desires position in city. L 50 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced in interior decorative marble. Write Voska, Foelsch & Sidlo, Astoria, L. I.

GARDENER.—Married, no children, age 32, wants to take charge of private place with greenhouses by May 1; first-class references. Address John Vanderwal, 195 Henry St., Stamford, Conn.

MAN, intelligent, 22 years' work, anything; advancement. Henry Shapiro, care Hoffman, 242 East 112th St.

MOTHER AND SON would act as caretakers for Winter home of refined family; best references furnished. L 57 Times.

PARQUET, hardwood floors, furniture, refinished, polished, equal to new; city, country; references; reasonable. Haefs, Expert, 50 Hunterdon St., Newark, N. J.

PORTER.—German; married; good cleaner; handy with tools; references. A. B., 4,354 Park Av., Bronx.

SAMPLE CARD SALESMAN.—Five years' experience with previous employer. G 201 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Five years' experience, capable of taking charge of city and out-of-town traffic, desires position with opportunity for advancement; excellent references. E 98 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Evenings or afternoons; college graduate; experienced, competent; science, art, education, &c.; now private secretary. Stenographer, 412 East 136th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic young man desires position with some reliable concern where there is advancement. G 211 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Young man, English, desires position as valet; will travel; good knowledge of French; bachelor or single man preferred. Address R. Seymour, 158 East 60th St.

VALET.—English; good appearing, trustworthy; excellent American and English references. G 148 Times.

WEST POINTER, three years at Academy, desires position until September. A 18 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) 4 years' experience as investigator in bank, desires position credit department of bank or commercial house. W 43 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, attending New York University School of Accountancy evening, desires opportunity. V 45 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school education, conscientious, versatile, desires position. F 320 Times Downtown.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

A.—FOR EXCELLENT colored servants 'phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

ALL HELP, (selected colored,) shortest notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 28 West 134th St. Harlem 6370.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT help, short notice, procurable at Progressive Agency; reliable. 34 West 131st St. 3370 Harlem.

EXPERIENCED couples, cooks, general workers, colored; city or country. Instant Relief Agency. 7288 Morningside.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d. Tel. 9527 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. Tel. 6916 Morningside.

HARPERS BOOKS

The Judgment House
By Sir Gilbert Parker.

Now and then a book, a novel, sweeps us off our feet—lifts us out of the work-a-day world and sets us down in the delectable country of romance—breathless but happy. So with "The Judgment House." And this is as it should be because it is above all a wholly satisfying story—a story of wide spaces and of a Cleopatra-like heroine swaying men, and almost the destinies of nations, by the inescapable charm of personality and beauty.

The Sojourner
By Robert D. Elder.

A story of the West, with realistic descriptions of adventure and life, and a tender love story. The hero, a popular senior at Princeton and son of a multi-millionaire, had apparently a smooth way of life ahead of him. Yet fate and his own idealism led him into rough roads. A woman tried to wreck his life, and nearly succeeded.

The Bend In The Road
By Truman A. De Weese.

A book to coax the city man to the country. Shows the way to health and contentment through a return to pleasant pastoral pursuits. The city toiler of moderate means will learn from it how easy it is to acquire a small "country place" near the scene of his daily employment, where he can find that contentment which comes from living in intimate relation with the soil.

The Wings of Pride
By Louise Kennedy Mabie

"For once at least the publisher's announcement on the slip cover of a work of fiction is a statement of fact. Louise Kennedy Mabie's 'The Wings of Pride' is a remarkable 'first novel.' It would be a fine tenth novel from an old hand."—*N. Y. Press.* "The book is extraordinarily well done. We'll hear more of its author."—*Syracuse Post Standard.* "Fiction readers are all talking about Louise Kennedy Mabie, a new novelist, and her first book, 'The Wings of Pride.' The story is at once so human and so masterly in style that it promises great things from its writer for the future. It is a first novel of rare power."—*Boston Globe.*

Scientific Auction Bridge
By E. V. Shepard.

"I have read all the books on Auction Bridge. E. V. Shepard's is the best of them all. I doubt if a better one will ever be written. Other writers teach by illustrative hands which you may never hold. He gives simple rules for bidding and playing any hand possible to deal. Every feature of the game is discussed in a way to aid both beginner and expert player. He gives valuable facts concerning the game which have never before been put in concrete form. The rules are clear, practical, and easy to remember. The work is not based upon personal opinion, but is founded upon mathematical facts. Every player should own a copy of this work."—A. L. Robinson, M. D., Vice-President, Knickerbocker Whist Club.

HARPERS MAGAZINE | HARPERS BAZAR | HARPERS WEEKLY

RAZOR BLADES RESHARPENED
Quality work. Prompt Service. Mail Orders.
Gillettes, 35c.; Gems, &c., 25c. doz.
50 Church St. (window Standard Drug Co.)
156 E. 23d St., near Lexington Av.
Grant Sales Co., 253 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SIPP TELLS HOW HE WAS PAID TO FLEE

Grafters First Urged Him to Go to Southern Sanitarium, Says Star Witness.

FEARED OPERATION PLAN

New Story Involves Hussey, Rouss, and Newell—Sipp Refuses to Shake Hands with Walsh.

George A. Sipp, the star witness of District Attorney Whitman against Edward J. Newell and others in the police graft cases, added another chapter yesterday to the story of how the police graft system tried to keep him out of the State to hush up the police scandal. The trip to Atlantic City, he said, was a compromise. The original intention, he asserted, was to send him to a sanitarium in South Carolina for a dangerous operation. Sipp refused to comply with this arrangement because he feared he would be "carried home in a box."

The statement which Sipp made to the newspapers, and which he is believed to have repeated before the grand jury, contains the story of the transfer of the hush money. It not only involves Lawyer Newell, who has already confessed his transactions, but also involves ex-Inspector James E. Hussey and Lawyer Jacob Rouss. Here is the statement:

"The bribery scheme to get me out of New York and prevent me from testifying before the grand jury dates back to Dec. 26, when I received a telephone call to go to the house of Edward J. Newell at 113th Street and Broadway. I arrived there at 10:30 o'clock that morning and saw Newell. He told me of the scheme to get me out of the country.

"Newell said he was authorized to offer me $1,000 and $100 a week so long as it seemed advisable for me to stay away.

"Newell went on to explain that the plan was to have me go to a lodge in South Carolina, which was owned by a doctor friend of his; that he had arranged for the doctor to operate on me and that the bills for the treatment would be paid by others.

"He informed me that I was stirring up a lot of muddy water, and that I would be the sufferer in the end. He declared that I did not know where the investigation would end, but that he was a lawyer and knew more about it than I did.

Suspicious of Operation.

"I became suspicious because of the fact that he was desirous of arranging for my operation by a doctor unknown to me. I was afraid that if I did go to South Carolina and was operated on the operation might not be successful—in other words, I was afraid I might have been carried home in a box.

"I told him that I would not accept his offer under the conditions he named. I told him that if he advised me to leave this State and stay away, and if my expenses were paid, I would do so. But as for the operation, if necessary, I preferred to have it done by my own family physician and not by a surgeon unknown to me. He said if I would promise to leave the State and not return until this whole matter had blown over he would see the people interested and arrange for the money end. At that time I was under subpoena to appear before Magistrate Barlow at 10 o'clock the following morning in the hearing of the case against Patrolman Eugene F. Fox in the Tombs Court.

"My son Howard was under subpoena to appear at Police Headquarters that afternoon, Dec. 26. Newell told me to telephone home and have Howard stay in bed until late in the day, and then to have him come down to Newell's office and hide himself there. Above all things Newell urged me to have Howard keep away from Headquarters.

"Newell then called up Inspector Hussey at his home and said:

"'I can arrange that matter all right.'

"I then called up Howard and asked him not to leave the house before 1 o'clock in the afternoon. When he did leave I instructed him to go straight to Newell's office and follow Newell's advice.

Phone Talk with Rouss.

"I thereupon left Newell's home and attended to some business, but went to Newell's office at 5:45 o'clock that afternoon. My son had been there all day. I asked Newell if he had everything fixed up. He said he had not, as he expected to get a telephone call from Jacob Rouss at 6 o'clock. Rouss did not phone, so Newell called Rouss's office up and instructed the operator to ask for 'Mr. McNulty' and to say, if asked who was calling, that 'Mr. McNulty' was on the wire. The operator did not quite understand this. Then Howard said:

"'Well, tell him Mr. Newell is calling him.'

"Then Rouss answered and made a date to meet us uptown.

"We went uptown and got off at Ninety-sixth Street. Newell went into a near-by saloon and spoke to Rouss. Newell came out of the saloon and told Howard and me that everything was all right. He asked me not to go home that evening, and made a date to meet me in front of the Guardian Trust Company Building, Jersey City, at 4 P. M., the next day.

"He met me and paid me $250. He asked me to give him $100 in return as his fee. Newell then made a date for 5 P. M. the following day at the same place, which we kept. He failed, however, to bring any money, but in explanation, said:

"'They are all afraid to go to the bank to get the money as Whitman has all the banks watched.'

"Newell then made another date for Sunday, Dec. 29, at the same spot.

"Newell did not bring any money when he met me on Sunday, but stated that he would call Hussey and the rest of the Inspectors interested late in the evening, and have the money for me the next day. He arranged to meet me the following day at the Continental Hotel in Newark.

"About 3:30 o'clock the next afternoon, Detective Conway came to the hotel and announced that Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty wanted to see me. I refused to go to see Dougherty until I had consulted my lawyer, Newell.

"At 4 P. M. Newell called me up on the 'phone. I told him about Conway and he said for me to lose Conway. He asked me to meet him at Strettler's Restaurant in Newark later in the evening.

Newell Wanted Paper Signed.

"I met Newell there. Mrs. Sipp and Howard were with me. Newell wanted Howard to sign a paper saying that he (Howard) never saw me pay Fox any money and never himself paid any money to police officials. I objected to this, so did Mrs. Sipp. She said:

"'Now, Mr. Newell, you don't want Howard to perjure himself.'

"Newell replied:

"'It's not perjury; this paper is just one to show good faith, and there is no harm in Howard signing it.'

"Mrs. Sipp and I, however, refused to let Howard sign the paper.

"We then went back to the Hotel Continental and Newell tried to get Inspector Hussey on the 'phone at his station house, but was told that the Inspector was home. After that he called Hussey at his home. The Inspector's sister answered the telephone. She got Hussey. After that Newell called up Rouss at his home and explained to Rouss that Howard refused to sign the paper and asked for instruction. Rouss said:

"'I can't decide. I will have to see the others and then will let you know.'

"Rouss promised to call us up at midnight and let us know the decision.

"Becoming impatient, Newell decided to call up Hussey at the latter's home. Hussey's sister answered the 'phone and got the Inspector to the wire. Newell told him that Howard would not sign the paper. Hussey said:

"'Pay Sipp, anyway.'

"Newell thereupon informed Hussey about Rouss, to which Hussey replied:

"'All right. I'll call up Rouss and tell him it's all O. K.'

Sipp Gets His Bribe.

"We left the hotel for a walk, intending to return at midnight. We arrived at the hotel at 11:50 P. M., and were informed that a 'phone call from New York had been put in for us. Newell got angry. He immediately called up Rouss and told him to be more careful in the future, as some one else might have answered the phone. He asked Rouss what the decision was, and Rouss answered:

"'It's all right. Pay Sipp the money.'

"Newell came out of the 'phone booth and paid me the remainder of the money due me."

While Sipp was talking to the reporters ex-Capt. Thomas W. Walsh made his appearance in the corridor adjoining Assistant District Attorney Groehl's office. Sipp and Walsh had not met since the storm over the graft exposure first broke in Harlem. In the "good old days" they were fast friends.

"Hello, George, how are you?" said Walsh, who appeared to look a little better than he did during the trial of ex-Patrolman Hartigan.

At the same time Walsh extended his hand. No hand went out to meet his, however, and Sipp fairly yelled his contempt of the broken-down police Captain.

"Don't speak to me," said Sipp. "I have some respect left, and I think more of my dog than I do of you."

Sipp's grudge against Walsh dates back to the time when he was being "framed up" by the police on a heinous charge intended to discredit his testimony before the Curran Aldermanic Committee. All through the testimony before the Aldermen Sipp had tried to "cover up" Walsh, and successfully did so. Walsh, in return for this kindness, Sipp insisted, should have put a stop to the "frame up." In spite of the differences of personal opinions Sipp and Walsh agree on every detail in their stories of Harlem graft collections.

HARTIGAN GETS DAY'S GRACE.

Sheriff Harburger expects to take ex-Patrolman Hartigan, convicted of perjury in connection with the graft investigation, to Sing Sing on the train leaving the Grand Central at 11:10 o'clock this morning. The trip would have been made yesterday, but it was thought for a time that Hartigan's testimony might be required before the Grand Jury.

Hartigan spent his last day in the Tombs without making any requests to see the District Attorney. It is most likely that he will take his medicine without flinching. A request was made by friends of Mrs. Hartigan to postpone the trip until Monday, but Mr. Whitman referred the request to the Sheriff.

YOUNG TURNS UPON OTHER TAXI ROBBERS

Leader Who Confessed Rebels When Called as a Witness by Defense in Trial of Four Men.

IDENTIFIES ONE PRISONER

Bolger, He Says, Was One of the Men Who Stole $1,968 from Silk Firm Messengers.

Joseph A. Young, known as Joseph A. Taylor, and the confessed leader of the gang of taxicab bandits who are alleged to have committed more than twenty robberies, caused a stir before Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday when he testified as a witness for the defense in the case of four alleged taxicab robbers on trial. His testimony was not favorable to the defense, as he identified one of the defendants, Patrick Bolger, as a member of his gang of robbers. Young said Bolger stole $1,968 from Edmund Weyller and Charles Webber, messengers for the Silk Finishing Company.

Young was called in the case of Bolger, Robert and George McVetty, and Charles C. Clark, known as "Yellow First," a gang leader. They were on trial for holding up and robbing Henry Holstein, a bartender, in a saloon at Twenty-fifth Street and Thirteenth Avenue, and for stealing $33 in McDermott's saloon at 351 West Seventeenth Street. W. S. Kennedy, counsel for the defendants, said he wanted to call Young to refute an assertion made in a newspaper at the time of his confession. This story was to the effect that Bolger had blackjacked Weyller and taken the money the messengers were carrying. Assistant District Attorney Bostwick objected to calling Young, but after the defendants' counsel had said a few words to Judge Foster he withdrew his objection. Young was then called, but sent back word that he refused to appear until he had seen Mr. Bostwick. Mr. Bostwick then went to see the witness in the prison pen.

"Please don't call me," Mr. Bostwick, pleaded Young.

"I'm not calling you,' replied the prosecutor. "The defense wants you."

"What!" shouted Young, as he began to walk toward the court room. "That's beyond me."

"Is it a fact that you said Bolger was with you when the messengers from the silk company were robbed?" Mr. Kennedy asked Young.

"Why, yes. He was with me and six other fellows," the witness replied. "We had planned the robbery, and when we got there Bolger and another fellow got out and went around the corner. They came back shortly and we drove to St. Ann's Church, where we divided the money."

Mr. Bostwick took up the cross-examination of the witness at this point, and, although Young admitted that Bolger was with him, he absolutely refused to say that Bolger had blackjacked Weyller.

"I can't do that," he explained, "because I did not see him strike Weyller, and therefore under the law I cannot say he did. I want to make clear also that I did not know Bolger's name, but I can positively say that it was him."

Young then quit the witness chair and Bolger was called. He denied all the charges against him. Mr. Bostwick showed him a confession which he was alleged to have made to Acting Captain Tully. He denied that he had made it. This confession said that the McVettys and Clark were with him when they robbed Holstein. An affidavit in which he admitted the McDermott robbery, and which was signed by him before Magistrate Freschi was also shown to him. Bolger denied making this also.

"Edmund Weyller and Charles Webber, stand up," said Mr. Bostwick, and as they did so he turned to the witness. "Bolger, don't you know those men?" he asked.

"No, I never saw them," the defendant replied.

"Didn't you blackjack Weyller and point a revolver at Webber?" the prosecutor continued.

"No," replied the witness.

"You know a man named Keenan, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, he murdered a man, didn't he?"

"I don't know that," the witness said.

Mr. Bostwick then brought out the fact that Bolger knew a woman named Catherine O'Connell. She is the woman who first gave the police reason to believe that Bolger had robbed the messengers. According to Capt. Tully's testimony, Bolger had been arrested for a crime which it was later discovered he did not commit. While attempting to show his innocence Bolger mentioned the McDermott robbery and the woman's name. A policeman visited the woman, who said Bolger had told her of the robbery. Bolger, it was alleged, then confessed.

It was learned yesterday that since Young's confession the prisoners in the Tombs in connection with the taxicab cases have formed two groups. One group is aiding the District Attorney and the other is hostile to the "squealers," as they call Young and his companions.

Woman to Run Princeton Commons.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 11.—Miss Florence R. Corbett, the present manager of the dining halls at Horace Mann School, has been obtained by the authorities of Princeton University to take charge of the commons cuisine next year. She is the first women to have this place. It is reported Miss Corbett will provide more work for the students who are self-supporting, around the dining halls.

CAPTAINS TRANSFERRED.

Changes Made in Four Brooklyn Precincts—Lieut. Gargan Promoted.

Commissioner Waldo yesterday ordered the transfer of four Brooklyn police Captains, including the Captain of the Adams Street Station in the Brooklyn Tenderloin. The Commissioner also made a Captain of Lieut. Patrick F. Gargan, to fill the vacancy made by the retirement of Capt. Miles O'Reilly. These are the changes:

Capt. Gargan, to the School for Recruits; Capt. James J. Savage, from the School for Recruits to the East 104th Street Station; Capt. William Hogan, from the East 104th Street Station to the Adams Street Station, Brooklyn; Capt. James H. Post, from the Adams Street Station to the Bergen Street Station; Capt. Bernard J. Hayes, from the Bergen Street Station to the Flushing Avenue Station; Capt. John Wiegand, from the Flushing Avenue Station to the Amity Street Station.

IN NEW JERSEY.

HACKENSACK.—The grammar school graduates of Hackensack have voted against any display at their graduation exercises in June. The girls favored simple dresses, and there will not be any flowers, neither will there be autos or carriages.

MONTCLAIR.—Approximately $70,000 has been subscribed in the campaign inaugurated last Tuesday to raise $300,000 for Mountainside Hospital. The campaign will close on April 21. About 300 women are engaged in the canvass.

PATERSON.—The residence of Mrs. William Doerr at Glen Rock was destroyed by fire. The loss was about $5,000.

NEWTON.—County Engineer Harvey Snook has been authorized by the County Board of Freeholders to survey and map twenty-three miles of roadway for improvement, the purpose being to connect Newton with every important town in the county by an improved road.

MOUNT HOLLY.—Sparks from the kitchen chimney set fire to the roof of the county jail and frightened the prisoners. Harvey Worrell, climbing to the roof, put out the blaze with an extinguisher.

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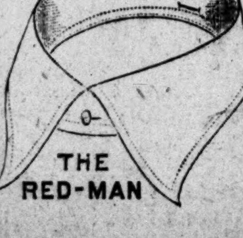

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Liberty Hall with John Mason
April 28th, Miss Billie Burke (as the girl who grew up as a boy) in "The Amazons."

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Eves. 8 sharp. Mats. To-Day & Wed. 2.
JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL. with JOSEPH CAWTHORN

LYCEUM 45th St., B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-Day & Thurs. 2:30.
H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-Day & Wed. 2:15
The Conspiracy

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-Day & Wed. 2:15.
Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-Day & Wed. 2:20.
The Poor Little Rich Girl

HARRIS, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. TO-DAY.
THE MASTER MIND with Edmund Breese.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee TO-DAY.
What Happened to Mary with OLIVE WYNDHAM.
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To-day at 2. Huguenots. Destinn, Hempel, Alten; Caruso, Braun, Gilly, Rothier. Polacco.
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Next Mon. at 8:15. Boheme. Alda, Alten; Caruso, Gilly, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Wed. at 8. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. Pop. Price Mat. at 2. Magic Flute. Gadski, Hempel, Alten; Urlus, Braun, Goritz, Reiss, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15. Don Pasquale. Bori; Macnez, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Aft. at 2:30 sharp. Toscanini Symphony Concert Programme: Faust Overture, Wagner; Till Eulenspiegel, Strauss; IX. Symphony, Beethoven. Soloists: Hempel, Homer; Jorn, Griswold. Orchestra of 105, Chorus of 200. Prices 50c. to $2.00.
Fri. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Rossi, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Sturani.
Sat. Mat. at 2. Boris Godunoff. Homer, Case, Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Segurola, Rothier. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Pop. Prices at 8. Aida. Destinn, Robeson, Martin, Gilly, Segurola. Cond., Sturani.
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GRACE GEORGE In Sardou's Comedy, DIVORCONS
One of those gems of action Comedy.—*Times.*

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DAVID WARFIELD in "The Return of Peter Grimm."
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MAY IRWIN in the Farce Widow By Proxy
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ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. POP. MAT. WED.
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Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:15.
Years of Discretion

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. To-day, Tues., & Wed., 2:10.
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The New York Times Review of Books

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PART SIX NEW YORK, APRIL 13, 1913 16 PAGES

IS WAR ALWAYS WRONG?

The Plea for Universal Peace Made by Mrs. Trask in Her New Play Starts an Interesting Controversy

"IN THE VANGUARD," the thesis drama in which Katrina Trask makes her plea and argument for universal peace, has already received, as a literary production, extended and laudatory comment in these columns. It is evident, however, that Mrs. Trask desires and deserves also to be judged as the advocate of a cause. She believes, apparently without reservation or qualification, that war, at any time or place, and for any reason, is both needless and wrong, and this large contention she expresses through the mouths of the personages in her play with a sincerity, an eloquence, and a skill that earn for her serious attention from thoughtful students of this enormously complex and difficult subject.

Among such students, of course, Mrs. Trask has no antagonists, so far as concerns the intrinsic horror and stupidity of war. So obviously is it at best a desperate remedy for desperate evils that resort to it cannot possibly be justified except when all other remedies have been tried without result or when circumstances preclude even the trial. Only as concerns the reality of those exceptions can there be any controversy with Mrs. Trask, for all must, and in fact do, including practically all professional soldiers, agree with her completely and heartily in hating war—in seeing no relevance whatever between slaughter and destruction and the settlement of moral questions and those of personal and property rights. Only when by clear implication she declares war so bad that nothing is worse can she with any plausibility be charged with refusal to see things as they are and with letting what ought to be blind her to what is.

Here is the one field of legitimate controversy, and for the present, and for some time, probably for some centuries, many will confidently hold it against those who, like Mrs. Trask, are making an instant demand for universal peace. What she forgets, they will say, is that while unquestionably "it takes two to make a quarrel," it also takes two to make an honorable peace, and by "honorable" they will, or may, mean, not the viciously arbitrary and artificial honor of the duellist, with his mistaken and exaggerated and anachronistic conception of personal dignity, but the honor of the man who realizes his natural rights as a man, and will maintain them at any cost.

It were easy to prove every war, considered as a whole, wrong and unjustifiable. Such was the war with Austria which preceded the unification of Italy, the war which made the United States an independent nation, the war that preserved the United States as one nation. In the first of these cases we can see perfectly well that Austria had only to cease from exercising a brutal tyranny in Lombardy, and all could have been well in her relations with her neighbor and millions of lives could have been spared. In the second case, it is apparent, and not less in England now than in America then, that Great Britain had only to treat us wisely and justly, as she long since has treated the Canadians and the Australians, and amity, with all its advantages, would have been preserved. The third case is more complicated, as the question was not one of intention to do right, but of opinion as to what was right, and to this day that disagreement has not been fully settled.

In all three cases intolerable conditions existed, in all three the requisite wisdom for bettering them peacefully was either lacking or spoke to deaf ears, and the result, in the circumstances inevitable, was war. They were wicked or holy wars, according to the point of view. So was our war with Spain. Whether that was aggressive or defensive is a question that can be argued with cogency on either side, for it was both, and the only certainty is that two civilized nations should have been able to harmonize their interests and their policies by the use of reason, not of rifles and cannon, which are not reasons at all.

Had that been Mrs. Trask's thesis, she would have been on firm ground. There is no excuse for war between two nations each of which purposes to do right, and each of which knows what right is. The knowledge is as essential as the purpose, and probably more often lacking. To the declaration that, between two such countries as England and Germany, war ought to be unthinkable there can be no sound contradiction; between England and the United States we say that it is unthinkable, and hope enables us to believe the statement, despite the decision of our revered Senators that certain questions, and those not the least likely to arise, shall not be submitted to arbitration.

It is regrettable that Mrs. Trask should have been led by her zeal to deny the quality of durability to any of Napoleon's work. Killer of men by the million as he was, and briefly worn as were the crowns he set on his own head and those of his relatives and his Marshals, he made Europe what it is to-day—a congeries of constitutional Governments instead of despotisms, and the Code Napoleon remains not in France alone, but wherever the greatest of soldiers carried his sword.

War is undoubtedly passing away. We know only too well that it is not gone, but it is itself everywhere on the defensive, discredited, and not less loathed than hated by the leaders of thought and action. But while savage beasts, human and other, exist, an occasional necessity to choose between killing them or being killed by them will arise, and whenever that choice is presented real men do not hesitate to use what was once the first as well as the last argument of Kings. Whoever awakens the suspicion that he advocates peace at any price does more to weaken the efficiency of arguments against war than does its most barbaric defender, for surely, surely, surely, the price of peace, while the world remains as it is, may be sometimes more than it is worth.

F. C. M.

INCREASING POPULARITY OF BOOKS ON METAPHYSICS

RE-ENTER the metaphysicians. After long decades of dishonor, in which Fact has been King and Induction his Prime Minister, the philosophers are beginning to rebel against remaining longer in outer darkness and are insisting upon being once more admitted to the Court of Knowledge. The increasing number of books on metaphysics that are being issued during very recent years shows that popular favor is again swinging their way. William Ellsworth Hermance makes a cogent plea for their reinstatement in his "Unorthodox Conception of Being," which he describes in his sub-title as "A Synthetic Philosophy of Ontology."

> I believe that the scientists of the future will not be ashamed to acknowledge that the deductive function of the brain is as valuable as the inductive; that inspiration really preceded reason, and that a progress where each is balanced and developed will be greater than by either alone.

Mr. Hermance devotes over four hundred pages to the consideration of various phenomena, objective and subjective, and their perception and conception, and out of it weaves an outline of what he believes might become a comprehensive philosophy of Being. He takes something of each of the four historical conceptions of Being—materialism, idealism, dualism, and monism—and combines them into a new form not quite orthodox according to any of the accepted philosophies. The book, marked by clarity of thought and a lucid, virile style, will be of particular interest to all who concern themselves with metaphysical speculation. But it is likely to gather still another and larger audience out of that great multitude of drifting and seeking souls who have suddenly found themselves without either spiritual belief or fragment of basis for such belief. Perhaps it is they who are responsible, primarily, for the return of the metaphysicians. (G. P. Putnam's Sons.)

OUR FOREIGN INVASION

Dr. Frank J. Warne Points Out Some of the Dangers to This Country of an Unrestricted Immigration

THE IMMIGRANT INVASION. By Frank Julian Warne, Ph. D. Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.50.

ALTHOUGH, as its title indicates, Dr. Warne's book treats of immigration, it is not, nor is it intended to be, an exhaustive treatise on the subject. A hundred aspects of immigration are not touched upon at all, and when it comes to details of what might be called the strictly technical side of the admission of aliens into the country there are some curious slips—as, for instance, where the present head-tax is mentioned as $2.

But on the wider aspects of the problem, upon the relation of immigration to labor, for instance, Dr. Warne speaks with authority and supports his contentions with an array of facts drawn from every-day experience, of opinions quoted from statesmen, labor leaders, and investigators, that leave the reader with a new sense of the vitality of the subject. In fact, to the man who works for his bread—and most of us do—there can be no more interesting question than the one of how to get the greatest return for his labor; to the man who loses his job—and many of us do, sooner or later—there are no more important questions than why he lost it, who supplanted him in it, and how he is going to get it back.

Like Prof. Jenks and Dr. Lauck in their "Immigrant Problem," published last year, Dr. Warne lays stress upon the fact that the principal impulse which has led the masses of Europe to our shores is simply the promise of economic prosperity. History has made a fetich of the political motive; racial vanity and the pride of creed have lighted the migration of our forefathers with the glow of adventure and the halo of martyrdom. We are such inveterate romanticists about ourselves that it is hard for us to realize the prosaic truth. The argument for unrestricted immigration to the effect that, by some inscrutable decree of Providence, America is a natural "refuge for the oppressed and the downtrodden of all nations," is not as forcible as it used to be. America is a country where, up to, say, the last quarter of a century, the majority of the population were more comfortable than they would have been in most other countries; but that condition of late years has changed to one of considerably less comfort, and it bids fair to continue declining with an accelerated rapidity. When the lowest level is reached it is possible that we shall change our attitude and seek a "refuge for the downtrodden and the oppressed" upon the plains of Russia. The men on a crowded life-raft who should say to men in the water, "Climb up, dear brothers, and as you struggle up on one side we will quietly drop off on the other," would not be heroes, but mental defectives. Dr. Warne reminds us that the United States is getting crowded.

He does not mean, however, and the distinction should be kept in mind, that a natural, voluntary immigration of clear-minded, sound-bodied men and women coming here to settle and become citizens has not been the life of our country, or that the time has arrived when there is not room and welcome here for this helpful class of immigrants. The trouble is that a large proportion of immigration for the past ten years has been induced, is not natural and voluntary, and is a distinct drain upon society. The methods of some of the steamship companies to promote immigration are too well known to call for description. They amount to a public scandal, and Dr. Warne is well advised in stating that

> the easiest and most sensible plan for any effective control or restriction of immigration

by the United States Government is one that aims to regulate through legislation this particular business of the steamship lines.

Neither is it necessary to quote figures to prove the enormous inflow of the past decade; Dr. Warne visualizes it for us by stating that during this period

> for every time the clock struck the hour, day and night, one hundred persons born in some foreign country, not including Canada and Mexico, landed on the shores of the United States.

Upon the racial character of this influx we may pause for a moment. Up to 1900 the "old" immigration, i. e., that from northwestern European nationalities of Teutonic and Celtic stock, predominated. Suddenly, it seemed, the sluice-gates of Southern Europe opened, and since 1900 the "new" immigration, Greek, Italian, Austro-Hungarian, Russian—which means principally Poles and Russian Hebrews—and immigrants from the Balkan States have flooded our ports. In 1910 Germany still held first place, but from far down the line Russia had leaped to second, Austria-Hungary to third, and Italy to the fifth place. It would argue lack of intelligence to believe that this "invasion" was entirely spontaneous, and still greater lack of intelligence to dream that its results have not been very serious and far-reaching.

In a discussion of the effects of the present immigration upon American labor lies the meat of Dr. Warne's book. He contends that in the ensuing competition the workman of American birth or of the older immigration is being pushed to the wall. The Southern European brings with him a much lower standard of living than exists here; he hives in quarters intolerably crowded; he is frequently free from the restraints of family life; he often half starves himself to save money to send back to Europe; he underbids in wages. And we must remember that—

> the group or race with the fewest wants or lowest necessities will, unless its competition is controlled, inevitably supplant or drive out of an industry workers having a higher standard of comfort; the competition of races is nothing less than the battle of standards of living.

If it is asked whether this lowering of the standards of living is such an important matter after all, compared with the possession of an inexhaustible supply of cheap labor, Dr. Warne replies:

> Let it not be forgotten that a low standard of living is an economic disease. It is very slightly removed from unemployment, pauperism, poverty, and so on, and it easily becomes, with only slight cause, these more clearly observable social diseases. It is injurious both socially and physically, just as are insanity, pauperism, dependency, loathsome and contagious diseases, criminality and prostitution which are now causes for exclusion. A low standard of living is contagious, too; it is epidemic. We create boards of health and inspectors and establish quarantines to protect ourselves against the immigrant bringing physical diseases, but nothing is done to safeguard society from what is equally bad if not worse—this economic disease. It is permitted free access to our communities, forcing the American workingman in self-protection to resort to the labor or industrial union—to the closed shop, boycotting, strikes, and the like—and bringing to our people a long train of evils that already are taxing our institutions almost to the breaking point.

The natural correlative to this is the statement that "society can far better afford to get along without a particular commodity than to permit its production at the price of a low wage to the worker."

The employer argues that he must have cheap labor for his mills; the man in the street repeats the parrot cry that immigration has made America what it is and that the unskilled Slav and Italian are a necessity to do "the dirty work." Both forget the conditions which led to the civil war. Dr. Warne asks:

> Is not the demand of our industrial state for cheap labor exactly the same as that made at one time by our agricultural state as represented in the old plantation system of the South? Is a system that gives to us a leisure class based upon the industrial servitude of immigrant races toiling for a low wage any better for American democracy and republican institutions than the one that gave to us the leisure class of the South in the time of negro slavery?

Criticism as destructive as this would be worse than useless if it suggested no remedy. The situation has arisen very largely through the almost unrestricted importation of cheap labor—free trade in immigration—and the restricted importation of commodities—protection to the employer's industry. If a certain restriction of immigration could take place, and a corresponding freedom in the importation of products, equilibrium would be restored. The theory of the protected industry is, of course, that its increased profits ultimately return to the workman in the form of wages. The theory is admirable; the only trouble with it is that it does not work out that way and never will, while with the higher prices thus secured the manufacturer can turn around and buy the cheaper labor of the immigrant he has induced to come here. It is true that there is a contract labor law forbidding the importation of such labor, but there are a hundred ways of violating its spirit and evading its letter, and both are being done every day.

Leaving aside the interested employer, steamship agent, &c., who find their profit in unrestricted immigration, and eliminating the idealist who is willing to slip off the raft and drown to make room for a less altruistic occupant, there is left the great class of immigrants themselves, who are naturally opposed to restriction. Their opposition is to be expected—it derives from the deepest social, racial and family sources. Taking this into consideration, the desperate character of the situation is revealed by some significant resolutions passed by the General Executive Board of the United Garment Workers of America in 1905. This board consisted with but one exception of Russian Jews, representing a labor union having one of the largest alien-born memberships of any in the United States. The resolutions are as follows:

> Resolved, That the unprecedented movement of the very poor to America from Europe in the last three years has resulted in wholly changing the previous social, political, and economic aspects of the immigration question. The enormous accessions to the ranks of our competing wage workers, being to a great extent unemployed, or only partly employed at uncertain wages, are lowering the standard of living among the masses of the working people of this country, without giving promise to uplift the great body of immigrants themselves. The overstocking of the labor market has become a menace to many trades unions, especially those of the less skilled workers. Little or no benefit can possibly accrue to an increasing proportion of the great numbers yet coming; they are unfitted to battle intelligently for their rights in this Republic, to whose present burdens they but add others still greater. The fate of the majority of the foreign wage-workers now here has served to demonstrate on the largest possible scale that immigration is no solution of the world-wide problem of poverty.
>
> Resolved, That we warn the poor of the earth against coming to America with false hopes; it is our duty to inform them that the economic situation in this country is changing with the same rapidity as the methods of industry and commerce.

The resolution closed with a request to Congress that it should either suspend immigration entirely for a term of years or else put into operation legislative requirements that would considerably restrict it.

The present Executive Board of the same organization, in session last week, after due deliberation affirmed these views and placed itself on record in favor of restricted immigration. This action not only tends to indicate the validity of some of Dr. Warne's conclusions, but shows a remarkable capacity on the part of a large number of our foreign born to set an economic ideal above their personal desires and prejudices. A century ago Washington and Jefferson spoke in warning prophecy against an induced and unrestricted immigration, and it is easy for Americans, whose ancestors were perhaps contemporary with them, to quote their words with approval. But when a group of foreign-born men, for the sake of the greatest good to the greatest number, raise their voices and demand a measure which may shut out their own kindred, we must recognize that we are not only in the presence of a great necessity, but of a great patriotism which has arisen to meet it.

Dr. Warne has rendered a public service by writing "The Immigrant Invasion." It is the sort of book that to-day is news, and to-morrow will be history.

H. M. B.

SOUTH AGAINST SOUTH

After a prolonged study of the records of the civil war, and after a great deal of patient ciphering, Charles C. Anderson has arrived at what seems to him a very important conclusion, and he offers it for public consideration in his book entitled "Fighting by Southern Federals." The conclusion is that if the Southern men who fought under the Stars and Stripes had joined the Confederate Army instead of the Army of the North the independence of the Confederacy would have been established. Mr. Anderson finds that the Confederates numbered approximately one million, and that opposed them were 634,255 Southern men, including 296,579 whites and 137,676 colored men whose homes were in the South, and about 200,000 men living in the North who had been born in the South. So it appears, he says, that the Army of the South, in addition to fighting Northerners, had to contend against Southerners numbering just about two-thirds as many as were enrolled in the Confederate forces; and upon this basis it is boldly stated that if the two-thirds of a million so-called Southerners had fought under Lee the Union would have been broken up and the South would have had a Government of its own. This seems a rather futile hypothesis. (Neale Publishing Co.; $2.)

Refreshing Story

MARTHA BY-THE-DAY. By Julie Lippman. (Henry Holt & Co. Price, $1.)

A story one picks up and reads in an hour, getting it all at one good draught and feeling as refreshed as if the brain had been physically stimulated, as it has been mentally. "Martha By-the-Day" is an optimistic, lovable, humanity tale. Martha, hard-working, self-respecting, adding to the spirits of everybody else she comes in contact with the distinctive plus quality, is a creation of which the author should be proud. The young woman she befriends finds her a fairy godmother. The young man whose life she beneficently touches is certainly as much indebted to her. And Martha's homely philosophy runs through all her experiences like a golden thread. Martha is eminently quotable, and the reader laughs with her at the story's close and feels that with Martha's spirit life is worth living indeed.

—*From the Baltimore Sun.*

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The Judgment House
By Sir Gilbert Parker.

Now and then a book, a novel, sweeps us off our feet—lifts us out of the work-a-day world and sets us down in the delectable country of romance—breathless but happy. So with "The Judgment House." And this is as it should be because it is above all a wholly satisfying story—a story of wide spaces and of a Cleopatra-like heroine swaying men, and almost the destinies of nations, by the inescapable charm of personality and beauty.

The Sojourner
By Robert D. Elder.

A story of the West, with realistic descriptions of adventure and life, and a tender love story. The hero, a popular senior at Princeton and son of a multi-millionaire, had apparently a smooth way of life ahead of him. Yet fate and his own idealism led him into rough roads. A woman tried to wreck his life, and nearly succeeded.

The Bend In The Road
By Truman A. De Weese.

A book to coax the city man to the country. Shows the way to health and contentment through a return to pleasant pastoral pursuits. The city toiler of moderate means will learn from it how easy it is to acquire a small "country place" near the scene of his daily employment, where he can find that contentment which comes from living in intimate relation with the soil.

The Wings of Pride
By Louise Kennedy Mabie

"For once at least the publisher's announcement on the slip cover of a work of fiction is a statement of fact. Louise Kennedy Mabie's 'The Wings of Pride' is a remarkable 'first novel.' It would be a fine tenth novel from an old hand."—*N. Y. Press.* "The book is extraordinarily well done. We'll hear more of its author."—*Syracuse Post Standard.* "Fiction readers are all talking about Louise Kennedy Mabie, a new novelist, and her first book, 'The Wings of Pride.' The story is at once so human and so masterly in style that it promises great things from its writer for the future. It is a first novel of rare power."—*Boston Globe.*

Scientific Auction Bridge
By E. V. Shepard.

"I have read all the books on Auction Bridge. E. V. Shepard's is the best of them all. I doubt if a better one will ever be written. Other writers teach by illustrative hands which you may never hold. He gives simple rules for bidding and playing any hand possible to deal. Every feature of the game is discussed in a way to aid both beginner and expert player. He gives valuable facts concerning the game which have never before been put in concrete form. The rules are clear, practical, and easy to remember. The work is not based upon personal opinion, but is founded upon mathematical facts. Every player should own a copy of this work."—A. L. Robinson, M. D., Vice-President, Knickerbocker Whist Club.

HARPERS MAGAZINE HARPERS BAZAR HARPERS WEEKLY

ROYAL SECRETS

Madame de Genlis in the Days Before the French Revolution

By HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE.

A KEEPER OF ROYAL SECRETS. Being the Private and Political Life of Madame de Genlis. By Jean Harmand. With Preface by Emile Faguet. Ill. London: Eveleigh Nash.

READING the early chapters of the life of Mme. de Genlis, while she was still Félicité du Crest, is like watching a kitten tumble from floor to floor of a crumbling house, yet always landing on its feet and scampering off at last into the garden, unhurt and unfrightened.

Never was such a childhood, if it can be called childhood at all, for the young creature even before she was 10 was living a society life, being made love to by boys years older than she, acting star parts in comedies and dancing before enthusiastic groups of older people, all of the haut monde and all very sophisticated.

> In the part of Cupid she wore a rose-colored dress covered with point lace and decked with artificial flowers, with a quiver and large blue wings on her shoulders * * * It was so becoming that Félicité never left it off, but would run about in the fields in her little silver and straw-colored shoes * * * with all the paraphernalia of love.

Next she goes dressed as a boy, learns fencing, climbs trees, and acts boys' parts in the new plays. Then there is another collapse, for they have been frequent, and down she falls with her mother in dire straits to pay her bills, her father off somewhere trying to raise money, and bored relatives trying to get rid of the two of them. But luck holds as it has before. A rich man comes to the aid of the two women, and for another while everything is golden; until he marries, when out they go.

It was not until her marriage that anything like stability of life became possible to the clever and pretty Félicité. At the best she had a hard time of it for a while even then, since her husband was practically ruined and an incorrigible gambler. She was stuck away in the country, but she was too filled with energy and daring to be quelled by the monotony of her surroundings:

> She feels she must astonish people in order to justify her fame as an extraordinary girl, * * * and goes off to fish in ponds in a light dress and little, white embroidered shoes, * * * and devours a live fish without a qualm, asserting that every one was amazed.

She is tireless: She goes to a country wedding disguised as a peasant and dances all day, she takes lessons from the barber in blood letting, and goes about practicing on any one who will allow it, paying them for the operation; she stays at a convent and puts rouge and patches on the nuns' faces while they sleep; she builds a little theatre and writes and acts plays.

One can imagine that she raised a hullaballoo by such pranks, and no less did she encounter disapproval because of her passion for study and her willingness to attack the most abstruse subjects. It never entered her head to admit that there was anything on earth doable which she wouldn't be able to do if she took the trouble, and the horror aroused by such an attitude has followed her unabated through the years.

Certainly she was an extraordinary woman with a strangely varied career. Contrasts were commonplaces in the age in which she lived, where the Revolution came to set the whole world topsy-turvy. But we see her playing the harp for money and clothes in the houses of the aristocracy, herself an aristocrat. We see her arriving at the Palais Royal with her husband and sweeping all before her. We see her as the mistress of the young Duc de Chartres, later Philippe Egalité, the best friend of his wife, the governess of his daughters, suddenly the governor of his sons, amid a wild whirl of protests and calumnies and lampoons to which she pays not the least attention. We see her as the author of books that meet with immense praise and success, as politician, as an adviser to her prince, full of power and authority. And after the crash we see her floating derelict about Europe with the young daughter of Orleans, stoned by the populace, without money or friends. Alone at last, insulted by the servants of a wretched boarding house where she owes for her bread, old and weary, but still indefatigable, still courageous.

M. Harmand has told this life with entire sympathy, without attempting to make an angel out of his woman, whose most salient trait was surely a cold selfishness, excellently controlled by an alert and vivid intelligence, but who was unusually brave, forceful, clever, and self-reliant, with a charm, a wit and a real talent in literature that would alone have made her remarked. Unluckily the book is confused and jumbled in its effect, and the translation lacks any distinction which may have belonged to the original. There is a great deal of unnecessary detail that wearies the reader, and there are annoying mistakes, like the references to Gouverneur Morris as Governor Morris, while platitudes abound, such as the statement that:

> As to the Marquise, if at first there was a coolness between her and Mme. de Genlis it is because our strongest dislikes and feelings of resentment die hard.

Too true, alas! Also it would have been better to quote from letters to which frequent allusion is made, often as though the reader must of course be familiar with their contents, since they have already appeared in print, but which, after all, one could hardly be expected to remember with clearness. And what is one to make of the contradiction in a paragraph like the following:

> In the absence of reliable documents to the contrary, we must believe Mme. de Genlis when she says in her memoirs: "I entered the Palais Royal a month before my aunt's marriage." The two events would appear from this to be thirty days apart, the one logically the result of the other. However, it is certain now that Mme. de Genlis's memory was evidently confused, and she is mistaken by one year. She was undoubtedly at the Palais Royal before July, 1772."

More minds than the Genlis seem to be confused.

The chief value this woman possessed was her ability to teach and the broad view she took of education. She made herself adored by her pupils; possibly she injured their characters by making them too greatly dependent upon her. Mademoiselle, the young Princess, was thrown into a decline at the mere prospect of losing her governess, and her older brother said later, as King of France, that he had never been in love but once in his life, and then with Mme. de Genlis. It was calf love, but it was overwhelming, and there were criticisms which have not been entirely disproved. Nevertheless, the lady's ideas on education were in advance of her time, and her books on the subject may be read with profit to-day.

So far as the title of the present work goes, it seems a misnomer. Mme. de Genlis kept no secrets of royalty which were not also her own, concerned with her ambitions or her good name. She ruled Egalité absolutely, dominated his wife, his children, his entire existence, directing his policies, manoeuvring for the future of his son, whose devotion to her promised much to the ambitious governess. If secrets were kept, it was the Prince who kept hers—he had none of his own to keep not evolved by his Egeria.

WILDERNESS MAGIC

THE SILENT BATTLE. By George Gibbs. Illustrated. D. Appleton & Co. $1.30.

Mr. Gibbs seems to know more about the wilderness than he does about the science of heredity. The "silent battle" that his hero, Phil Gallatin, fights manfully and with final success is against a hereditary weakness for alcohol. He comes of a line of talented and distinguished men, all of whom have ruined their lives through alcoholism, and he is preparing to follow in their footsteps. With equal disregard of the conclusions of science the author might have made them victims of hereditary consumption. But if he is weak in his science, Mr. Gibbs is strong in his understanding of the magic of the wilderness.

The story opens in the Canadian woods, with the hero temporarily lost. He has been roaming about for some weeks with an Indian guide and has learned enough woodcraft to be able to take care of himself, though awkwardly. He is preparing to make himself comfortable for the night, when a girl comes rushing along through the woods, takes fright at sight of him, and runs. She, too, is lost, and when he runs after her she falls and sprains her ankle. So he has to take care of the two of them, and the unusual demand upon him brings out his dwindling manliness, convinces him that life is worth living, and, despite his relapse, which sends her fleeing into the woods again, he goes back to New York with fresh determination in his heart. He has a long and bitter struggle with himself and other enemies, but the closing scenes carry the reader back to the little camp in the Canadian wilderness, now transformed to Arcady.

There is some excellent character drawing, especially of the heroine's captain-of-commerce father and of some of her more ornamental than useful suitors. Mr. Gibbs is able to make his people reveal themselves in their talk, and his conversation in this respect are often quite clever. Hardly as subtle in its penetration and analysis of motive as his "Bolted Door," the story is conceived on bolder lines and moves more rapidly and vigorously.

SUTTEE'S PASSION

THE SUTTEE OF SAFA. By Dulcie Deamer. G. W. Dillingham Company. $1.25.

Sumptuous adjectives and white-hot passions chase one another in bewildering numbers across the pages of Dulcie Deamer's tale of Hindustan. There is a powerful King in it who possesses a zenana of due Oriental gorgeousness, peopled with the snake charmers and dancers and the other types of Oriental loveliness appropriate to such places. But the King is not content. He desires to add to his beauties the wonderful Safa, and Safa, being the mother of a lad who is captive in the King's palace, is pleased to be where she can protect him. The King's favorite daughter, it is ordained, must marry the captive. Instead, she is minded to choose someone else and flee with him. Thereupon ensues such a coil of intrigue, treachery, battle and sudden death, that the reader must felicitate Safa upon her ability to escape by way of the suttee.

Wireless Telegraphy

Philip E. Edelman's "Experimental Wireless Stations" was written for the instruction of those who are desirous of obtaining through serious experimentation a knowledge of wireless telegraphy. It contains directions for the construction of apparatus in compliance with the new wireless law and for its proper operation. (Minneapolis. Author, $2.)

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REPORTING A WAR

Varied Experiences of Special Correspondents in Turkey

WITH THE CONQUERED TURK. By Lionel James. Boston: Small, Maynard & Co. $2.

WITH THE TURKS IN THRACE. By Ellis and Seabury Ashmead Bartlett. New York: George H. Doran Company. $3.

THE BALKAN WAR DRAMA. By Cyril Campbell. New York: McBride, Nast & Co. $1.60.

As one reads the flood of books which have been written by special correspondents who followed with more or less journalistic success the Turco-Bulgarian war, two points seem particularly worthy of notice. Amid the narratives of adventures that befell the more enterprising of the newspaper men, which are interesting enough, the question arises, How far was the break-down of the Turkish forces as complete as was at first represented? and, How can the problem of the adequate reporting of wars in the future be solved?

These questions are intimately related. The average man in this country, dependent as he was on the newspaper dispatches, at the end of November was surprised at the moderation of the Bulgarians in not actually taking Constantinople, and perhaps felt a little cheated in that he was not able to read of such a historic event as the replacing of the crescent by the cross on the Mosque of St. Sophia. He had gathered his ideas partly from the inspired dispatches of Lieut. Wagner of the Vienna Reichspost, partly from the wonderfully vivid account of the retreat of the Turkish forces, or a part of them, from Lule Burgas, which was sent by Ellis Ashmead Bartlett to The London Daily Telegraph. All of these reports were cabled specially to THE NEW YORK TIMES and published, so that New Yorkers had laid before them a better account of the war as seen by the special correspondents than the average Londoner, who depended on a single journal.

Yet events have proved that the popular idea of the great struggle was not at all accurate. The Turks have indeed lost the greater portion of their European possessions, but there never was a moment in which they were in danger of being turned out of Constantinople. The lines of Tchatalja have been found to be as impregnable as they were by reputation, and at this writing it seems that it is recognized that the Balkan allies have no chance whatever of forcing them. The great powers of Europe, taking advantage of the "stale mate" at which the military operations have arrived to minimize the effect of the great struggle, are dictating the terms of the final settlement, and the Bulgarian forces, lately lauded to the skies for their invincible qualities, seem on the verge of admitting that they have shot their bolt and can do no more.

That such would be the result of the war will not surprise those who have read the works of Major James, the veteran London Times correspondent with the Turkish Army, and of the Ashmead Bartlett brothers, his colleagues and rivals. Ellis Ashmead Bartlett electrified the world by his story of his adventures in passing through the wreckage of the Turkish Army in his escape from Lule Burgas. All readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES will remember his story of his plight, when, with Ismet Bey, his Turkish friend, he had returned, after the second day of the battle, to headquarters, to find Abdullah Pasha gone and not a thing to eat or drink, and his escape through the unexpected arrival of his brother and Sir Bryan Leighton with a regular convoy of food and supplies, will have struck every one as one of those cases in which truth is stranger than fiction.

So what he wrote of the disorganization of the Turkish Army had a tremendous effect on the bystanders in America and Europe, and also, be it noted, in the Balkan Peninsula in particular. It was taken for granted that the Ottoman forces had lost all their martial vigor, and it was assumed that it was merely a question of how fast Czar Ferdinand's troops could move when Constantinople would be rescued from the Mohammedan yoke.

But now what Mr. Ashmead Bartlett described with so vivid a pen may be checked by the observation of a trained soldier who was within a few miles of him during the time of his peril, and, if he left the scene of action a little earlier, had a a better comprehension of the military side of the events of the day. Major James has been a soldier himself and has spent a long life in following armies of every nationality to the field. He has seen probably as much warfare as any man of his years, and he was peculiarly well fitted to summarise justly the conditions around him.

A terrible lack of efficiency there was, and a wicked disregard of ordinary precautions in sending a great force to battle unsupplied with food or ammunition, but complete disorganization there was not. The troops whose rout had occasioned Mr. Ashmead Bartlett's reminiscences of the "Retreat from Moscow" were not, Major James maintains, the men who had fought at Lule Burgas, but the remnants of the forces crushed at Kirk Kilisse several days before, and the position of the Turkish Army as he left the field on account of journalistic exigences was in no way desperate. He noted, moreover, some days later, when he advanced between the two armies, that the evacuation of the Turkish position had been conducted cleanly and comprehensively and that no military stores had been left behind.

So it appears that what might have been anticipated had happened. The Bulgarians in their victorious advance had overtaxed their strength, and when they had driven the Turks at Lule Burgas to fall back they were in no position to follow them. They seem to have been lacking in cavalry strength, which at this crisis was all important, and this may explain their inaction, which writers with far better opportunity to gather information than correspondents in the field have found so inexplicable. No newspaper correspondents were with the retreat of the main Turkish army, so that it is not likely that the world at large will ever know in what manner they accomplished it, but it is quite certain that there never was the remotest chance of the Bulgarians rushing the lines of Tchatalja.

Of course the average military man will maintain that it is a matter of complete indifference that the newspaper readers of the world should have formed wrong conceptions of what was going on at the front, but even he will take note that the ideas which were prevalent in New York were also common in Sofia, and that the half patronizing interest with which the subway straphanger read of the invincibility of the Bulgarian forces became in Bulgaria an incentive to bear the incredible burdens which the uprising of a people in arms laid on the whole nation. The soldier may still believe that he can stop the sending of news of any sort from the front to the outer world, and yet, as he reads the frank narratives of Major James and of Mr. Ashmead Bartlett and his brother, he may perhaps wonder if he can really accomplish it.

No doubt there is a good deal in what these writers say they did that will seem to a military man of doubtful morality. There was a frank disregard of the regulations laid down by the authorities, and an absolute willingness to accept great personal risks, to say nothing of hardships, to perform their duty to "the office," that must have been exceedingly trying to the Turkish War Department, but even a soldier trained on the strictest German model will admire their courage and resource. They spent money like water where it seemed necessary, they planned their personal campaigns with far more forethought than the Ottoman Generals bestowed on the movements of the armies, and they stopped at nothing that would bring them success.

It is a most fascinating matter to read the accounts that Major James and Mr. Ashmead Bartlett have written of their experience during the desperate week in which, as they watched epochmaking events, they had ever before them the necessity of "beating" each other. As a story of adventure, few books lately written can compare with the account of what they went through to supply their newspapers with the latest possible intelligence, and incidentally their narratives give a wonderful picture of what war means not only to the soldier, but to the miserable inhabitants of the scene of strife.

Yet with all their desire to be accurate they gave a wrong impression, and in their desire to get their dispatches through somehow in intelligible shape they gave a great deal of aid and comfort to the enemy. If they had been handled with more judgment by the censor whom Major James with infinite scorn calls always the "Bosniak Shepherd," they might have told Europe, and incidentally Bulgaria, what a formidable foe the Turks yet were, and they would never have been forced to take the risks which resulted in the supplying of important military information to the authorities at Sofia.

On the other hand, both the correspondents on the Turkish side reject absolutely a good many of the dispatches sent by Lieut. Wagner to his Vienna newspaper. They laugh at his stories of Bulgarian successes before the lines of Tchatalja, and they declare that he was wilfully deceived by the Bulgarian General Staff in their desire to turn him into their press agent.

Somewhere or other between the methods adopted by the Turks and the Bulgarians the proper solution of the war correspondent problem must lie. News is too valuable, not only for the Subway straphanger on his way downtown, but to the great financial interests of the world and to the rank and file of the peoples at war, not to be supplied in some form or another. If there are not authentic tidings to be had, there will always be "bazaar rumors," and in the long run it will be better for the defeated as well as the victor to have the truth known.

An army may depend like the Bulgarian on the complete restraint of all correspondents except a favored individual or two, with the result that his dispatches will be discounted from the start, or it may be as lax as the Turkish troops and permit uninstructed correspondents to gather such impressions as they can and draw such conclusions as their limited information and experience make possible. It will be far better when the army recognizes the press as a necessary evil, and evolves some system by which properly authenticated representatives of the newspapers can be supplied with official intelligence and explanations, and be permitted to send within reasonable limits their own accounts of the facts.

Little space has been left for mention of Mr. Cyril Campbell's book on the war. It must suffice to say that it differs largely from those of Major James and Mr. Ashmead Bartlett in that it is, like Lieut. Wagner's work, rather a sketch of the history of the war than an account of personal adventures. It is, however, particularly interesting, as it deals with the Servian more than the Bulgarian operations, and so treats of a side of the great struggle which has till now been a good deal neglected.

FOR THE MOTORIST

An exceedingly useful little volume for the motor-car owner or driver is "Car Troubles, Their Symptoms and Their Cure," by Harold Whiting Slauson, (Harper's.) In fifteen pages the principle causes of automobile trouble are listed alphabetically, each followed by its remedy. The "troubles" fall under the heads of clutch, engine, fuel, ignition system, lubricating system, and water-cooling system, and the classification under the various headings is according to the predominating symptom. By a plan of numbering the troubles consecutively, according to the parts of the motor in which they occur, and cross-referencing them thus, repetition in the text is avoided, and the whole matter simplified. The book is thoroughly practical and avoids unnecessary theory, telling tersely how to apply the simplest and most effective remedy in a given case. This quality of common sense, as well as its convenient pocket form, should make the volume a welcome companion on the road. The semi-flexible cover and strong, smooth paper of the book add to its practical value.

JOHN SMITH NOVELIZED

JOHN O' JAMESTOWN. By Vaughan Kester. Illustrated by M. Leone Bracker. The Bobbs-Merrill Company. $1.35.

Not often to a still-born novel is given the grace of a second birth and the opportunity to try its fate a second time in the overpopulated world of fiction. Vaughan Kester's historical story of the first Virginia colony owes that favor, of course, to the instant success of his "Prodigal Judge," whose popularity has been so great as to insure the speedy publication of the manuscripts which his untimely death left still unpublished and the reissue of his former novels. "John o' Jamestown" first appeared in 1907, when it met the fate of three-fourths or more of the novels published every year in this country. It deserved a better fate, and should have brought to its talented author the recognition and encouragement which mean so much to the young aspirant. It must be confessed, however, that for American readers it is somewhat long and leisurely, after the manner of English fiction, and too much water, perhaps, flows under the bridge between its exciting episodes.

The teller of the tale is Dick Farraday, a youth from the north of England, very much in love with a fair maid who has grown up under his father's roof, where she had been born, in Dick's early childhood, of a woman traveler, evidently of distinction, who had stopped for the night and had died the next morning. With that event the story opens, and so from the start there is a mystery which is not unraveled until well toward the end of the book. John Smith makes an early though brief appearance in the tale, a handsome young fellow already showing the restless spirit and hat faculty of stirring up his surroundings which later were his marked characteristics. When the scene moves to Virginia he is, of course, constantly in the foreground. Mr. Kester makes of him a strong and vigorous character, one that would be interesting because of its own inherent qualities, even without the historical glamour that surrounds his name and the disputes of historians as to the type of man he really was. The account of the hero of Jamestown which Mr. Kester puts into the mouth of his friend and coworker is impartial and is founded apparently upon historical study and a clear and sympathetic comprehension of the times and the man. His John Smith is just the man who could not fail to set his contemporaries buzzing about him and to divide them and their descendants into opposing camps concerning his character.

The greater part of the book is filled with an account of the first three years at Jamestown—the hardships, the starvation, sickness and death, the relations with the Indians, the intrigues and conspiracies among the colonists, the explorations, and the first attempts at cultivating the soil. For the purposes and the best methods of fiction this is treated too much at length. But there is plenty of exciting adventure in the course of the story, and the author has managed quite skillfully to keep the main threads of the latter well entangled until they are all cleverly separated at the end.

THE FETTERS OF FREEDOM

This brilliant historical romance deals with the life of St. Paul at Rome, and presents many striking pictures of the Eternal City; of Nero and his Court; of the Christians and their vicissitudes, and of St. Paul the Apostle, himself. As a vivid picture of early Christian days, and as a spirited narrative, it can be compared among recent English novels only to Gen. Lew Wallace's "Ben Hur."

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AS A SMALL BOY

Henry James's Delightful Reminiscences of His Early Life

By JOYCE KILMER.

A SMALL BOY AND OTHERS. By Henry James. With frontispiece. Charles Scribner's Sons. $2.50 net.

I PLAY with boys who curse and swear," said William James. And Henry James, not possessing the specified fluency and strength of speech, sadly withdrew from the adventurous company.

This crushing rebuff, however, is by no means typical of the boyhood of Henry James as described by him in "A Small Boy and Others." His brilliant and genial father was in comfortable circumstances; the home life of the James family was simple and cultured; amusements ranging from visits to Barnum's museum to European journeys were numerous; and, in all, Henry's life was singularly pleasant. Not even the vise of the daguerreotypist and the long wait before the disconcerting camera have sufficed to take the glow of happiness from the small delicate face that looks from this book's frontispiece. One hand has been placed with theatrical stiffness on his father's substantial shoulder. The other holds a broad-brimmed hat of some light material. He wears a "little sheath-like jacket, tight to the body, closed at the neck and adorned in front with a single row of brass buttons." It was this costume that struck the fancy of Thackeray, who saw young Henry hovering on the staircase near the study of the elder James and to his consternation called out to him: "Come here, little boy, and show me your extraordinary jacket." The shy child's embarrassment is readily understood, but Thackeray's interest, while expressed with no great tact, was certainly justified. It was an extraordinary jacket, and it was worn by a most extraordinary little boy.

With characteristic zeal for analysis, Mr. James explains the origin of this big volume of charming memories. Attempting, he says, to place together some particulars of the early life of William James, he found that "aspects began to multiply and images to swarm" and that

> to knock at the door of the past was in a word to see it open * * * quite wide—to see the world within begin to "compose" with a grace of its own round the primary figure, see it people itself vividly and insistently.

So he yielded to the impulse to set down all his memories of his earliest days—of his delightful home life, his wisely indulgent father and mother, his brother, his uncles, aunts, and cousins, his school teachers, playfellows and the dimly seen friends of his father. He has made no formal autobiography, the reminiscences do not, indeed, form a consecutive narrative. Apparently he has not even refreshed his recollection by reference to notes or journals, or by visits to remembered scenes. He has merely written down those fragments of his boyhood that have remained with him through his long and active life. His constant habit of introspection, his eager desire to look at an idea from every angle, have made him intensify and elaborate nearly effaced impressions, and thus reconstruct his own youth, or at any rate create a youth closely resembling it.

It must be admitted that Mr. James's passion for detail, his overconscientious effort to express every thought absolutely whole, resulting frequently in splendid roundness and clarity, sometimes in this record, as in his novels, tends toward obscurity. At its best Mr. James's style is admirably revealing; he expresses a thought so thoroughly that it seems to have reached its final statement, to have no possibility of amendment or enlargement. At its worst it shows a nervous, almost tragic, scrupulousness, a complexity diametrically opposite to impressionism, and closely related to the manner of those morbid painters who in an endeavor to portray, for example, a woman descending stairs, show her on every step and so create a meaningless daub instead of a decoration or a representation of life. This complexity, however, is perhaps less a blemish in such a volume as that under consideration than in a work of fiction. For Mr. James has undertaken not to give accurately the story of his boyhood, but to present his recollections of it. Memories inevitably are shadowy things, whimsically interrelated, and it is a proof of his sincerity that these writings are lacking in chronological detail and sharp definition.

It is very young, the world of his childhood, as Mr. James now remembers it. "I see it," he says, "as * * * young with its own juvenility as well as with ours * * * It exhaled, at any rate, a simple freshness, and I catch its pure breath, at our infantile Albany, as the air of long Summer afternoons." And yet, in this very young world, the figure which apparently first commands attention is that of an old lady, "a softly-sighing widowed grandmother, Catherine Barber by birth, whose attitude was a resigned consciousness of complications and accretions."

It is pleasant to think of this venerable gentlewoman seated in the evening in a quiet corner at her table, reading, by the light of a single candle, the novels of Mrs. Trollope and Miss Kavanagh. She is in herself an attractive figure, but she is particularly interesting because she came to represent to Henry James that English tradition which he has always valued so highly. His ancestors were chiefly Irish and Scotch, but Catherine Barber was of English descent. So he writes:

> I recall how, from far back, I reflected—for I see I must have been always reflecting—that, mixed as such a mixture, our Scotch with our Irish, might be, it had still a grace to borrow from the third ingredient or dimension.

Charming as is this lady, she pales into insignificance before the vividly and affectionately reconstructed figure of Henry James's father. He was, it seems, a generous, sympathetic parent, looking at life not too seriously, wisely bestowing liberties, impatient of formalism and pretense. From page to page he reappears, next to the writer himself the book's most real character. He enters into most of the memorable comedies and tragedies of Henry James's youth. It is by his side that the little boy is walking when Gen. Winfield Scott comes up Fifth Avenue and stops for a moment's conversation, wearing "a dark blue military cloak with a big velvet collar and loosened silver clasp, which spread about him like a symbol of the tented field." It is with his father that he goes through the pleasant lanes of an unsophisticated New York, to the "ice cream parlors" of Thompson and Taylor, to the book store, to lectures, and to the theatre to see John Toole, Laura Keene, and Lester Wallack. With his father he joins in delightful conspiracies for surprising Mrs. James—conspiracies always defeated by his father's impatient unwillingness to let good news grow stale; "the sense of communicable pleasure in his breast was positively explosive." An admirable father, indeed, with his earnest warnings against selfishness and priggishness, his quick appreciation and his fantastic merriment; a father whose memory is yet green in the thoughts of his son.

William James appears as not so much an actual human being as a symbol of superiority, a brother awful in the dignity of his sixteen months' priority. We hear him, at the age of 9, "charged with learning," authoritatively stating to the impressed Henry that their teacher is a very able woman. We catch glimpses of him at the school of Mr. Richard Pulling Jenks on the corner of Broadway and Fourth Street, at the institution Vergnès, and at the business school of Forest and Quackenboss at Fourteenth Street and Sixth Avenue—lost on upper floors, in higher classes, to his brother a figure worthy of admiration and reverence. We see him in the evening in the home at Albany or New York gravely drawing or reading, content with his own society, and a little impatient of his younger brother's attention. Henry's attitude toward him is deliciously realized, but the boy himself appears in this book only as an idea.

While William James is but vaguely sketched, there are vivid pictures. There is Solon Robinson, with his forbidden and greatly desired novel, "Hot Corn." There is Cousin Bob James, with his skull-like smile and long mustache, an "immemorial skeleton." There is the "dowager" whose knuckly white gloves toy with a large fan and a vinaigrette attached to her thumb by a chain. There is Washington Irving, telling of the tragic death by shipwreck of Margaret Fuller. There is Mrs. Cannon, with her shop "for the relief of gentlemen in want of pocket handkerchiefs, neckties, collars, umbrellas, and straw-covered bottles of the essence known in old New York as 'Cullone.'" There is that affable, ineffective gentleman, Cousin Albert James, and there is the tremendously ancient Great-aunt Wyckoff, throned in her big chair and surrounded by a court of relatives. There are kaleidoscopic flashes of New York, London, and Paris, faint rumbles of the Mexican war, and bits of illuminating comment on the literature of the period as it seemed to one of its youngest readers.

There are many interesting people in this unusual book, people interesting because of their fame, or their virtues, or their eccentricities. It is an experience novel and entertaining to see them with a child's eyes, to know them with a child's fearlessness and wonder. But of them all, the most interesting, memorable and attractive figure is the little boy with the sheath-like jacket and the big white hat, the little boy with the grave mouth and the eager, questioning eyes.

Catholics in America

The United States Catholic Historical Society has issued the sixth volume of Part II of "Historical Records and Studies," an extensive work of great interest to American Catholics, the publication of which is proceeding under the editorial direction of Charles George Hubermann. The volume includes a long article relating to the elevation of Archbishop Farley to the Sacred College of Cardinals; biographical sketches and appreciations of Father Hermann Blumensaat, the Very Rev. Pierre Gibault, V. G., and Father Ferdinand Farmer; a register of clergy laboring in the Diocese of New York down to 1885; a list of Catholic names taken from the records of the American Navy; and an article entitled "An Important Ptolemy Manuscript, with Maps, in the New York Public Library."

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JEWISH LEGENDS

Interesting Variations of Well-Known Biblical Stories

THE LEGENDS OF THE JEWS. By Louis Ginsberg. Translated from the German manuscript. Volume IV., "Bible Times and Characters from Joshua to Esther." The Jewish Publication Society.

THE reputation of Jezebel, daughter of Ethbaal, King of the Zidonians, is not exactly enviable. To call a lady "a Jezebel" is not, as a rule, to compliment her. Yet, let it be known, she had her good qualities. She was intensely sympathetic, even with strangers. When a funeral procession passed the place where she dwelt with her husband, Ahab, King of Samaria, ruler of 252 nations and father of 140 children, she would leave her gold and purple chambers, descend the broad steps and join the humble mourners. And when a wedding procession passed, she would hasten to take part in the merry-making in honor of the bridal couple. Our authority for the belief that she possessed these fine democratic habits is "The Legends of the Jews," as told by Louis Ginsberg, and published in an English translation by the Jewish Publication Society.

This anecdote, interesting in itself, is furthermore important as an indication of the general character of Jewish folk-lore. The book now under consideration (the fourth volume of the series) contains the popular variations and elaborations of the Biblical narrative from Joshua to Esther. And in almost every case the effect of the popular tradition upon the authoritative account is to humanize it, to show the vices of saints and the virtues of sinners. This is, it seems at first, curiously in contrast to the common use of folk-lore. We are familiar with the deifying process by which the great General becomes after his death invincible courage, the great statesman invincible wisdom. Lady Gregory recently exhibited this phenomenon graphically in her charming little collection of stories told by the Irish peasantry about Daniel O'Connell, who is rapidly becoming a figure equal in legendary wealth to Cuchulain and Finn MacCumhal. Here, however, is the opposite process, not the deifying of mortals but the humanizing of gods. Elijah, Elisha, Jonah, and Mordecai appear not as flawless beings, but as men. They sin and are punished, they do foolish or shrewd things, they even make jokes.

This may be considered, perhaps, the inevitable third stage of tradition, the third experience of the folk-hero. First, he lives, a marked man, the benefactor of his race. After death, his virtues are magnified until he becomes a thing of myth. Then a reaction sets in, and the people talk chiefly of his intimate and common aspect, seeking to establish him as a real memory. There are countless instances of this in the mythology of the Greeks and Romans. In America, George Washington is now undergoing this third degree of fame. For years he was the theme of extravagant eulogy. Now his celebrants (Mr. Robert Haven Schauffler, for example,) deliberately remove his halo and his cloak of glory and focus the world's attention upon his endearing imperfections.

Of course, folk-lore is not a thing absolutely to be reduced to axiom and mathematical statement, particularly by its amateurs. And in this treasury of fable there are many tales—such as those dealing with the splendid magic of Solomon—which belong rather to the second than the third step of our hypothetical process. But for the most part, it may be said that the book demonstrates the tendency of the Jewish mind to give actuality and a sense of nearness to the great figures, good and bad, of the race's ancient history.

Sometimes, it is true, the popular gloss tends to destroy the effectiveness of the tradition. Queen Vashti, for instance, loses all her laurels. Her refusal to appear naked before her drunken husband, King Ahasuerus, and his companions has for centuries made her the heroine of "emancipated" women. But the legend here given makes her cruel and vicious, and grounds her refusal to comply with the King's command not on modesty but on unwillingness to display the marks of leprosy with which her forehead and body were disfigured. These marks the Angel Gabriel had put on her by God's command as a punishment for her treatment of the Jewish maidens, whom she forced to spin and weave naked on the Sabbath.

While this story may be considered to lose in dignity and unity in this version, most of the others retain their original splendor and gain in realism of picturesque detail. Samson's hair becomes more interesting than it is in the Old Testament story. His feats of strength he was able to perform only when the spirit of God was poured over him. Whenever this happened, his hair began to move and emit a bell-like sound which could be heard far off. After he had overcome the Philistines by means of the jawbone of the ass on which Abraham had ridden to Mount Moriah he nearly died of thirst and was miraculously saved by the sudden flow of water from his mouth as from a spring.

Some of the judgments of Solomon have a certain highly practical humor. Here is one:

> A man with a jug of milk met a serpent wailing with thirst. On the serpent's promise to show him a hidden treasure the man gave him his jug of milk. In return he was led to a great rock and told that the treasure was beneath it. He rolled the rock aside and was about to take the treasure when suddenly he felt the serpent coiling about his neck. He cried out, and heard the serpent reply: "I am going to kill thee because thou art robbing me of my money!" They went together before King Solomon to obtain his decision as to which was in the wrong. When they were in the presence, the serpent said: "I want to kill this man because the Scripture bids me to do so, saying: 'Thou shalt bruise the heel of man.'" Solomon said: "First, release thy hold upon the man's neck and descend; in court neither party to a lawsuit may enjoy an advantage over the other." The serpent glided to the floor and, again questioned, gave the same answer as before. Then Solomon turned to the man and said: "To thee God's command was to bruise the head of the serpent—do it!" And the man crushed the serpent's head.

The legends dealing with the prophet Elijah are numerous and interesting. He figures in the grotesque tale which follows, although Rabbi Meir seems entitled to most of the credit.

> Rabbi Meir was a very eloquent preacher, and one Friday evening his sermon was so long that one of the women of the congregation reached home very late. Her husband was very angry and swore that she should not enter the house until she spat in Rabbi Meir's face. Elijah heard of her predicament, and, going to Rabbi Meir informed him of a plan for reestablishing harmony between husband and wife. Acting on his suggestion, the rabbi went to the woman and said he was looking for some one who would cast spells by spitting into the eye of the afflicted. "Perhaps you can do it," he said. "Try it on me!" She did so, to her husband's great delight, and, while no spell was cast, conjugal happiness was restored.

The story of Jonah and the whale is greatly enlarged. The fish had been specially made for Jonah's comfort at the creation of the world, and the prophet was as much at home inside of him "as in a spacious synagogue." The eyes of the fish served as windows, and there was a great diamond, shining as brilliantly as the noonday sun, so that Jonah could see to the bottom of the ocean. The presence of the prophet in his belly saved the fish from being devoured by Leviathan. In return the whale carried Jonah about for a long time, showing him Gehenna, Sheol, the river from which the ocean flows, the spot at which the Israelites crossed the Red Sea, and many other marvels. The prophet was so well entertained that he did not think of praying to escape, but God sent a tremendous female fish to demand his surrender, threatening to swallow both Jonah and the whale unless he were given up. Leviathan came up and corroborated the message, saying that he himself had heard God dispatch the female fish on her errand. So Jonah took up new quarters, and since he had to share them with 365,000 little fish he was very uncomfortable and prayed to be thrown out on dry land. God heard his prayer and he was spewed 900 parasangs to the shore.

Nebuchadnezzar had literary gifts, it seems, not attributed to him in the Old Testament. He had a drinking vessel made of a Jew's skull. One day as he was about to use it it began to stir with life and a voice said: "A friend of this man is at this moment reviving the dead!" The friend thus indicated was Ezekiel, who was bringing the dead to life in the Valley of Dura. Nebuchadnezzar now began to praise God for the miracle, and would, it is said, have made songs of praise superior to those of David himself if an angel, jealous of David's reputation, had not silenced him by striking him on the mouth.

Admirably simple was Daniel's conduct when Nebuchadnezzar tried to force him to worship a dragon, which all the Babylonians adored as a god because of its habit of devouring all who approached it. Daniel did not bother about a horse and a sword, nor did he puzzle his brain for some destructive charm. He merely mixed nails with the dragon's fodder and thus killed him at once. What a lesson for Saint George!

These legends are interesting; some of them are splendidly imaginative and others quaintly intimate and human. Their moral significance is, it must be confessed, rather obscure to readers of an alien faith. There is a harshness which repels rather than attracts; a glorification of autocracy and unrelenting justice which is not always edifying. But there is at least one incident related which has a tremendous and beautiful appeal. The prophet Elijah was walking with Rabbi Baroka, and pointing out to him people destined to occupy places in Paradise. Soon they came upon two clowns who were amusing a large crowd with jokes and songs and buffoonery. "There," said Elijah, pointing to the figures in motley whose painted faces grinned in the centre of the throng, "there are men who plant in the hearts of humanity the glorious flowers of humor. High shall be their rank among the blessed in Paradise."

PROCESS PICTURES

HORGAN'S HALF-TONE AND MECHANICAL PROCESSES. By Stephen H. Horgan. Illustrated. The Inland Printer Company, Chicago.

It is very fitting that Mr. Horgan should write an account of the development and present state of process illustrating, for he has been intimately associated with it from its beginning. During the forty years since the establishment of The New York Daily Graphic much study and experiment have been devoted to the problem of photomechanical illustration, and with results that have constantly been growing more wonderful and more important. Mr. Horgan has been a part of it all and has given his whole life to the effort of bettering the methods by which printer's ink is made to reproduce photographs. His book, in which he describes the various steps which have led up to the present development, is entirely practical. He has given no space to theory, and all the processes and formulas are such as have been evolved by practical experience, while he has paid little attention to methods that are not still in use or awaiting application. He begins with photolithography, in which, he says, can be found all the underlying principles in all of the photomechanical printing methods, and then follows the development and practical use of these methods down to the three-color process and rotary photogravure. Interspersed are interesting bits of history, formulas, practical information about allied subjects, such as when process workers may be jailed, advice about the care of screens, and other subjects. The pictures, of which there are many, illustrate the processes and methods described.

AN IRISH PHILOSOPHER

FINERTY OF THE SAND HOUSE. By Charles D. Stewart. The Century Company. 75 cents.

This is the same Finerty whose adventures in "The Fugitive Blacksmith" won their due meed of laughter. He is night keeper of the sand house and coal chutes in the Memphis railroad yards, and he loves to talk. To the firemen, brakemen, and others who gather at the sand house when they are off duty Finerty likes to expound his ideas about things in general and to relate the queer happenings in which he has had part. He is not so generously endowed with Irish humor as are some other characters who have helped to make the world more joyous. But every now and then it gurgles richly in his talk or, when you least expect it, there will be a flash of real Irish wit. Finerty has opinions upon all the subjects that are talked about—politics and the tariff, Presidents and women's rights, and he can philosophize about life and its values as assuredly as any one. He is a Democrat and, although he admits he has no "iddication," still there are some things in the school-books that he knows. One of these is: "The worruld is round like an apple. An' if the Raypublican pa-a-arthy kapes on there ain't goin' to be no core." Much observation has taught him that "the able Prisident" is the one "that gets through widout makin' a drouth in th' counthry or bringin' on an attack av th' siventeen-year locust." And he does not believe that a woman can amount to as much as a man, because, "how can she, whin a man has got a wife to help him?"

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POLICE IN FICTION

Mr. Moroso's Story of an Escaped Convict

THE QUARRY. By John A. Moroso. Illustrated by Thomas Fogarty. Little, Brown & Co. $1.25.

THE old adage concerning the unwisdom of knowing too much that is not so finds fresh confirmation in Mr. Moroso's story of police methods in New York City. It is evidently written out of close observation and intimate knowledge, and shows throughout such sincerity and earnestness that it cannot fail to impress the reader, notwithstanding its many shortcomings as a work of art. The author, indeed, seems to have been less concerned to make it a work of art than a work of truth, and perhaps that fact has caused it to gain in vitality something of what it has lost in artistry.

It is a story of the Central Office at work, with its efficiency untempered by judgment. Reading it one feels that he is looking at the operations of a soulless monster, a machine society has created for its protection that has become a Frankenstein, against which it sorely needs to be protected. The book opens with the arrest on a murder charge of an innocent country lad, who has come to New York from a Jersey town to look for work. He is without money or friends, is ignorant of the ways of justice—and injustice; the District Attorney is eager to add one more to his list of convictions, regardless of whether or not the accused is guilty; the Central Office detective who has made the arrest is cocksure of his case and has the confidence of his chief. And before the boy has recovered from his bewilderment over the impossibility of the whole affair he is on his way to Sing Sing, handcuffed to a third-term burglar.

All this first part of the book is written with fine realism, and is plausible and convincing. Evidently Mr. Moroso's years of work as a newspaperman gave him an abundance of opportunity to study the workings of the Police Department, the conditions in the Tombs, the conduct of affairs in the Criminal Court; and he carries his dazed young hero through it all—his night in "the barrel," the taking of his photograph for the Rogues' Gallery, the work of the Bertillon men, the farce of his trial—in a rapid, vivid narrative that leaves one gasping with horror at the maleficent efficiency of the whole machinery. It has absorbed at one end, by mere accident, an innocent, bewildered country lad, and in only a few days it has dumped him out at the other, convicted of murder, and condemned to be No. 60,108 for the rest of his life. And, apparently, it is all entirely possible. It might happen to any friendless young fellow.

The five years that the boy spends in Sing Sing are passed over rapidly and touch upon nothing that does not immediately concern him. But one gains an interesting glimpse into the intricacies of jail comradeship, and the systems of communication, which are evolved in spite of watchful eyes and ears. The hero's cell mate, the third-term burglar, proves to be not entirely lost in crime and with amazing patience and tireless toil, helps to make possible his and his "pal's" escape. The young man succeeds in eluding the police, who are at once on his track, goes South, and finally, in North Carolina, by work and inventive genius, wins honor and wealth and a bride.

But Kearney, the Central Office detective, who had first arrested him, whose testimony had sent him to prison, has felt through all these half dozen years that he was being cheated. His quarry had escaped, and the natural instinct of the ferret, with which he seems to be endowed, will not let him rest. For six years he has been at work, has sent out descriptions and pictures of the escaped convict, offers of reward for his recapture, and has enlisted in the service police departments all over the country. Time and again he has come so close to the trail that his quarry has had to seek cover in a change of residence.

Finally the hunted man, now rich, honored and beneficent, builds him a sort of castle on a mountain side, far from cities or towns, and there, with infinite toil, goes to work to change those measurements which would betray his identity if he were recaptured. But his finger prints remain the same. At last the hunter, efficient and determined and as fresh on his six years' quest as he was at the start, closes in on his quarry. He is sure it is his quarry, although name, appearance, measurements, all deny his charge. Only the finger prints remain to be tested. And the hunted man knows that against their testimony there will be no appeal. It will send him handcuffed back to Sing Sing for the rest of his life. But, whether or not he submits to this crowning proof of the patience and skill of the Central Office force, the reader must be allowed to find out for himself.

The book is a first novel and shows many of the crudities that are likely to mar first efforts, as well as some that do not always appear. Very often the author falls into a Sunday-school-bookish tone that is deplorable, and he is prone to make his good characters goody-goodish. It would really seem that a man who could write certain portions of this tale ought to have known better than to make himself responsible for certain others. However, the story is of far less consequence as a novel than it is as a study of the perverted growth and sinister possibilities of what is generally supposed to be society's best protection against the criminal. As such it is worthy the attention of serious men and women.

A Bergson Bibliography

Members of the staff of the Columbia University Library, under direction of Miss Isadore G. Mudge, the reference librarian, have prepared what they call "A Contribution to a Bibliography of Henri Bergson." Their list shows, as they point out, a widespread and varied interest in Bergson's philosophy. It includes ninety books and articles by Prof. Bergson, and 417 books and articles about him. One hundred and seventy of the publications of the second class are in French, 150 in English, 40 in German, 19 in Italian, 5 in Polish, 3 in Dutch, 3 in Spanish, 2 in Rumanian, 2 in Swedish, 2 in Russian, and 1 in Hungarian. The most widely translated of Bergson's works is "L'Introduction à la Métaphysique," which has already been printed in French, English, German, Italian, Swedish, Hungarian, Polish, and Russian. (Lemcke & Buechner.)

Three Weeks in France

John C. Higginbotham's "Three Weeks Abroad Series" now includes an illustrated volume entitled "Three Weeks in France." To one taking his first look at France this book would be an agreeable and useful companion; it purports to be the narrative of an actual journey made by the author. (Chicago: Reilly & Britton Company.)

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Boston LITTLE, BROWN & CO., Publishers

A NEW VANBRUGH

St. John Hankin's Contribution to Recent English Drama

THE DRAMATIC WORKS OF ST. JOHN HANKIN. With an introduction by John Drinkwater. Three vols. Mitchell Kennerley. $[illegible]

WHEN Sir John Vanbrugh in 1696 attended the première of Mr. Cibber's "Love's Last Shift," he left the theatre in Drury Lane, wondering what would happen to the happy ending in a sixth act. He was skeptical of Loveless, the rake reformed, continuing to live a quiet life in the country, happy in the domestic embraces of Amanda. He felt it would be entertaining to lift the curtain on the morrow of Cibber's conclusion. He talked to Cibber about it, and Cibber agreed. Vanbrugh set jauntily to work, and London was soon heartily laughing at "The Relapse; or, Virtue in Danger."

Hankin, like Vanbrugh, began his dramatic career in a shrewd distrust of happy endings. Audiences to-day are not immensely different from audiences of 200 years ago. They still like to imagine that a comedy really ends with the author's curtain, that the follies, misunderstandings, vanities, and weaknesses, which for three hours or so have determined the fortunes of his people, disappear with the hey presto which petrifies them at the close in stiff attitudes of beatification. The end of most comedies—even some of the best—is a sort of New Year's day. Every one agrees to turn over a new leaf. The audience leaves the theatre in precisely the clean and happy frame of mind with which some of us contrive to begin breakfast on January first. Few of us can claim to be entirely innocent of the fallacy which Vanbrugh exposed in "The Relapse." We have, most of us, indulged ourselves in assuming that the little foibles which make up the sum of our individual comedy will vanish in a happy ending upon the last day of December, and that we shall enter upon a career of static bliss upon the first day of January. But the comic writer, usually a splenetic fellow, has none of these pleasant illusions. It is never January the first with Vanbrugh; it is January the second or third. Mr. Henry Arthur Jones once wrote a very melancholy play—"Dolly Reforming Herself" he called it—in which a whole house party of people, with their several weaknesses, are exposed to public view in two successive Januaries. They are making precisely the same resolutions on January the first all through the play, and sinning precisely the same sins on January the second. This is the comic view. It may be right and shrewd, but it is not cheerful.

Hankin's work, from first page to last, is one variation or another of the theme which inspired Vanbrugh to write "The Relapse" and Mr. Jones to write "Dolly Reforming Herself." Almost his first contribution to literature was a volume of dramatic sequels, in which he provided additional acts for a dozen different plays, from "Hamlet" to "Caste," from "Alcestis" to "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray." These sequels should have been included in a collected edition of his works, if only as a preliminary manifesto of his career. The chief value of his plays, when first they were published—one is unhappily compelled to judge Hankin almost entirely from the printed volume—was their insistence that people cannot get away from their characters. It is a simple fact perpetually emphasized by the philosophers, but the English theatre, when first Hankin began to write, had almost entirely lost it. So rooted was the idea that the end of a comedy automatically reformed every person in it that, when these plays first appeared, people wrote indignantly to Hankin wanting to know why Eustace Jackson did not pull himself together and marry the daughter of Lady Faringford, why Verreker did not redeem his past and marry the daughter of Lady Denison, why Ethel Borridge, under the purifying influence of love and the elevating prospect of marriage into a county family, did not shed her vulgarity. Hankin answered, in effect, that he was a comic author who dealt in the verities of character; that his plays ended in the only possible way; that, not being a dramatic critic, he did not believe that all engagements were satisfactory, or that all marriages were made in heaven. Hankin was one among a group of dramatic authors who pricked the false romanticism of a theatre which had come to suffer almost any absurdity in the name of sweethearts and wives. He inscribes one of his plays with the well-worn epigram of Horace Walpole—"Life is a comedy to those who think, a tragedy to those who feel." Hankin was one of the thinkers. His laughter was the thoughtful laughter which Meredith asked of the comic writer. He looked through the shows of things. He could not live in a paradise of happy endings.

Hankin is important in quite another way. He is one of a small group of modern dramatic authors who can be read as well as acted. A collected edition of his works takes one back to the unhappy days when the published play was as offensive in appearance as it was empty of literary value. It was fit only to be marked by the prompter, scored by the stage manager, and thumbed by the player. Certainly it had no place in the library of a decent person. Hankin and Wilde were among the first to change all that. Hankin is in every way worthy of Mr. Martin Secker's beautiful edition. We do not feel it is ridiculous to print him fairly, and upon expensive paper, to bind him strongly, and to put him on the shelf in a form that will not disgrace it. Hankin helped to break down a recent superstition that it was improper in a character of comedy to speak English. The dialogue of these plays is pointed and rhythmical, written with a sense of the weight and meaning of words. Even the stage directions are good to read. They atone for the absence of the actor and the scene. The direction which concludes "The Two Mr. Wetherbys"—"Dick carrying both the bags"—is more than a note for the producer. It enables the reader to enjoy, in a purely literary effect, the dramatic sensation he would get in the actual representation. Hankin abounds in these touches. He loses hardly as much as he gains by being read instead of being acted.

Mr. Hankin is not great. His cool detachment from the creatures of his theatre is less the result of an Olympian superiority to the woes and passions of life as of a curious imaginative phlegm. Hankin is not the man who has realized everything, forgotten nothing, and from a great height looks dispassionately down upon humanity. He is not a great ironist. People amused him, and he expressed this amusement in his plays. He did not, plunging into the deeps of character, aim at presenting the supreme comedy of man made, in God's image, of common clay. His coolness is rather the result of diffidence than of strength. He is afraid to trust himself with the great passions. The play which definitely shows the boundaries of his dramatic province is "The Last of the de Mullins." Janet de Mullins, the one person in the whole range of his plays who should impose herself upon us as a passionate expression of Hankin's imaginative reaction to the big realities, is the least alive of any of his dramatic figures. Her speech upon the glories of motherhood—the pinnacle of Hankin's play—is the chilliest rhetoric. To say that it leaves us cold is mild. It is a deluge of freezing water.

But it is ungenerous to linger upon the negative side of Hankin's achievement. To have let a little light and air into the English theatre at a time when the windows had for years been shut, and the blinds drawn, was no mean accomplishment. This Hankin undoubtedly did. His influence is not to be measured by the fact that the London stage has apparently found no use for his plays. No dramatic author can neglect—or has neglected—the models he has left. He taught that the humors of provincial life and manners, and the motives of every day, are dramatic stuff of the highest quality. He is the original author in England of the "Sight" play—the play which, previously, was never looked at by an actor-manager, but which to-day is usually the success of the year. Mr. Martin Secker has in this very beautiful collected edition of Hankin's works corrected the injustice of the English theatre.

JOHN PALMER.

Christianity in Italy

The series of lectures recently delivered at Princeton University and other American universities and seminaries by Prof. Giovanni Luzzi of the Waldensian Theological Seminary of Florence are published, with some additional matter, in a volume entitled "The Struggle for Christian Truth in Italy." In this work the history of Christianity in Italy is told from the earliest times to the present day. One of the most interesting chapters is entitled "Modernism or the Present Effort for Reform Within the Roman Church." Prof. Luzzi avows ardent sympathy with the Modernists and expresses the hope they will persevere. (Fleming H. Revell Company. $1.50.)

LOVE AND ADVENTURE

THE ROAD OF LIVING MEN. By Will Levington Comfort. J. B. Lippincott Company. $1.25.

AN incorrigible romanticist is Will Levington Comfort. He sees life always through a golden haze that exalts and beatifies his people and writes of it with a pen keyed to emotional tensity. But, without much doubt, the majority of readers like their fiction that way. They like the people they meet in books to belong on the uplands, to be better, braver, lovelier, more worth knowing, than any they have ever met. They like the life they read of in fiction to have a certain splendor of experience and richness of emotion beside which life as they have seen it seems poor and barren. Perhaps it is the irrepressible idealism in human nature, the unconquerable yearning for that which is above and beyond us, that is responsible for this so general demand that the pages of fiction shall glow with the light that never was.

Mr. Comfort knows how to create that light in generous measure and how to use it with skill and effect. And he has a virility of mental fibre that saves his romanticism from sinking into utter sentimentalism, as so often happens among romantic writers, especially those of the other sex. The world of which he writes is always a clean and wholesome world, even if it does belong on some other planet. It is all swept by invigorating winds, and it holds no languorous corners, no smothering perfumes of sentiment. In this new novel he has essayed to write a love story, pure and simple. But that virility of imagination got the better of his purpose and made the tale, while it still holds to its central purpose, in its working out quite as much a novel of action and adventure as of love.

The story is told in the first person and concerns, primarily, the fates of the man who tells it and of a strong-hearted woman, Mary Romany, who is his one beloved. They first meet in their middle teens, by chance and briefly, and are then swept apart until they meet again, ten years later, in Hong-kong. There the action of the tale begins, and is carried up the river, far into the interior of China, whence it flees back, amid perils and breathless excitement, urged on by the Boxer rebellion. Then comes a quiet place on Long Island, and finally the reader is hurried down to South America, where, in a lonely valley high up in the Andes, among the martial clash and thunderous hurly-burly of Things Doing, love comes into his own.

Mr. Comfort is a good story-teller, knowing how to use his incidents with cumulative effect and how to reach and handle a climax. And into this book he has put some interesting people. His educated, high-class Chinaman, Yuan Kang Su, the narrator's intimate friend, is an attractive personality, although the author does not succeed in getting the reader any more than just within his outer gates. The remittance man from St. Louis, Hintoon, derelict in the little town in the heart of China, where he carries on a losing fight with the dragon of alcohol, is a much clearer conception and more convincingly realized. Perhaps it comes down, after all, to a question of race, or the barriers that prevent a man of one race from truly seeing and faithfully portraying the mind and heart and soul of one who is at his antipodes in all these three as well as in geographic location. But even as far as he goes in his depiction of Yuan Kang Su, Mr. Comfort has done something to help his more provincial readers to realize what may lie beyond those barriers. To the love-lady, Mary Romany, who is the centre of the whole book, the author does not succeed in giving overmuch of substance and reality. And why did he not spare us all those threadbare platitudes about loves and matings in previous existences? There are some things that goad even a patient and tolerant reviewer to wish for the strong arm and the huge blue pencil of the implacable censor.

British Pictures and Painters

One who makes use of E. V. Lucas's anecdotal guide to the British section of the National Gallery, which is published in an illustrated volume entitled "British Pictures and Their Painters," will kill two birds with one stone, for, in addition to being a reliable manual, it contains a great deal of useful and entertaining biographical matter. No doubt many persons who find it something of a bore to "do" the National Gallery in company with the ordinary guidebook will very likely find the undertaking almost enjoyable if they take Mr. Lucas for their pilot. (Macmillan Company. $1.25.)

TALES of the MERMAID TAVERN

By ALFRED NOYES

Interesting stories, some humorous, some tragic, told strongly and delightfully in solid, manly verse by a master. Noyes is called by critics the greatest living English poet. He has a marvelous command of melody, he can tell a story, and his work is deeply significant. "The Mermaid Tavern" was the gathering place of Shakespeare, Ben Jonson, Marlowe, Raleigh, and other famous Elizabethans, and these narratives are imagined to have have been told there. The book is Noyes' masterpiece. *Illustrated from old prints.* $1.35 *net; postpaid* $1.45. *Ready April 17th.*

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It gives directions as to the use of the material, an exposition of the psychological basis, suggestions regarding American conditions, and a view of Montessori's deeper message. Miss Stevens is a graduate of Columbia and Chicago, has observed Montessori's schools in Rome, and has had long teaching experience. *Illustrated,* $1.00 *net, postpaid* $1.10. *Now ready.*

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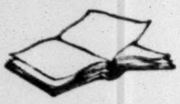

Literary Section
of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, APRIL 13, 1913

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TOPICS OF THE WEEK

PROF. EDWARD DOWDEN, the Irish scholar and critic of literature, who died a week ago yesterday, had lived long and well. He had not quite finished his 70th year, to be sure, but his activities began early, and the book by which he will be best remembered, "Shakespeare: His Mind and Art," has been in print thirty-eight years. His latest work, like his earliest, was concerned with Shakespearean study. His "Shakespearean Primer," (1877,) his "Introduction to Shakespeare," (1893,) and his edition of the Sonnets (1881) are books which appeal to the "general reader" as forcibly as to the avowed student. His "Life of Shelley" (1886) is the most authoritative book on the unhappy career of that poet, and he did a prodigious amount of work besides these books, as editor, commentator, and essayist. He also found time to serve as Commissioner of National Education in Ireland, and, in spite of his continuous service for forty-five years as Professor of English Literature in Dublin University, he filled lectureships from time to time at Oxford and Cambridge. They have a way across the Atlantic of providing for able men of letters, men who are leaders of thought in their time and pioneers in literary research, an opportunity to exercise their gifts for the benefit of their age. The various positions Prof. DOWDEN filled were not sinecures by any means; he gave good service for his wages; but he was never compelled to live at high pressure; he had ample leisure for writing, and he availed himself of his opportunities with admirable results.

MR. HORACE HOWARD FURNESS, Jr., was associated with his distinguished father, America's foremost Shakespearean scholar, in the making of the Variorum Edition for many years. Before the death of Dr. FURNESS his son had issued a revised edition of "Macbeth," made necessary by the accumulation of new matter worthy of incorporation in the textual notes and appendices, and had added to the list of plays in the Variorum an edition of "Richard the Third," which compared favorably in thoroughness and accuracy of scholarship with the volumes edited by his father. His "Julius Caesar," to be brought out this week by the J. B. Lippincott Company, will form the seventeenth volume of this monumental edition, the completion of which, under the best possible conditions, must occupy many years of his life. Whether or not it was SHAKESPEARE's idea to teach a useful political lesson to England in this play, (which was written in 1601,) whether or not it was primarily inspired by the rebellion and downfall of ESSEX, whether or not the deeply reflective, hesitant Brutus is the forerunner of Hamlet, there are questions raised by the first of the three Roman tragedies of great and abiding interest to students of SHAKESPEARE. The earliest printed text is that of the Folio, (1623,) and the play was unquestionably founded on the lives of CAESAR, BRUTUS, and ANTONY in NORTH's Plutarch. There are essential points, however, which are of SHAKESPEARE's invention, such as Antony's swaying of the multitude, and there must have been an earlier English play, if not more than one, on the same subject, which served the official playwright of the Globe Theatre as the foundation of his work.

MR. IRA E. BENNETT, the chief editor of the authoritative "History of the Panama Canal: Its Construction and Building," which is to be published in Washington next Autumn, is a journalist well equipped by experience for the task he has undertaken. He has been an editor in San Francisco, a political correspondent in Washington, and editor of The Post in that city. He has a large acquaintance among public men, and has the insight, the systematic habit, and the knowledge required to make such a work valuable. His associates include officers of the National Government, the army, and the navy. The book, as announced in a report of an interview with the President of the company organized to publish it, cabled from London to THE NEW YORK TIMES, will contain contributions by President WILSON, ex-Presidents TAFT and ROOSEVELT, Admiral DEWEY, Gen. LEONARD WOOD, Col. GOETHALS, and Col. GORGAS.

THE battle of Gettysburg was the turning point in the war between the States. The occurrence of the fiftieth anniversary of that famous engagement next July will not be neglected by the publishers. New books on Gettysburg may be expected; new editions of some of the most famous by native and foreign military writers and experts are inevitable. Among the new books appropriate to this anniversary is "The Life and Letters of George Gordon Meade, Major General, U. S. A.," edited by his grandson, GEORGE GORDON MEADE, which Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS have in the press. The story of the important epochs in Gen. MEADE's career are told by himself in letters not hitherto published. The narrative, however, will comprehend all of Gen. MEADE's military services in the Mexican as well as the civil war. Another important work bearing upon the history of the battle of Gettysburg is the third part of the "Story of the Civil War," formerly written and edited by the late JOHN CODMAN ROPES, and now continued by Col. WILLIAM ROSCOE LIVERMORE, U. S. A. Two parts of this work were published about twelve years ago. The third (G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS) is in two volumes and treats of the campaign of 1863 to July 10. Gettysburg, of course, is its absorbing subject, and all of the military problems of that famous battle are said to be carefully studied.

MRS. REGINALD DE KOVEN, in the course of some historical studies some years ago, discovered that a large part of the late A. C. BUELL's most attractive "Life of John Paul Jones" was simply a work of fiction. Her discoveries, with the documents in the case, were duly set forth in THE NEW YORK TIMES, but though they attracted much public attention and admiration they seemed to make no impression in the book-publishing world. A new edition of BUELL's Life, with an additional chapter by Gen. HORACE PORTER describing the finding of JONES's body in Paris, and its transference to the tomb prepared for it in the country he served so well on the seas, was a book of the hour at the time of the reburial at Annapolis. Now, however, the publishers of BUELL's most readable book announce "The Life and Letters of John Paul Jones," by ANNA DE KOVEN. In this Mrs. DE KOVEN makes use of all the material she discovered, and has been able to lighten many hitherto obscure passages in the career of PAUL JONES. A miniature portrait of the hero, not hitherto reproduced, is one of the illustrations. There have been biographies of PAUL JONES before this, but Mrs. DE KOVEN's, it is said, is the first that can be considered complete and authentic. To write of a daring and irreclaimable privateer and sea fighter seems an odd choice for a woman, especially in these days when the women, while making war themselves on hallowed social conventions, are almost all of one mind in decrying war as one of the wickedest follies of the lesser sex. But it is a great relief to welcome a book by a competent woman writer which does not deal with the "social uplift" and the wrongs inflicted by an antiquated society on Woman with a capital W.

IN the commendable series of republications of early novelists, "picaresque section," edited by Mr. H. WARNER ALLEN, now appears in small but remarkably clear type Dr. TOBIAS SMOLLETT's translation of "The Adventures of Gil Blas of Santillane," by Abbé LESAGE, (DUTTONS.) The editor of this work is Mr. WILLIAM MORTON FULLERTON, an American writer of varied attainments, who provides an excellent introduction, informing, comprehensive, and just. He notes that few of the men whose authority as judges of literature the world used to esteem appreciated "Gil Blas" at its full worth except Sir WALTER SCOTT. Mr. FULLERTON calls "Gil Blas" the best of the picaresque novels, but insists that it has become a classic only by living down its picaresqueness. "LESAGE found ready to his hand one "of the most convenient literary "forms that the novel ever assumed "for the achievement he had in view. "That end was to hold a mirror up to "nature, and to the whole of nature." Aside from all the theories of criticism, scientific or emotional, "Gil Blas" is assuredly one of the most enticing and enjoyable of books. Having picked it up and opened it at any page, it is hard to escape from the spell it exerts. For our own part, in merely glancing at it, we had soon derived fresh delight from the adventure of Gil in the decent inn at Pegnaflor, and were carried along as far as the sad tale of Donna Mencia before reflecting that there is work to do in this world.

FLOWERS IN ART

WITH the knowledge that a symbol stands for an abstract idea, while an emblem denotes a concrete thing, one who cares to may learn from Elizabeth Haig's book on "The Floral Symbolism of the Great Masters" (E. P. Dutton & Co.) something of the history of Western idealism. Some of the conventions employed by the great painters of religious pictures to illustrate "the Divine Mysteries" are the very symbols or emblems used by the early Christians, partly to conceal their faith from their pagan enemies. When the era of persecution had passed, the symbols and emblems survived. When the Church grew in wealth and power and both inspired and encouraged arts, the symbols and emblems were preserved in mosaics, carvings and paintings.

As the broken wheel of the prophets signified imperfect revelation, and the books carried by the apostles their larger knowledge, so the branch of olive and the spotless lily had their obvious significance. After the Renaissance the laws of sacred art became fixed. The symbolism of the fourteenth century practically survives now. Emblems have passed into the heraldry of the Church. Altar vessels and Church furniture bearing sacred symbols, take on a sacred significance. The earlier and ruder artists frequently represented the Most High simply by an emblem.

⁂

Fruits and flowers as symbols and emblems, however, came with the Renaissance. The lily alone was the emblem of the Virgin. When the pictured Virgin held a lily it was the symbol of purity. The apple denotes the Fall of man, the pomegranate is the symbol of the Church. The new-born love of nature inspired the use of natural things in the symbolism. The poets carried out the idea. A new school of churchmen sprang up who concerned themselves largely with the symbolism of plants, fruits, and flowers. Sometimes symbolism was confused with herbalism and magic.

The symbolism of the flowers is generally clear. The purity of the white lily, the humility of the violet, need no explanation. But the rose, in which Dante says "the Word Divine was made incarnate," the rose which was the flower of martyrdom and the symbol of divine love as well, was also the flower of Venus. It crept gradually into "Christian hagiology." The flower was too beautiful to be scorned, and it survived its evil fame. This shifting of symbolical meaning is a particularly interesting phase of the study.

Miss Haig writes of all the floral symbols in their relation to art, and has chapters on the lily, the iris, the rose, and the carnation, on "Garlands of Roses," the columbine, the olive, and the palm, the acanthus of paradise, "The Flowers of the Divinity," "The Flowers of the Virgin," and the vine. Of the favored fruits, the strawberry is not mentioned in the Bible and was not a symbol of the fathers. But since the Renaissance it has always been the symbol of perfect righteousness. As such it appears in pictures by Botticelli, Perugino, Giovanni di Paolo, and Lorenzo da Sanseverino.

⁂

In the Paradise of di Paolo, at Siena, there are lilies, roses, violets, and strawberries, while, as Miss Haig remarks, most of the happy souls in this delectable place "seem to have taken holy orders in the flesh." The Paradise, in short, is the symbol of the Church. Hubert Van Eyck's "Queen of Heaven" still puzzles through the complicated symbolism of its jewels, but the three roses denote the Divine love of the Holy Trinity. In Murillo's "Immaculate Conception" at the Prado, in Madrid, the palm, the rose, the lily, and the olive appear.

Dante Gabriel Rossetti's "Girlhood of Mary the Virgin" is the only modern painting Miss Haig describes. It was his earliest exhibited work. Within the room where the Virgin sits are the lily, the seven-thorned briar, and the seven-leaved palm. In the trellis of the garden, beyond the window, are the vine, the white convolvulus, rival of the violet as the symbol of humility, and the dove of holiness, while on a balustrade stands a transparent vase (symbol of the immaculate conception) holding a rose, symbol of divine love. Thus did the Pre-Raphaelite adapt the symbolism of the old masters.

THE FIRST ITALIAN

Mr. Glover's Study of the "Prophet-Poet" Virgil

VIRGIL. By T. R. Glover. Macmillan Company, 1913. $2.

WHO will rescue Virgil from the schoolmasters? He has been a class text since the fourth century, a favorite with the fathers of the Church, a mediaeval "Prophet of the Gentiles," a dream book, fortune-teller, and fetish to the charlatan and unlettered, deified by scholiasts, abominated by lazy urchins, until to-day, praised and unloved, he seems merely the "third degree" of regents and civil examiners and "the bread" of tutors and headmasters.

Let us hope that some of the latter, at least, will read Mr. Glover's fine study of Virgil's life and realize the error of using his poems as a drill in philology, or, quite as mistaken, treating them as rare bits of literary treasure out of the past.

In the study of Virgil we are dealing not only with the literature, but with the life, religion, and philosophy of the Roman Empire; moreover, without some comprehension of his spirit we can have no insight into the Middle Ages; for Virgil and Dante are, after all, the two real links that anchor our modern times to the pillars of the Acropolis. Comparetti, in his "Virgil in the Middle Ages," goes so far as to say:

> As supreme centre of the literary inheritance left by the Romans, as representative of classical learning, as interpreter of that Roman sentiment which survived the downfall of the empire, the name of Virgil acquired in Europe a significance well nigh equivalent to that of civilization itself.

Professors are too apt to suppose that their pupils are nearer to them in taste and feeling for literature than is actually true, and if Virgil "is no author for a healthy boy" it is largely because the student comes to the study of the Eclogues, Georgics, and the Aeneid without any sense of the personal character and philosophy of the poet, and in ignorance of the great political age in which he prevailed. The date of his birth at Mantua, and a note regarding his friendship with Augustus, Maecenas, and Horace, are hardly data enough to arouse human interest in an author presented so early in the Latin curriculum. One must have mastered something like a philosophy before entering into Virgil in sympathy with his vast humanity, his piety and constructive qualities; it is this human content that seems to escape most students and professors. If the opponents of the classics are to be met at all, it must be, as Mr. Glover observes, with conclusive evidence that the texts of the Latins and Greeks are in themselves worth while. The thought seems old enough to be new, for some twenty-five centuries ago, according to Aeschines, Hesiod declared:

> I shall quote the poem, for I suppose we learn the thoughts of the poets when we are boys that we may use them as men.

"Romanus Virgilius" they called him, although Horace, not he, was the typical poet of the age; the epithet seems rather a recognition of him as herald of the universal reign of the Pax Romana, so ardently welcomed after the long years of warfare in the republic. "The artist is the true son of his time," says Schiller, "but pity him if he is its pupil or even its favorite." If Virgil seems an exception to this, we must look to the fact that he was restricted by no bounds of nationality such as we know them. With him the Eternal City was merely a symbol of race, and race connoted humanity. The sorrows and losses under the wars of the republic had mellowed the Roman character, and we hear in Virgil a voice of human sympathy, such as is absent from Homer; it was a voice awaited in poetry, and the Augustan world rose to greet it, as once they rose when he entered the Coliseum. He was the first Italian; "Umbrian," insists one German professor; "Celtic," persists another, equally German. "Catull ist Franzose," declares Marx, "Vergil Italiener." Among us to-day he would be a man of the Middle West; his brain works and travels over continents; he interprets religion, art, and government in a universal rather than a finished way. The energetic administration of Augustus meant more to him than a sham republicanism that was merely a cloak for privilege. He was as communistic as a man of the ancient world could be; he kept clear of courts and refused to accept from the Emperor lands that had been confiscated from others.

Virgil was as strongly opposed to the Alexandrianism of literature as to the political exclusiveness of the city of Rome, and Mr. Glover draws an interesting contrast between these Greek dramatists, story-tellers, and poets, "who were learned people, too learned for human beings" and the poet of the Eclogues and Georgics, "the child of an Italian farm," who at the age of 16 wrote a poem on the mosquitoes of Mantua, a child after the heart of Prudentius, "his first food was the sacred meal, his first sight the sacred candles and the family gods growing black with the holy oil."

To him nature meant Italy, the fatherland of primitive beauties and virtues, the hills of home. Lucretius had regarded nature merely as a deposit of the hidden principles of life; to Horace the fields and pastures meant only a refuge and restoration from the cares and dangers of ambition; and it was not until the sixteenth century that Luis de Leon discovered in the landscape of Spain the divine impress of which Wordsworth speaks in his "Intimations of Immortality." For Virgil, even if "there is a god in us" and our soil is sacred, nature remains ever earth and water, and ancestral memories; he avoids the philosophic influence of pantheism and the Epicureans and takes his message of nature directly from nature herself. Mr. Glover's note regarding the scenery of the Aeneid must interest American students:

> In many ways I think the scenery of the New World is nearer that of Virgil's Italy than most of what we see in Europe to-day, though I am afraid the old towns are wanting.

His contemporaries do not seem to have hesitated long before recognizing the direction that Virgil was giving to their religious thought; the old gods for the most part had fallen into derision or desuetude, and the East had begun to pour into Rome its priests of every cult; mysteries and confusion possessed the shrines, yet the great firmament as well as the little meadow lane seemed unlighted and untenanted by the divine as never before. It was easy then to identify Virgil himself with his own "pious Aeneas" carrying the household gods and the sacred traditions of his race into Latium. They did not wait for the Middle Ages to call him "Maro vates gentilium"; his own generation beheld him

> Stretch hands in love unto the land
> beyond,

and cherished his poems as the very Bible of their pagan world.

The paganism of Virgil is but another name for humanity, that solid base underlying every sane religion; a paganism more to the heart of the true ascetic than to the mind of the average fanatic; a paganism natural to any being who accepts his body as well as his soul from a supernatural hand.

The rôle of prophet was more conformable to the genius of Virgil than that of panegyrist of Rome and Augustus; whether also he realized the danger of displeasing the Emperor or mistrusted the epical quality of the adventures of Aeneas, the fact remains that he held off from the story as long as possible, building out of the body of legend, so flattering to Roman self-esteem, a new religious and national code for the years to come, rather than a triumphal arch across the horizon of the past. He retains the greater gods of Olympus; they sit eternal on the cloudy summits over Rome; but he has not forgotten that the little people must have little gods, and with Tibullus he might say of them:

> No shame it is that ye are wooden
> and old; even thus it was ye dwelt of
> yore in the house of my grandsire.

These, however, are but tutelar spirits, prototypes perhaps, of early saints in local calendars, sharers and dispensers of divine efflorescence, of higher order, no doubt, but of ministrating kind, as were the bees of the Fourth Georgic, "that have received a share of the divine intelligence, a draught from the Aether; since God pervades all earth, and the reaches of the sea, and the deeps of heaven."

With that clear instinct for ethical and artistic values which distinguished the Latin peoples of the Middle Ages, this prophetic or apocalyptic quality in Virgil was never lost to sight. If he was a Bible to his contemporaries, he became in the process of the centuries, with the loss of the landmarks of imperial culture, the great mage and soothsayer of antiquity; his poems were glossed and allegorized as intricately and marvelously as any page of Bacon and Shakespeare of to-day; he had foretold, they claimed, the coming of the Christian dispensation—not quite the whole, as one careful old scholiast admitted, for then he could not have remained a pagan. Smile as we may at the Virgilian prophecies of Eclogues and Georgics, and ridicule the sortes virgilianae or the telling of fortune by Bibliomancy, we cannot altogether neglect the significant fact of this instinct that felt, however confusedly, the prophecy in Virgil's humanity; being truly human, he was religious; true to his great mission he could not but seem a sort of demi-god to communities that had lost the proper poise between the spirit and the flesh.

The lives of the classic authors should be read as we read the biographies of a Shelley, a Carlyle, or a Lincoln; in the case of Virgil we shall find plentiful data in the writings of his friends and contemporaries. A career so uneventful as his would otherwise have become confused and mythical, and we should be without the splendid realization which we derive from Mr. Glover's sympathetic study, that Virgil was a man greater and nobler even than his works, a personality whose magnetic influence has never waned, whose poems will probably survive all other classic authors throughout any twilight that can settle upon the gods of Greece and Rome.

THOMAS WALSH.

LONDON LITERARY NEWS

A Biography of Thiers by President Poincare—New Material on the Napoleonic Wars from French National Archives.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS.

LONDON, April 12.—A new biography of Robert Fulton is in preparation by Mr. H. W. Dickenson. It is to be published by Mr. John Lane. The author has unearthed fresh material, presumably from the French national archives, relating to the engagement by the British Government to destroy Napoleon's Boulogne flotilla.

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Among historical volumes in preparation at the Oxford Press "The Economic Utilization of History," by H. W. Farman, is one having the most general interest.

President Poincaré figures as the author of a life of Thiers in a series announced by the publishing house of Hachette. It is not stated whether M. Poincaré wrote this biography before his election to the Presidency or if he has been doing it during the few leisure moments left him from his official duties.

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Dr. F. B. Jevons, Professor of Philosophy at Durham University, has published through Messrs. Methuen & Co. a volume entitled "Personality," which contains to a large extent his criticism of the views of the late William James and Henri Bergson.

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It is stated that the "Love of Proserpine," by Maurice Hewlett, which the Messrs. Macmillans publish next month, is partly autobiographical. Coincidently with the W. E. Hardenburg's arrival in England to testify before the Putumayo Commission, Messrs. Fisher & Unwin announce the second edition of his "Devil's Paradise."

PUTNAM'S NEWBOOKS

Just Published

Patchwork Comedy
BY HUMFREY JORDAN
Author of "The Joyous Wayfarer"
12°. $1.30 net. By mail, $1.45

A story of enthralling interest. The stakes are the winning of a woman's love and the safeguarding of an honored name, threatened by the exposure of an unpublished scandal. There is plenty of swift action, sharp character drawing, and life-like depiction of scenes.

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BY GUSTAVE LE BON
Author of "The Psychology of Crowds"
Translated by Bernard Miall
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A book of an arresting character, in which the author makes specific application of his theory of crowds to activities in which the influence of the masses is most far-reaching. In it are discussed, with that graceful turn of phrase of which the author is a master, the psychology of revolutions in general, whether religious or political, and the mental and emotional make-up of the leaders of such movements, with very special and detailed consideration of the French Revolution.

Send for Spring Announcement List.

G. P. Putnam's Sons, Publishers

New Scribner Books

Maurice Hewlett
tells about himself in
Lore of Proserpine
Stories and Sketches

Mr. Hewlett was always most reticent of writers; said that personal matters had no interest for the public, and that he "could write novels with one eye as well as with two."

But in "Lore of Proserpine"—though he does not much discuss himself—he does in a subtle manner reveal his own personality.

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Some are almost directly biographical; others, fairy stories for grown-ups perhaps, present the world as the author sees it.

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Are You Poetic or Practical?

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Björnstjerne
Björnson
Translated by Edwin Björkman

The New System—The Gauntlet—Beyond Human Power.

These plays by the famous Norwegian [illegible] the temper of the time; "The Gauntlet" particularly. It is a sharp challenge of the double moral standard of the sexes; will startle a reader into vivid realization, like the blow of a glove upon his cheek. But all three, though restrained and in form almost classic, radiate the spirit of the day.

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Charles Scribner's Sons
Fifth Ave. New York

VIEWS OF READERS

Portraying the Criminal in Fiction—Identity of Baron Munchausen—Authorship of " The Bread-Winners "

The New York Times Review of Books:

I DO not agree with Mr. Arthur Stringer's "Crime in Fiction," which you published on April 6, in so far as the author endeavors to take all romance from the life and heart of criminals. Mr. Stringer's viewpoint is essentially what might be called along the line of jackknife cleavage. He seems afraid to admit that around the worm of decay in the criminal's heart there may be certain good meat, or pulp—if we regard the heart as a fruit to be garnered according to Scripture.

Mr. Stringer cannot draw a criminal line through humanity. I know a politician who is a thief. He obtained money from the State through false affidavits and pull, and he has been convicted of keeping a gambling joint. And yet his attractive personality—a strong, courageous, and even admirable character in some ways, keeps deacons, saloon keepers, manufacturers, lawyers, doctors, and farmers his faithful followers. He has owned Judges on the bench and moves in "society." He is loved by fraternal organizations that are blind to the disgrace he brings upon them. He is precisely the type of man who wins, in burglary and swindling, the glamour against which Mr. Stringer protests.

Nor am I unacquainted with the type that Mr. Stringer has in mind when he declares: "There is no such thing as a romantic criminal." Mr. Stringer means the police court criminal—the man who is not a politician, who has no pull with the police, who must face trial on the merits of his case, the victim of perjury and hate of policemen, let us say.

I lived on the Mississippi River among the shanty-boaters for seven months. I met there men who boasted to me because I was a writer that they were grafters.

Let me cite as an instance the man who picked my pocket at Memphis. He was the undersized, chinless, trembling-eyed, ape-figured type which I had known during years of New York City reporting—irresponsible, low lived, degraded. There was no mistaking the type—the unromantic criminal, if there could be one. He played with me for hours, flattered me, told me stories, tempted me to travel with him in his houseboat, described his partner as a certain noted adventurer-writer, ransacked certain periodicals in the Memphis Library till he could mention stories I had written, noted omissions I had made in a description of a Mississippi River man's outfit—notably, rubber boots. He was daring, too, in his mention of places that I knew very well—Bellevue Hospital, the Charity Department, Y. M. C. A., &c.—and all the while he was having the fun of roping in one of those "smart newspaper fellows." Consider, for example, the force of this remark which he made: "I'm used to handling men."

He "slipped it across" when telling how he found employment, when broke, on "Government works" during the flood of [illegible]. I was quite astonished afterward, considering how careful I was to keep my eye on him, to find that he had "lifted" my pocketbook. Would Mr. Stringer say that this was not a practical joke in crime? The rascal was an artist in his work. He knew I was watching him. There was the sense of humor, the pride of craft, the joy of accomplishment, all in a very disreputable and perfect specimen of what Mr. Stringer calls the one who is "swayed by criminal instincts."

A gambler—an out-and-out stacked card, sleight of hand, man-killing desperado, who had lived for years the gamester's life—made one observation to me on the river which indicated his state of mind:

"Other people don't look on my business the same as I do."

I was on his boat two months, and his partner, a medicine man, told me the story of his life, so that I might write it down on my typewriter in windy, lonesome bends of the river. Both of them had a pride not one degree removed in intensity from that of many an honest business and professional man—but they were of precisely the same worth as the political grafter and scoundrel whose political life is as romantic as anything I have ever read or seen.

The trouble with Mr. Stringer's viewpoint, as expressed in his article, is clear and unmistakable. He fails to observe in men who commit crime—who are habitual criminals, as he calls them—the fact that it is not so much "criminal instinct" as it is environment, lack of moral training, perversion of conscience, and utter failure of the American educational system to build on the common stock, which makes humanity what it is.

Mr. Stringer remarks:

> The playwright who exploits crime loves to have his hero bad only nor'-nor'-east. When the wind is in the other quarter he is the gentlest of lovers and the most impeccable of characters.

Returning to the political crook cited above, this fine gentleman receives at a charity ball; he sends his sons and daughters to the most noted universities in the country, and he is the first man to reach the side of his chums when one of them is in trouble. Nevertheless, I have sworn testimony proving that this man swindled the State, and the fact of his conviction as a keeper of a gambling joint is a matter of record. He got his start in life as a timber thief.

Mr. Stringer's view is so narrow and yet so typical of a certain frame of mind and a certain type of training that it seems worth while to endeavor to point out some of his misapprehensions and thus enable him, perhaps, to assume a broader and worthier attitude. Of course the blunders of various writers on criminal types of humanity, so called, merely indicate the immature kind of fiction-making that is in vogue with us. I think that Mr. Stringer's experience with criminals is limited.

RAYMOND S. SPEARS.

Little Falls, N. Y., April 6.

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The Real Munchausen

The New York Times Review of Books:

An editorial writer in a recent number of THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS, speaking of a new edition of the veracious tales of Baron Munchausen, says: "There is a legend that Munchausen had an original, a Baron, too, by the same name, a Hanoverian soldier and traveler, who had seen much of Russia, and had written a book. But even if that is true, the original would never have been remembered in literature," &c.

The story is more than a legend—it is true, except that the original did not write a book. At the risk of imparting stale information (for I have seen neither the new edition of Raspe's Munchausen nor the article in The British Review referred to in your editorial) I write the following:

Baron Karl Friedrich Hieronymus Munchausen (for so the name is spelled in Germany) was born in 1720 at the castle of Bodenwerder, in Hanover, a few miles from Hameln, (Hamlin,) the Pied Piper's town, and died there in 1797. He spent several years in Russian service, fighting against the Turks, but afterward he retired to Bodenwerder. His brother, the head of the family, occupied the beautiful castle of Schwobber, not far distant. Hieronymus was a frequent visitor there and was accustomed to entertain the many guests (the lord of Schwobber kept open house) with marvelous tales of his own adventures, made up, as his audience well understood, partly from his experiences, partly from his reading, and chiefly, of course, from his imagination. Raspe had been his secretary, and on leaving him was made Curator of a museum in Cassel. After a few years he robbed the collections under his care and decamped to England. There, being in need of money, he determined to utilize his memory of the Baron's marvelous tales, which he had heard related over and over again. He accordingly wrote them out and published them in London, in English, in 1785, shrewdly reflecting that by attaching to them a name well known in England since the accession of George I. and known to be that of one of the oldest noble houses in Europe he would secure a large sale for them. How much of the tales in their published form was due to Raspe's own imagination will, of course, never be known. They were not printed in German till a year or two afterward, and only then did Baron Hieronymus learn of their publication and attribution to him.

This is the account given me in 1802 by the great-nephew of the Baron, when I happened to be staying at the castle of Schwobber. He added that according to the family tradition his great-uncle never became in the least degree reconciled to the dubious fame that he had gained in so involuntary a fashion. One of the most prized possessions at the castle of Schwobber when I was there was a silver-mounted pistol which had belonged to Baron Hieronymus, and which he used to exhibit when telling how he shot his horse down from the church steeple, saying: "If you don't believe my story, here is the pistol I did it with."

E. D. PERRY.

New York, April 10.

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"The Bread-Winners."

The New York Times Review of Books:

In the leading editorial of your issue of to-day, and in regard to the authorship of "The Bread-Winners," I find the statement, "But Mr. Hay's relationship to 'The Bread-Winners' was never proved," &c.

In this connection I refer you to Page 528 of "The House of Harper," by J. Henry Harper. Here Mr. Harper says: "With the consent of his widow I now acknowledge that the late John Hay was the author of 'The Bread-Winners.'"

It would seem as though no further proof than the statement just quoted was necessary.

W. S. THOMPSON.

New York, April 6.

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Sardou and His Plays

The New York Times Review of Books:

In the REVIEW OF BOOKS for Feb. 23, 1913, is an article by Prof. Brander Matthews on a book written by me, "Sardou and the Sardou Plays." I must object to one implication of the reviewer, namely—that my researches have not been adequate. Prof. Matthews gives this list of authorities:

> A "personal study," prepared by Blanche Roosevelt. * * * A French biography, M. Hugues Rebell's "Victorien Sardou," * * * and half a dozen other French books. * * * "J. M. Courier (sic) contre Montigny et Sardou." * * * M. Paul Vibert's "Affaire Sardou." * * * Mario Uchard's "La Fiammina contre Odette." * * * Sardou's pertinent retort, "Mes Plagiats." * * * Albert Wolff's "Victorien Sardou et L'Oncle Sam." * * * Prof. Schoen's "Victorien Sardou et Constant Coquelin."

Prof. Matthews adds:

> With some of these * * * the latest American biographer seems familiar, but not with all of them.

Prof. Matthews speaks of these as "half a dozen other French books." I would hardly call them all "books." The J. M. Cournier, Paul Vibert, Mario Uchard, and Sardou "Plagiats" are four meagre pamphlets merely. All the facts in the two last mentioned are given briefly in my book, (pp. 51, 80, 184, et seq.) The facts in the Vibert pamphlet are also summarized in my book, (p. 87.) The details of the lawsuit brought by Cournier (not "Courier," by the way, as Prof. Matthews has it) are given in my book, (pp. 77 et seq.) The "Personal Study," by Blanche Roosevelt, contains nothing of importance. The "Biography," by Hugues Rebell, is almost entirely eulogistic criticism, and contains few facts. What few there are I have utilized; the book is quoted from on Page 76, and mentioned in the list on Page 8. The matters in Prof. Schoen's book most germane to my own are given in the pages concerning "Thermidor," (pp. 100-102, 226-228.) Facts from Albert Wolff's "Victorien Sardou et L'Oncle Sam" are given on Pages 32, 79, 274-277 and elsewhere. It would appear that I must have some knowledge of these books, (and pamphlets.)

Prof. Matthews says that my book "does not reveal any appreciation of the Younger Dumas and of Emile Augier, who are Sardou's contemporaries." They are briefly compared on Page 60, In my list of books (p. 8) will be found "Trois Théâtres," by Leopold Lacour. It is a careful critical study of Augier, Dumas, and Sardou, with parallelisms, filling 306 pages. I have briefed Lacour's opinion of Sardou on Page 141.

Prof. Matthews says: "Mr. Hart's book is distinctly uncritical." It is avowedly non-critical, and it is distinctly so stated in the preface and it is plainly so printed on the jacket, or wrapper.

Prof. Matthews further objects that the book, through being non-critical, does not tell "what Sardou's place really is in the glittering galaxy of the French drama." It needs no American critic—and I am not a critic—to tell Frenchmen what place a French playwright shall take in France. Prof. Matthews says he thinks that Sardou's work is "petty," "trivial," "insincere," "tricky." What French critics think is given in my chapter "The French Critics on Sardou." Who is better fitted to judge a French playwright, Francisque Sarcey, Gustave Larroumet, René Doumic, B. J. E. Montégut, Emile Faguet, and Jules Lemaitre, Frenchmen born and French men of letters, or Brander Matthews, American born and American man of letters?

It is true that I have omitted the opinions of American dramatic critics on Sardou. If asked why, I might reply, "For the same reason that St. Patrick did not drive the snakes out of Ireland."

It is peculiar that my reviewer does not seem to have noticed that most of the publications he mentions figure in my list of "Books Commenting on Sardou." True, I designedly omitted the pamphlets; had I inserted them it would have seemed to me like undue padding. The list contains twenty-six titles, some of them works in many volumes. Of course, Prof. Matthews would not knowingly create the impression that the authorities I cite were not consulted by me. If he had read as well as reviewed the book "Sardou and the Sardou Plays," and did not see the list of authorities on Pages 7 and 8, then he does not read very carefully. And if he did see them and still implies that I am "not familiar" with them, then he does not write very carefully.

JEROME A. HART.

Bohemian Club, San Francisco, March 28, 1913.

Gen. McClellan in the War

An attempt is made by Isaac W. Heysinger in his book entitled "Antietam and the Maryland and Virginia Campaigns of 1862" to overthrow the judgment passed upon Gen. George B. McClellan by the writers of the popular histories of the civil war. The author, formerly a captain in the army, served under McClellan and greatly admired him. His present view, based on long study of the official records of the war, agrees perfectly with the more or less sentimental estimate of his commanding general formed half a century ago. He holds that McClellan was the victim of a "maleffic civilian cabal," and contends that the official records contain an absolute demonstration of this fact. It would be too much to say that Capt. Heysinger has completely vindicated his old commander, and that the publication of his book will force an absolute reversal of the commonly held estimate of McClellan; but it certainly may be said that the Captain presents impressive evidence in support of his contention. (Neale Publishing Co.; $1.50.)

Pickett's Own Story of the WAR

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NEW YORK

BOOK NEWS AND NOTES

Reminiscences of the Countess Marie Larisch—The Britannica Year Book—Books by Ellen Glasgow, Oliver Onions and Others

THE name of the author of "My Past," which will be published by G. P. Putnam's Sons early in May, has finally been revealed by the American publishers as the Countess Marie Larisch, née Baroness von Wallersee, daughter of Duke Ludwig of Bavaria and favorite niece of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. The Countess, it is claimed, will in "My Past" present for the first time the true story of the tragic death of Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria and the Baroness Marie Vetsera at Meyerling, a tragedy which has caused much speculation. Many attempts have been made to solve the mystery of the death of the lovers, but it is claimed that up to the present they have all been futile.

The contrasting features in English and French character are depicted in "Patchwork Comedy," by Humphrey Jordan, author of "The Joyous Wayfarer," just published by the Putnams.

A new novel with a strange title which the Macmillan Company announces for publication in May is C. S. Nethersole's "Wilsam." This is said to be a story of exceptional interest and literary charm. It tells of an English girl, an unusually attractive character, brought up in Southern England near the sea. "Wilsam" is an old Anglo-Saxon expression, akin to the more familiar modern "flotsam" and "jetsam," for goods cast up by the sea.

In flavor lies the key to the whole food problem, is the claim made by Henry T. Finck in "Food and Flavor," on the Century Company's April list. Flavor, the author asserts, has superlative value, not only as a source of countless wholesome pleasures of the table but as a guide to health. The book also discusses the science and art of cooking, showing how in this science and art lies the ultimate solution of the problem of domestic help. Mr. Finck claims that the French are far ahead of us in their understanding of the importance to health and happiness of raising only the best foods, cooking them in savory ways, and eating them with intelligence and pleasure. One of the main objects of Mr. Finck's book, which will be published on the 19th of this month, is to show that we have the material for the making of an even more gastronomic nation than the French are, and that Americans can be taught to eat in a leisurely way, and to refuse to accept anything that lacks appetizing flavor.

The theme of Oliver Onion's "In Accordance With the Evidence," just issued by the George H. Doran Company, is the supposition that a young man of powerful and logical brain, but without money or influence, is desperately in love with a girl who becomes engaged to another man. The first man finds out that the second is quite unfit to marry. What should he do? As the day for the wedding approaches, the situation builds up into one of a most dramatic climax.

Another leader of the new realism, Frank Swinnerton, in "The Happy Family," published by the same house, tells the story of an English suburban middle-class family, the old grandmother, the hard-working father, the spoiled, petulant, selfish, shallow mother, and the three girls and two boys who make up this "happy family." The fortunes of all are followed in an intensely personal manner, and every character in the book we have met somewhere in our own experience. Offsetting the travesty of this "home" of the "happy family" is another home where the atmosphere, thanks to a whimsical, cultured, tender-hearted woman at its head, is very different. The contrast and the "magical touch of love" form interesting reading.

Several notable works of fiction are announced by Doubleday, Page & Co. for publication in the middle of April, including Ellen Glasgow's new novel, "Virginia"; a new novel by the Williamsons, "The Port of Adventure"; "The Joy Bringer," by Grace MacGowan Cooke, author of "The Power and the Glory," and "Addison Broadhurst, Master Merchant," by Edward Mott Woolley, which has been running in The World's Work. Several books of non-fiction will be published by this firm later in the season.

"Virginia" deals with woman's position in modern life. The title of the book is taken from Miss Glasgow's heroine, and the plot is laid partly in a little town in the State of Virginia, at the time when women were "beginning to emerge from the mists of reconstruction days." In "The Port of Adventure" the Williamsons return to the United States for their setting. Amid the picturesque scenery of Southern California they weave a romance which finally shifts to New York. "Addison Broadhurst, Master Merchant," is described as a "really true story" of the business success achieved by a "real business man." "The Joy Bringer" is the free translation of the Indian name given to one of the leading characters in the book, and inasmuch as the Hopi language is practically unpronounceable by the Anglo-Saxon tongue, Mrs. Cooke decided that it was best to use the English equivalent. The scene of the book is laid in the Arizona desert—a part of it at the chief pueblo of the Hopi Indian reservation.

Charles Scribner's Sons will publish during the month of April "The Life and Letters of Gen. Meade," who won the battle of Gettysburg, and "The Life and Letters of John Paul Jones," by Mrs. Reginald de Koven.

Another important volume from the Scribner presses is "Plays by Bjornstjerne Bjornson," containing what is said to be "perhaps the most striking challenge ever written of the double moral standard of sexes—'The Gauntlet.'"

In the way of fiction, this house will publish a new volume of stories by Thomas Nelson Page, entitled "The Land of the Spirit," and a volume of fiction by Maurice Hewlett—"The Lure of Proserpine"—which is largely autobiographical, for Mr. Hewlett, "through the medium of a charming series of stories, contrives to present his own point of view toward the world and life."

"The Britannica Year Book," the first copies of which have just been published in America by the Encyclopaedia Britannica Company, is declared by the publishers to be an independent publication based on an original idea, namely, to do for a single year (1911-12, in this instance) what the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica has done for all time prior to 1911. For greater convenience, the arrangement of the Year Book is by classification of subjects; there is an index which makes the items in the book promptly accessible. There are separate articles describing every country in the world, their current history and physical and economic development, administration, statistics, &c., and separate chapters covering all the sciences, art, and literature of all countries, philosophy, education, religion, archaeology, law, industry, engineering, sports, games, &c. The Year Book is issued under the same editorial direction as the Encyclopaedia Britannica and brings the world's story down to the present year, including the inauguration of President Wilson and the death of Capt. Scott in the antarctic.

The Outing Publishing Company announces the publication of "The Art of Golf," by Joshua Taylor; "Out Among the Birds," by Hamilton M. Laing, and three more Outing handbooks, "Fishing with Floating Flies," by Samuel G. Camp; "The Gasoline Motor," by Harold Whiting Slauson, and "Suburban Gardens," by Grace Tabor.

"Everyday Life of Abraham Lincoln," by Francis Fisher Browne, to be published shortly by F. G. Browne & Co., furnishes an example of "how unexplained lapses may occur in nations' stories as well as in individuals' memories." In enlarging and revising the work Mr. Browne says he came across the statement that Lincoln visited Kansas and made several speeches there about a year before John Brown's Harper's Ferry raid. Mr. Browne found that none of the three leading biographers of Lincoln had seemingly heard of these speeches, and that the only mention made of them was in J. G. Holland's life. "The Everyday Life of Lincoln" is based on "an exhaustive inquiry made while many of the men closest to Lincoln were yet living."

The publication of Frank J. Mumby's "The Youth of Henry VIII" and Robert W. Carden's "Michelangelo," both of which had been announced by the Houghton Mifflin Company for early issue, has been postponed until a later date.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

WHILE a resident of the University Settlement on Eldridge Street, in the very heart of New York City's congested east side, Dr. Warne, author of "The Immigrant Invasion," just published, came into actual touch with some of the practical phases of the immigrant problem. One of these that was particularly threatening at the time of his residence was unemployment. Following the panic of October, 1907, the great east side population, composed almost entirely of immigrants and their children, was the first to feel the horrors of lack of work. Dr. Warne became an active worker, striving to find some way out for the victims of the economic disturbance, as well as to provide for a safeguard against social injury. An investigation was made by social workers under Dr. Warne's direction. Then Gov. Hughes, now Justice of the Supreme Court, became interested, and a movement was started which resulted in the New York Legislature appointing a commission to investigate and study the causes and effects of unemployment.

Sir Harry H. Johnston, author of "Common Sense in Foreign Policy," began life with the intention of becoming an artist, studied painting at the Royal Academy and in France, and, it is said, made his first journey to Africa in search of scenery. The new interests thus aroused made him join a party exploring Portuguese East Africa and the River Congo. Since then his chief interest has been in questions relating to geography or to the division of the world between the white, brown, yellow, and black races. He was a member of the expedition to the headwaters of the Nile which resulted in the founding of the British Central African Protectorate, and since then has done much for the opening up of the Dark Continent.

Edward Gordon Craig, the son of Miss Ellen Terry, whose new book, "Toward a New Theatre," has just been issued here, has been devoting himself to study of the art of the theatre for the last fifteen years, and his ideas may possibly bring about a revolution in stage productions. He has founded a new school of dramatic art, through which he expresses the ideas which break with all the theatrical traditions of artificial ages. Mr. Craig is experimenting continually, and the pages of this book are evidence of the extent to which the "advance" modern theatre has taken its inspiration. The Russian stage in particular is following his lead enthusiastically; indeed, it was the Continent which first recognized the value of his message.

Alfred Noyes cannot complain of the manner in which he has been greeted in this country. He has been entertained by Yale, Columbia, Pennsylvania, Dartmouth, and other universities, by the MacDowell Club of New York, the Twentieth Century Club of Chicago, the Contemporary Club of Philadelphia, and by Theodore Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie, William Dean Howells, Mrs. Bailey Aldrich, and others of National and literary prominence.

"Some years ago I lost all my dislikes, and I have never advertised for them," writes Henry C. Rowland, author of "The Apple of Discord." Dr. Rowland, after graduating from the Yale Medical School, entered the army and served as surgeon through the Spanish-American war, and later in the Philippines and in China. After two years' practice in New York City he gave up medicine for travel and study, and since then has been in all parts of the globe.

Mme. Raoul Duval, author of the recently published novel, "Written in the Sand," is a daughter of Col. David Urquhart of Louisiana and sister of Mrs. Brown Potter. Mme. Duval was brought up on a plantation in Louisiana, but has since done a great deal of traveling in the East and made several trips across the Southern Sahara, camping for weeks in the desert, riding a meharl or running a camel, on a Touareg saddle and dressed like an Arab for comfort and convenience. On one of these trips she had a very distressing experience. A fever of 104 degrees compelled her to remain in her tent, in which the temperature was over 100 degrees, while a violent sirocco was blowing. Her life was in great danger until Arabs of her escort rode back sixty miles to a native village and secured chickens with which to make broth.

The author of "Linda," Margaret Prescott Montague, apparently looks upon the plot of a story as being a secondary consideration in writing a novel. She is quoted as saying:

> I write my stories for the most part in detached scenes which strike me vividly from time to time. Characterization must dominate a good book, and it has always been so with stories that have a lasting value. Given the characters, one must have the circumstances to modify them; not a series of carefully connected circumstances, for then the plot will dominate, but a series greatly varied, possibly disconnected circumstances which then show every side of the nature of the character to be described and make the book a complete study of the individual.

Dr. Russell H. Conwell, author of "How to Live the Christ Life," just published, has been celebrating his seventieth birthday, an event which caused considerable stir in Philadelphia, where Dr. Conwell has erected four important institutions: The Baptist Temple, with nearly 3,000 members; the Temple University, with nearly 4,000 students and 30,000 graduates; the Samaritan Hospital, covering a huge city square, and the Garretson Hospital, in the heart of the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

It is said of Hallie Erminie Rives, author of "The Valiants of Virginia," that when [illegible] of fourteen years of age she submitted a manuscript to the critical attention of a Kentucky littérateur who was known to be something of a purist and withal a scathing critic. He read the story with the fine grown-up tolerance of the efforts of a mere schoolgirl. He read it through from title to finis and then wrote the following note to Miss Rives, returning the manuscript:

> As an example of Spencerian penmanship your manuscript is truly wonderful. As an example in orthography, I doubt if it has ever been equaled by one of your years. In grammar and rhetoric it is beyond reproach. But as a story it is honest. Go back, my girl, to your teachers and suggest that they teach you the secrets of cooking and mending and let your literary inclinations go on unencouraged.

The Turn of the Sword

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS IN ALL BRANCHES OF LITERATURE

Communications for these columns should be addressed to the Editor of Queries and Answers, New York Times Review of Books. They should be written on only one side of the paper and must contain the name and address of the writer. If the inquirer prefers, initials only will be printed with the communication.

ANSWERS BY THE EDITOR

A. D. L.—Will you kindly publish a copy of Mother Shipton's prophecy? It is the short prophecy in verse that I want, one line of which is, "And carriages without horses shall go!"

Our querist has reference to the following lines, which some forty years ago were widely circulated and accredited to the remarkable Mrs. Shipton, in the sixteenth century. But in 1873 it was shown in an English magazine that these lines had been written by a newspaper reporter in 1861 to make a sensation, as they surely did:

Carriages without horses shall go,
And accidents fill the world with woe.
Around the world thoughts shall fly
In the twinkling of an eye.
Waters shall yet more wonders do,
Now strange, yet shall be true.
The world upside down shall be,
And gold be found at root of tree.
Through hills man shall ride,
And no horse nor ass be at his side.
Under water man shall walk,
Shall ride, shall sleep, shall talk.
In the air men shall be seen,
In white, in black, in green.
Iron in the water shall float
As easy as a wooden boat.
Fire and water shall wonders do.
England at last shall admit a Jew.
This world to an end shall come
In eighteen hundred and eighty-one.

The curious fact is that there actually was a Mrs. Shipton, who was born in England in 1488, and died in 1561, and who gained much reputation in her advanced years as a prophetess. She is said to have predicted the death of Cardinal Wolsey, and, indeed, so many clever guesses did she make at futurity that no less than three sovereigns—Henry VII., Elizabeth, and James I.—consulted her, either in person or by proxy. But the most of the "prophecies" attributed to her are inventions of others in later days.

MABEL PHILLIPS.—Can you give me any information concerning Florence L. Barclay, author of "The Rosary," whose books are published by The Putnam Company.

Florence L. Barclay is the wife of the Rev Charles W. Barclay of Hertford-Heath, Hertford, Herts, England. She was born Dec. 2, 1862, and is the daughter of the Rev S. Charlesworth. Her publications are: "The Wheels of Time," 1908; "The Rosary," 1909; "The Mistress of Shenstone," 1910; "The Following of the Star," 1911; "Through the Postern Gate," 1912. "The Rosary" has a record of more than 150,000 copies sold. It was written, while the author was in poor health, to occupy her mind. She is sometimes incorrectly spoken of as an American author. Mrs. Ballington Booth is her sister. She has been to America several times to visit Mrs. Booth. Mrs. Barclay is the mother of eight children. She was forty-six years of age when she began to write her works. She looks younger than her age. Her eldest son is a "bush parson" in Australia. Her literary work is done in a little detached house, fitted up as a study. Her grandmother, Mrs. Charlesworth, is the author of the "Ministering Children." Prof. Cowell, the arctic scholar, is her uncle.

E. B. S.—Can you inform me where Stephen Foster's Songs (plantation stories and melodies) are published?

The songs of Stephen C. Foster are published by the H. M. Caldwell Company of 208 Summer Street, Boston, and 43 West Twenty-seventh Street, New York. A volume of twenty of Foster's songs is published by C. H. Ditson & Co., 8 East Thirty-fourth Street, New York, at 50 cents.

S. C. O.—Can you tell me the author of the quotation:
"The more I know of men the better I like dogs"?

The quotation referred to above is ascribed to Mme. De Staël, a celebrated French writer, who was born in Paris in 1766 and died there in 1817. She was the daughter of Necker, the celebrated Minister of Finance under Louis XVI. Her husband was the Baron De Staël-Holstein, Ambassador of Sweden to France. She was exiled from France by Napoleon from 1812 to 1814, during which period she traveled in Austria, Russia, Sweden, and England. After the downfall of Napoleon she returned to Paris and lived there until her death.

L. A. M.—Can you tell me the value of a portfolio of pictures, (etchings, I believe,) the first page of which is as follows: "M. K. Halévy, L'Eau-Forte, Japan Edition, Limited to 675 copies."

M. K. Halévy's "L'Eau-Forte," Philadelphia, Barrie, no date, two volumes, folio, in half morocco binding, gilt edges, brought $4 at the Pattee sale, and the original parts in portfolio brought $5.10 at the Bentham sale.

E. G. B.—Can you inform me whether Dodwell's (colored) "Views in Greece," with descriptions in English and French, published by Rodwell & Martin, London, 1821, has any special value, and if so, what such value is?

We quote a few auction prices: Perkins copy, $13; Malahide copy, $5.50; Ebury copy, $10; Gennadius copy, $18.75; Brook copy, $8; Fraser copy, $20.

HAROLD CARPENTER.—Recently I saw in an auction catalogue under some Lincoln items this notation: "Fish No. 417." Can you give me some light on this? I presume some one by the name of Fish has compiled a book of Lincoln literature. If so, will you give me the name of the book and the price?

Daniel Fish's "Books and Pamphlets Relating to Abraham Lincoln" was published at Minneapolis in 1900. It is out of print. Copies, appearing in the book auction sales, bring from $3 to $5.

J. T. L.—I should be very much obliged if you could tell the value of "Studer's Popular Ornithology, Birds of North America, illustrated, first edition, published by Jacob Studer Co., Columbus, Ohio. Lithographing, letter press, and binding by Courier Co., Buffalo, N. Y." Also please give the value of "Canadian Scenery," by N. P. Willis, published by George Virtue, London, 1842, and illustrated by drawings from W. H. Bartlett.

J. H. Studer's "Popular Ornithology. The Birds of North America," 119 colored plates, Columbus, 1878, is worth from $5 to $8. N. P. Willis's "Canadian Scenery," London, 1842, two volumes, quarto, is worth from $3 to $5.

SUNSHINE.—I am anxious to obtain a copy of a novel entitled "Keeping Up With Lizzie," written by Irving Bacheller. Can you inform me through your Query Column who the publishers are and their address?

The book is published by Harper & Bros., Franklin Square, New York, at $1.

ANSWERS FROM READERS

J. M. GORING.—In answer to the query of Theresa Wolcott in your issue of March 23, would say that "The Cowboy's Prayer" was written by James Badger Clark, Jr., and was first seen in print by me about two years ago. It was originally published in The Pacific Monthly, December, 1906.

GEORGE E. LUTHER.—In answer to query of M. W. Lockwood in THE BOOK REVIEW of March 23, would say that the verses referred to can be found in "The Library of Choice Literature," edited by A. R. Spofford and Charles Gibbon, Volume 5, pages 238 to 239.

J. M. PRIAULX.—The song "My Mother's Love," asked for by "F. G." in the issue of the BOOK REVIEW of March 23, was published by Charles H. Ditson & Co., and is to be had at their store, 8 East Thirty-fourth Street, New York.

FREDERICK MEAKIN.—In your issue of March 30 W. Mason puts the following query: Can any of your readers tell me the author of the following lines and whence they are quoted:

The meanest herb we trample in the field or in our gardens nurture, when its leaf at Winter's touch is blasted, and its place forgotten, soon its vernal bud renews, and from short slumber wakes to life again.
But man, vain, valiant, glorious man, when death once chills him, sinks into sleep profound—a long, unending sleep.

The passage in question appears to be a free and somewhat condensed translation of lines 99-104 of "The Epitaph of Bion," written by Moschus, a poet of Syracuse, whose date is variously given as 150 B. C. and 250 B. C.

HELEN T. FORD.—The poem for which "E. A. H." inquired in the issue of March 30 is probably "Lasca," by F. Desprez, which was published in 1895 by the International Publishing Company of Chicago and Philadelphia in a collection of poems called "The Young Folk's Reciter." The last line of each stanza of this poem is:

In Texas, down by the Rio Grande.

The poem "Lasca" is also printed in Dick's Recitations No. 16, published by Dick & Fitzgerald, 18 Ann Street, New York; in Best Selections No. 12, published by the Penn Publishing Company of Philadelphia, and in several other selections of verse. Information about the poem was also received from Mary L. Murphy, New York, and Lawrance, Kingston, N. Y.

WILLIAM F. BUTLER.—In your issue of March 13 "R. F. L." asks for information concerning Ludovico Cornaro's book on health and long life. You tell him that the old English edition of 1779 is the best that can be done for him. You will be glad to know that my translation and the matter accompanying it relative to Cornaro and his family, &c., far surpasses any previous edition in any language, not even excepting the Italian. Before publishing I made an exhaustive search for everything bearing upon Cornaro, all of which is included in "The Art of Living Long."

JULIET VAN BROWNE.—Mr. Harry P. Spencer is informed that the author of "The Deuce of Hearts" is W. Tucker Washburn, who resides in New York City.

A. B. G.—I notice in your issue of March 30 the request of "G. H. C." for the song of the old miller and his three sons. I never heard it outside of my childhood's home. It was sung to us by my mother many years ago, and I send a copy to you for whatever use you may see fit. The refrain at the end of each verse is peculiar to say the least. I used it when my youngest son, now a man over 30 years old, was a child, as the most satisfactory lullaby for him, and am pleased to send it to you in return for the many times I have been helped by your REVIEW.

The ballad so kindly sent by our correspondent is entirely too long for our space. The verses have been sent to the correspondent who asked for them. We are also indebted to "T. G. C.," New York; Walter L. Donovan, New York; "L. B.," Kingston, N. Y., and H. A. Mannie, New York, for copies of the ballad, and to C. D. Bogart, Grantwood, N. J., for information about it.

APPEALS TO READERS

R. S. de M.—I am in search of a ballad called either "The Piper" or "Hell's Piper," written by Ricardo Stevens, a Scotchman, commencing:

Have ye heard of Piper Blair,
Who piped long since in auld Loch Mere?

Perhaps some kind reader will be able to locate the ballad.

W. L.—Will some one of your many readers furnish me with Rudyard Kipling's poem "The Last of the Light Brigade"? I have failed to find it in his books of collected verse.

J. M. BELL.—Will some reader kindly advise me where I may find the full poem, of which I can recall only the following lines:

Mankind hath been the same in every age,
Heroic virtue, boundless ambition, and tyrannic rage
Have deeply marked alike all ages and all climes
With the noblest virtues and blackest crimes.

Also the following line is a part of a poem which I wish to find:

The gay will laugh when thou art gone.

F. D. G.—I would be glad if any of your readers can put me on track of a story containing an incident of two thieves who quarrel over the division of their loot and end by each poisoning the other with the purpose of obtaining all the booty for himself. My recollection of it is very hazy, but I am under the impression that I saw it last in one of the "prize stories" published in Collier's Weekly a few years ago, and that the same, or a very similar incident, was used in a story in another periodical about 1894 or 1895.

JOHN H. CAMP.—Will some reader please give me the name of the author of the poem entitled "Who Knows," the first verse of which is:

Who knows we have not lived before
In forms that feel delight and pain;
If death is not the open door
Through which we pass to life again?

Please tell when it was published.

F. G. P.—Can some of your readers tell me where I can find the complete poem and the author, of which the first verse runs as follows:

Then Maude arose,
And with her golden key
Unlocked the golden gates of
Harmony. And Music comes,
That bright celestial maid,
In wondrous robes of woven light arrayed.

NORMAN S. MEESE.—Will some reader tell me where I can find the poem containing the following lines and also who the author is:

Illileo Legardi, in the garden there alone,
There came to me no murmur of the fountain's undertone—
So mystically, magically mellow as your own.

E. B.—Can any one give two short selections, the first of which relates to the growth of a parsnip and tomato growing side by side in a garden, and ends with these lines:

And redder and redder she grew,
But neither suspected a mutual tryst
Till they met in parsnip stew.

The second is from the pen of the late Phillips Brooks, and ends with these lines:

To the one divinely strong,
Forget that we bore the burden
And carry away a song.

Both poems appeared in The Congregationalist about fourteen years ago.

T. HOGAN.—Will some reader kindly furnish a poem the title of which is: "When Poverty's Tears Ebb and Flow."

F. B. CORNWALL.—Can any of your readers give me the whole of the poem which begins:

My life is a wearisome journey, I'm sick of the dust and the heat,
The rays of the sun beat upon me, the briars are wounding my feet;
But the city to which I am going will more than my trials repay;
The toils of the road will seem nothing when I get to the end of the way.

A. H. GREEN.—Will some reader please tell me where to find a poem, The Battle (or Siege) of Khartum, (1885.)

The Lady and the Dog

There are some amusing pictures by Harry J. Westerman in the smart little cretonne-covered book, artistically labeled "The Young Lady Across the Way." Mr. Westerman does clever work with the young lady in question and her funny dog. Accompanying each picture is a paragraph, written by Robert O. Ryder, in which the young lady comments on current events with astonishing inanity and malapropism. There is no distinguishable relevancy between paragraphs and pictures; but really there's no need of it. (Boston: John W. Luce & Co. 75 cents.)

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A MODERN FAUST

Mr. Kauffman's Use of a Classic Theme in His New Novel

RUNNING SANDS. By Reginald Wright Kauffman. Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.35.

IT is the habit of the day to defend straightforward nomenclature. A spade is a spade to modern writers, who, perhaps, are not so struck with the advantages of calling a rose a rose. Whether the informing novel or preceptive text book, the carefully guided and guarded instruction of to-day or the haphazard method of yesterday, forms the best initiation into knowledge of the basic facts of life and social relationships is still a matter of opinion with the general public. There is room, certainly, for a wide diversity, both in theory and practice, but among special students of sociological problems the question seems hardly to be an open one.

It is no longer pertinent to ask whether what Mr. Kauffman's Dr. Boussingault would call the "slaveries" of society shall receive free discussion. It is more to the purpose to direct the attention of mature minds, weighted with a sense of responsibility, toward such writers as attack the more disheartening facts of our civilization in a way to awaken the moral sense without stimulating morbid curiosity.

Those who gain their knowledge of the current of modern thought chiefly from the novels and plays of the day will find "Running Sands" a contribution to occupy the thoughtful, hardly to attract the frivolous. Mr. Kauffman's sociological and pathological excursions will not carry a public, aware of Brieux and Strindberg, into unknown fields, and the audience to which "The House of Bondage" was addressed, an audience which has proved extraordinarily large, will perhaps be conscious of a feeling of relief that the present novel deals less strenuously with our emotions than its forerunner.

In the earlier book the story of Mary Denbigh gained a part of its horror from the fact that she was drawn with so sure a hand as a concrete example of an unnumbered sisterhood in that house of bondage whose doors swing only inward. The unrelieved tragedy of these imprisoned lives is not repeated in Mr. Kauffman's latest effort to let light into the dark places of our civilization and make us aware of conditions which apparently he thinks to be hated need only to be seen.

"Running Sands" presents again the immortal fable of Faust. Stainton, the leading character, is a Faust of the twentieth century, who has learned in the fierce stress of modern competition not to sell his soul too cheaply, to drive a bargain, on the contrary, which shall, he believes, cheat the devil of his due. When at the age of 50 he comes to New York to spend the fortune wrung by hard toil from the mining lands of the West, he comes with two distinct intentions: "to bury the man he had been" and "to woo." An early experience has intensified in him an innate fear of old age and of death, and the first part of his life is dedicated to the preservation of his youthful strength and freshness. Arriving in New York he satisfies himself as to his physical integrity as he would satisfy himself of the value of a mining property, by consulting the best expert authority, and exults that he is pronounced "to all intents not a day over twenty-five."

He proceeds to carry out his twofold purpose and the long arm of coincidence helps him, as it has many another hero of fiction, enabling him to meet the beautiful daughter of his first love in a state of dependence and poverty that favors the wooing of a middle-aged suitor. The story moves swiftly to his marriage with this girl, who is far less obviously a victim than was Goethe's flower of German maidenhood, but who is not, the author would contend, less a sacrifice, although in the modern instance it is a sacrifice to a husband's determination to repulse his advancing years and enjoy the pleasures of his assumed youthfulness.

The tragedy is that of character, not of events. The action of the story is quiet; the awakening of unexpected and apparently contradictory traits in the principal characters is brought about with a sure touch. The author deserves the thanks of serious readers for resting his case in this book, as in "The House of Bondage," upon the potency of his theme, and with a dignified independence of all appeal to superficial emotions, with no attempt to coerce by the charm of his characters. Neither the man nor the woman inspires liking or complete sympathy. It is made clear that Stainton has achieved his physical and mental superiority with purely selfish ends in view, and when the test of sacrifice for others presents itself he discovers that he has only concealed, not overcome, his native cowardice. His will, rigorously trained to work for his own good, fails to do his half-hearted bidding, and in a moment planned for heroism he becomes ridiculous in his own sight. At that moment he awakens our pity for the first time in his history.

The author is not more lenient toward the young wife, Muriel. She is friendless and certainly without guidance, but no charm envelopes the hard outline of her personality. The ignorance claimed for her is at once too much and not enough. She leaps from the rôle of the uninformed girl to the easy mastery of argument of an experienced woman of the world.

But if Mr. Kauffman's characters leave the reader cold his presentation of circumstances does not. He proves with a pitiless logic that the toll of the passing years must be paid, and drives home the often disregarded truth that nature exacts penalties nicely adjusted to her broken laws. He is a stern moralist who neither blinks facts himself nor sophisticates them for his public.

He also is an excellent craftsman, weaving the fabric of his story with firmness and precision. The long dissertation by Dr. Boussingault, projected into the narrative with an explanatory purpose, is an artistic defect which might have been overcome, but with this exception, the author uses his method with admirable skill. He is not devoid of the saving grace of humor, and there are touches of lightness, here and there, hardly relieving the gloom, but furnishing, nevertheless, a contrast that rests the mind.

It is possible, also, to smile at certain grim reflections on the extravagance entailed by New York customs in which Mr. Kauffman seems to be paying off personal scores against the hotels and restaurants and other more venerable institutions characteristic of the metropolis, and to be reinforcing as well his underlying socialistic beliefs.

AGAIN THE ALAMO

THE TEXAN SCOUTS. By Joseph A. Altsheler. Illustrated. D. Appleton & Co. $1.25.

This new volume which Mr. Altsheler has added to the long list of his stories of adventure and border warfare is another novel dealing with the war between Texas and Mexico. It takes up the fortunes of Ned Fulton and his friends where they were dropped at the end of "The Texas Star" and carries them on through the border warfare, the fall of the Alamo and the massacre at Goliad, and finally effects their escape on a schooner bound for New Orleans. There is a long and graphic description of the battle of the Alamo, but Mr. Altsheler, instead of making the viewpoint from the inside of the fort, as so many novelists have done, has his watcher see it from the roof of one of the houses of the town. His young hero, who seems remarkably mature considering the youthfulness with which he is constantly credited, has been sent out of the fort on an errand, is captured by Santa Anna, and compelled to witness the downfall of all that he has left behind him. Afterward he escapes, makes his way alone back to a part of the Texan forces, and is barely rescued from the slaughter of prisoners at Goliad ordered by Santa Anna.

Mr. Altsheler always writes capably and with much painstaking knowledge of the conditions he describes, but with a plodding realism that he is heavy-footed as a plow horse.

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